

Jan 14th, 1860, Cr. By paid Michael Doherty £1 10s. 10d. Aug. 10th, By paid do. £2. Dec. 25th, By paid do. £3 10s. By paid Shaw for Watson £3 10s.—Total £10 10s. 10d. Leaving a balance in favour of Parish of £12 4s. 3d.

1860. Amount in hands of collector George E. Shea, £13 11s. 14d. Amount in hands of James Rankin Jr., Overseer, £1 15s. 14d. Delinquent list in hands of Justice Garden, for 1859, £7 9s. 6d. Do. in hands of Justice C. Shea for 1859, £9 13s. 3d. Total £44 13s. 5d.

1860. Against the Parish there appears to be the following amounts: Due Elisha Shaw for 1859 on Watson £2. Due for Watson for 1860, £10 10s. Due Nathan Rogers for 1859 £2 8s. 14d. Due Michael Dougherty 1859, for Brownlow, £7 10s. For burying child, £2. Total £38 8s. 14d. Balance, £16 5s. 4d. James Rankin, Overseer of poor, no return.

On motion of Mr. R. Hemphill seconded by Mr. Gibson, Resolved that the last part of the report on Returns of Parish Officers, for Kent, be struck out as Mr. Cox, Bye road Commissioner for Kent, for 1859, acknowledged the receipt of £3 from Mr. M. Gibson, and produces vouchers for the due expenditure of the same—carried.

On motion of Mr. Clowse seconded by Mr. Orser, Ordered that the returns as hoped in be published.

On motion of Mr. Kilburn seconded by Mr. Perkins, Ordered that the committee appointed to examine and investigate the Auditors Book, and ascertain the balance due by magistrates to the County, be instructed to publish the same.

On motion of Mr. Perkins seconded by Mr. Williams, Ordered that James J. Montgomery, Stephen B. Appleby, H. T. Paries, Charles Kearney and D. H. Johnson be appointed Firewards for the village of Florenceville in the Parish of Simonds; and that George Curran be appointed Surveyor of coal wood and the same added to the list of Parish Officers for Simonds.

On motion of Mr. Kilburn seconded by Mr. Lindsay, Resolved that the bye law passed by this Council in relation to Auctioneers, be amended by inserting £1 instead of £3 as therein provided to be paid by Auctioneers—carried.

On motion of Mr. Stickney seconded by Mr. Cox, Ordered that the following persons be Revisors for the year 1861: Brighton, Wm. Hayward; Northampton, Wm. Monteith; Peel, Charles Miles; Woodstock, L. P. Fisher; Wakefield, John Keys; Simonds, J. Montgomery; Wicklow, Wolsey M. Mallin; Richmond, John Broadstreet; Kent, David Bell.

On motion of Mr. Kilburn seconded by Mr. Stickney, Ordered that the Secretary Treasurer be instructed to apply to the Government, for two copies of the Provincial Laws, for the use of the Councilors for Peel, a new Parish.

On motion of Mr. Clowse seconded by Mr. Stickney, Whereas the County Council and Secretary Treasurer thereof have experienced, and are still experiencing, much inconvenience from not having the use of the drawer, of the desk, in the Court House; Resolved that the Clerk of the Peace be requested to give the key thereof to the Secretary Treasurer, that he may have the use of the said drawer during the sittings of this Municipal Council; and in case of non compliance with said request, the Clerk of the Peace be requested to remove any papers or other things he may have therein, as the Council will have the desk removed, and one for the use of the Council and Secretary Treasurer put in its place, and further, Resolved that if not complied with, the committee in charge of the public buildings proceed to make the above alteration, by having the old desk removed and a new one put in its place.

On motion of Mr. Stickney seconded by Mr. Banks, Resolved that the committee in charge of the public buildings be instructed to extend and lengthen the table provided for the use of the Court room—move back the stove, and thereupon more suitable accommodations for the use of this Council while in session—carried.

On motion of Mr. R. Hemphill seconded by Mr. Kilburn, Resolved that the next semi-annual meeting of this Council, be held in the Hall of the brick building; as it would add much to the convenience of the Council, as all the County papers are kept there—decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Churchill seconded by Mr. Perkins, Ordered that the amount overpaid by Wakefield into the County funds £3 0s. 3d., be paid to E. Briggs, Overseer of Poor for said Parish; also that £7 15s. in hands of Daniel Tracey, late Overseer, be paid to the present Overseers.

On motion of Mr. Perkins seconded by Mr. Hemphill, Ordered that Robert Hume be paid 7s. 6d., for cord of wood purchased by him from Wm. Hannah, for use of Gaol.

On motion, Ordered that the Council proceed to elect an Auditor for the current year. Mr. Stickney nominated Mr. Samuel Watts; Mr. Clowse nominated Mr. James H. Jacques. A ballot was taken, when there appeared 10 votes for Mr. Watts and 5 for Mr. Jacques; whereupon the Warden declared Mr. Watts to be duly elected.

On motion of Mr. Stickney seconded by Mr. O. Hemphill, Ordered that the salary of the Auditor be \$30 for the current year.

On motion of Mr. Gibson seconded by Mr. Banks, Resolved that the minutes of Council be published, to which Mr. Stickney moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Perkins, Resolved that the sayings of Councilors while in session be published in connection with the minutes—Amendment lost—Original motion sustained.

On motion of Mr. O. Hemphill seconded by Mr. Kilburn, Resolved that the Council proceed to fix the amount to be assessed for County purposes for current year.

On motion of Mr. Lindsay seconded by Mr. Perkins, Ordered that £500 be assessed for County purposes.

On motion of Mr. Perkins seconded by Mr. Williams, Resolved that the amount decided as necessary for County purposes, be apportioned and assessed the same as last year.

On motion of Mr. Kilburn seconded by Mr. Lindsay, in amendment, Resolved that the amount be apportioned on the several Parishes in proportion to the value of Real Estate and Personal Property, as shown by the lists of assessment to be in each Parish. Council divided on amendment as follows:—Yeas, Messrs. Kilburn, Banks, Lindsay, Gibson, A. Nays, Messrs. O. Hemphill, Clowse, Cox, Orser, Tompkins, R. Hemphill, Churchill, Cronkite, Williams, Perkins, Stickney.—11—Original motion sustained.

Mr. Perkins presented a petition from sundry inhabitants of Simonds, praying for the passing of a Bye Law to prohibit all Neat Cattle, Horses, Sheep or Hogs, from running at large on the highways or commons, on the front tier of lots, from Little Presque Isle to James Ebbet's upper line, in the Parish of Simonds. On motion, Ordered that the prayer of the petition be complied with and a Bye Law passed accordingly.

On motion of Mr. O. Hemphill seconded by Mr. Churchill, Ordered that Mr. Watts be instructed to publish the minutes of the Council during the year, and that he be allowed \$20 for the same.

On motion, Ordered that the salary of the Secretary Treasurer be £45 for the present year.

On motion, Ordered that the following sums—Secretary Treasurer half years salary, £22 10s.; Clerk of the Peace, ditto, £6 5s.; Auditor, ditto, £3 15s.; Mr. Watts for printing during the past year, £4 be paid.

On motion, Ordered that all accounts passed this session be paid.

On motion of Mr. Lindsay seconded by Mr. Gibson, Ordered that all orders of special committees be paid when they certify that the work for which such sum is claimed has been performed.

On motion of Mr. Orser seconded by Mr. Gibson, Resolved that a committee be appointed to prepare amendments to the law for assessing and collecting County and Poor Rates; Also the law authorising the selling of property of non residents, and perfecting titles of said sales; and that this Board request that the Representatives for this County do recommend same to Assembly—carried.

On motion of Mr. Orser seconded by Mr. Stickney, Resolved that Samuel Hayden Jr., E. B. M. Isaac, and Wm. Cook Sen., be appointed Health Officers for the Parish of Brighton, to prevent the spreading of contagious or infectious distempers, as they may think proper with regard to man or beast.

The Auditor having made some enquiries it was, on motion, Ordered that a new book be provided for the Auditor, ruled for dollars and cents.

On motion of Mr. Tompkins seconded by Mr. Kilburn, Resolved that it is the opinion of this Board, that the Judge of Probates should be furnished with a proper book and seal, at the expense of the County—decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. R. Hemphill seconded by Mr. Gibson, Ordered that a committee be appointed to take charge of the County property. Committee, Messrs. Lindsay, Gibson, Perkins.

On motion of Mr. Clowse seconded by Mr. Cronkite, Resolved that whereas a committee has been appointed to take into consideration the Agricultural interests of the Province, and to report thereon; and that owing to unavoidable circumstances they have not yet reported; and further, Resolved that such report, when made, shall be published in the Carleton Sentinel or Woodstock Journal or both; and that petitions be printed and circulated for signature, at the expense of the County—carried.

On motion of Mr. Cronkite seconded by Mr. Richmond, Samuel P. Hall, John Wasson, Charles M. Douglas, James Kirkpatrick, Charles Crawford, William Hunter, John Brayden.

Peel, Charles M. Lloyd, R. P. M. Monagle, Charles P. Rideout, Oladiah Tompkins, James N. Farley, Joseph Fosse, John Porterfield.

On motion, Ordered that the Sanitary Commissioners for the following Parishes, be the same persons as appointed last year—viz: Northampton, Woodstock, Wakefield, Simonds, Wicklow and Kent.

Council adjourned sine die.

Proscription For Conscience Sake.

We have had the luck—a luck common to our profession—to receive orders to "stop my paper," for divers reasons. But now proscription comes from a new quarter, for daring to express views antagonistic to Southern slavery we are threatened, for daring to offer up an Editorial prayer for the safety of the United States, the threat is executed, and our only Georgian subscriber says decidedly "Stop." Some few weeks since we published a letter from this same gentleman, here is the copy of a note, received from him last week, with a *Sentinel* of the 29th ult., returned, and a passage therein contained marked.

He writes, "Sir, I sent to my brother some time since to settle with you. Your remarks can be borne with no longer, don't send any more papers to."

The passage which he says is too bad reads thus: "God send the abolition of slavery, but forefend the United States from the anarchy, if not destruction as a nation, which must attend the results now so generally anticipated."

God bless us! it is fearful to think, how "Evil communications corrupt good manners," and how men may be led astray by the force of circumstances and associations, to forget the virtuous teachings of their youth, and become panders to the vilest institutions and customs which disgrace humanity.

We hope our friend will live long enough to learn to respect honest opinions, and learn to admire that free freedom of government, which allows an honest expression of the same.

THE COLONIAL EMPIRE.—The first No. of this paper, has been received. It is a large well filled sheet presenting a creditable typographical appearance. Its leading Editorial on "Our Politics," while couched in language and sentiments unquestionably liberal, in the true sense of the term, still would certainly appear to indicate, a not very loving feeling towards the present Government. Upon the particular theme of the "Empires" promise, a Union of the Colonies, there is little original as yet, although a large amount of matter upon that important subject from other sources is published in its columns.

We are in receipt, from the Secretary of the State of Maine, J. B. Hall Esq., of a copy of the report for 1860, of the Secretary of the Maine board of Agriculture. It is a voluminous and valuable document.

Woom.—We should like to have those persons who intend bringing us wood this winter, put it in early as possible.

Mr. Frieze, Inspector of Schools for this district, is now on a Professional Tour, through Victoria and the upper part of Carleton Counties; he may be expected in this locality, next month.

From C. S. Beverley, of the Olive Branch Book Store, we have received *Harper* for January.

A new Drug Store is about being opened at Grand Falls.

Dr. Young, Aural Surgeon, has been in town during the week, attending to his professional duties with evident success.

The following *gem* is from the *Freeman* of the 12th:—

"But the *Presbyterian* should not seek to cover in such a way what it can not openly defend.—Probably no one questions the good intentions of the Rev. Mr. Ferris: but good intentions do not justify what is essentially wrong; and whatever is the opinion of the *Presbyterian*, we not only regard as a series of prayer meetings, but we are told that it was a series of meetings, and not merely one—held specially for prostitutes and insult to the Almighty, a violation of propriety, an outrage on public decency, a profanation, and almost a blasphemy, but we think it our duty to condemn it as such, and to protest against its continuance. It was indeed a beginning at the wrong end; nay, it was much worse."

It is said that at least one of the meetings was held at night.

Good heavens! did ever any body since the days of the Scribes and Pharisees and Mary Magdalene, think it criminal to pray for, or adopt measures to reclaim fallen woman? or has any one in any age of the world—the *Freeman* excepted—made a distinction respecting the hour of the day in which the fallen are to be prayed for!

Yet another, in relation to two Protestant clergymen taking different views of a legal question:—

"To those who like the *Naves* believe the Bible an all sufficient guide such contradictions ought to appear unaccountable. It is a pity that the *Naves* was not able to draw attention to this before the Bible Society meeting on Thursday evening."

The Bible and the Bible Society are evidently great nuisances in the estimation of the *Freeman*, that great Tory organ in St. John. We wish the parties alluded to, all the joy of each other which such sublime theorists in politics and Religion, have a right to an ill apiece.—*Reporter*.

The sum of two million five hundred thousand pounds, is required by the directors of the Grand Trunk Railroad Company of Canada, to enable them to pay the debts now due on the undertaking.

Colonial News.

The St. Andrews Standard of the 10th inst., says:—

"In consequence of the large drifts of snow the Railway trains heavily loaded with freight for Woodstock, did not get further than Danborton on Saturday; but the men had the line tolerably clear by Monday. And the train returned from Canterbury early this morning, the men on the line worked night and day."

THE PRINCE'S DOG.—"You remember the Prince had a large dog presented to him by the people of Newfoundland. When on board the ship a boy was put to look after him. He got so fond of the boy that he would not take notice of the Prince. The morning they came in to Plymouth, the Prince gave the boy £5 and took the dog out of the ship; but as fast as they did so the dog jumped on board again. The Prince was at last obliged to take the boy to London, and he stayed there five days. The Queen gave him £15 and a suit of clothes. He returned to Plymouth, and was here but one day, when he had to be sent for, because the dog would not eat. The boy sold his sailor's clothes, and said I am now a gentleman for life."—*Extract letter to Quebec Gazette*.

EXTRAORDINARY PHENOMENA IN BORING FOR OIL IN CANADA.—A number of residents of Michigan went over to Sombra, C. W., in the early part of October and commenced boring some fifteen or twenty feet from a creek, under the belief that oil would be found and on the 17th of the month, when they had got down about fifty-seven feet, they struck a vein of gas. On removing their augur, which was several inches in diameter, the gas rushed with great force from the aperture, and continued to throw up dry sand for an hour. It then ceased, and the boring was resumed; but as soon as this was done, the gas again rushed up with such violence as to throw the drill—a piece of iron one and a half inches in diameter, eight feet long, and weighing fifty pounds—clean out of the hole, and it continued to discharge gravel, water, and stones, some of the latter weighing 25 pounds, up into the air a distance of one hundred feet. The stream widened to the diameter of a barrel, after leaving the hole, and the quantity was such as to raise the creek considerably above its ordinary level, though it is here about 25 feet wide. After the flow of water subsided, the gas was fired and a explosion took place which shook the ground for half a mile, and then continued to send up a sheet of flame as high as the water had previously gone. This flame could be seen for miles, and was ultimately extinguished with great difficulty. It is thought that the oil spring, for such it proved to be, will be one of the best in the country.—*American Paper*.

United States News.

A PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE SOUTHERN STATES TO BE CHOSEN.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Dispatch received in Southern cities say, that Georgia will receive by Saturday, in which event, delegates from South Carolina, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi and Georgia will assemble at Milledgeville, and institute a provisional government by electing a President and Vice President, pro tempore, and providing for a federal army, and other defensive measures. Ministers will also be immediately dispatched to foreign powers to negotiate treaties.

The following Resolution has been passed by the Senate of Maine:—

"Resolved, That the Governor be and is hereby authorized and requested to assure the President of the United States of the loyalty of the people of Maine to the Union and the Government thereof, and that the entire resources of the State, in men and money, are hereby pledged to the Administration, in defence and support of the Constitution and the Union."

The *Boston Transcript* states that private letters have been received in that city in confirmation of the reign of terror in South Carolina. It says:—"A family, intimately related to some of our friends in Boston, has sent its valuables from Charleston, closed their house in that city and retired to the interior of South Carolina. As a matter of personal safety, the slaves on the plantation have been sent to Richmond and sold."

In another instance, a gentleman of Northern birth and relationship, who was estimated to be worth \$125,000, was compelled under threats of personal violence, to subscribe \$12,000 for the South Carolina State Loan—an investment deemed 'extra hazardous'."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19th. Lord LYONS.—has been informed by the Secretary of State, that only United States clearances, to vessels sailing from Southern Ports, will be recognised by the General Government.

The compromise resolutions of Senator Crittenden have been reconsidered, and Monday has been assigned for taking them into consideration.

The Georgia Convention has passed resolutions to secede by a large majority. A division exists among the secessionists of Alabama, and many members of the State Convention there, have refused to sign the secession ordinance; a strong union re-action appears to be springing up in that State.

MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., Jan. 15.—A large number of delegates to the convention have arrived Messrs. Nisbet of Macon, and Hull of Athens, are spoken of for President. There is an unusual number of visitors here, including the ablest men in the State.

Mr. Orr, Commissioner from South Carolina, is here.

Massachusetts Legislature tenders 20,000 men and money to put down insurrection at the South.

NEW YORK GOES STRONG FOR THE UNION.—The Legislature of the State of New York has passed the following patriotic resolution:—

"Resolved, That the Legislature of New York, profoundly impressed with the value of the Union and determined to preserve it unimpaired, hails with joy the recent firm, dignified and patriotic special message of the president of the United States, and that we tender to him, through the Chief Magistrate of our own State, whatever aid in men and money he may require to enable him to enforce the laws and uphold the authority of the Federal Government. And that in defense of 'the more perfect Union' which has conferred prosperity and happiness upon the American people, renewing the pledge given and redeemed by our Fathers, we are ready to devote 'our fortunes, our lives and our sacred honors' in upholding the Union and Constitution."

COUNTING OF THE PRESIDENTIAL VOTE. The second Wednesday in February is the day fixed by law for counting the electoral vote in Congress, and declaring the election of President and Vice President of the United States.

While the steamship America was getting into her dock at Boston on the 13th a boat containing two men running lines from the steamer to the wharf got jammed in the ice and was capsized. One of the men was drowned.

MEXICO.—The New Orleans *Picayune* says that dispatches from the English men of war at the Pass from Vera Cruz state that the Liberals took possession of the City of Mexico on the 25th Dec.

GRAND FIRE IN BOSTON.—On Monday last 14th inst. a fire broke out in Mason & Hamlin's melodian establishment on Portland Street, Boston. The building was totally destroyed. The building was valued at \$14,000, and the stock at \$20,000. Both building and stock were partially insured.

Foreign News.

IRELAND.—On Tuesday, the Apprentice Boys of Derry celebrated the time-honoured anniversary of "shutting the gates." Crimson flags were hoisted on the usual places, cannons fired off, and Landy of traitorous memory, burned in effigy. The customary sermon was preached in the Cathedral, and in the evening there was a brilliant display of fireworks, and a soiree in the Corporation Hall. The Government had sent down a large body of military and police, but there was neither riot nor disturbance of any kind—although several thousands had assembled to witness the proceedings.

DEALS.—Farnworth & Jardine's Timber Circular of Dec. 28th, says:—

"The supply of Deals is now about the same as last year. There has been rather more doing in the article since our last, but no change of moment in value. Importers hold firmly at about £9 15s. per standard for St. John, and rather than take less seem disposed to continue storing. By auction £9 16s. was realised for cargo per "Lurline," with ends at £8 2s. 6d. per standard. Pine Deals are in better request; fair St. John have been sold at £10 10s. and £10 15s. per standard."

Telegraphic.

ARRIVAL OF THE TEUTONIA.

St. John, N. F., Jan. 16th. Steamship Teutonia, from Southampton 7th, was intercepted off Cape Race at 1 P. M. to-day. She experienced moderate but pleasant weather. She has about £76,000 in specie. Steamer brought no dispatch from Associated Press. The following items are from late papers.

France.—Paris, Sunday morning. *Moniteur* publishes a decree modifying duties on skins of all kinds, horse hair, fruits and seeds, hemp, copper, pewter, lead. It also contains a decree raising interest on Treasury Bills to 3, 3 1/2 and 4.

On account of the death of the King of Prussia the ball at Tuilleries has been postponed.

Hungary.—Pesth, Sunday.—Yesterday a disturbance took place at Kozmetsky, which necessitated intervention of the garrison. Soldiers were compelled to make use of fire arms. Five persons were severely wounded.

Gaeta, via Marseilles Tuesday.—Twenty guns only have been used in the bombardment to-day. A mortar battery has been established in the valley in a sheltered position.

Paris, Saturday, noon.—Negotiations concerning Gaeta have been opened between France and Sardinia.

NAPLES. Saturday.—Several Neapolitan Officers have been arrested. The bombardment of Gaeta continues.

SARAGUESSA. Turin, Saturday.—"Opinion" says Prince Carignan and M. Nigra will probably leave for Naples Tuesday next.

LONDON, Saturday Evening.—Funds open with dullness, owing to expected Indian loan remain without reversal. Consols 92 1/4 a 92 2/5. Liverpool Cotton unchanged. Active business implied on Railways and Canada by freight.

Paris Bourse heavy, in consequence of decline in English funds. Renties 67, 61.

LATER.

PORTLAND, Jan. 17, 1861. The Steamer Canadian left Londonderry on the 4th, and arrived to-day noon.

The ship Guttenburgh of New York for Hamburg, was wrecked on Goodwin Sands, and 23 persons were drowned.

Steamer Queen Victoria with Rangoon Telegraph Cable ran ashore at Plymouth Sound.

Prince Regent assumes Government of Prussia under the name of William V.

Funds have improved. Consols 92 1/4 a 92 3/5. Flour advanced 1s. per barrel. Corn advanced 6d.

Wheat steady.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

New York, Jan. 15.—Steamship Bremen from Liverpool, Jan. 1, has arrived.

Liverpool Cotton Market.—Sales of Cotton on Monday 8000 bales, of which 1400 were to speculate and exporters. The market was generally unchanged, speculation checked by an advance in Bank rates.

London Money Market, Monday.—Consols closed at 92 1/4 a 92 1/2 for money and account.

The bombardment of Gaeta continued. The French fleet had left Gaeta.

The ship Golden Star, from M. hile for Liverpool, was wrecked near Wexford. The Captain, wife, servant girl, and sixteen of the crew perished. The mate and six men were saved.

SECOND, DESPATCH.

The Bremen brings \$390,000 in specie.

The Golden Star had a cargo of 3,750 bales cotton.

The Emperor Austria has pardoned and liberated Count Teleki, he having promised that for the future he would be a faithful subject.

At 11 o'clock, on the 15th of November via St. Petersburg. They give nothing new.

The King of Naples took refuge in Spanish vessels every night, returning to Gaeta in the morning.

The party favouring annexation to Rome made a demonstration in St. Peter's Cathedral on the 23rd.

STILL LATER.

The Royal Mail Steamship Asia has arrived, having left Liverpool on the 5th inst., and Queenstown on the 6th.

She has on board the crew of the British Schor. "Maude," abandoned at sea, and she brings £340,000 sterling in specie.

Cotton is firm. Provisions are dull. Breadstuffs steady. Consols are 92 3/4.

The telegraphic despatch to Queenstown, of the 6th, states that Her Majesty's Government has sent a note couched in strong terms to the Emperor of the French, remonstrating against the extensive war preparations of France and against the continued occupation of Syria.

It is further stated, that an unsatisfactory correspondence had transpired relative to the French fleet before Gaeta, which fleet, however, is said to have been withdrawn.

The Prince of Wales will be appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Dyspepsia and Consumption.—Which of these diseases occasions the victim the most suffering? The Dyspeptic will say the former. It is, therefore a consoling fact, that Oxygenated Bitters cures this most distressing complaint.

Special Notices.

MRS. WINSLOW.

An experienced nurse and female physician has a Soothing Syrup for children teething which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfection is in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

FEMALE PHYSICIANS.

Public attention has, of late years, been directed in the obvious advantages arising from the entrance of women into the profession of medicine, and every day increases the number among us of those who wish to devote themselves to this department of science. The tide which they have so long been obliged to stem, now sets in their favor. We rejoice in the increasing popularity of this noble work as a token of the world's progress; but while we do so, we should not forget the pioneers in the field, who have struggled in the past untriflingly, through the obstacles which prejudice has thrown in their way, and whose heroic exertions have effected the change in public opinion.

Conspicuous among the number stands Mrs. Winslow, who for more than thirty years as nurse and physician, has followed her profession with unfailing application and industry. During this time she has compounded a Soothing Syrup for children teething which ought to immortalize her name. It is the most perfect thing of the kind, in our opinion, ever compounded, and one of the greatest discoveries in medicine of the age; it is of more importance to the human family than any other discovery made by the profession in the last hundred years.

Common observation cannot fail to satisfy all who will take the trouble to look into the bills of mortality for any one year, that a very large percentage of children annually die during the process of teething, and a very much larger number of those who survive are greatly debilitated and diseased, so that they grow up weak both physically and mentally, and incapacitated both for study and labor. Now we appeal with perfect confidence to thousands of mothers who will read this article, to corroborate our statements when we say that no such fatal consequences as these have attended, to ever occur from teething, when Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is used by the mother.

It is the article needed if the testimony which reach us daily from those who have tried it, and until some member of the faculty can produce an article which shall equal in excellence the result of the long experience of a Female Physician, we hope we shall hear no more of woman's overstepping her sphere in entering the medical profession.—DRAWING-ROOM COMPANION, N. Y.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heart Burn, Water Brist, Sour Stomach, Jaundice, Flatulency General Debility, &c., and a ready relief and speedy cure in this great remedy.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.

Are believed by many who have been cured of the above complaints to be the only medicine. Which the medical world affords for their infallible cure. It is not an alcoholic preparation, which, while giving a momentary stimulus, reduces the system in the same ratio, but one distinct and different from any medical preparation ever compounded, and which will, in most cases, extract the disease by the roots and restore the patient to pristine health. In proof of which, testimony of the very highest and unexceptionable character is presented.

Reliable Testimony.