

To the Editor of the Carleton Sentinel. On Board Steamer New England for Boston. Tuesday Noon, Oct 4th '64.

Taking the cars at Richmond Station, Monday morning, I was expeditiously put over the route to St. Andrews: that most deprecating statement respecting this road has been set at rest and written out of our minds.

REVIEW.

The Exhibition is closed, naught remains but the building as it was, and the debris of the show. Has it been a success? In some respects, yes! in others the reverse. We learn that the proceeds will be about \$5,600, so that over 20,000 entrances must have been paid for; in this respect, of visitors, then it was very successful.

As already stated, the entries numbered 250 less than at Sussex. It was greatly successful in as much as it passed off without jar or accident of any kind, in connection with the exhibition proper. Whether in its moral effects it will prove a blessing or not, it requires time to determine; there are many inducements to moralize, but we defer it just now.

Of the various officials from the President of the Board, the Secretary, and down through all the grades, we can only speak in the highest terms of praise. Of Mr. Reid it may be said, that while the Exhibition building stands, it remains a monument to his energy, irrepresible, persistent zeal, and moral courage.

Missionary Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Woodstock Branch of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society was held in the basement of the Methodist chapel in this town, on Tuesday evening last. The hon. Charles Connell was called to the chair, for the meeting was addressed by the Rev. Messrs. S. F. Huestis, McLardy, Geo. Huestis, Morrison, Glass, and the Superintendent, Rev. Mr. Milliken. The speeches were all of a spirited and interesting character, and conveyed much pleasing information touching the efforts and results of the Society referred to in evangelizing the heathen world.

It is said that the largest take of gold on the Chaudiere river, this season, was made the other day by a party of four men working the tunnel near the Devil's Rapids; they took out in a few hours \$600, and have averaged since \$60 a day.

American News.

By Telegraph to "Carleton Sentinel."

New York, Oct. 5. Gen. Doyle, of Nova Scotia, died with Sec. Seward yesterday. Military authorities have afforded him facilities for visiting camps and hospitals.

Defeat of Forrest, at Altoona, fully confirmed; he lost between 400 and 600 killed and wounded, and his entire wagon train. This victory is important, as securing Sherman's communication.

Southern papers criticize Davis' late speech, at Macon, for its despondent tone; some deny that Davis visited St. Gen. Grant is on a visit to Washington. Gold 203.

New York, Oct. 5, p. m. Official advices from Grant's army state, that yesterday morning the rebels in large force made a spirited attack on Gen. Kautz's cavalry, who occupied slight works in extreme front of Gen. Birney's corps, on north side of James River, and drove them from their works, capturing the artillery, but inflicting slight loss on them.

New York, Oct. 5, p. m. The rebel Gen. Price has failed in his attempted capture of Jefferson city, Missouri; official despatches announce his defeat with severe loss, and a close pursuit by the Federals.

Wilmington, N. C., papers say the Federals appear to be making preparations for a determined attack on that place; a number of vessels have recently been added to the blockading fleet.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 6th inst. favors the making soldiers of negroes, and giving such soldiers their freedom if they escape the casualties of battle; it urges upon the Confederate Congress to purchase 25,000 negroes, and present them with their freedom, and arm and drill them. Gold 198.

New York, Oct. 11. Gen. Grant reports Federal loss in attack on his line Friday will not exceed 300; Rebel loss 1000, including Major Gen. Gracie killed, and Gen. Bratton and Haskins wounded.

St. Louis, Oct. 11. A special despatch from Harper's Ferry says on Sunday Sheridan attacked enemy beyond Fisher's Hill, and whipped them, driving them beyond Mount Jackson, taking 11 cannon and 350 prisoners; Rebels scattered into the woods and mountains. Gold 199.

New York, Oct. 11, p. m. Despatch from Army of Potomac, rebels opened on 2nd corps last night at midnight, and continued to fire on them for half an hour; no damage done.

A special despatch says, Grant will issue an order soon to shoot every guerrilla, burn every house, and drive out every man from the guerrilla infested region of the Shenandoah Valley.

Everything is progressing well in the West, though there is nothing to-day of moment. Gold 198.

New York, Sept. 12. Returns from Elections held yesterday, Feb. 10, Indiana, indicates that these States have gone for the Administration; Indiana, which was considered doubtful, re-elects Morton, Union Governor, by a gain of 15,000 majority, and the Unionists also claim a gain of 5,000 votes.

A Georgia despatch states that orders for conscripting all white men and negroes that State, and in Tenn., have been issued by rebel Government.

No special war news this morning. Gold 202.

New York, Oct. 12, p. m. Returns from Pennsylvania show about as to the result; the Democrats claim a majority of 100 majority, not including the soldiers vote. The Republicans consider it a close vote, but claim that the soldiers vote will give them the State by 15,000 majority. Ohio and Indiana have gone resolutely for the Administration.

Newspapers predict a special rally at Wilmington. No news of any kind. Gold 200.

New York, Oct. 13. A rumor was current at York, Pa., Oct. 13, that Maximilian had been assassinated, the story was not believed.

The Federal Gen. Abooth has led a successful expedition into the interior of Florida; a large number of horses, mules and cattle were captured, and the other by officers of the army, but gives further particulars of the cavalry engagement in the Shenandoah Valley, which show that the route of the rebels was complete, the Federal forces taking all their artillery with the exception of one piece. Gold 204.

New York, Oct. 13, p. m. The Union State Committee of Penn., claim that State by 5,000 majority on the home vote; the soldiers vote is 7 to 1 for the administration; the result in Pennsylvania and Indiana leaves little doubt of Lincoln's re-election.

Chief Justice Lincoln died last night. A Quebec despatch says, John A. McMillan's resolution in conference confirming the despatch of Federalism, was carried unanimously; Geo. Brown's resolution, laying down basis for proposed constitution, is being discussed.

LATER FROM ENGLAND. Arrival of the CHINA. New York, Oct. 5. The steamship China, from Liverpool 24th ult., via Queenstown 25th, arrived here at one o'clock a. m.

The New York Correspondent of the Daily News represents that there is nothing to look for but war, whoever is elected President, there being no peace party to weigh in the contest, unless some great change comes over the public mind.

The Times correspondent says there is little to choose between Lincoln and McClellan; one seeks to restore the Union by war and exterminating the rebellious element, the other to restore the Union by a peace party to weigh in the contest, unless some great change comes over the public mind.

Several English journals strongly condemn secessionist correspondence in the Telegraph. Great depression continued in English commercial circles, and much distress, owing mainly to the cotton famine. Walker, Colverth & Co. of Liverpool, and O'Brien & Co. of London, cotton merchants, have suspended; liabilities considerable. The liabilities of Dore, of Havre, are estimated at £400,000.

The Franco-Italian Convention for the evacuation of Rome by the French troops, &c., is fully confirmed. Hostile demonstrations had again occurred at Turin. On the evening of the 23d, soldiers fired, and shots were fired in front of the royal palace. The military again fired on the people, killing and wounding twenty; several soldiers were severely wounded. Tranquility was resumed on the 25th. It was generally thought that it would be a long time before the King had summoned Gen. De La Marmora to form a new Cabinet.

The Bank of France returns show an increase of cash of 3,200,000 fr. The Prussian semi-official Journal says the Government is prepared and ready for a renewal of the struggle on internal questions with the opposition.

Exchange 2s. 13d. Tea active and dearer at Canton and Shanghai. Latest—Late Turin advices say the mob repeatedly insulted the soldiers at Hotel de Ville, and they were fired upon. The troops fired several times. Several arrests were made. Daggers and revolvers were found on those arrested and wounded.

The Vienna Abend Post intimates that a new Austrian loan is about to be negotiated. Turin, Sept. 24.—All quiet. La Marmora is about to form a new ministry, and the Franco-Italian ministry will be maintained.

New Minas, Horton, Sept. 13, 1862. I have been troubled for more than two months with a severe cough, pain in the breast and side, and so distressing that I could scarce rest at night, and was supposed to be laboring under Liver Complaint and Consumption, when I commenced the use of Graham's Pain Expectorant, which gave immediate relief, and in ten days I was quite well, and although I took a large quantity by mistake, I found it to be perfectly safe. Mrs. Bishop has also been cured of a severe cough in a few days by its use. I believe it to be the best medicine I have ever used.

ALBERT BISHOP.

TERMS of the Carleton Sentinel per annum, \$1.50, cash payment in advance. \$2 if paid within 6 mos. Clubs of 11, \$15, and one to the sender of the club. At or immediately before the end of each unpaid year, bills will be forwarded to subscribers, and such bills may be regarded as an intimation that unless immediately attended to the paper will be stopped, and proper steps taken to recover the amount of \$5, which is the price when not paid within the year.

The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1864.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

FREDERICTON, Oct. 6, 1864.

We have little to write now; to-morrow we will have more. The town is still filled, and being filled by each arriving boat. The Ball took place to-night, and passed off very smoothly and pleasantly. The company was not too large for the Hall; it certainly was not exclusive. The rooms were neatly decorated, as was the front of the building (Province), but we could discover nothing about these decorations to warrant the bringing a man from Boston to put them up. The supper was furnished by Mr. Baxter, and was good. The Secretary, Mr. John Richards, was ubiquitous, and by his attention and thoughtfulness greatly increased the pleasure of the occasion.

FRIDAY, Oct. 7, 1864.

Let us now take a more particular review of the Exhibition. The first nave is occupied at once by the choicest and most ignoble of the productions—First, on either hand, are arranged the pot flowers of Messrs. Berry, Government house garden, and Kenney—among the contributions of the former are some magnificent flowers. Upon the same tables with the flowers is the fruit, to which we have before referred, apples, grapes, peaches, pears, plums, &c. Amid these, rising in great beauty and attractiveness, is Mr. Sharp's case, very prettily decorated with forest leaves, native fruits and flowers, and containing some 44 varieties, not 10 as stated by the Globe. Flanking these come the butter, cheese, and vegetables, good in kind, but neither so large in quantity as they should be, nor larger than we have seen at local shows.

Leaving the dry goods department, with its so attractive fancy wares, around which there is always the most considerable crowd of any part of the building—it is a favorable feature in our common nature,—besides where there is honey, men and women where there are articles of Beauty, of taste, of elegance, and a finer combination of these has never before been made in this Province than in this department,—we come, now, to the furniture, which we cannot pronounce either large enough or good enough; it is rather meagre, and singularly enough there are but two solitary articles sent in by Fredericton. Messrs. Lawrence have two drawing room sets in walnut, and the two Messrs. Lordly's of St. John, each contribute drawing and bed room sets; the chamber set of one in native oak is quite handsome; one of the drawing room sets in butternut is of good design and finish. A young man of Fredericton, Mr. Wheeler, has contributed a native oak sideboard, which is very much admired. With the furniture are two fine piano fortes, one of American, and one of New Brunswick, make, sent by Mr. Laurillard St. John, who has also here a cabinet organ in oak. Near by are the doors, sashes, mouldings, &c., sent down by Messrs. Goodwin & Co., Woodstock, these articles are admired, and will largely advertise the establishment from whence they come.

Passing by some excellent specimens of brass work from some establishment in St. John, and a large case of photographs, the work of Mr. Taylor of Fredericton, we find ourselves in the regions of mineralogy. The contributions in this department are from Prof. Hinds and Bailie; Hon. Capt. Robinson of Campbellton, and Mr. Mathews, St. John. Prof. Hinds' collection is very large and interesting; among them we noticed specimens of the gold from Tobique, &c. The Prof. has also here, a variety of mementoes of his Red river territory explorations, in implements and weapons of the Indian tribes; he has the wall covered with maps and sketches illustrating the geological structure of portions of the Province, and also the habits and customs, scenery, &c., of the Red river territory and its inhabitants. Passing on we find soap from St. John factories, in every form from the vast pillar to the small cake; here is bees wax, and bees in number of packages, none, with one exception, being very neat. There is in fact a poor show compared with that at the York Agricultural Show last fall, and most of the honey came from Carleton County, there being, we believe, only one sample from the City of Fredericton. In order to provide for any contingency, Mr. Graham has just here a lot of his invaluable medicines. Here too, we find Mr. Spillar's, of St. John, fine display of edge tools; a clock sent from Woodstock, by Mr. Jas. Robertson, which has taken prize No. 1; a case containing very attractive silver ware and jewelry from Dinzey & Shute; a capital show of furs for ladies and gents, from Mr. Nagy's, St. John. A good proportion of the articles exhibited by Mr. N., he informs us, are of native fur. Upon the walls here are hung mirrors and pictures from Mr. Potter and others, St. John, with crayon and oriental paintings by native artists. This reminds us that among the best pictures is a portrait in oil, just finished by Mrs. Shore, an aged lady, well known and highly respected in Fredericton; it is a portrait of herself taken from recollection of her own looks in girlhood. As a work of art it is highly commended. We now come to a section devoted to leather work. Here are some very superior specimens of harness of various kinds from the establishment of S. D. McPherson, Fredericton, the mountings exhibited are very fine. Mr. Clark, of Fredericton, has here some fine specimens of boots and shoes. Mr. David Phillips, Woodstock, capital samples of leather. Mr. McCausland of Fredericton, excellent and highly finished fancy leathers; and other parties from abroad have also fine contributions in this department. We have passed, unnoticed thus far, a fine assortment of confectionary from Mr. S. L. Mathews St. John; a large display of specimens of printing from Mr. Wright's office, St. John;—and now we have made the circuit of the building and noticed every department and the articles in sufficient detail.

About the exhibition of cattle, &c., we have very little to say. The show of stock, we thought, inferior; that of horses only middling; of sheep and pigs, small but good. From Carleton County, Mr. Warren C. Bull had a span of superb working horses, which took a premium. Mr. Brummgan had his stud horse down, and G. L. Raymond had, and both were admired. (These, H. E. Dibble's bull, and a sheep belonging to Mr. C. S. Emery, were all in this department from Carleton, and

were as good as any shown. The best looking neat cattle, to our eyes, was some young stock from Fort Fairfield. Mr. Fairweather, of the Barker House, had a mammoth hog on show, nearly as large as a mammoth ox, from King's County, which some enterprising individual had on exhibition in an adjoining barn, and this was nearly as large as an elephant. In poultry, there was an attempt at show, but it resulted in a few Shanghaies, a case of Black Spanish, a pair of Chinese Geese, talking Chinese gibberish all the while, and a few melancholy ducks.

We find we have, in our hurried glance at the various departments, omitted to mention an oil painting—a sea scene, by Miss. Connell, Woodstock, which took a prize; and a fine collection of coin, shown by Mr. J. Myhrhall, Fredericton; a collection rare and extremely interesting. There were likewise samples of manufactured tobacco, from Jones & Tremain, St. John. We will now try and give an idea of the number of prizes taken in the several departments. There were over 1,800 entries, being some 230 less than at the Sussex show.

The prizes awarded were, in the Mineral Kingdom, to Prof. Bailie, and Hinds, Messrs. George F. Mathews, and Wm. Rogers, St. John. In Building Material, to Alfred Stevens, Albert. In Machinery and Engineer, to Thos. C. Everett & Bro., and Bernard Gallagher, St. John, and John M. Taylor, York. In Metal Manufactures, there were 18 prizes, mostly to St. John; Woodstock Charcoal Iron Works had the best pig iron, and John T. Kerrigan the best horse shoes. In Carriage and Sleigh work, 8 prizes were awarded, 5 to St. John, 2 to York, and 1 to Carleton—J. H. Bithen. In Wood work, 6 prizes, 1 each to St. John and Kings, 2 to York, and 2 to Carleton—to Burt, shingles, Trafalon, do., 1st prizes. Strange to say there was not one article of Cooper's work on exhibition. In Cabinet work, there were 7 prizes, 5 to St. John, 2 to York. Pianos, Mr. Laurillard took the only prize. In Clocks, Astronomical and Electrical Instruments, the only article shown was Mr. Robertson's clock, from Woodstock, which of course took the prize. In Domestic Manufactures, there were 26 prizes; Sunbury 4, King's 4, Westmoreland 1; York 7; Carleton 7—to G. H. Ketchum for blankets, 2d prize; to Theo. Kearney for fancy flannels, 2d prize; and to the same for white flannel, 1st prize; to H. E. Dibble for unfilled cloth, 2d prize; to P. M. Bedell for mixed homespun, 2d prize; to William Upham for woollen mitts and gloves, each 1 prize. In Leather and Leather Manufactures, 10 prizes, 8 to York, 1 to Queens and 1 to Carleton—to D. Phillips, 1st prize for leather. In Millinery and Fancy work, 24 prizes; Kings 15, St. John 2, Kings 2, Queens 2, Carleton 3—Mrs. W. F. Smith, 1st prize, Berlin work; Mrs. D. Brown, 2d do., and Mrs. W. F. Smith, 2d prize raised worsted work. In hats, furs, &c., there were 8 prizes, St. John. In Agricultural Implements, 27 prizes; York 11, St. John 10, Queens 1, Kings 3, Carleton 2—R. A. Hay, 1st prize, plough, and Geo. C. Watson, 1st prize, fanning mill. Stuffed Animals, &c., 2 prizes; 1 to York, 1 to Kings. Fine Arts, 11 prizes; St. John 4, York 5, Carleton 2—Mrs. Chas. Connell, 1st prize, oil painting; Mrs. J. C. Winslow, 1st in crayon drawing. In Grain, 48 prizes; York 30, St. John 2, Sunbury 11, Carleton 5—Thos. Everett, 5th, wheat; James McGrath, 3d, rye; Hamilton Emery, 2d, pease; Samuel Burt, 1st, timothy; Thos. Estey, 3d, timothy. In Roots, 19 prizes; Sunbury 6, York 8, St. John 2, Kings 1, Carleton 2—Wm. Upham, 1st, early potatoes, the same, 2d, other kinds do. In Garden Produce, 66 prizes; York 63, Sunbury 1, Carleton 2—H. E. Dibble, 1st on unenumerated squashes; John Lindow, 1st, onions from seed. Fruits and Flowers, 29 prizes; York 19, Sunbury 1, St. John 2, Charlotte 1, Carleton 3—F. P. Sharp, 1st, apples; Anthony Kearney, 5th do.; F. P. Sharp, 1st, plums. Flour and Meal, 6 prizes; Queen's 2, Westmoreland 2, York 1, Carleton 1—Harry E. Dibble, 1st, wheat flour. Sugar, Honey, &c., sundries, 21 prizes; King's 1, St. John 10, Queens 1, York 8, Carleton 1—William J. Boyer, 1st, honey in wood. Salt Meats, Fish, &c., 3 prizes; Sunbury 1, Charlotte 2. Butter and Cheese 11 prizes; King's 3, Sunbury 3, York 4, Carleton 1—William Upham, 2d, firkin butter. Flax 3 prizes; Sunbury 2, York 1, Bees 1 prize—J. T. Smith, York. Horses, 20 prizes; King's 7, York 7; Queen's 1, Sunbury 4, Carleton 1—Warren C. Bull, best draught horses. Cattle, 62 prizes; Sunbury 12, York 22, King's 9, Queen's 2, St. John 3, Carleton 1—H. E. Dibble, 1st, bull, unenumerated breeds. Sheep, 42 prizes; York 6, Sunbury 29, King's 6, Carleton 1—C. S. Emery, 3d, ram, unenumerated breeds. Swine, 26 prizes; York 22, Sunbury 3, St. John 1. Poultry, &c., 12 prizes; York 8, King's 3, Sunbury 1.

Ploughing Match, 1st prize, James Robertson, St. John. 2nd, D. Douglas, York. 3d, J. Douglas, York.

Thus it will be seen that York takes 282 prizes; Sunbury 76; St. John 73; Carleton 38; King's 37; Queen's 10; Charlotte 3; Westmoreland 3; Albert 1. It will be readily understood, that York and Sunbury's list of prizes would swell up from the number of small articles, garden stuff, &c., which they could readily show. There were only 9 out of the 13 counties of the Province which showed anything, and only 6 of them to any amount. The amount distributed in payment of the above prizes amounts to nearly \$2,500. There were a great many of the prizes offered, not competed for at all, and the deficiency in some of the departments was particularly noticeable. Carleton has taken a very respectable number of prizes, compared with the number of articles shown there; we cannot understand why Mr. Longstaff's model house had not a premium awarded it, and we are very sorry that Mr. Baird's specimens of meal was not even examined.

SATURDAY, Oct. 8, 1864.

Very rainy and unpleasant has been this closing day of the great Exhibition. The goods have most of them been cased up and many removed, and persons from abroad have taken their last look at the interior. The races, too, have at last come to an end, after having lasted the greater part of the week. To-day, Woodstock was represented on the turf; Mr. Robert Brown's colt "Fly" was entered for the 5 years old turf, and had to contest the prize with a horse "Walter," entered by Mr. Rideout of Calais. "Fly" won easily, however, in the three first heats, making them in 2:49, 2:45, and 2:47. "Fly" is a splendid stepper, and was much admired. The time made was remarkably good, considering the state of the track, which had become badly cut up during the early part of the day. W. D. Balloch was "Fly's" driver.

As we write there is a Bonnet Hop progressing, in which the young people, and some old ones too, are treading the mazes of the exciting dance, on the centre floor of the Exhibition building. The Orchestra is occupied by the 15th Band, which has been present nearly every day this week. The doors have just been thrown open (10 p. m.) to the free admission of the outside crowd which, however,

is not very great—a few moments given to allow them to gaze upon the spaciousness, and beauty of the building, upon the remaining traces of what the Exhibition was, and then will come the signal to depart; as light after light is extinguished darkness will settle down on arch and stencilling; on the angels faces, and the generous cornucopia, and the wonder of the year will end.

The Exhibition is closed, naught remains but the building as it was, and the debris of the show. Has it been a success? In some respects, yes! in others the reverse. We learn that the proceeds will be about \$5,600, so that over 20,000 entrances must have been paid for; in this respect, of visitors, then it was very successful. The show so far as it went was good, but as a Provincial show of our Provincial resources it was not a success, nor does it in this respect, we think, compare favorably with the Sussex Exhibition. With a building of the size and character of the one prepared; with the inducements and facilities offered to getting things to the Exhibition, we think it should have been a grand display, not of the productions of a few river counties, but of the whole Province—this it was not. In this, as in most public demonstrations, was shown the absence of individual interest. A hundred things we could name, which might and ought to have been sent, from Fredericton or elsewhere, were not to be found, because individuals who might and should have contributed forgot their individual responsibility.

As already stated, the entries numbered 250 less than at Sussex. It was greatly successful in as much as it passed off without jar or accident of any kind, in connection with the exhibition proper. Whether in its moral effects it will prove a blessing or not, it requires time to determine; there are many inducements to moralize, but we defer it just now. Taking leave of the Exhibition building—a marvel of beauty in kind—the mournful reflection that will become of it presses upon the mind. A building quite too magnificent to be left to the occupancy of the owls and the bats, and yet of such a character as to be ill-adapted for any ordinary purposes. However, there it stands. Clothing ourselves rather in the garb of hope than of prophecy, let us leave it with the wish that often, for rational and useful demonstrations, its doors may be opened, and its arches ring with sounds of happiness.

Of the various officials from the President of the Board, the Secretary, and down through all the grades, we can only speak in the highest terms of praise. Of Mr. Reid it may be said, that while the Exhibition building stands, it remains a monument to his energy, irrepresible, persistent zeal, and moral courage. If it is worth anything to Fredericton, to that amount is Fredericton justly indebted to John H. Reid.

Missionary Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Woodstock Branch of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society was held in the basement of the Methodist chapel in this town, on Tuesday evening last. The hon. Charles Connell was called to the chair, for the meeting was addressed by the Rev. Messrs. S. F. Huestis, McLardy, Geo. Huestis, Morrison, Glass, and the Superintendent, Rev. Mr. Milliken. The speeches were all of a spirited and interesting character, and conveyed much pleasing information touching the efforts and results of the Society referred to in evangelizing the heathen world. The attendance, we were sorry to observe, was small. The above meeting was also intended as the Jubilee observance; after taking up the usual missionary collection, a special call was made upon those present on behalf of the Jubilee fund, when pledges for over one hundred dollars were handed in.

Quite an excitement was created in our little town on Wednesday evening, by the announcement made through posters, that Elson, the pedestrian had arrived, and would, on the morrow, perform the incredible feat of walking or running 70 miles in 10 hours. The line of travel was from the Blanchard House corner, a mile up the Connell road, and back. Quite a crowd gathered to see the performance, and a good deal of interest was manifested. Mr. Elson started at 8 a. m., and continued walking or rather a slow trot, till 40 min. past 12 noon, when he gave up, having in that time, 4 h. 40 min. travelled 34 miles. There were two circumstances to which Mr. E. attributes his failure, one was that he was not in good health, the other that the road was too hilly. The time made, however, by Mr. Elson was certainly remarkable, and judging from appearances, we think that under more favorable circumstances, he might have successfully performed the undertaking.

The Chief Superintendent of Schools has shown us a specimen of writing done by an Indian boy on the Canada side of the Restigouche, which is certainly most highly creditable. The boy's name is Joseph Maley, and this evidence of the aptness of the Indian mind to learn should encourage the promotion by every possible means of education among them.

What is the matter with our friend of the Farmer? Does he not know that F. P. Sharp's fruit was the most noticeable in the Exhibition—and that Mr. Anthony Kearney showed a fine lot of apples—still he does not mention them. We confess we did not see the peaches, plums or flowers shown by Mr. Babbit, spoken of by the Globe.

We think the Editor must be mistaken in regard to Mr. Longstaff's model cottage. We have been informed by a Member of the Board, that the model did take the first prize.—Pub.

OUR RAILWAY.—Mr. Buck and staff arrived here on Thursday evening last, having completed the survey of the route for our Branch Railway to the St. Andrews road, on which he has for the past few weeks been engaged. Our space will only permit us to say, that Mr. B. has succeeded in finding a much more feasible and practicable route for this Branch than he at first anticipated.

We have received from the publisher, F. W. Clear, St. John, a copy of the words and music of an Exhibition song entitled "The Genius of our Land"; words by James Hogg, Esq., music by Prof. H. S. Colman. The words are pretty and appropriate; the music we have not yet heard. The manner in which Mr. Clear has printed this sheet, reflects the greatest credit upon him.

We have to apologize to Mr. Hogg. When we sent forward the song published by us last week, and the accompanying remarks, the song written by him had not appeared, or at all events we did not know of it—this we regret.

We are requested to state that owing to the absence of the President, the Special Awards of the C. C. Agricultural Society cannot be published till next week. For Premium List see first page.

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Of the various officials from the President of the Board, the Secretary, and down through all the grades, we can only speak in the highest terms of praise. Of Mr. Reid it may be said, that while the Exhibition building stands, it remains a monument to his energy, irrepresible, persistent zeal, and moral courage. If it is worth anything to Fredericton, to that amount is Fredericton justly indebted to John H. Reid.

Missionary Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Woodstock Branch of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society was held in the basement of the Methodist chapel in this town, on Tuesday evening last. The hon. Charles Connell was called to the chair, for the meeting was addressed by the Rev. Messrs. S. F. Huestis, McLardy, Geo. Huestis, Morrison, Glass, and the Superintendent, Rev. Mr. Milliken. The speeches were all of a spirited and interesting character, and conveyed much pleasing information touching the efforts and results of the Society referred to in evangelizing the heathen world. The attendance, we were sorry to observe, was small. The above meeting was also intended as the Jubilee observance; after taking up the usual missionary collection, a special call was made upon those present on behalf of the Jubilee fund, when pledges for over one hundred dollars were handed in.

Quite an excitement was created in our little town on Wednesday evening, by the announcement made through posters, that Elson, the pedestrian had arrived, and would, on the morrow, perform the incredible feat of walking or running 70 miles in 10 hours. The line of travel was from the Blanchard House corner, a mile up the Connell road, and back. Quite a crowd gathered to see the performance, and a good deal of interest was manifested. Mr. Elson started at 8 a. m., and continued walking or rather a slow trot, till 40 min. past 12 noon, when he gave up, having in that time, 4 h. 40 min. travelled 34 miles. There were two circumstances to which Mr. E. attributes his failure, one was that he was not in good health, the other that the road was too hilly. The time made, however, by Mr. Elson was certainly remarkable, and judging from appearances, we think that under more favorable circumstances, he might have successfully performed the undertaking.

The Chief Superintendent of Schools has shown us a specimen of writing done by an Indian boy on the Canada side of the Restigouche, which is certainly most highly creditable. The boy's name is Joseph Maley, and this evidence of the aptness of the Indian mind to learn should encourage the promotion by every possible means of education among them.

What is the matter with our friend of the Farmer? Does he not know that F. P. Sharp's fruit was the most noticeable in the Exhibition—and that Mr. Anthony Kearney showed a fine lot of apples—still he does not mention them. We confess we did not see the peaches, plums or flowers shown by Mr. Babbit, spoken of by the Globe.

We think the Editor must be mistaken in regard to Mr. Longstaff's model cottage. We have been informed by a Member of the Board, that the model did take the first prize.—Pub.

OUR RAILWAY.—Mr. Buck and staff arrived here on Thursday evening last, having completed the survey of the route for our Branch Railway to the St. Andrews road, on which he has for the past few weeks been engaged. Our space will only permit us to say, that Mr. B. has succeeded in finding a much more feasible and practicable route for this Branch than he at first anticipated.

We have received from the publisher, F. W. Clear, St. John, a copy of the words and music of an Exhibition song entitled "The Genius of our Land"; words by James Hogg, Esq., music by Prof. H. S. Colman. The words are pretty and appropriate; the music we have not yet heard. The manner in which Mr. Clear has printed this sheet, reflects the greatest credit upon him.

We have to apologize to Mr. Hogg. When we sent forward the song published by us last week, and the accompanying remarks, the song written by him had not appeared, or at all events we did not know of it—this we regret.

We are requested to state that owing to the absence of the President, the Special Awards of the C. C. Agricultural Society cannot be published till next week. For Premium List see first page.

is not very great—a few moments given to allow them to gaze upon the spaciousness, and beauty of the building, upon the remaining traces of what the Exhibition was, and then will come the signal to depart; as light after light is extinguished darkness will settle down on arch and stencilling; on the angels faces, and the generous cornucopia, and the wonder of the year will end.

The Exhibition is closed, naught remains but the building as it was, and the debris of the show. Has it been a success? In some respects, yes! in others the reverse. We learn that the proceeds will be about \$5,600, so that over 20,000 entrances must have been paid for; in this respect, of visitors, then it was very successful. The show so far as it went was good, but as a Provincial show of our Provincial resources it was not a success, nor does it in this respect, we think, compare favorably with the Sussex Exhibition. With a building of the size and character of the one prepared; with the inducements and facilities offered to getting things to the Exhibition, we think it should have been a grand display, not of the productions of a few river counties, but of the whole Province—this it was not. In this, as in most public demonstrations, was shown the absence of individual interest. A hundred things we could name, which might and ought to have been sent, from Fredericton or elsewhere, were not to be found, because individuals who might and should have contributed forgot their individual responsibility.