

Malays and Dayaks, avenged the destruction of the settlement by killing 2,000 Chinese. A war steamer was sent over by the Dutch Authorities, but her services were not required.

Latest accounts from Bushire are to the 6th of March. They bring no intelligence of fresh operations in Persia. Persian accounts of recent battle of Bushire are published, stating that English advanced, until meeting with main body of Persians, they set fire to their (British) camp equipage and retreated towards Bushire: whence being reinforced the battle began, and lasted four hours—both parties retiring in consequence of torrents of rain which fell whole time, rendering ground unfit for cavalry. Persians left some guns in mud, but afterwards recovered them. Persians estimate British loss at 1,000, and own at 400.

Latest by Telegraph to Liverpool from the Times.—News by Overland Mail shews how fully justified the Government and people of England have been in promptly supporting their officers in China.—Certainly our troops, our frigates, and gun-boats, have not been dispatched a moment too soon. We are evidently engaged in a momentous conflict, which will require the utmost courage, vigour, and decision, to bring to a close. The diplomatic labours of Lord Elgin must be delayed until the sterner task of the military and naval chiefs have been effectually completed. There is an end for the present to missions and negotiations.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—News to Feb. 13th. Robbery and violence increase in British Kafraria.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

New York, 15th May, 1857.

Steamship Asia from Liverpool, arrived this afternoon.

Ship Tuscorora, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, was in collision with ship Andrew Foster, for New York. Latter sunk, Captain saved; no further particulars.

New British Parliament had met. Evelyn Denison chosen Speaker. Proceedings so far consist of only the usual formalities.

Liverpool Breadstuffs' market had been excited and fluctuating. Mixed corn had sold at 35s., but closed at 34s. to 34s. 6d. Wheat active at an advance of 1d. to 2d. Little doing in flour. Cotton and provisions unchanged.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of Correspondents, unless editorially endorsed.

To the Editor of the Carleton Sentinel:

SIR,—Please give place to the following Bye Laws passed by the Municipal Council of this County at its January Session, and oblige Yours, &c.

JAMES McLAUCHLAN,  
Secretary Treasurer.

Woodstock, 14th May, 1857.

A BYE LAW

To regulate the Election of Councillors for the Municipality of Carleton.

Be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the County of Carleton, as follows.

I. The Collectors of Rates for each Parish shall furnish the Town Clerks with the correct Lists provided for in Section 1, Cap. 43, Title 6, of Revised Statutes, made up in alphabetical order; which Lists the respective Town Clerks shall carefully preserve from the inspection and interference of every one, or alterations of every kind, until the Chairman shall have been chosen and qualified to conduct the election for Councillors, by taking the oath (A) in schedule to said Title VI.: whereupon the Town Clerk shall deliver to the Chairman the said Lists.

II. The Ballots provided for in Section 5, Chap. 43, Title 6, shall be enclosed in a sealed envelope or other inclosed and sealed paper. The Chairman shall receive and examine the Ballot thus tendered, and having satisfied himself of its being a single packet only, shall drop the same in the Ballot Box, checking the name of each Elector on the Collector's List as he votes. At the time of closing, and after Tellers have been chosen and sworn, as provided by said Section 5, Cap. 43, Title 6, the Chairman shall proceed, as therein directed, to open the Ballot Box, and to open and read aloud each Ballot separately, so that the Tellers may take them down. If he finds more than one Ballot in any enclosure, he shall NOT read or count such Ballots, but shall destroy them. When all the single Ballots are read and taken down, the Chairman, upon correctly summing up the same, shall state the number of votes polled for each candidate, and declare the two having the majority elected. The Chairman shall give the casting vote, if necessary.

III. The Secretary Treasurer shall procure, where any do not already exist, a suitable Ballot Box, made of Tin, with lock attached, to secure the same, and with an aperture on top to receive the Ballots, for the purposes of Elections hereafter to be held for Councillors; and it shall be the duty of the Chairman, after being qualified, and before any votes are given, to open and publicly ascertain that it contains no packages whatever, whereupon he shall lock the same, and keep it so locked to the close of the Poll.

IV. The respective officers named in this Bye Law shall, for any neglect or perversion of its provisions, be liable to all the penalties and forfeitures prescribed by Title 6, Revised Statutes, and the same shall be recoverable as therein provided.

A BYE LAW

To regulate the manner of preparing Assessment Lists.

Be it ordained by the Municipal Council of the County of Carleton,

I. That from and after the confirmation of this Bye Law, Assessors of Rates for the several Parishes in the said County of Carleton shall, whenever making up Assessment Lists, either for County, Parish, School, or other purpose, prepare them in alphabetical order according to the form (B) in schedule to Title VIII. of Revised Statutes.—They shall add up the several columns of such Lists, placing the amount of each at the foot thereof, shewing at the bottom of such Lists the total amount of income and property, whether real or personal estate, that has been assessed. They shall show the per centage or value by which the several rates of such assessment lists have been apportioned.

For the Carleton Sentinel.

DECLARATION DAY IN YORK.

The Election for the County which has just been brought to a close, has been one of the most exciting in its character that has been known for many years, and, as might have been anticipated, resulted to the entire satisfaction of no party. Money has been expended in the greatest profusion, from one end of the County to the other, and very large sums are said to have been paid for votes. It is currently reported, and very generally believed, that large sums were paid out by certain persons in high places, to buy an influence against Fisher and Hatheway. Letters (written and posted by a certain little whipper-snapper, who is ready at all times to do the dirty work required by those above him, provided he can thereby retain the honorable post of carver at Head Quarters,) were forwarded to many parts of the County, begging the people to accept of his (the Kernal's) compliments, and vote for Macpherson, Allen, McIntosh, and Yerxa, as the only loyal men amongst the candidates, and who, he was confident, possessed the confidence of nine-tenths of the constituency. What downright impudence! Does the gallant little Kernal intend to convey the impression that all the other candidates, with their supporters, are rebels? Some men are by nature so mentally and physically constituted that to be other than toadies would be impossible; such is the Kernal, and so naturally fitted is he for any dirty work that a gentleman would shudder at the bare idea of performing. Those in high places are never at a loss for any tool they may require to assist them forward in any transaction which requires some degree of concealment. Does the gallant Kernal remember the time when a certain little toady was addressing the Electors of this County, on the day of his nomination for a seat in the Assembly? (and for which, I believe, he polled three votes) If he does, the recollection of his position at that period, should teach him wisdom; but nature, with him, will have its course."

Hatheway was made to experience the severity of the gallant Kernal's ire; and why? Because Mr. H. opposed a grant to the Kernal for his valuable services and arduously performed duties of Adjutant General of Militia; an office closed for four quarters of the year. Mr. Hatheway, in his speech at the close, named one of the modes of canvass used against him, viz., a Mrs. Hayne, wife of the gallant Kernal, sends her compliments to the people of Stanley, and particularly requests that they will not vote for George L. Hatheway. As Mr. H. said, the lady sends her compliments, being well convinced that the word or influence of her husband carried no weight whatever.

About three o'clock, on Tuesday, the Sheriff made the following declaration:

Macpherson, - - - - -	1203
McIntosh, - - - - -	1146 1/2
Allen, - - - - -	1141 1/2
Fisher, - - - - -	1048 1/2
Yerxa, - - - - -	1035 1/2
Hatheway, - - - - -	1031 1/2
Pickard, - - - - -	938
Friel, - - - - -	806

The first four gentlemen, having the greater number of votes, were declared duly elected to serve in the General Assembly of this Province for the County of York.

Ms. Hatheway was the first to address the assembled hundreds in front of the new Court House; and in a calm and dignified manner, spoke of the severity of the canvass that had been used against him, the effects of which he had to combat in all quarters, and he thought that the result of the election has proved, notwithstanding his defeat, that at the close of the late Session, he must have held a very popular position in the minds of the people throughout the County, or he should not have stood so high on the poll as he did, being only 17 behind the fourth man. He thanked those friends who had voted for him; they, with those who had voted against him, should ever find him the same Geo. L. Hatheway, ready at all times, and at all seasons to serve their interests to the best of his ability. To the Candidates elect he should be prepared to render every assistance in his power, at all times that the interests of York County required it. He should now retire to the management of his farm, but if, at any future general

Election, the people of York required his services in the Legislature, he should, if life was spared, hold himself in readiness to respond to their call.

Mr. FRIEL next addressed the audience in a brief and somewhat nervous manner. He thanked those who voted for him, and had given him 806 free un-bought votes, he could not thank those who voted against him, as he could not, under all the circumstances, feel himself in any manner indebted to them. Many had solemnly promised him their support, and had basely betrayed him. He had come out independently—as no party man; had asked for no party vote; but his character had been assailed, and he had been traduced in every manner that could be devised, from the pulpit, through every house, lane, alley, street, everywhere and in every form, in fact from the "Saw Buck" to the head "Aid de Camp" at Government House. To the workings of their own conscience, did they possess any, would he leave such people. If spared, he should be prepared at a future time to meet the calls of the people of York.

Mr. YERXA, next took the stand; and in a cheerful manner, thanked the Electors of York County for the large number of votes which they had given him, on his first race in the political arena;—and, although defeated, he came very nigh running out the leading man of the opposition, (the Ex-Attorney General.) York County has not elected a farmer; he stood there as such, and as the son of the poor man. A good deal had been said by the Liberals about the poor man's son, their equal rights and privileges, and so on; but what encouragement, or what aid has been rendered by them to him? None! They had done all they could to defeat him, but only by the small number of 13 votes under their leading man. He could not but feel proud of his position; and expressed himself ready at all future time when his services might be required, to answer the calls of the people.—Mr. Y's manner throughout was pleasing, and at the close of his speech, was greeted with applause. Mr. PICKARD was absent.

Mr. McPHERSON was the next to mount the rostrum, and delivered himself in a very off hand and eloquent manner. He had seen five elections, in three of which he had led the polls,—a thing unprecedented in history. He had canvassed honestly and above board; he had said nothing against his competitors; and defied any man to come forward and say that he had ever given six pence for a vote, [one chap near by said he had three glasses of brandy for his;] that honesty was the best policy; and "a man was a man for a' that;" cared nothing for Government Honors, could make more at his own business in one year, than he could in the Board of Works in three; he would rather have seen Yerxa elected in his place; as he had brought him forward; he was getting somewhat tired of political life; and had found the present the most severe contest he had ever had, during which he had visited every parish and almost every house, and had in every place met with the same kind reception he had received years ago, when he first went amongst them as the poor man's friend. He thought that after the present House had stood its time, he should then retire from the political arena.

Mr. McINTOSH was the next speaker, and continued to address the audience for the space of half an hour, and in a tone more condemnatory of the electors than of gratification for the honorable position in which they had placed him. It is the nature of some folks to be very oblivious. Mr. McIntosh spoke of the strong canvass which had been used against him; that at the last, as well as the present election, he was spoken of as a mere tool of the Government; condemned by the Reporter for having been Island born, and a poor man, the Editor at the same time forging that he himself was not a native—but he had come to this Province some years ago, a poor man, and by hard labor and honest industry and frugality he had accumulated something, although he would not call himself a rich man. The Reporter office had published a scurrilous song about him, (which he was weak enough to read,) and with others had taken every method they could to defeat him, but he was proud at finding himself second on the poll. He hoped that during the four years for which he had been elected, his conduct would be such, that at their close, he would be found worthy of a continuance of their confidence and support; but if not, that they could then have the opportunity of electing some other and better man in his place.

Mr. ALLEN next took the stand; and in a much more energetic style than usual addressed himself to the audience. He was no ways jealous of Mr. McIntosh leading him on the poll, and was proud of him as a Colleague. During the short space of fifteen months he had seen three elections, but this had been the most severe of all. Could he have foreseen the trouble and labor, he should have been deterred from the contest; had never boasted

of being returned, yet had every confidence in the result, or he should not have offered. But he believed that he possessed the confidence of the majority of the people; that belief had made him a candidate; the result has proved its correctness.—All sorts of modes had been devised to canvass against him. His capacity was questioned; his ability was ridiculed, but he had never boasted of his ability, and was as sensible of his own wants as any other man could be. But such as they may be they are used in an honest and faithful manner for the best interests of the country. Even the Carleton Sentinel must be brought forward in the canvass and make statements intending to be injurious.—Yet notwithstanding all that has been said and done, you have elected me to be one of your representative. Mr. Allan regretted Mr. Yerxa's defeat, and hoped to see him elected at some future day. Mr. A. concluded by saying that he should make no promises as to what he would do; but hoped that his conduct would be satisfactory to all parties.

Mr. FISHER was the next and last speaker. He could not remember how many elections he had seen, but this had been the most severely contested one through which he had ever passed, in fact, he must confess, that he had barely got in "by the skin of his teeth," notwithstanding, he was again one of the Representatives of the County of York; not merely of those who had voted for him, but to all would he cheerfully render any service which might be required of him. With his colleagues for the County he should at all times work harmoniously for the benefit of its interests, although in questions of a general political character, they might possibly be found at times to differ, but hoped they might not be found very far from rendering him their support (a word somewhat similar).—He could not attempt a long speech, as his physical strength had become nearly exhausted during the contest, in fact, he had nearly been prostrated on a sick bed. He would close by thanking the electors for this renewal of their confidence, and hope, that as the strife was now over, they would, as men and christians, forget any little acrimonious feelings that may have arisen during the election; allow them all to be sunk into oblivion, and when they met again, while pursuing their various avocations, it would be as friends. Mr. Fisher listened to with the greatest respect and attention from all present.

It is now very generally acknowledged, that Mr. Fisher's defeat would have been an irreparable loss to York County, and at the present political crisis, to the general interests of the Province.

The whole of the speeches were listened to with the greatest of attention, and every candidate treated with the highest respect.

Three hearty cheers were given for the Queen, three for Mrs. Sutton and the fair daughters of New Brunswick.

In the evening a large bon-fire was made in front of the Parliament Building, in honor of Messrs. McPherson, McIntosh and Allen, and a Balloon sent off which ascended most beautifully—said to have been in honor of the return of Mr. Fisher.

Yours, &c.  
P. P.  
Fredericton, May 13th, 1857.

The Carleton Sentinel.

WOODSTOCK, SATURDAY, MAY 16, 1857.

NOMINATION DAY.

The Court for counting the Ballots, and declaring the Members returned, was opened at the County Court House on Monday last, at 10 o'clock. The various Boxes showed the following number of votes for the respective candidates:

	CONNELL.	PERLEY.	TUPPER.
Woodstock,	189	174	134
Richmond,	161	153	130
Wakefield,	223	208	73
Simonds,	186	164	50
Brighton,	152	136	30
Northampton,	64	60	29
Wicklow,	128	121	65
Kent,	38	43	21
Total,	1141	1068	572

This result has proved, we should suppose, to the satisfaction of everybody, that Liberal principles are not on the wane in Carleton County.—Every possible effort has been made to return Mr. Tupper, and he and his friends have all along been sanguine of success. We supposed his return next to impossible. We have heretofore stated our reasons for this belief, and the result has proved that our estimate of the people, and their dislike to the present Government, and to Toryism generally, was a correct one.

It may be remembered by some hereafter, with advantage, that the people of Carleton can see