

offer. We say it does not. We say that among the 21 members who refused at the call of the Government to go up stairs, before they had performed a solemn duty which they felt they owed to themselves and their country, were men just as loyal, just as ready to shed their hearts' blood for their Queen or country, as any men in any land.

It is nauseating to hear some wot of talk about these things; but the people of Carleton and of the Province generally know the difference between the very convenient spurious "loyalty," so freely dispensed by some parties about Election times, and the genuine metal."

#### MURBAH! MURBAH!

St. John is free! She has burst the chain of Rum and money with which, for a season, she has been bound. Triumphantly she has redeemed her character. Her example will, as the story is told throughout the Province, strike terror into the hearts of the Tories, and renew with fresh fire, the courage of the Liberals.

"Independent" stock has fallen fearfully in Woodstock since the result of the St. John Election reached us.

Liberals of Carleton! read the statement below, and prepare yourselves for a like victory here:—

#### FOR THE COUNTY OF ST. JOHN.

Wright, .....	1,252
Cudlip, .....	1,176
Wilmot, .....	1,149
Gray, .....	1,136
Simonds, .....	1,123
Godard, .....	1,106

#### AGAIN! FROM THE CITY!

TILLEY AND HARDING RETURNED BY A HANDSOME MAJORITY!

Tilley, .....	1,332
Harding, .....	1,259
Deveber, .....	1,212
Lawrence, .....	1,198

EXTRACT FROM A COPY OF MR. SMALL'S TENDER.—The italics are our own.

"I will furnish all material and labour, excepting iron rails, chairs, sleepers, spikes and iron, and complete the European and North American Railroad from the depot at Shediac to the depot at Moncton, including crossings, cattle-guards and turn-outs, and sign-boards at the road crossings, meaning to embrace every thing for the ENTIRE COMPLETION of the Railway, as per plans and specifications, excepting fences and buildings, for twenty five thousand pounds."

Thus that question is settled, and some £8,000 had been spent on 1st February, more than the proposed tender. That a large sum will be required to finish the road, is admitted on all hands: some say thirty, some twenty, some ten thousand pounds. We may judge our authority for saying it will be £30,000, good. Another may reasonably say £10,000; however, a little time will show. But, whether it be five or fifty thousand, the principle is the same, and to be condemned.

We have received from that Prince of book-sellers, B. O'Brien, Esq., King-street, St. John, Chambers for April.

The publisher has likewise sent us the May No. of Arthur's Home Magazine. It is a beautiful book, and costs only \$1.25 a year.

Right pleasantly sounded the whistle of the Richmond on Tuesday night, she being the pioneer of the steamers of the season. Capt. Duncan is still in command. She returned to Fredericton on Wednesday, loaded to repletion with potatoes and oats.

Spruce boards look up since the Government paid £50 per M. for those for the Engine-House doors in St. John. See Mr. Harding's speech.

ERRATUM.—In our last, in "Sheriff's Appointment," instead of petition being sent in '56, read '51.

The following is the sentiment of one of the Government candidates for King's Co., as expressed in his card:

"To the establishment of Municipal Corporations, or to any Educational system comprising among its provisions direct taxation, I am opposed, as unsuited to the age and condition of the country."

Several communications, editorial matter, and that play, are unavoidably crowded out this week.

We learn by telegraph that Jas. Tibbets, C. Watters, Jos. Crook, and M. Curran, were nominated for Victoria County on Thursday. No further particulars have reached us.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—"A Protestant" is reminded that we never insert communications unless furnished with the real name of the writer.

The following gentlemen we hear intend offering as Candidates at the ensuing Election: Messrs. A. J. Smith, Bliss Botsford, R. K. Gilbert, W. Han-

ington, James Steadman, T. Landry, and Alex. Munro, Esquires. The day for nominating Candidates is appointed to take place on Friday, 24th inst., and polling day will be on Tuesday, 28th inst. Westmorland Paper.

FACTIOUS OPPOSITION.—One of the charges much dwelt on by the Government against the course of the Opposition last winter, is the factious waste of time taken up in debating the want of confidence motion. On comparing the Journals of 1856 with 1857, it will be seen that in the former year the House met on the 14th February, and the vote was taken on Mr. Gray's amendment to the address on the 29th, being fifteen days consumed in a debate in which there was not the shadow of a chance of success, the division being 22 for the Government, independent of the Speaker, and only sixteen for the Opposition. In 1857 the House met on the 12th Feb., and the division took place on the 24th, being twelve days of a debate in a case where the parties were so nearly even, that it was only the casting vote of the Speaker that nominally saved the Government. Who was most factious here?—*Courier*.

NEW BRUNSWICK AFFAIRS.—The Legislature of New Brunswick after a stormy session of six weeks was prorogued on the 26th inst., under circumstances of a highly novel and exciting character. Our readers are aware that the government was sustained on the address by the speaker's casting vote. After that time they staggered on, and probably would have completed the ordinary business of the session if one of their own supporters, Mr. McMonagle, disgusted with the weakness and vacillation of the administration, had not told them that they could not rely on him any longer for support. This declaration sealed their fate. The majority had changed, and even the Speaker's vote could not save them. Parties from that moment stood 21 to 19, and the Government were therefore driven to the alternative of resigning or dissolving the House.—*Nova Scotia*.

Let us look at the course of the party at present in power, during the two sessions they were in the opposition, and see often they attempted to turn out the Tilley and Fisher Government, and how signally and uniformly they were defeated. The only test question that came up in the session of 1855, was the Election law, a measure second in importance to none ever introduced since the Province had the right of making its own laws, inasmuch as it underlies the whole fabric of representation and responsible self government. On this important question Messrs. Gray, Wilmot & Co. divided the house four several times. First, on an amendment to confine the franchise to the holder of real estate, leasehold estate held for a term of years. On this they stood six to thirty two. Second on an amendment to make the payment of taxes compulsory on the voter before voting, which would if a poor man, often either deter him from the poll altogether, or be a direct inducement to bribery, in the way of having his taxes paid by the candidate or his friends, to secure his vote. On this amendment they stood seven to thirty. Third, on a direct negative to the first section of the bill, extending the franchise beyond its old limits. On this they stood ten to twenty-eight. Lastly, on a final passing of the bill on which they stood ten to twenty-seven. In all these hopeless divisions, each preceded by long days of debate, Messrs. Gray, Wilmot and Montgomery, the representative men of the government, stand in the minority. Was there no factionness there? or was there ever a more obvious case of political weakness.—*Courier*.

RUSSIA.—From St. Petersburg we learn that the treaty of commerce between France and Russia is nearly completed, and we also learn by the account from the Russian capital that a campaign against the Circassians is seriously occupying the attention of the Czar and his Ministers. With an English establishment large contracts have been made for the supply of guns and the material of war. The Russian Government has complained of the countenance which England gives to the Circassians by supplying them with arms and conveying foreign officers to the seat of war. A British steamer, while so employed, called the Kangaroo, was chased by Russian gun boats, and at length fired into, without effect. This affair has excited considerable attention at Constantinople, and the Russian ambassador there has made remonstrances on the subject. The complaint was that the vessel broke the blockade under which Russia pretends to hold the whole of the Circassian coast. But this is a very one sided view of the case, for the Circassians, it must be remembered, are an independent people, fighting against an aggressive power, and private individuals in this country have a perfect right to help them if they choose. Nevertheless, if the Kangaroo had been captured by the Russians, her owners need hardly look for much support from Lord Stratford de Redcliffe.

EXTRACTS FROM THE ERICSSON'S NEWS, PUBLISHED IN BOSTON PAPERS OF THURSDAY.—The elections absorbed public attention. Nearly all the contests in the boroughs were brought to a close on the 29th ult., and the result has proved disastrous to the conservatives. Cobden, Bright, Milner Gibson, Mail, Layard, Fox, Cardwell, and many other opponents to Lord Palmerston's administration have been defeated. In fact the Government has achieved a complete triumph.

Lord John Russell has been returned for London, together with Sir J. Duke, Baron Rothschild, and R. S. Crawford. The following was the vote; Duke, 7561; Rothschild, 7123; Russell, 7043; Crawford, 6429; Currie, (not elected), 5040.—Lord John Russell was called upon at the close of the poll, and made a speech in which he declared that "this is really a soldier's victory—it is the people's battle, for the people have won it, and no one else." Outside, Lord and Lady Russell were greeted with enthusiastic cheers.

Roebuck is returned for Sheffield, polling 3210 votes, and having 1157 majority. Mr. Gladstone is returned from Oxford University, and Mr. Walpole from Cambridge. Cobden was defeated at Huddersfield, the small borough of which he had taken refuge from the West Riding, by a vote of 833 to 587. The successful candidate was Mr. Alcock. There was great excitement in the square when the election progressed, the crowd gathered there being estimated at 30,000. The vote was very full, its total being 1420 out of 1552 names on the lists. At Kidderminster, where Mr. Lowe, of the Ministry, was returned, there was a disgraceful riot.

Sir James Graham was returned from Carlisle, and Sir Charles Napier from Southwark. Mr. Layard was defeated at Aylesbury. From Midhurst, Samuel Warren, the author of "Ten Thousand a Year," was returned without opposition. Bright and Milner Gibson were both defeated at Manchester by a majority of 3000 out of a vote of 14,000. The successful candidates were Mr. J. A. Turner and Sir J. Potter, ministerial. Lord Palmerston was not opposed at Tiverton. Admiral Berkeley was defeated at Gloucester.

The London Globe of March 31st sums up the result as far as then heard from:—Ministerial gain, 43; deduct Tory gain, 21; net Ministerial gain, 22. The London Times of March 31 has a recapitulation of the members who have been elected, with their politics. It says—"The country having been appealed to by Lord Palmerston to decide between him and the late House of Commons, we have distinguished the members returned as Ministerial and Opposition, according to their declared opinion on that subject." The members from England sum up thus—Ministerial, 239; Opposition, 117; in Ireland—Ministerial, 10; Opposition, 3; in Scotland—Ministerial, 19; Opposition, 1. Total—Ministerial, 272; Opposition, 121. Of the four members from London, Lord John Russell is alone set down as on the Opposition.

#### TIMBER CIRCULARS.

(From Farnworth & Jardine's Circular)

LIVERPOOL, March 26.—At this season of the year the supplies of Colonial Wood are from the ports in the Bay of Fundy only, and from the 1st of February consist of 243,804 pieces of deals and 4,839 logs of pine timber, showing a considerable excess upon the supply for the same period in the previous year. With excessive stocks of the leading articles at the beginning of the year, and considerable supplies since, prices have varied but little, and the current rates for most articles continue less than the import cost. The consumption has been good, but the stocks, especially of deals, are too large.

St. John Pine.—The stock is estimated at 750,000 feet, and is equal to fully five months consumption; the last cargo show great depression, 18 inches average having been sold at 21d. per foot.

Spruce and Pine Deals.—The supply of deals since the 1st Feb. is considerable in excess of last year, consequently notwithstanding an unusually large consumption, prices have not advanced. A cargo of St. John pine was in the yard at £8 10s. and on the quay by auction St. John pine was realized about £8 10s. per standard. Stock about 28,000.

(From A. F. & D. Mackay's circular.)

LIVERPOOL, March 27.—Since our annual circular, dated 1st Feb., 24 vessels, 14,332 tons register, wood laden, have arrived from British North America, viz:—17 from St. John, N. B., and 7 from other ports; at the same date last year, 8 vessels, 4,792, had arrived.

In our last we alluded to the excitement of a probable general election as one cause among others likely to exert an unfavourable influence upon the general trade of the country. Since then the event contemplated has become a reality. Parliament has been dissolved, and the attention of everybody has been more or less diverted from the legitimate business in which all ought to be engaged, to mix in the vexatious and hindering details of political agitation. Notwithstanding which, the demand for wood has not abated; on the contrary, the increase consumption noticed in our last has continued, and in some instances a slight rise in value has taken place.

Pine Timber.—Two or three cargoes of last years import from Quebec have been sold from the yard within the last fortnight; the prices will not transpire. During the same period, no sales have been reported of St. John pine. Quebec is worth from 18d. to 19d. per foot for an average of 70 feet; St. John of 18-inch average, 21d.; other ports from 16d. to 17d. per foot.

Hardwood is moderate in stock, and remains steady in value. For St. John of 14 to 15 inches average, 17d. to 19d. may be set down as the price; and for Parrsboro good and fresh, similar prices may be obtained.

N. B. and N. S. Pine and Spruce Deals.—Of these favorites, for general purposes, the consumption has been large; this may be accounted for in various ways, the principal one being the admitted economy in use for such articles as compared with any other species of timber. The quantity received since the 1st of Feb. has been 248,872 pieces, against 43,754 pieces at the corresponding period of last year. In defiance of the large increase of import, the consumption has continued so extensive that stocks are being gradually yet steadily diminished.

ST. JOHN NOMINATIONS.—County.—Simonds, nominated by Walker Tisdale; seconded by Joseph Beattie. Wilmot, by John Wishart; seconded by Joseph Fairweather. Gray, by W. Tisdale and L. H. Deveber; seconded by R. Keltie and Jos. Fairweather. Godard, by Chas. Ketchum, seconded by R. S. Deveber. Wright, by R. W. Crookshank;

seconded by John Owens. Cudlip, by Robt. Bowas; seconded by Chas. A. Everett.

City.—Harding, by Robert Reed; seconded by Geo. E. Snider. Lawrence, by Joseph Fairweather and W. H. Scovill; seconded by Thos. Fairweather and Joseph Beattie. S. L. Tilley, by Wm. Olive; seconded by Robert Reed and T. W. Daniel. L. H. Deveber, by Thos. Fairweather and W. Tisdale; seconded by H. Gilbert. Thos. McAvity, and Jos. Beattie.

NOVA SCOTIA.—The Hon. James McNab has been appointed one of the Commissioners, and to be Chairman of the Railway Board, in the place of the Hon. Joseph Howe, resigned. Mr. McNab's appointment had the effect, also, of displacing the Hon. Mr. McCully, (a Liberal), from the Railway Board, as under the law only one Member of the Legislative Council could be a Commissioner of Railways.

#### DIED:

At Grand Falls, on the 17th inst., in the 27th year of her age, Martha Ann, wife of Mr. Hilaire Peltier, and daughter of Mr. Elijah Estabrooks, of this place, leaving a husband, two young children, and a large circle of friends to mourn her loss.

#### New Advertisements.

##### TO LET,

THE House formerly occupied by G. W. CLEARY. Possession given 1st May. For further particulars apply to Mrs. CLEARY, St. John, or CHARLES CONNELL, Esq. Woodstock, April 25. tf

##### FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale by private contract that excellent farm on which he resides, formerly called the Dagget farm, situated about seven miles from Houlton, on the Calais road. The farm consists of about one hundred and eighty eight acres, more or less, of first rate quality, sixty acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. There is on the premises a good convenient dwelling house and a superior barn, and a great privilege for water, which runs into the house and also into the barn yard. Apply to the subscriber on the premises. DANIEL ROBINSON. Houlton, Me., April 25, 1857.

#### GEO. M. RITCHIE & CO.,

36 DOCK-STREET,

St. John, N. B.

THE subscribers have just received, per late arrival from England, and steamers from Boston, a choice selection of Groceries, consisting of—

Chests & half Chests of Congo Tea;  
20 boxes of good Tobacco;  
25 kegs of Saleratus;  
1 ton No. 1 London Starch;  
15 doz. Bedecords;  
25 doz. Bags Salt;  
1 Cask D. & M. Blacking;  
1 do. Cream Tartar;  
1 do. S. C. Soda;  
2 do. Copperas;  
1 Ton Logwood;

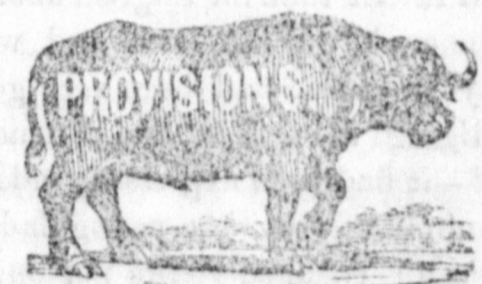
CORN MEAL, FLOUR, SPICES, COFFEE, and other articles too numerous to mention, which are offered low. Country dealers would do well to call and inspect, before purchasing. April 25th 1857.

##### WHOLESALE

#### Provision, Fish, and Oil Store,

41 Water-Street, St. John N. B.

THE UNDERSIGNED purpose keeping on sale—



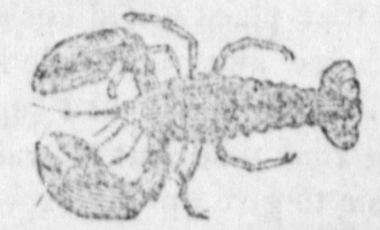
Clear Pork, Mess Beef, Prime Pork, Lard, Shoulders,  
Rump Pork, Tallow, Hams, Tripe, Pigs' Tongues,  
Mess Pork, Prime Beef, Bacon, Butter, Pigs' Feet.



DRIED—Codfish, Pollock, Haddock, Hake, Ling, Smoked Herrings.  
PICKLED—Herrings, Mackerel, Salmon, Shad, Halibut, Eels.



Sperm Oil, Olive Oil, Porpoise Oil, Sea Elephant Oil, Seal Oil, Boiled Oil, Cod Liver Oil, Burning Fluid, Hard Oil, Whale Oil, Raw Oil, Cod Oil, Turpentine.



Preserved Meats, Smoked Salmon, &c. &c. &c. Preserved Fish, Smoked Salmon, &c. &c. &c.

STEWART & McLEAN. St. John, April 25, 1857.

HAMS, SHOULDERS, LARD, AND TALLOW.—1500 lbs. Sugar. Cured Smoked HAMS; 600 lbs. Co. do. Shoulders; 1090lbs. prime LARD, in 50 lb. Tubs; 600lbs. Engine TALLOW.—Landing ex-Admiral. STEWART & McLEAN. St. John April 11. 41, Water-street.