

the sense and please the mind. Follow her example, and do for yourself what she is always laboring to do for you. Beauty is one of God's chosen forms of power. We never see creative energy without something beyond mere existence and hence the whole universe is a teacher and inspirer of beauty. Every man was born to be an artist, so far as the appreciation of beauty is concerned.

TO MAKE WHITENESS THAT WILL NOT RUB OFF.
Mix up half a pailful of lime and water ready to put on the wall; then take one gill of flour and mix it with the water; then pour on boiling water sufficient to thicken it. pour it while hot into the whitewash; stir all well together, and it is ready for use.

FATAL CATTLE DISEASE IN NORTHERN EUROPE.—The late advices from Konigsburg give unfavorable accounts regarding the cattle disease, which during past two years has manifested itself in Poland and other parts of Russia, and which now threatens to spread to Germany. For a short time during the last autumn there seemed to be some abatement in the distemper, but it has again become virulent. It seizes the animals suddenly, and after severe trembling and purging they die within four-and-twenty hours. One proprietor lately lost 200 head in a single night. It attacks cattle exclusively, and does not communicate itself to sheep or any other kind of stock. Every effort is used to prevent infection, and detachments of the military are charged to destroy and bury all that become affected. On the Prussian frontier a strict quarantine is enforced; but it has already made its appearance in some villages, and the authorities have ordered that if even only one of a herd be attacked the whole are to be slaughtered. The recent progress of the disease northward toward St. Petersburg has been a chief cause lately in the advance of the fallow market.

SHOEING HORSES.—A writer in a Farmer's Cabinet, an English paper describes a mode of shoeing horses different from that usually practised in this country, which appears to be worthy of consideration. The difference consists simply in driving the nails home *before* instead of *after* twisting them off, then beat the twist down close to the hoof and file smooth, "but not deep or with a view to rasp the twist." By twisting after driving home, a rivet as well as a clinch is secured. Let farmers and horse shoers think of it.

HENS AND EGGS.—For several years past I have spent a few weeks of the latter part of August on the Kennebec river. The lady with whom I have stepped is a highly accomplished and intelligent housewife. She supports a "hennery," and from her I derived my information in this matter. She told me that for many years she had been in the habit of administering to her hens, with their common food, at the rate of a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper, each alternate day, to a dozen of her fowls. Last season when I was with her, each morning she brought in from twelve to fourteen eggs, but sixteen hens in all. She again experimented in the matter, by omitting to feed with cayenne for two or three days. The consequence invariably was that her product of eggs fell off to five or six per day. The same effect of using the cayenne is produced in the winter as summer.—*Boston Transcript.*

BRIGHAM YOUNG.—The Mormon prophet, Young recently denounced a man named Gideon, who had spoken against polygamy, in this wise:—"Who is this Gideon that has come amongst you? He used to sell tape in St. Louis, and now he is here to blaspheme the Lord, and to destroy the house of Israel. And what should ye, children of the covenant, do in return for this evil work? Out with the bowie knives ye bore like breastpieces at Nauvoo, and, in the name of God and the prophet, give him h—ll!"

LIBERALITY OF THE SANDWICH ISLANDERS.—The Christian natives of the Sandwich Islands are said to have contributed last year about \$19,000 for religious and charitable purposes. Their number is not far from 24,000, and the average donation from their "deep poverty" is about eighty cents from each person.

The heat does not ascend as we rise above the earth nearer to the sun, but decreases rapidly, until beyond the region of the atmosphere, in void, it is estimated that the cold is about seventy degrees below zero. The line of perpetual frost at the equator is fifteen thousand feet in altitude; at 13,000 between the tropics; and from 9,000 to 4,000 feet between the latitudes of forty and fifty degrees.

Here is a very good domestic toast—"May your coffee and slanders against you be ever alike—with-out grounds."

General News.

RUSSIA.—News from Circassia has been received to the effect that the Circassians have again beaten the Russians on the banks of the Laba. The Russians were driven back over the river with a loss of 400 men, four pieces of cannon and their baggage. The Russians are seeking to take possession of the Chutla. Its sovereign has demanded the interposition of the Sultan.

An interesting meeting has just taken place at Paris. The French Protestant clergymen, with the elders and deacons of the Protestant churches have come together to prepare a "fraternal but severe remonstrance" to the Protestant slave-holders of America. The address, which has been most extensively signed, asserts that Protestantism has been charged with its toleration of slavery, and conjures American Protestants to wipe out this reproach.

ROBERT J. WALKER APPOINTED GOVERNOR OF KANSAS.—Washington, March 25.—Correspondent of the New York Herald.—Gov. Geary tells me that for weeks before he was aware of the fact, the border ruffians in the streets of Leecompton openly announced that his power was broken, and that he was used up. He heard these boasts frequently but believed it was nothing but brag, as he received no intimation from President Pierce that a change of policy had been determined on, and new orders issued to Gen. Persifer Smith not to give him the aid of his troops. When the contingency did occur, and he called upon Gen. Smith for a company to prevent an anticipated riot he was told that he could not have them, and that all of the troops in the Territory had been detailed for other and distant services. He thus found himself suddenly abandoned and powerless, at the very moment when a steady perseverance in the policy he had adopted was necessary to secure the permanent peace of the Territory. Since his arrival here Gov. Geary has been assured by Ex-President Pierce that this course of the War Department towards him was adopted without a knowledge on his part of all the facts, and with deception relative to others.

I learn this evening from undoubted authority, that Robert J. Walker, at the urgent solicitation of Mr. Buchanan, has accepted the Governorship of Kansas. At first he emphatically declined, but subsequently accepted after a free consultation of upwards of three hours with the cabinet, with the understanding that he is not to be embarrassed in any manner, and the administration are to make such appointments as he desires.

A ship or barque on fire, was passed 3d inst., 3 A. M., by steamship America, on her fourth day from Liverpool, latitude, &c., omitted. A boat was sent alongside, and the burning vessel found to be a derelict. Her foremast and all the yards were standing, foresail and foretopsail cut away from the yards, main and mizen masts alongside. She was nearly burnt to the water's edge, was painted black with blue ports, and a black figure-head in full, resembling a warrior. Her yards were white; could not make out the name.

NICARAGUA.—By the arrival of the Tennessee we have intelligence from Nicaragua ten or fifteen days later than previous advices. Col. Lockbridge has not been able to force his passage up the river, and is no nearer the lake or Walker's camp than he was a month ago. He has made one or two attempts, however, which proved wholly unsuccessful. The redoubtable Col. Titus, with a strong force, was detailed to attack Fort Castillo,—but listened to the remonstrances of the allies by whom it was defended, and was completely out generalled. Indeed charges were rife that he had been bribed.—However this may have been, he failed utterly in his attempt, and subsequently displayed any thing but the courage of which he made so much boast on the plains of Kansas. Walker's position at Rivas had been attacked by a large force of allies, but they had been repulsed with some loss. Walker's troops, however, had again dwindled to less than 500.—*Bangor Whig.*

RAILWAY INSPECTION IN CANADA.—In the Legislative Council, in answer to Mr. DeBlaquiere, Mr. Vankoughnet said the Government intended in a few days to introduce a Bill to amend the Law respecting the Inspection of Steamboats and provide for an efficient Inspection and Supervision of Railways. (Cries of hear, hear.) Notice has also been given in the House to impose several restraints upon the Great Western Railway in future. It is a singular fact that nearly all the railway accidents in Canada have occurred on this line. A law did exist a few years ago compelling the company to stop at this very draw-bridge, and other similar ones, for three minutes, to see if all was right; but the railway influence being in the ascendant at the time, the clause was defeated by the Legislature, and the

Desjardins canal bridge especially exempted by name. How fatal have been the consequences!—It is said that Mr. Zimmerman, the great railway contractor who lost his life, was the contractor for the very bridge on which he perished.—*State of Maine.*

We learn from the St. Johns (Newfoundland) Courier of the 18th inst., that at a special meeting of the Commercial Society of St. Johns, it was agreed to recommend the Government to accept the offer of Messrs. Edmonstone, Allen & Co., of the Canadian Steam Packet Company, to make St. Johns a port of call between Liverpool and Canada, semi-Monthly during the summer, and monthly during the winter, upon the guarantee by the Government of Newfoundland of the sum of £10,000 annually.

A series of ladders, arranged like the leaves of an extension table, so that they can be run up to the top of the highest buildings by ropes and pulleys, has been invented, and is gaining much favor in New York as a means of saving human life at fires.

MEETING IN JAMAICA AGAINST THE SLAVE TRADE.—The alleged glaring infraction of treaties for the suppression of the Slave Trade under the sanction of the authorities of Cuba, and the encouragement given by citizens of the United States, had excited considerable attention in Jamaica. A meeting had been held there, when the whole matter, embracing a variety of revolting details, was entered upon.—Resolutions were adopted upon which petitions are to be founded, and when signed will be forwarded for presentation to both Houses of the English Parliament.

To the Editor of the "Head Quarters."

SIR—In the *Head Quarters Extra*, issued on Thursday the 26th of March, I observe my own name in connection with Messrs. Fisher, Connell, Perley and Hatheway, as responding with cheers to Smith's motion for removing the Seat of Government. Now your informant is most decidedly in error upon that point, as Smith's motion was not entertained by the House, consequently no vote was taken upon it; but had a vote been taken, I should certainly have been among the nays, as I am and always have been, opposed to its removal, as is well known.

I am, Sir,

Yours, respectfully,

DAVID TAPLEY.

Mangerville, March 30th, 1857.

EXAMINATION AT THE MOUNT ALLISON ACADEMY. We have taken some pains to secure information upon which we can depend as correct in regard to the late examination at the above named institution; which owing to a press of work in our office at the time, we were unable to attend.

The Classes in the Primary Department of both branches of the Institution were examined on Saturday the 21st ult., and we are glad to learn that entirely satisfactory evidence was presented that the work of instruction had been properly done in this lowest, but not least important department.

On Monday the 23rd ult., the examination was continued simultaneously in different rooms of both Branches. In the course of the day, Classes were examined in the Male Branch, in English Grammar, Arithmetic, Book Keeping, History of England, Rhetorical Reading, Latin and French belonging to the Intermediate Department; and in Natural Philosophy, Algebra, Geometry, Calculus, French, Latin and Greek, belonging to the Collegiate Department; and in the Female Branch, in Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Natural Philosophy, Algebra and French. On Tuesday, Classes in Geography, Analysis of English Language, Latin, Greek, Chemistry, Physiology, Rhetoric, and Logic, from both Branches were examined in Lingley Hall.

During the last Term the total number of Male Students was 114, of whom 13 were in the Primary, 81 in the Intermediate, and 20 in the Collegiate Department. The exact number of Female Students we did not ascertain, but we believe it was something like the same, giving a total, for the united Institutions, say, of two hundred or more, Students.

We are sure that all our enlightened readers will be glad to know that this hitherto so largely popular, because so skillfully managed and well-worked, educational establishment is still vigorous and prosperous.—*Sackville Borderer.*

We have news from Bermuda to the 10th inst.—It is, however, entirely of a local character. The Governor had opened the Colonial Parliament, and complimented members on the improved sanitary condition of the island. Intelligence had been received from Turks Island to the effect that G. O. Smith, late Receiver General and Treasurer of the Bahamas, had been tried & found guilty for embezzling certain public moneys and sentenced to two years imprisonment with hard labour.

FACETIE.

A QUERY.—"Is a man and his wife both one?" asked the wife of a certain gentleman in a state of stupefaction, as she was holding his aching head in both hands. "Yes, I suppose so," was the reply. "Well, then," said she, "I came home drunk last night, and ought to be ashamed of myself." This back handed rebuke from a long suffering and affectionate wife, effectually cured him of his drinking propensity.

"I say, Pat, what is the difference between being hung on the gallows like a gentleman, and being hung on a gibbet?"

"Sure, an' in the first place a man hangs only a trifle of an hour or so, and in the other he hangs all the days of his life."

Teetotalism forbids a man to touch anything that can intoxicate—except a pretty girl's lips. You may taste that article, after signing the pledge, if you'll only do it discreetly and with moderation.

Why are country girls' cheeks like well printed cotton? Because they are warranted to wash and keep the color.

Special Notices.

M-LANE'S VERMIFUGE IN TEXAS.

Hear what the proprietor of "STAR HOTEL" has to say of the wonderful effect of M-Lane's Vermifuge:

"STAR HOTEL," CENTREVILLE, TEXAS, Aug. 22nd, 1855.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.

I feel it my duty to make the following statement:—Several of my children have been unwell for the last week or two. I called at the "BIG MORTAR" to get some Oil of Wormseed and other truck, to give them for worms.—The druggist recommended M-Lane's Vermifuge, prepared by you, but having tried every Vermifuge, in my knowing, without advantage, I told him it was not worth while, as my children appeared proof against them all. He said to take a bottle, and offered if it did no good to refund the money. To satisfy him I done so, and the effect was so much better than expected that I got another bottle, and the result was astonishing. Three of my children discharged a great number of the largest worms I ever saw. To a young man, my Mail Carrier, who was weak, puny and poor as a snake, for a month or so, I gave two doses, which brought from him a pint, of what is called stomach worms! Strange as this may appear, yet it is as true as preaching. How the boy stood it, so long as he did, with ten thousand "Bors" gnawing at his stomach is the greatest wonder to me. All these cases are now doing well. No doubt the lives of thousands of children have been saved by the timely use of this extraordinary medicine. Don't fail to give it a trial.

THOS. R. THURMAN.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M-Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of PITTSBURG, PA. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M-Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

GOOD TIDINGS OF GREAT JOY.

A cure for Coughs, Cold and kindred complaints may be found in the

INDIAN BALM OF LIVERWORT AND HOARHOUND, a purely vegetable compound,

free from mineral or other poisons, and infallible in its operation!!

It is for sale by Weeks & Potter, 154 Washington Street Boston, General Agents.

Wm. T. Baird Agent for Woodstock.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS ARE THE ONLY reliable remedy for the sexual disabilities and disorders of females. In cases where the functions peculiar to the organization of the sex have been suppressed, suspended, or in any way disordered, the mild and conservative action of the Pills will speedily restore their regularity. The terrible diseases which result from a neglect of these derangements, are well known to all physicians; and it is of the utmost importance that the means of their prevention should be in the reach of the whole sex. The subject is one upon which it is impossible to enlarge in the columns of a newspaper, but it would argue little care for the sufferings of the feeble portion of the human race, to pass it over in silence.

WHAT A PIECE OF WORK IS MAN?

—Aye; but how easily is that paragon of animals put out of order, and then unless immediate remedies are at hand the paragon becomes a plague to himself and a source of mischief to his fellows. An attack of dyspepsia will reduce a giant to the level of a dwarf, and bring down the intellect of a philosopher to that of the meanest capacity. Hence the necessity of recuperating the body and restoring the mental powers, by taking the Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters, as sold by the Proprietor, W. B. Moffat, 335 Broadway, New York, and his Agents.

W. T. BAIRD, Agent for the County of Carleton.

A. P. HAYWOOD, Agent for Houlton.

DR. STONE'S LIQUID CATHARTIC.—Somebody says that the Americans "consume" more medicine than any other nation in the world, and the assertion is undoubtedly true; for, besides supporting an army of physicians—"regulars" and "quacks"—we swallow every kind of nostrum that is put into the market, no matter whether it comes from a wise man or a fool. There are, however, several standard medicines, which the longer they are used, the more popular they become; and among the number, we know of none that so well enjoys the confidence of the public as Stone's Liquid Cathartic. It is particularly recommended for rheumatism, neuralgia, pains in the head, side, stomach, and the various prevalent diseases of the summer and autumn months; and especially is it used for the eradication of humors from the blood.—*American Citizen, Lowell.*

CARD.

A LONDON MEDICAL PRACTITIONER can be consulted at Mr. DRYDEN'S, Lower Simonds. The above, who has been Assistant Physician to the College of Civil Engineers, Putney, London, will take in two or three respectable patients, suffering from Chronic Disease of such a kind as would require constant attendance to render success practicable. For Terms, apply to H. RAYMOND, at Mr. DRYDEN'S, Lower Simonds. Jan. 1, 1857