

TOWN ACCOUNTS.

Dr. The Town Council of Woodstock, N. B., in acct. with JAMES GROVER, Treasurer.				Cr.			
1856.				1856.			
June 21.	To paid G. W. Pitts, for Blank Book	(1)	£0 12 9	June 9.	By Cash of D. L. Dibblee and J. Grover, bal. of Legislative appropriation for sanitary purposes expended by them		£10 3 2
July 11.	" S. Watts, Table for Council Room	(2)	2 0 0	"	" Cash of Sanitary Committee		1 8 9
Aug. 2.	" W. T. Ganong on acct. repairs Lock-up	(3)	7 10 0	"	" Exhibition Fee of Alexander Family		1 5 0
"	" C. H. English, arresting and committing sundry persons to jail	(4)	2 18 6	"	" Do. Whitehouse do.		0 12 6
"	" B. Doherty, arresting and committing sundry persons to jail, and other services	(5)	1 9 0	July 26.	" Cash of Mayor, Fines collected by him		4 18 1
"	" John Lindow, being amt. of premium awarded him on first load water at late fire	(6)	1 0 0	Aug. 2.	" Tavern License Fee, 6 months, of John Caldwell		7 10 0
4.	" Sheriff, expenses holding first Town Election	(7)	8 15 0	"	" Wholesale 6 " W. W. Hammond		7 10 0
"	" Committee of repairs on Lock-up	(8)	25 10 0	"	" Do. 3 " J. H. Jacques		3 15 0
"	" B. Doherty, building Pound	(9)	2 10 0	"	" Do. 12 " R. Donaldson		15 0 0
14.	" Fire Police, services at recent fire	(10)	3 15 0	"	" Do. 3 " M. Hartt		3 15 0
"	" J. C. Winslow, Fire Insurance	(11)	1 2 6	"	" Do. 3 " R. Armstrong		3 15 0
19.	" D. L. Dibblee, Testament for Council	(12)	0 2 3	"	" Wholesale 3 " P. McGlynn		3 15 0
Sept. 3.	" W. R. Melvill, acct. Printing	(14)	1 15 0	"	" Do. 3 " Mrs. Murphy		3 15 0
"	" R. Atkinson, Locks for Engine and Lock-up Houses	(15)	0 4 0	"	" Do. 3 " Henry Dow		15 0 0
"	" W. Melvill's acct., meals to prisoners	(16)	0 6 3	"	" Do. 3 " M. Stephenson		3 15 0
"	To amount refunded to J. Bishop, overcharge on Truck License	(17)	0 5 0	"	" Do. 3 " Thos. Ivory		3 15 0
5.	To paid Marshall's acct., summoning prisoners, &c.	(18)	1 5 0	19.	" Wholesale 3 " Thos. Collins		3 15 0
"	" Committee of Repairs, Lock-up House	(19)	19 0 6	"	" Cash of Mayor, Fines collected by him		2 0 7
Nov. 5.	" Melvill's acct., meals to prisoners, &c.	(20)	1 1 0	"	" Poundage received of J. Snow		0 2 6
"	" Marshall, as per order	(21)	1 11 6	Sept. 1.	" Cash of Mayor, Fines collected by him		1 17 6
"	" P. Gallagher, sawing wood	(22)	0 2 6	"	" Truck License Fee of James Bishop		0 15 0
"	" W. R. Melvill, Printing	(23)	1 11 3	2.	" Do. John Lindow		0 10 0
"	" John Caldwell, 1 cord Wood	(24)	0 3 14	"	" Do. B. H. Atherton		0 10 0
"	" S. Watts' acct., Printing	(25)	0 16 3	"	" Do. John Kelly		0 10 0
13.	" J. Bradley, chairs for Council Room	(26)	3 15 0	5.	" Cash of J. Jacques, Dog Taxes collected by him		1 11 9
15.	" G. B. Upham, on acct. building for Fire Engine at Lower Corner	(27)	7 10 0	"	" Fines of B. Doherty, from Mayor		0 10 0
20.	" C. H. McIndoe, for making 7 boxes for water-holes, &c.	(28)	2 19 4	"	" Truck License Fee of S. Gates		0 10 0
"	" Chief Engineer Fire Co., expenses on Engine and House	(29)	1 15 6	17.	" Exhibition Fee of Mr. Abournett		1 0 0
"	" H. E. Dibblee, duties on Engine	(30)	28 9 0	Oct. 1.	" Truck License Fee of W. Williams		0 10 0
"	Balance carried down		34 14 8	"	" Do. L. Gallagher		0 10 0
			£164 9 10	4.	" Cash of Mayor, Fines collected by him		2 0 0

Statement of Mayor's Account at 31st December, 1856.

Amount collected by him for Fines, &c., as per acct audited.	£25 4 3
Cr.	
Amount Pitts' Bill for Record Book per order of Council	£2 6 3
To Treasurer	22 9 11½
Cash on hand	0 8 0½
	£25 4 3 £25 4 3

D. L. DIBBLEE, Town Clerk. L. P. FISHER, Mayor.

Dec. 6.	" Do. Jno. Lindow, 3 "	3 15 0
9.	" Fines collected by Mayor	1 2 6
12.	" Tavern License Fee of M. Stephenson, 3 months	3 15 0
"	" Do. John McKeon, 3 "	3 15 0
"	" Cash of Mayor, Fines collected by him	1 5 0
15.	" Cash of Mayor, Fines collected by him	1 0 0
22.	" Do. do.	1 10 0
24.	" Do. do.	0 10 0
30.	" Do. do.	1 17 6
31.	" Do. do.	1 18 9
"	" Cash of W. T. Baird do.	0 10 0
		£164 9 19

1856.
Dec. 31. By Bal. in Treasurer's hands at this date

JAMES GROVER,
Treasurer.

General News.

THE GUNPOWDER EXPLOSION IN NAPLES.—On the 17th December about midday the entire city was alarmed by a most awful concussion and report. It resembled the united noise of 50 cannon. The alarm created was universal, and people fled on foot and in carriages in all directions, for it was believed to be the signal of another revolution. On enquiring into the cause it was ascertained that it arose from the explosion of the powder magazine at the end of the new Mole, at the extremity of the arsenal. It is said that 80 cantari (a cantario is equal to 100 rotoli, the rotolo being 33oz) were deposited there. It appears that the Sannita, a government vessel, brought up more powder yesterday from Messina, which was to have been consigned there immediately. However, on this officer putting the key into the lock of the door of the magazine the horrible explosion took place. A great part of the new fortifications in that direction have been completely destroyed; two government steamers have been damaged; one or two Custom house vessels have disappeared; people walking in the neighborhood were thrown down by the shock or by the debris, which fell like a shower at a great distance. In this way some were killed or had their limbs broken. The loss of life it is difficult to estimate at present, some putting it down at from 15 to 20. The damage which has been done to the government works is estimated at 500,000 ducats, while an architect, well acquainted with the city, calculates the number of windows broken at 60,000. Every house has suffered; in many places, as in the royal palaces, entire windows being blown in and the ground was literally powdered with glass.

SUPPOSED POISONING CASE.—A French Canadian baker died, after a short illness, in St. Roch's on Sunday night last, and as he had been but a few weeks husband to a woman who was said to have married him against her inclination, his friends requested the Coroner to inquire into the cause of death. The inquest was commenced on Tuesday and adjourned until last evening. In the meantime while an examination of the body was made by Drs. Fremont and Jackson, and the cause of death was ascertained to be poison, a sufficient quantity of arsenic to destroy life being found in the stomach and intestines. A physician had been attending deceased during his illness, but, it would seem, was ignorant that poison had been administered. The examination of witnesses was continued by the Coroner until one o'clock this morning, and will be

resumed at 9 o'clock, in the Court House. Deceased's name was Joseph Bison, a young woman of prepossessing appearance, is in custody, to await the result of the investigation; as is also a Madme. Froitier, suspected of being an accessory.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE KING OF NAPLES.—Naples, Dec. 10.—The man who attempted the King's life has just been hanged. The city is tranquil. The official journal of the 13th states that the name of the intended assassin is Milano. He was an insurgent of 1848, and was pardoned in 1852. He joined the army by means of false papers. There has been a general illumination.

Correspondence has arrived with details of the attempt on the King's life. His Majesty's coolness and presence of mind were very remarkable. There were signs of discord and confusion amongst the mob. People flying back to the capital would have created much confusion, and probably fearful disturbances would have arisen out of the panic and exaggerated rumours. But fortunately a cordon of soldiers were drawn around, and no one permitted to leave, and the King ordered the review to be continued.

"The following is the declaration of the assassin:—'For six years I cherished a hatred against Ferdinand the Second; I belong to the class of insurgents of Calabaria of 1848; it was my intention to have purged the earth of this monster; I have not the slightest intention of revealing the names of my brethren who conspired with me to rid the world of this tyrant, but the occasion will come when their daggers will avenge all.'

A letter from Naples, dated the 5th inst., announces that the greater part of the Sicilian insurgents have been arrested. Their chiefs were five in number.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* describes the present state of Naples, on the authority of an Italian, who left that city on the 7th inst., as follows:—The whole population is said to detest the King, his government, and his system, excepting in one quarter. The lazzaroni are all for the deposition of the Bourbons.

The Genoa Gazette states that the number of persons arrested at Palermo is 360.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS OF PRUSSIA.—Berlin, Dec. 16.—Nothing is talked of but the preparations going on and the orders given to put a large part of the army on a war footing, in order to move towards Switzerland. At the War Office the needful instructions are ready to be sent off at a moment's notice. Considerably more than the two army corps at first intended will be mobilised for

immediate service. It is understood that Switzerland will eventually be made to pay for the expense caused by the demonstration or campaign, which ever it proves. Prussia has already applied to the different States for permission to march through their territory. It is said that the subject will be officially brought before the German diet, in order to obtain the formal sanction of that assembly.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—COST OF A MESSAGE.—Since this great enterprise has been regarded as a fixed fact, numerous inquiries have been raised as to the probable cost of messages. It is stated that British Government have guaranteed the Company patronage to the amount of seventy thousand dollars per annum, and have fixed the maximum rate of a message at four shillings per word. This will be divided between the stations, as follows:—From London to Cork, 6d. sterling; across the ocean, 2s. 6d.; from Newfoundland to New York, 1s. A despatch from Washington to New York which would cost \$75, at 4s. per word would cost \$4000 if sent from London to New York. So much for the cost of a despatch. The route upon which the cable will be laid is said to be north of the locality where all the ice accidents have occurred. The greatest depth of water is a little over 2000 fathoms. The quietude of the bottom of the sea will render the safety of the wire unquestionable. The British government will survey and sound the whole route in April next. In July two vessels will leave the English coast with the cable—a mile of which weighs a ton. After reaching a point equidistant from both termini, the cables will be joined together and sunk. The vessels will then part company, the one proceeding to the Irish coast and the other to the American, paying out the cable as they go along. The whole work of laying the wire can be done in a week, or two weeks at the outside.

AQUATIC.—The Secretary of the Union Boat Club of St. John, in a published letter to the Hon. Joseph Howe, denies that any of the members of the Union Boat Club follow the business of rowing as a profession. A few weeks since an elegant silver vase was presented to James Pryor, Esq., of Halifax, as a token of esteem for the services of that gentleman in behalf of aquatic sports. A speech was made on the occasion by Mr. Howe, who commented at some length upon the fact that the fishermen of Halifax had beaten professional oarsmen. Hence the letter of Mr. Woods, who states that the oarsmen of the Neptune are mechanics, and now employed in the lumber woods. There is every prospect that a contest between the two cities will be settled early in the Spring.—*News.*

Special Notices.

WORLD'S BLESSING!

DR. J. B. N. GOULD,

Rheumatic, Neuralgia and Spinal Balm.

Cures from 12 to 48 hours, removes Rheumatic and Neuralgia Pains in fifteen minutes.

We would call the attention of our readers to the above wonderful preparation, used only as an external application. The following is sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical of its virtues:

BOSTON, April 9th, 1855.

DEAR SIR,—Ever since this session of the Legislature commenced, I have been severely afflicted with inflammatory Rheumatism. I expended much money without obtaining any relief, when one of our Representatives brought me a bottle of your "Rheumatic Balm," and from its first application the pain began to decrease, and I am now almost entirely free from the affliction. You are aware that I ordered six bottles more, which I distributed among suffering friends and in every instance it has afforded immediate relief. I give you this testimony of the worth of your medicine, unsolicited, as a slight token of my appreciation of your endeavors to soothe the pain and anguish of your fellow men. Very respectfully

W. E. P. HASKELL,

Clerk Mass. House of Reps.

Dr. J. B. N. Gould, East Abington, Mass.

Dr. J. B. N. Gould: Dear Sir,—Feeling confident that hereafter thousands of persons in the world that suffer with Neuralgia, I feel it a duty I owe to you and to the public to make the following statement known. I have been suffering from Neuralgia in the face and head, once or twice a month, for fourteen years. It was so severe, I have been obliged to leave my business, and confine myself to my room, one or two days at a time, suffering all the time the most intense pain. I have tried for years all the remedies that were advertised, also all the prescriptions given by physicians, and had experienced no particular benefit; and had made up my mind there was not anything that would give relief, and supposed I must suffer for the remainder of my days with this unwelcome disease. I saw the advertisement, last spring, of your Rheumatic and Neuralgia Balm, and, as it was highly recommended, I concluded to try it; but I had no confidence in its virtues. I applied it according to the directions, and in a few hours was relieved. That was three months since, and I have not had the slightest attack; and I feel thankful to you, sir, for so great a blessing.

CHAS. T. BARRY,

24 Washington-street.

OFFICE AND LABORATORY, No. 11½ SCHOOL STREET BOSTON.

(Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1856, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of Massachusetts.)

Wholesale Agents, BURR, FOSTER & CO., No. Cornhill; BREWER, STEVENS & CUSHING, Nos. 90 & 92 Washington-street; WEEKS & POTTER, No. 154 Washington-street;—Boston. H. H. HAY, Wholesale Agent for Maine. And retailed throughout the United States and British Provinces by Druggists generally. 7y

READER!—When you are in need of a remedy to purify your blood, cleanse your stomach from Bile, remove habitual Costiveness, cure the Piles, promote a healthy action of the Liver, improve the Appetite or Strengthen the System, procure a bottle of G. W. Stone's Vegetable Liquid Cathartic, and your wishes for improved health will be more than realized.

NO WONDER HE WAS THANKFUL!
READ AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES.

ROCHESTER, October, 19 1852.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.

Gentlemen—Having experienced the beneficial effects of Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by you, I take great pleasure in recommending them to the public. I feel warranted in saying, that they are a certain cure for liver complaint and all bilious diseases, no matter how difficult or long standing. I myself was afflicted with this dreadful disease for over two years, and oh! how thankful I am that I heard of these Pills. I purchased of one of your agents three boxes, and before I had finished the third box, was completely cured. I verily believe but for Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, I should have now been in my grave; but as it is, I am now enjoying the best of health, and stand a living witness of the efficiency of Dr. McLane's Liver Pills. Besides recovering my health, I consider that I have saved in pocket some two or three hundred dollars physician's fees.

This testimony I give you with the greatest of pleasure, and hope it may do something towards making these invaluable Pills known to all who are suffering with liver complaint.

WILLIAM HISS, Traveler in Western New York.

Purchasers will please be careful to ask for Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of PITTSBURG, PA. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. McLane's genuine Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores.—None genuine without the signature of

FLEMING BROS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS ARE OF INFINITE BENEFIT to persons suffering from nervous tremors and tremors and general feebleness. They renovate the nervous system, and brace the muscles, as well as give tone to the stomach. Their purgative action is unaccompanied by pain, and as they have powerful stomachic as well as aperient and purifying properties, they literally carry on the work of invigorating the digestion, relieving the bowels, and regulating the secretions at one and the same time. This can not be said of any other medicine in existence.

THE WORLD'S BENEFACITOR.—In all time the true physician has been known as a friend of humanity, and in our days many assume, but few do serve the title. Mrs. M. N. Gardner, however is one of few, for she has richly merited it by the production of the Balsam of Liverwort and Roundhead, which wrought most miraculous cures and finally won for itself a place among the standard Family Medicines of the day, as the cure for all affections of the Lungs. It may be found at Weeks & Potter's, General Agents, 154 Washington Street, Boston, and of Druggists generally.

W. T. BAIRD, Agent for Woodstock.

MOFFAT'S LIVER PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.—The very painful symptoms which precede the attacks of fever and ague can be suppressed and all danger arrested, by the use of these valuable medicines. The pills and bitters are also a cure for rheumatism, and every variety of bowel complaint. Sold by the proprietors W. B. Moffat, 335 Broadway, N. Y.

W. T. BAIRD, Agent for the County of Carleton.

A. P. HAYWOOD, Agent for Houlton.