

"And he who doth those boots displace,  
Shall meet Bombastes face to face."

"Bombastes" of the *Journal* has been long and loudly prating about Mr. Perley's pledges "to the Independent party of Carleton." Now, in face of our challenge, Bombastes has drawn in his horns, finding that it is not quite so easy of performance as he imagined the self-imposed task. When it is convenient, good Bombastes, let us know about those pledges to the "Independent Party." By the way, who are the Independent Party?

The Rev. Mr. CONNOLLY lectured before the Mechanics' Institute on Wednesday evening. The theme, a high and holy one, "Fraternal Charity, or Brotherly Love," was treated by the reverend lecturer in a manner which must have impressed upon the minds of the large and attentive audience who heard him, the sacred origin and importance of that leading principle of our blessed Christianity. The lecture throughout breathed a spirit of Christian benevolence and warm patriotism delightful in the extreme, blending the Christian, the scholar, and the gentleman.

W. T. Baird, Esq., the President, at the close of the above, announced that it was the last lecture of the course, and, in a few appropriate remarks, referred to the various lectures which have been delivered, thanking the gentlemen who had lectured, and the ladies and gentlemen who had countenanced them by their presence, on behalf of the Directors.

We would remind the Ladies of this town that Mr. Henry Hale is now here purposing to attend to any orders for tuning or repairing Pianos-fortes, Melodeons, &c.

We have no doubt that Mr. H. is competent to give satisfaction to those who may employ him, and his charges are much less than have been usual in Woodstock. Orders may be left at the Commercial Hotel or Carleton Sentinel Office.

The following is a list of officers for Melancthon Division, No. 34, Sons of Temperance, for the quarter ending 4th July, 1857:

William Black, W. P.; William Ferguson, W. A.; John Rose, R. S.; James Clarke, A. R. S.; Jas. Simonsen, F. S.; Hamilton Emery, T.; Isaac H. Stoddard, C.; Alonzo Jackson, A. C.; Benjamin Close, I. S.; A. K. Smedes Wetmore, O. S. Brother G. D. Jackson takes the chair of P. W. P.

Remember the semi annual Meeting of the Directors and Members of the Mechanics Institute on Monday evening, at half past seven.

[By Telegraph.]

#### ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

HALIFAX, March 27.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The country is excited by electioneering movements. The supposition is that Lord Palmerston will carry a majority, but a small one. Lord Palmerston continues to receive addresses of confidence. On the Commons notice-book is a motion by Mr. Gordon to interrogate the Government respecting the present state of relations with the United States. Lord Elgin has a similar notice in the House of Lords for Tuesday the 17th. The Commons recommended to the Queen to bestow an appropriate reward on Sir John McNeil and Col. Tulloch for their services as Crimean Commissioners.

Lord Clanricarde moved for copies of correspondence respecting the proposition of the cost of the war with Persia to be charged upon the Indian revenue, or relating to the ways and means by which provisions for such expenditure is to be made in India. On making this motion he expressed a wish for information with regard to the treaty just concluded with Persia. The Earl of Clarendon replied that the treaty was of the most satisfactory nature. Persia undertook to evacuate Herat within three months after its ratification; and upon the fulfilment of that condition England would immediately evacuate Persian territory. Commercial advantages were also gained, as England was to be placed on a footing with the most favored nations, while all further disputes between Persia and Afghanistan were to be referred to the arbitration of England. The Earl of Ellenborough regarded the treaty as an admission by Persia that she had adopted an improper policy, and that she had abandoned her designs upon Herat.

Mr. Labouchere said that from the most recent information it appeared that the northern parts of China were perfectly tranquil.

The House having gone into Committee, Lord Palmerston moved a resolution placing at the disposal of the Crown £4000 per annum, to be conferred upon the Speaker for the term of his natural life, which motion was carried.

In reply to a question respecting the Danish Sound Dues, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said that the treaty about to be signed had given satisfaction not only to British Ministers but also to ministers of the other powers directly interested in the transit.

The West India Mail steamer was rescued and taken into Southampton.

The late arrival of Australian gold was delivered on Thursday, and nearly the whole was purchased on account of the Bank of France. The remainder scarcely sufficed for the general funds of the market, and about five thousand was taken from the Bank. There was an unimpaired demand for money on Thursday both in the discount market and at the Bank of England.

Present.—The Nonchalant conference progresses

but slowly; the next meeting would be held on the 14th. The Prussian minister waits for instructions. The Bank of France for the past month shows a cash increase of 23,464,000f. and an increase in Branch Banks of 3,472,000 francs. The Post's Paris correspondent states that an exchange of notes has taken place on the China difficulty between England and France, and the best understanding exists with reference to joint operations. Advices report favorably of the appearance of the crops in Normandy.

SPAIN.—The country is quiet; preparations for an expedition against Mexico continue, but the final opinion of the Government has not transpired; it is thought probable that the operations will be limited to a blockade and bombardment of Vera Cruz, and will not extend to landing military, which the danger of the country and climate might render hazardous. The Espartero Government organ demands that France and England shall call on the United States to remain neutral. It is reported Napoleon offers to act as mediator on the part of Spain; meantime French war ships are ordered to cruise off Vera Cruz; another report is that France and England have declined the request of Spain that they should guarantee Cuba in the event of hostilities. A special minister, Senor Lafragua, is said to have arrived at Southampton on his way to Madrid to arrange the difficulty; meantime the war programme is, to bring Santa Anna from his retirement and lend him aid to capture Vera Cruz.—General Concha is named for the command of the expedition to Mexico.

### Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of Correspondents, unless editorially endorsed.

#### AN ADDRESS TO THE FREEHOLDERS OF VICTORIA.

GENTLEMEN.—The Legislature of the Province is prorogued, and, as we learn from His Excellency's Speech on that occasion, with a view to a speedy dissolution of the Assembly. When this dissolution takes place, you, in common with the Freeholders of the respective Counties throughout the Province, will be required, in your capacity as electors, to choose fit and suitable persons to represent you in the House of Assembly. The time will then have arrived when an evil of long standing, and of great magnitude, and which has been a cause of reproach to this County ever since it had a separate existence, will, by your act, either be perpetuated, or crushed out at once and forever. This evil, this reproach, is the representation of this County, and of you, by non-residents and strangers, by men whom you know only by name—men who appear among you generally just before an election, bowing to one, shaking hands with another, recognising all, and keeping a sharp look-out for voters; but who, having secured their return, disappear as suddenly as they come, and are no more heard of until the prospect of another election drives them back, to gull again the constituency of this unfortunate County. Is any one so foolish as to suppose for an instant that these gentlemen come from their homes, leave their business and their families, and devote their abilities and eloquence to you, and solely for your benefit, and without any selfish view or private end to accomplish? Surely no one can be such a dupe. Yet if such is not the case, this County, and you, the freeholders of it, are prostituted, and made a stepping stone for the private views of two individuals—outsiders and strangers at that—who have not one feeling or interest in common with you. You, one and all of you, must feel that this is the case: you must feel that in giving your vote for any importation you are supporting a man who has no interest in common with the working men of the County; that you are upholding a system that is holding you up, an object of contempt and ridicule, to every honest constituency in the Province. What interest have Messrs. Tibbitts and Watters in it—the one from Quebec, the other from St. John; the one a wealthy merchant, the other a lawyer, depending on his profession in St. John for a living, and on his election in Victoria for his personal aggrandizement. Mr. Tibbitts has in Quebec an immense business, which keeps him busy from morning until night, when he is at home, and which must suffer every day that he is absent from it. Can you believe that all this business is neglected, and two or three hundred pounds spent at each election by this gentleman, only through solicitude for your interests? Do you think Mr. Watters comes all the way from St. John, and expends so much time and money, only to serve the County? I will not offer an insult to your understanding by supposing that you could entertain such an idea for a moment. What, then, brings them here? With Mr. Tibbitts' motive you must all be acquainted. He has an end in view, and when that end is obtained, he will probably trouble you no more. Mr. Watters' object is, perhaps, not quite so apparent. Does he seek only his own personal aggrandizement? Is he only actuated by the vain-glorious desire of sitting in the House of Assembly? or, are the people of St. John dissatisfied with the lion's share which they have always had of the Provincial grants? Do they find that they need another voice in the Legislature to increase that monopoly? and is Mr. Watters sent here for that purpose, and are you gulled into returning him for them? Who is to answer all these questions? This I say with all respect for the gentlemen who now represent you. I have no wish, nor would I say a word, detrimental to them as men or gentlemen. I respect them as men, and I believe them to be possessed of superior ability; but I do assert, positively and distinctly, that they are not the men you require. I am not aware that they have betrayed the trust reposed in them—on the contrary, I believe they have done what they could for the County; but they are not the men you require, and no right to expect that you will keep

them there, to the exclusion of many just as good men who are amongst you, and who have so many interests in the County and feelings in common with you, which neither of the present members can ever have. What interest can non residents have in the representation of this County? Is there one single feeling in common between you, the resident electors, and the imported members whom you elect? Where is the bond that endears you to each other? What is the tie that connects you? Is it your interest or theirs? Throughout the length and breadth of this County, you have said—"Give us men, and we will support them to the last." The opportunity is now come. Will you come forward like free and honest men, and put up candidates from amongst you, and put them in? or will you prove recreant, and leave the world to believe that the County is again shamefully sold to outsiders. Can it be possible that there are not two honest, sensible men amongst you,—Surely no true man in this County will be willing to make, or allow to be made, in his hearing, so shameful and humiliating an admission. Do you think, because you have been so shamefully and unworthily sold and betrayed before, that there is no one in the County whom you can trust? Have you no confidence in one another? If you have, if the men are amongst you, why not come out like honest men, and repudiate, cast off, and trample on, the abominable imposition that you have suffered so long? Would you not prefer men who live amongst you, and with whom you can communicate daily, to strangers whom you see only when they come to canvass you? Why do not these men go to their respective homes and represent the people amongst whom they live? If those people, who know them and their antecedents, so much better than we can, will not have them, is it not an imposition, is it not an insult, for them to intrude themselves upon you. This County is now looked on all over the Province as a commerce which parties in power may use, for their own, or their friends' benefit, provided always, that they can pay for it; it is looked on as a thing, always in the market, and sure to fall to the highest bidder. Now Gentlemen, the time is come when this opinion must, by your act, be either perpetuated or terminated. The remedy is in your hands, the eyes of the Province are on you, and by your actions you shall be judged. If you act like honest fearless men you will be respected as such; but if you submit any longer to such an imposition, you will be looked on, and most assuredly too, as a miserable, mercenary herd, who may be bought and sold like sheep, for so much a head. The truth may be keen, Gentlemen.—Facts are not always pleasant things, but they are none the less facts for that.

I remain, Gentlemen, &c. &c.

JOHN D. BEARDSLEY.

Grand Falls March 30th 1857.

#### DIED:

At Northampton, on the 23d inst., of consumption, Sarah Jane, second daughter of George and Frances Trafton, aged 29 years and eight months.

During a lingering illness, she evinced that patience and resignation which alone are to be found in the true Christian. She murmured not, neither did she repine; but, buoyed up to the last moment of her life with the hope of a glorious resurrection, fell asleep in Jesus. By her mild and gentle disposition, she became endeared to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. She left a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn their bereavement.

"Dear as thou wert, and justly dear,  
We would not weep for thee;  
One thought shall check the starting tear,—  
It is—that thou art free."

And thus shall faith's consoling power  
The tears of love restrain:  
Oh! who that saw thy parting hour  
Could wish thee here again?

Gently the passing spirit fled,  
Sustained by grace divine;  
O, may such grace on us be shed,  
And make our end like thine!"

[R. Intel. and Temp. Tel. please copy.]

At Northampton, on the 29th February, Joel Young, in the 81st year of his age.

### Special Notices.

#### NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late Hugh Gibson, of Canterbury, in the County of York, are requested to present the same, duly attested, to the subscriber, within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

ALEXANDER GIBSON,  
Woodstock, March 20, 1857. Sole Administrator.

#### SUPREME COURT--IN EQUITY.

Between WILLIAM STROUP, Plaintiff; and  
WILLIAM COOK HAMMOND, CHARLES A. HAMMOND, and FRANCIS E. WINSLOW, Executors,  
&c., of Andrew B. Hammond, deceased, Defendants.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Supreme Court in Equity, made in a cause, William Stroup versus William Cook Hammond, Charles A. Hammond and Francis E. Winslow, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Andrew B. Hammond, deceased, whereby I am, amongst other things, to cause an advertisement to be published in the "Woodstock Journal," and such other papers as I shall think fit, for the Creditors of the said Testator to come in before me to prove their debts, and to fix a peremptory day for that purpose; I do therefore further notify the said Creditors (if any such there be) to appear before me by their Solicitors, at my office in Woodstock, on Wednesday the twentieth day of May next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, to prove their said debts; or, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded the benefit of said decree.

Dated at Woodstock this thirtieth day of March, 1857.  
A. K. EMEDES WETMORE,  
Barrister and Examiner.

#### TEACHER WANTED.

A FIRST Class Licensed FEMALE, or Second Class MALE TEACHER, who find a situation by applying to the undersigned.  
ROBERT BAY,  
Lower Woodstock, 30th March, 1857.

### New Advertisements.

#### Important Caution to Druggists and Merchants in general.

WHEREAS, one WILLIAM LEITH, late of the city of New York, drug-broker, has recently been engaged in the nefarious and unlawful business of counterfeiting the medicines known throughout the world as HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, and ordered to be printed for him, under false pretences, and for fraudulent purposes, 500,000 copies of the book or pamphlet of directions around each box and pot;

And whereas, the counterfeit book or pamphlet is well calculated to deceive, being a fac simile of the original, except so far as regards the water-mark in the paper, viz., "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," which appears on every leaf of the genuine document, but can only be seen by holding the paper between the eye and the light;

And whereas, the aforesaid WILLIAM LEITH, having been arrested, and fully charged, before Justice Connolly, with procuring the printing and uttering of the above counterfeits, escaped from the custody of the officers on the 20th day of December, 1856, and is now a fugitive from justice, and is supposed to be pursuing his dishonourable and felonious designs elsewhere;

THE DRUGGISTS of the various cities, towns and villages are therefore hereby cautioned against dealing with the aforesaid WILLIAM LEITH for any articles purporting to be HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, or purchasing any preparations bearing that name from any quarter, unless the leaves of the pamphlets wrapped around the boxes and pots containing the same shall bear the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," in the form of a water-mark, which water-mark can only be distinguished by holding up the printed sheet singly to the light. All others are COUNTERFEITS; and all persons vending them are liable to heavy penalties, and will be prosecuted to conviction by the proprietor of the genuine preparations, as the only means of guarding his own interests and protecting the public against damage to health and life from the use of deleterious articles, sold under the guaranty of his name and reputation.

The said Leith is a Scotchman by birth, about 35 years of age, of good address, deep-toned voice, florid complexion, light hair and thin whiskers, gray eyes, standing about 5 feet 8½ inches, and somewhat inclined to corpulency.

#### Steam Tannery.

#### S. PARSONS & CO.

HAVE for sale at their Steam Tannery, Lower Corner, a large stock of

#### LEATHER,

comprising all the various kinds required in this market, viz.: SOLE, HARNESS and UPPER LEATHER; CALF-CUTTS CALFSKINS and BUFFED LEATHER,—all of which the subscribers, from their long experience in the business, feel no hesitation in recommending as superior to anything of the kind ever got up in the Province.

Their SOLE LEATHER they can particularly recommend, having been manufactured in the same way as American leather, with any of which it will bear favorable comparison.

\* \* Cash and the highest prices paid for HIDES and CALF SKINS.

\* \* Orders from a distance attended to with promptitude.

Woodstock, March 25, 1856. [Jour., R. Intel., C. Vis.]

#### HUMAN IMPROVEMENT.

#### According to Phrenology & Physiology.

WRITTEN descriptions of character, condition, &c., received by mail, with one dollar and upward enclosed, postage prepaid, will receive attention with all pleasure, on Health of Body, Power of Mind, Self-Education, Selection of Companions, Marriage, Parentage, Training of Children, Partners in Trade, Avocation. Improved system in Writing. Communications on Human Improvement, &c. &c. Water Cure. Digestion. Food and its preparation.

Sensitive persons are assured of strict secrecy.

\* \* Please write names and places plainly.

#### DIRECTOR.

#### HENRY H. DAVIS,

Main Street, Woodstock, N. B.

Behold! we show you a more excellent way!

[Extract from a Letter by a Lady.]

My boy, five years of age, was near uncontrollable;—upon receiving and applying instruction, the result was almost incredible.

Mrs. A. L.

Fredericton, N. B.

[Again, by Letter from a Young Man.]

My mental power has been improved (health included) 12½ per cent. since last spring, by adhering strictly to the instruction received.

W. L. C.,  
31-2m Houlton, Me., Arcstock Co.

#### JOHN C. M'INTOSH,

No. 45 Dock Street, Saint John, N. B.

#### MANUFACTURER OF

#### SHIP BREAD, FINE BISCUIT,

And all sorts of Fancy Cake.

N.B. All orders from the country carefully attended to, and delivered on board steamer free of charge.  
March 21. 30-ly

#### "The Old Cabin Home."

JUST received, per Express from Boston, a large assortment of the latest and most popular MUSIC, comprising selections from the Operas, Quadrilles, Polkas, Duets, Rondos, Mazurkas, Schottisches, Waltzes, Variations, Fantasias, Songs, &c.; Easy Pieces for Young Beginners, Twin Blossoms for Small Hands.

The Old Cabin Home, a new Song, just published, and at present very popular in the United States. Price 1s. 2d. Orders from a distance, post-paid, will be immediately attended to. (There is no postage on sheet music in this Province.)

As the subscriber intends visiting the United States about the first of April next, those persons who may want a first-rate instrument—Pianos, Melodeons, Brass Instruments, &c.—would do well to send in their orders immediately, with description and price of the instrument required. This arrangement would be to their advantage, as the instruments would be personally selected.

\* \* Musical Instruments repaired and tuned.

HENRY HALE

Fredericton, March 18, 1857. 30

#### ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been elected and duly sworn in Assessors for the Incorporated District of Woodstock, and that every person residing within the limits of said District is required to attend to the assessment of his property, and to pay the same to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of April next.

Woodstock, N.B., 28th March, 1857.