

# THE CALAIS SENTINEL.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.—So far as we have been able to learn, the following is a correct return of the gentlemen elected to serve in the County Council the coming year:

Woodstock, Messrs. Wm. Lindsay and A. Gibson. Richmond, Wm. Gray and I. Kilburn. Northampton, Geo. Clowse and R. Hemphill. Wakefield, A. Gallop and A. Kearney. Simonds, D. N. Raymond and M. Corbett. Wicklow, J. Hartley and A. Estabrooks. Brighton, Wm. Hayward and E. Orser. Kent, Wm. Giberson and J. B. Rideout.

It will be seen that in Simonds there are two new members; the old ones did not offer. In Kent two new ones and in Brighton one.

We have been handed the following with a request to publish:

The examination of Miss Jacob's school took place on Tuesday, the 21st December, in the presence of a large and highly respectable assemblage, including the Rev. Mr. Street, Messrs. M. Lauchlan, M'Coy, Parsons, R. A. Hay, G. Raymond, Day. The exercises and subjects of examination were as follows:

Morning Hymn.  
Fourth Reader.  
Song—"We love our Lowly Cottage Home."  
Juvenile Exercises.  
Duet on the Piano, by Miss Day and Miss Beardsley.  
English History.

Coasting Song.  
Geography.  
History and Geography of New Brunswick.  
Duet, by Miss Kendall and Miss Baird.  
Arithmetic.  
Song, Multiplication Table.  
Geometry and Algebra.

Duet, by Miss Day and Miss Bourne.  
History of Greece and Rome.  
Duet—"The Moon is Beaming"—by the Misses Kendall.  
Grammar.

Waltz, by Miss E. Caldwell.  
Astronomy.  
Duet, by the Misses Kendall.  
Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.  
Song—"The May Queen"—by Miss E. Caldwell.  
Botany.

"God Save the Queen."  
The whole affair reflected much credit on Miss Jacob as a teacher.

Mr. M. Lauchlan and Mr. M'Coy, who kindly assisted at the examination, expressed their satisfaction at the progress made by the pupils. Their remarks were followed by highly encouraging and complimentary addresses from several of the parents.

The young ladies who sang and played reflected great credit on Mr. Pleasant, who superintended the musical department of the school.

We are requested to state that the Councilors elect will meet at the Court House, on the second Tuesday of January, the 11th inst.

We are again laid under obligations to Deming & Sons, of Calais, for late Boston papers.

Our traders will do well to read attentively the advertisements of Calais and St. Andrews.

Mr. M'Guire's school will re-open on Monday next.

This is a good time to commence taking the *Sentinel*; as usual, during the coming session of the Legislature, it will contain full and succinct reports. We will furnish the paper for the session for two shillings and six pence.

Colonel Murray, Governor of Bermuda who was for some time quartered in this Province, had with his lady and several friends, a very narrow escape lately. The party were in a carriage and on their way towards Boaz Island, when the horses took fright on the ferry boat, overturning the vehicle and severely injuring the Governor.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC.

St. John's N. F., Dec. 22.

Pacific has arrived.  
Kangaroo left Liverpool on the 8th for New York.

Niagara arrived at Liberia with the recaptured slaves prior to November 15th.

Troop Ship Bombay returned to Plymouth completely dismantled. Lost overboard twelve of the crew.

General meeting of Shareholders of Atlantic Telegraph Company called for Dec. 15th, to consider the condition of affairs.

Petition in circulation calling on government to give guarantee on new capital necessary to prosecute enterprise.

Collision in the English Channel between steamship Ceylon and American ship Waban, bound to Calcutta for Hamburg, the latter seriously damaged. Lost overboard chief officer and one seaman; subsequently towed to Portland.

French Government decided on allowing the appeal of Montalambert to come before superior courts, and the *Moniteur* officially declares that disquietude as to relations between France and Austria, caused by newspaper discussion, is by no means justified.

France concluded treaty with Japan similar to England.

The Queen of Spain's speech at opening Cortes says everything compatible with the national dignity is being done, to secure a pacific solution of Mexican difficulty, but if immediate result is not obtained the resolutions already prepared will be energetically resorted to. Address in response to speech was unanimously adopted.

Baron Humboldt is seriously ill.

Austria and Prussia said to be negotiating better defensive understanding between themselves.

Gladstone in his speech to the House of Commons said his mission was simply to enquire how England can most satisfactorily discharge her obligations to Ionia.

Bombay mail brings Queen's proclamation, it was read throughout India Nov. 1st. Its terms are liberal, guarantees to protect religious freedom, and confirms all existing treaties and rights, offers general amnesty to all save murderers of British, provided submission is made before the 1st of January.

Lord Derby acknowledges receipt of memorial praying Government aid to Atlantic Telegraph and promises to lay it before the Commissioners of the Treasury.

Times' Paris correspondent says it was decided in Cabinet Council that Montalambert's appeal should be allowed to come before the Court, but that answer to it will simply be the Emperor's pardon, which will cover everything—the penalty imposed and possible effects of the New Penal Law.

Question of Atlantic cable will be decided in a few days. It is thought the Government will guarantee a new capital, if so a contract for a new cable will be immediately made.

LONDON MARKETS, Thursday.—Bank of England reduced rate of discount half per cent. Consols 90½ to 96½. Breadstuffs very dull. Sales unimportant. Sugar closed dull. Rice generally dull. Coffee dull, and other articles generally unchanged.

### ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

New York, Dec. 28.

Asia arrived last night.

Atlantic Telegraph Company applied to Government for guarantee of four and a half per cent. on half million new capital stock, which would probably be granted, when new cable would be ordered.

Numerous political speeches made by prominent politicians, including Gibson and Bright on Reform at the great demonstration, Manchester.

Fifteen young men arrested near Corn, charged with being members of a Society having for its object the invasion of Ireland by American filibusters.

£130,000 gold en route from Melbourne.

Emperor of Japan reported dead.

Markets generally very dull.—Limited business. Breadstuffs unchanged.

Prices of Coffee and sugar quiet. Tea rather dearer. Common Congo lld.

Bank rates reduced 2½ per cent. Consols 97½ a 97½.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

For the Calais Sentinel.

RICHMOND, December 29, 1858.

MR. EDITOR: I have observed in the *Journal* of the 16th inst., several communications from different parties, alleging that Mr. Perley had made certain private pledges to the party in Woodstock better known as the Tory party. I had heard before such reports, but, with a majority of the people of this County, never for a moment believed them to be true, as it was so much at variance with what Mr. Perley said in his speech at the hustings in '56; but lately, at a meeting called by the inhabitants of Richmond, to take into consideration the propriety of granting the right of way to the St. Andrews Railroad Company, in case they should decide to carry the line to Richmond Corner, a meeting both our representatives were invited, with yourself, Mr. Editor, to attend (Mr. Connell was absent at Fredericton).—Mr. Perley attended. In the course of the meeting, a variety of charges were brought against our members; but Mr. Perley, in a very satisfactory manner to all present, cleared them up.

Mr. Perley stated that, among the many charges which had been brought against him, the most notorious was that he had made certain private pledges before the election of '56 which he had afterward violated, and of which he had no recollection whatever. After which the Rev. John Hunter arose and said that he felt himself bound, in honor, and in justice to Mr. Perley, to state that he (Mr. P.) had never made any promises to him to support the Gray Government, or the Governor, any further than to go for the repeal of the Liquor Law (so called); to the contrary, he promised that he would not support the Gray and Wilmot administration if elected. After the meeting, I met Mr. Hunter in a public place, and he told me, in addition to the above, that, some time since, about the time of the election, he had observed in the *Journal* his name used in connection with charges against Mr. Perley, which, at the time, he (Mr. H.) ought to have contradicted, and would have done so, but that he wished to avoid creating any additional excitement, and believed them to be stories got up for mere electioneering purposes; but that he had never felt satisfied with himself for not contradicting them at the time.

SAMUEL P. HALL.

The snow that fell on Saturday night has made most excellent sleighing. The winter traveling may be said to have fairly begun, as the "going" is now good both on the ice and land. It is at least a week earlier than usual.—*Globe*.

The new Insolvent Law is being very severely tested before the Judges, and a large number of applicants for relief have been sent back, without getting the necessary certificates to discharge them from their debts.—*Id.*

It is understood that a bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah and all the other territories, will be introduced at an early day in the United States Congress, and vigorously pressed.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—Last night we heard it stated that the Atlantic Telegraph was in working order once more. It was said that a despatch came over the wire yesterday. We will not, however, vouch for the correctness of the report.

AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC for 1859 is now ready for delivery gratis, at Dr. Brown's and Dr. Smith's, who are happy to supply all that call for them. Every family should have and keep this book. It is worth having. Comprising much general information of great value; it gives the best instruction for the cure of prevalent complaints that we can get anywhere. Its anecdotes alone are worth a bushel of wheat, and its medical advice is sometimes worth to the sick the weight in gold. Many of the medical almanacs are trash, but this is solid metal. Its calculations are made purposely for this latitude and are therefore correct. Call and get an Ayer's almanac and when got, keep it.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the only thing that you can rely upon to give rest to yourself, and relief and health to your infant.

George Dramer, the private of the 81st regiment who shot off his leg with his rifle, in order to obtain his discharge from the service, will be tried by a district court-martial as soon as he is able to leave the garrison hospital, in which he is still a patient.—*Halifax Journal*.

There were lying in Atlantic Dock Basin, Brooklyn, 14th ult., twenty canal boats loaded with forty-two thousand bushels of potatoes. They were selling at \$1.25 per bushel.

RECOGNITION OF COLONIAL ADVISERS OF THE CROWN.—A London paper says:—The representatives of the Provincial Governments of Canada New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia had received the honor of separate audiences of her Majesty; and now the responsible advisers of the Crown in British North America may with just pride say that their position has been with equal grace and wisdom recognized by the highest authority in the empire. To Sir Bulwer Lytton belongs the credit of having broken down that foolish and despicable routine of departmental administration which kept the colonies of this country under the tutelage of the Secretary of State and his chief clerks in Downing-street. The natural and legitimate consequence of the system of responsible government in British North America must be access to the throne on the part of the colonial advisers of the Crown in all matters of imperial concern, and we rejoice that the federal union of British North America is the theme which has now occasioned a change in the colonial administration which will give universal satisfaction and content.

GIANT STORM WAVE.—We learn from late English papers that a fearful typhoon passed over Swatow, China, on the 21st September. Next day a storm-wave, twenty-five feet perpendicular, came from seaward, sweeping everything before it, and driving ships from their anchorage over a long mud-flat, two miles across, with not more than two to three feet of water on it. The tide rose from eighteen to twenty feet. It is said that upwards of 200 junks were wrecked, and the loss of life amongst them was very great. The hurricane seems to have been local. At Amoy, there was only a sharp northeaster. The account says:—

"The giant storm-wave, advancing in its might, swept the fleet before it, and scattered the ships like chaff before the wind, stranding them in the most extraordinary and unlikely spots. The destruction was complete. Of a fine fleet of twenty-one vessels, only one, of the most useless of the lot, held to her anchors, the rest being driven ashore. Nor did the hurricane confine its ravages to the water; it was equally felt on shore. What the tempest driven waters could not accomplish was completed by the fury of the gale, and the strongest houses were levelled with the ground. The loss of life among foreigners is miraculously small, the chief officer and greater portion of the crew of the *Gazelle* and one European seaman of the *Anonym* being the only fatal accidents, although three men of the *Heppost* were severely injured by the falling of the mast. Among the Chinese number of killed and drowned is not over estimated (according to the *China Mail*) at 3,000. The town of Swatow, we are glad to learn, has not suffered so much as was expected, but all the junks—upwards of 200—were completely smashed and pulled up on top of each other."

## Special Notices.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS! DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children Teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhea in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. Positively SURE to give immediate relief to infants suffering from Wind Cholice.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

None genuine unless the face-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by Dr. Smith, (late W. L. Ferguson's) Woodstock, wholesale and retail, at proprietor's prices. At Retail, by dealers in medicine generally.

CRAMP & PAIN KILLER.—The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by CURTIS and PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of Spinal Complaints, Cramp of the Limbs and Stomach, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Burns, Sore Throat, and Gravel, it is decidedly the best medicine in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, is on circulars in the hands of Agents.

P. K.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 4, 1847.

GENTS: Having used, and witnessed the beneficial effects of PAIN KILLER, I take great pleasure in recommending it to the public as the very best family medicine with which I am acquainted. In this establishment are employed nearly 100 persons, and year after year not a single severe case of cholera, summer complaint, or dysentery, but has yielded like magic to the curative powers of the "Killer"; and for out, bruises, etc., it is in almost daily use, and with like good effects.

For sale by WRIGHTSON & CO'S Printing Establishment. [The stain on linen from the use of the Pain Killer, is easily removed by washing in alcohol.] Sold by all respectable Druggists. 10-21

## Dyspepsia.

Considering the various forms in which this disease develops itself, it may well be called "hydra headed." In its train follow indigestion, Pain in Stomach, Heartburn, Water Brash, Costiveness, Piles, Acidity, Oppression after Eating, Jaundice, Flatulency, Dropsy of the Liver, Debility, Female Complaints, &c. Some of the best men in our land have given their written certificates relative to the cures effected in their own person by the Oxygated Bitters; while testimonials from other sources, editorial opinions and voluntary expressions from persons who are averse to see their names in print, are perfectly overwhelming.

Read the following from a highly respectable Clergyman:

EAST TAUNTON, Mass., Feb. 9, 1853.

To the Editor of the Portland Mirror.—Sir: Oxygated Bitters.—For more than twenty-five years I have been a sufferer from the dyspepsia. Restless trying the patience of my family physicians in the almost useless trial of their various prescriptions, I have tried a great variety of patent medicines with a similar result. Through the kindness of my physician, I received last March, half a dozen boxes of the Oxygated Bitters. I began to use them without any hope of deriving help from them. Being determined to give them a fair trial, I continued their use, but without any perceptible benefit till June.

Since then I have gradually improved in health till I am entirely free from acidity of the stomach, and from the consequent flatulency, and the awful and almost distracting sick headache, which often, for days together, has wholly unfitted me for study and for all other ministerial duties, and rendered life a burden. I feel that I owe it as an expression of gratitude to Messrs Fowle & Co., and also as a duty to the public, to recommend their Oxygated Bitters, as, in my estimation, a sure cure for that most trying, most vexing, and cruel of all diseases, to which human flesh is heir, the dyspepsia. Having suffered so long, and tried so many different remedies with no good result, I can recommend the Oxygated Bitters with a confidence few others can. If any of the readers of the *Mirror* are suffering, I beg of them to make trial of these Bitters without delay.

JAMES H. CUSHING.

None genuine unless signed "I BITE" on the outer wrapper. Prepared by SEWELL & FOWLE & CO., Boston, and for sale by W. T. Baird, Woodstock, and by appointed agents all over the Province. 14-1m.

## MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, Houlton, Me., by Rev. Thomas Kinney, Mr. Nathaniel Churchill, of Woodstock, to Miss Mary Ann Elliott, of the former place.

## DIED.

Suddenly, at St. John, on Saturday night, 25th ult., of pneumonia, Mary, youngest daughter of Mr. Thomas Jenkins, aged 22 years, deeply regretted by a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances. At the house of his father-in-law, Mr. Hugh Davis, Richmond, on the 25th ult., Mr. Geo. Day, of Canterbury, Quebec, in the 27th year of his age, after a long and severe illness, which he bore with exemplary patience and growing faith in the promises of God in Christ. His end was peaceful and triumphant and his sorrowing friends rejoice amid their tears.—(Christian Visitor please copy.) On Thursday, Dec. 23d, Florence Inadour, eldest daughter of Gregory and Matilda Clowse, aged three years and one month.

## New Advertisements.

### NOTICE.

THIS is to certify that I appoint STEPHEN BRITTON, one of the Overseers of Poor for the Parish of Wakefield, Agent to collect all of my property, and as such, to sell, give, and to make such bargains and settlements as he thinks proper with all persons owing me.

her NANCY x ELLISTON.

December 18th, 1858.

## C. D. KING & SONS, CALAIS, ME.

WOULD inform the traders of Woodstock and the upper country generally, that they have just kept constantly on hand, at their Store in Calais, Me., a large Stock of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, &c., in part as follows:

Flour, Corn Meal,	Rice, Tobacco,
Pork, Sugar,	Saleratus, Soap,
Tea, Coffee,	Candies, &c. &c.

All of which they offer to the Trade at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.

Exchange made for Oats, Butter, and other Country Produce. \* \* \* Intending purchasers will please call before purchasing elsewhere. dec 25.

## BUILDING TO LET AS A HOTEL.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the subscriber, for the rent or lease of his New Brick Building for a term of years from the first of May next. The Building is well adapted for a Hotel; the situation is eligible, and in view of the eligible, and in view of the increased business likely to spring up from Railways and other sources of industrial enterprise will prove an excellent stand for the Hotel business.

ROBERT WATSON.

St. Stephen, December 24th, 1858.

## DEMING & SONS, CALAIS, ME.

80 Hds. Superior Mozambique MOLASSES, duty paid at St. (Stephen); 200 Boxes Souchong Tea, 100 Caddies do from 2 to 10 lb. each, 20 Boxes Tobacco, &c. 20 do do 19 lbs. 4's. 50 Boxes Mould Candles 6, 8 & 10's. 25 Barrels Brown Sugar, 19 do Crushed do 25 do Clear Pork 30 do Mess do 50 M Cigars, different qualities; 10 lbs. Fluid, 10 do Albatrine, Calais mills Flour in bbls. and bags, Calais mills Corn & Rye MEAL, 50 Casks Cut Nails, 25 Tons superfine finished gradistones, 3 do Manila Cordage, 100 sides Upper & Kip Leather, 3 doz. Calf Skins, 30 sides heavy Sole Leather, 100 Brums Figs, 20 Boxes Raisins, 100 do Chemical Soap in pound Boxes. Dec. 28.

## FRONTIER IRON COMPANY, MANUFACTURERS OF Steam Engines, Railroad Work, Machinery for Lumber Mills, Composition and Iron Castings, Ship and Cook Stoves, Windlass Purchases, &c. CALAIS, MAINE.

## JUST ARRIVED,

Ex "Bereadine" from London. 4 HDS choice Brandy, (Hennessey). 2 do Fine Port. Also, a choice selection of COGNIAK, comprising 6 dozen Orange Boven, 6 do Noyau, 6 do Mint, 6 do Shrub, 6 do Ginger Brandy, 6 do Pale Bitters, and 20 do Boxes Sardines. For Sale by the Subscriber, THOS. LLOYD EVANS. Next door to the British House. Woodstock, Dec. 29th, 1858.

In the matter of GEORGE CLOWES, JUNIOR, an Insolvent Debtor. NOTICE is hereby given, that on the application of George Clowes, Jr., of the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Carleton, Yeoman, made to me, pursuant to the directions of the Act of Assembly 21st Victoria, chapter 17, I appoint Thursday the seventh day of April next, at my office in Woodstock, at the hour of eleven o'clock, forenoon, as the time and place for a meeting of the creditors of the said George Clowes, Jr., for the purpose of examining into the state of his affairs, and considering the terms of a compromise to be offered by him under the said Act.

Dated the thirtieth day of December, 1858.

A. K. SMEDES WETMORE.

Clerk of the Peace for County Carleton.

CALAIS AND ST. STEPHEN.—On Tuesday last there arrived here, via railroad and stage, a goodly delegation from the above-named places, comprising representatives from many of their moneyed, commercial and industrial interests, comprising shipping, milling, &c. The former was represented by Messrs. Downes, President of the Calais Bank, and Watson, Cashier of the St. Stephen Bank; the second, by Messrs. Chipman & Bolton, Cullinan, Todd, Abbott, and M. Adam, M.P.P., of St. Stephen; and by Messrs. Deming, Lowell, Hamilton, and Hall, of Calais. Mr. Sawyer, Superintendent of the Princeton Railroad, was a creditable representative of the United States Railroad; and the younger Mr. Downes and Mr. King proved themselves choice exponents of the smartness, wit and go-ahead-ness of Young America. The press was represented by friend Hay of the *Herald*.

Our friends and visitors took us by surprise: still Woodstock was heartily glad to see them, and was disposed to extend to them such a rude welcome as circumstances permitted. We can only regret that there were not more of them, and can assure our recent visitors that our people are so favorably impressed, from the sample pattern, with the whole body, moral, physical, social, and commercial, of St. Stephen and Calais, that they look forward with pleasure to a more extended and intimate acquaintance. We cannot help being pleased with the favorable impression of Woodstock which our friends express themselves as having found in their short visit,—impressions, we trust, which will never be reversed.

On the evening of Tuesday, a plain supper, got up quite impromptu, was served up at Mr. Donaldson's, to which the gentlemen strangers from the St. Croix, with W. T. Wilmot, Esq., of Grand Falls, Mr. Murray, of Fredericton, and Mr. M'Shane of St. John, in addition to some twenty-five of our own townspeople, sat down. Mr. W. F. Dibble presided, assisted by James Grover, Esq., Mr. James Edgar and Mr. Samuel Watts; and a right pleasant time was had: good cheer, good feeling, good speaking, and good singing prevailed.

The usual amount of toasts and sentiments were given, and drank, we are pleased to record, by a very large portion of those present, in cold water. We cannot particularize the toasts or the speeches which they elicited, except by saying that Mr. Downes' remarks were specially interesting, and that our Republican friends all spoke warmly in praise of our Queen, and in favor of a more free, general, and unprejudiced sympathy between the two nations; as also that Mr. Watson, in reply to a toast, offered some very instructive statistics as to the amount of trade done in St. Stephen and Calais, showing a thorough acquaintance with those matters. He likewise spoke in very high terms of Mr. Julius Thompson, Manager of the St. Andrews Railroad.

On Wednesday, the strangers, in company with a few of our townsmen, paid a flying visit to Houlton, and on Thursday morning left for their homes, bearing with them the kindest wishes, both for their own happiness, and the success of their respective localities. May such visits be oft repeated.

The Hon. Provincial Secretary passed through here on Monday night, en route for the Grand Falls. He returned on Wednesday evening, and proceeded to Fredericton next morning. We presume his business at the Falls had reference to the fallen bridge. We hope that the damage sustained, and the amount necessary to reconstruct it, is not so much as at first supposed, and do not doubt that the Government will feel warranted in proceeding immediately to replace the fallen portion.

BOOKS RECEIVED.—The *Atlantic Monthly* for December came to hand from the publishers last week; it is a noticeable number, both because it contains its usual choice variety, and because, as a marked feature, in it is commenced Mrs. Stowe's new serial, "The Minister's Wooing." Let us again remind our readers that for two dollars, through us, they can obtain this magazine for one year.

Godley's Lady's Book.—The first number for 1859 is before us; its contents may be enumerated as follows: Three steel engravings, one of them colored; sixty engravings; fifty-eight articles; one hundred pages reading, and eleven full-length figures of fashion. The magnificent title page in this number is decidedly applicable to this book, "The Seven Ages of Women." In addition it has an elegant piece of music, an excellent page of receipts, bills of fare, &c. &c. We are able to offer this book to our readers for two dollars per annum; and if, taking it, they do not feel at the end of the year, that their money has been well invested, we will return the amount.

It must be a gratifying fact for those who desire to preserve, as it is and where it is, the College, to know that its warmest supporter of the Provincial press is the *Head Quarters*,—a fact conveying to every rational mind that its fate, as a Fredericton institution at least, is sealed. When its champion is the writer in the *Head Quarters* of the 23d, who has stamped himself as worthy of the terms a "lying blackguard," (excuse us, reader, they are the briefest terms we have of giving his true character in words,) how fallen must it be! Of the *Head Quarters*' personal abuse of ourselves we have a profound contempt, as we have of its editor; its abuse we rather court. But there is one thing of which the citizens of Fredericton, who desire that that city be retained as Head Quarters, may very properly be reminded; that is, unless they manage to bridle the foul-mouthed rascal who rolls abuse under his pen as a sweet morsel, it may have the effect of influencing those representatives whose constituents are unconcerned as to where Head Quarters is, to lend their influence to having it removed to another atmosphere,—one where the people will not countenance a press whose chief characteristic is libel, venality, and abuse.

A fire occurred on Friday evening, the 24th, by which two dwelling houses at the North End were destroyed. Unless some arrangements are made by which the town may be supplied with water readily and in plenty, and by which some efficient authority may be exercised in case of fire, some fine morning our citizens will find the town destroyed by the devouring element.