

No. 2. H. R. Baird, for making road and wharf at Florenceville, which was sold by Commissioner James Montgomery, \$16. On motion of Mr. Hartley, seconded by Mr. Hayward, Resolved, That the bill stand over for explanation.

No. 10. Samuel Watts, Coroner, for inquest on the body of Joseph Britton, \$11.50. On motion of Mr. Dibblee, seconded by Mr. Hartley, Resolved, That the bill be recommended to be paid.

W. W. Hammond, Deputy Sheriff, for sundry services, \$32.55. Moved by Mr. Hartley, seconded by Mr. Longstaff, That the bill be recommended to be paid. To which Mr. Dibblee moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Hayward, That \$3, charged for searching for a wagon alleged to have been stolen from Wm. Balloch by one Faulkner, be struck off the bill, and that it be recommended to be paid at \$36.55. Amendment lost. Resolution carried.

W. W. Hammond, for executing warrant under Extradition Treaty, and other services in connection therewith, \$44. On motion of Mr. Hartley, seconded by Mr. Hayward, Resolved, That the bill stand over until the Provincial Secretary can be communicated with, and it be ascertained whether the Government or the County is entitled to pay it.

The Warden resumes the chair. Mr. Simpson, the chairman of the committee on accounts, reports progress, and asks leave to sit again. Leave granted. The Council then adjourned till to-morrow at 9 o'clock, A. M.

WEDNESDAY, July 4.

The Council met to-day at 9 o'clock, A. M., pursuant to adjournment. The Warden in the chair. Councillors present, Messrs. Bailey, Ahern, Gibson, Shaw, Kearney, Irvine, Gallop, Lloyd, Hayward, Williams, Simpson, Longstaff, Dibblee and Kilburn. The minutes of yesterday's meeting read and confirmed.

Tavern licenses were granted as follows: To Jacob D. Green, Richmond, six months; James Knox, Woodstock, six months; Albert A. Yerxa, Richmond, six months; John Good, Simonds, six months; Byrns Lloyd, Kent, six months; Charles Sweeney, Florenceville, six months, and Dennis McGaffigan, Florenceville, six months.

The appointment by the Council of the respective parishes of the following persons to be clerks for officers for the current year was confirmed, viz:

Kent—Messrs. Brennan, Peter Henegan, and Reuben Williams, Surveyors of Highways.

Wicklow—Alfred Simonsen and Wm. West, Surveyors of Highways, and Isaac F. Adams, Constable.

Richmond—Peter Appleby and James Dugan, Field Drivers and Pound Keepers, and Samuel Hemphill, Surveyor of Highways.

Wakefield—Benjamin Brittain, Hog Reeve and Pound Keeper, James Watterson, Constable, and John Carter, Surveyor of Highways.

Norfolk—James Hovey and James Gray, Surveyors of Highways.

Mr. Gibson presented a statement made under oath by John M. Lanchan, of the parish of Kent, in reference to a certain fine imposed on him before Justice Rideout in 1865, for neglect of duty as Pound Keeper. Upon which it was moved by Mr. Hayward, seconded by Mr. Gallop, That the case of Mr. M. Lanchan be dismissed. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Longstaff, seconded by Mr. Kilburn, the Board went into committee of the whole in consideration of the petition of David Munro, Esq., and others, asking the Council to give its sanction to the bill submitted to facilitate the Woodstock Railway Company in extending the Woodstock Railway to the Iron Works at Upper Woodstock, and to petition the Legislature to enact said bill, which was appointed yesterday to be the order of to-day at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Mr. Kearney in the chair. The Secretary Treasurer, at request of the Committee, read the petition and bill. Whereupon it was moved by Mr. Hartley, seconded by Mr. Hale, That the Committee agree to the prayer of the petition and recommend that the Council petition the Legislature to enact the bill. After a lengthy discussion the vote was taken and the resolution lost.

The Warden resumes the chair. Mr. Kearney, the Chairman of the Committee reports—That the petition of Mr. Munro and others, and the bill to facilitate the extension of the Woodstock Railway to the Iron Works at Upper Woodstock, had been discussed in committee and lost.

Ordered, That the report be received, and the action of the Committee sustained.

The Warden reads a petition from Philip Crouse and eighteen others, inhabitants of the Parish of Simonds, setting forth that it has been anticipated bringing a certain fish called Pickering from abroad and putting it into the Williamstown Lakes, in the said Parish, and praying that a law may be enacted to prohibit fishing in the said lakes and their tributaries for three years, and imposing penalties for any violation of such law.

Moved by Mr. Kilburn, seconded by Mr. Hayward, That the petition be received, and that a law be enacted to prohibit fishing in the said lakes and their tributaries for three years, and imposing penalties for any violation of such law.

On motion of Mr. Hartley, seconded by Mr. Shaw, Resolved, That the petition be received, and that a law be enacted to prohibit fishing in the said lakes and their tributaries for three years, and imposing penalties for any violation of such law.

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On motion of Mr. Dibblee, seconded by Mr. Kilburn, Resolved, That John Hunter's account No. 4, which was deferred yesterday on account of informality, be recommended to stand over till the January session.

Moved by Mr. Irvine, seconded by Mr. Hayward, That V. A. Hartley's account, No. 8, which was deferred yesterday for information, be recommended to stand over until the January session. To which Mr. Shaw moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Longstaff, That the account be recommended to be paid at \$3.00. Amendment carried.

On motion of Mr. Hartley, seconded by Mr. R. Baird's account, No. 9, which was deferred yesterday for further deferred until Mr. Merritt, Councillor for Simonds, and Mr. Tompkins, Councillor for Peel, are present to give explanation on it.

The Warden resumes the Chair. Mr. Simpson, Chairman of the Committee on accounts reports progress, and asks leave to sit again—leave granted.

Mr. Simpson from the Committee appointed at the session of last January to investigate the Books of the Secretary Treasurer and Auditor, submits their Report, and which is as follows:—

The Committee appointed to examine and report upon the finances of the County beg to offer the following report, viz:—

As soon as expedient after the last session of Council the Committee attended to their assigned duty.

The indebtedness of the County at that time, as shown by the Secretary Treasurer's books, and by order of the Council, published in the *Carlton Sentinel* newspaper, was as follows:—

Due Commercial Bank, \$174.28  
" Secretary Treasurer, 231.56  
" Town of Woodstock, 845.70  
Interest due Town, 24.10  
Accounts passed July 31, 59.80  
Salaries due, 182.00  
Witness fees September Court, 207.75  
Balance due Parishes, 28.10  
\$3339.29

The accounts between the Municipality and the respective parishes, as also the accounts between parishes and the several Parish Officers were not examined by your Committee, as such examinations, to be satisfactory, must extend back over a period of some eight or ten years, and necessitate a minute audit of all the parish papers for that time, which would require, in your Committee, at least one month, involving an expense to the County that your Committee did not feel justified in incurring.

Your Committee would take this opportunity of recommending a change of keeping the County accounts by the adoption of a cash book, and a separate account with the Collectors of the several parishes throughout the County.

WILLIAM HAYWARD,  
THOS. W. LONGSTAFF,  
JAS. L. SIMPSON.

On motion of Mr. Dibblee, seconded by Mr. Williams, Ordered, That the report be returned to the Committee, to be by them amended.

The Council adjourned until to-morrow, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

## The Carlton Sentinel.

Saturday, July 14, 1866.

### Legislative Correspondence.

FREDERICTON, July 6th, 1866.

Bill to revive the "Chandler Insolvent Act," so called, passed after a long discussion. The County members divided, Connell voting for and Lindsay against it. It will, we fear, be lost up stairs, owing largely to the small majority it got in the Assembly. A great amount of talent was brought to bear against it, Smith and Johnson uniting and, with the rest of the minority, pursuing the dog-in-the-manger policy—they won't bring in a good bill themselves, but oppose every measure that others bring in.

A bill of Dr. Dow's providing that Collectors of Rates shall give bonds for due payment of money, passed; also a bill to amend Militia Act.

Up stairs, a number of bills passed—the most important being one to incorporate Street Railway Company, St. John; one relating to the appointment of Parish Officers—this bill we have already referred to; by Mr. Mitchell's efforts the section altering the franchise was struck out—

one increasing the salary of the Mayor of Fredericton; one to provide for expenses of the Civil Government; the Revenue Law. Bill to amend law to vacate seats of members in certain cases, was passed. This is an important measure—it is called the "Swap Bill," and simply allows heads of Departments to exchange offices without going back to the people, or where one head of a Department takes another one and his vacant office is filled by a new man only one election follows.

It is said to be a Colonial principle, carried out in some of the other Provinces, but we confess to some doubts as to the propriety of the measure, as constituencies may sometimes be supposed to elect gentlemen influenced by a sense of his fitness for the office to which he has been appointed.

A bill decreeing that the polling place in Canterbury, front, shall never be further up than Asa Dow's, and establishing a polling place at Cork settlement, passed; also a bill to relieve from export duty articles manufactured out of imported material.

MONDAY, July 9.

The House is closed; there will probably be but one more session of this Parliament previous to Confederation. From what we have seen and heard of the members of the present House the anticipations formed at the commencement of the session have been realized; and since the days of Wilkes, Hazen, Ritchie, Street, and others, and such were the colleagues of some of the now old members of the present House, we believe there has not been so much practical and literary talent in the Assembly, at one time, as in the present Legislature.

On Saturday and to-day nothing of any real importance to our readers has been done. Something was not done in the Upper House of importance to our readers in all parts of the Province. The Bankrupt bill was not passed, although hon. Mr. Mitchell and other hon. gentlemen in the Legislative Council gave the warmest sympathy and support. Hon. Mr. Perry and others having a practical acquaintance with the business of the country opposed the principle of the bill, many others opposed it because it was brought in so late in the session—Hon. Mr. Robertson who at first seemed to regard the measure with distrust to-day, tried to get the Council to go into its consideration again, and pass it, but failed. And not only individuals but the country must suffer for another term from the want of some remedial measure. Mr. Beveridge and Mr. Connell had both supported it in the Lower House.

The session has been a short one but a great deal of business, apart from that relating to Confederation, has been compressed into the score of days. This may be judged from the fact that His Excellency gave his assent to over forty bills to-day.

The closing speech had nothing specially noticeable in it except the closing paragraph, in which, with well worded sentences, His Excellency conveyed the intelligence that he had been entrusted with the administration of the Government of another portion of Her Majesty's territories, and that he would leave New Brunswick with feelings of the kindest regards and that he should watch her future progress locally.

and as part of United British North America with liveliest interest.

And so closed what has been, looking to the future to bring forth its legitimate results, perhaps the most important session of our New Brunswick Parliament.

TUESDAY, July 10.

The members of the Assembly have departed; all excepting members of Government, who have been in session to-day laboring to give effect to the motions and resolves of the Legislature.

Two appointments have been to-day made—The hon. Charles Connell has been appointed Surveyor General of the Province, and hon. John McAdam has been elevated to the vacant seat in the Executive, and will bring to the Government a great deal of strength.

The appointment of Mr. Connell renders his seat vacant in the Assembly and, as he announces in his card, he goes back to his constituency for re-election. That, under the circumstances, there will be no one feeling, we presume, in Carlton, and this is to respond favorably and unanimously to the appeal of Mr. Connell on behalf of his Government. The Crown Land Department is, we judge from the almost universal testimony of those who know, in a most unsatisfactory and tangled state, and will require a large amount of industry and tact in bringing order out of chaos. We are bound to say, having a proper regard to an unselfish concern for what is true, that Mr. Connell's administration of the Post Office department was such as to justify the belief that under his direction the department of Crown Lands will be reformed, and we may hope that he may institute such changes as will make the department valuable to the Province, proportionate somewhat to its importance.

The delegates have not yet been appointed. We venture to predict who they will be, however, and name Tilley, Fisher, Wilnot, Mitchell, E. B. Chandler, this may be altered by the substitution of Mr. Johnson for one of those named.

Carlton County Grammar School.

The midsummer examination of this School took place on Monday last, in the presence of a large number of the parents and friends of the scholars, and resulted in more than satisfaction to all interested.

The examiners were Dr. Jack, President of the University, and John Bennett, Esq., Chief Superintendent of Schools. The scholars were subjected to a lengthy and most searching examination, in the various branches, in all of which they displayed a readiness and knowledge most flattering to themselves and teachers, and eliciting the highest eulogiums from the examiners. Mr. McCoy and his son must certainly feel proud of the success attending this examination, and the many compliments passed upon it by Dr. Jack and Mr. Bennett. At the close of the examination, Dr. Jack addressed the school at some length, pointing out the progressive spirit of the age; the advance made in the educational system of the Province within the past few years; the object and necessity of a liberal education; impressing upon the minds of the scholars before him, that as they were soon to enter the active arena of life, it behooved them now in their early years, by the closest application to their studies, to fit themselves for occupying any position they might be called upon to fill. He was glad to find that at least the Carlton County Grammar School was keeping pace with the onward march of the world in the path of improvement. It is but justice to the Messrs. McCoy's to say that not only in the examination room, but afterwards, to several persons, Dr. Jack and Mr. Bennett expressed themselves as highly delighted with the appearance and conduct of the school.

The examination embraced the following branches: English, Classics, French, Mathematics, Chemistry, History, ancient and modern. Natural Philosophy, Geography and use of the Globes, &c.

Prizes were awarded as follows:—

Best Essay—Subject, Richard I of England—silver medal to John R. Tompkins.

2nd Prize to Allison B. Connell.

3rd " to Lee Street, and as there was little or no difference between this and another written by William O. Raymond, Trustees awarded a 4th prize to Master Raymond.

History of England, Sen. Class, J. M. Connell. Jun. Class 6th, Samuel Caldwell.

History of Rome, Thomas Lynch. Jun. Latin Class, William Jewett.

Compendium, Jun. Class, 1st prize Jeremiah M. Connell.

2nd Prize, William O. Raymond.

3rd do Gilbert Fletcher.

We learn that Messrs Winslow & Edgar have offered for competition to this school, to be completed for at the next midsummer examination, a silver medal, to be called, in honor of the late Chief Justice, the "Parker Medal," for the greatest proficiency in knowledge of New Brunswick, political, natural and economical.

We are indebted to our young townsman, Mr. R. H. Upham, at present residing in Portland, Me., for a copy of the *Portland Daily Press*, containing a full account of the fearful fire which took place in that city on the 4th inst., a telegraphic account of which was contained in our last. The fire originated in Deauville's boot shop on Commercial Street, caused by a lad's firing a cracker among some shavings. It is said to be the most destructive fire that has ever occurred in the United States. The loss is placed at \$12,000,000. Elsewhere we give a short account of the fire, taken from the telegraphic columns of the *St. Croix Courier*.

Mr. George A. Jones has also sent us a copy of the *Portland Daily Advertiser*, containing also lengthy particulars of the great conflagration.

We are in receipt from the authors of two nearly printed pamphlets, one bearing the title "Spiritualism Unveiled, and shown to be the work of Demons," by Miles Grant, Editor of the *Crisis*; the other entitled "Christian Baptism—its Duty and Object," by I. C. Wellcome, Yarmouth, Me. We have not had time to peruse these works, but may safely say that, if written in the usual style of the respective authors, they are able treatises on the subjects referred to.

On Wednesday last, on his downward trip, the steamer *Gazette* met with quite a serious accident, by running on to some rocks near Bear Island. We have not heard particulars, but learn that it will take some time to repair the damage sustained.

We regret to learn by the Fredericton papers that Frank Hind, eldest son of Professor H. Y. Hind, was drowned in the river, at "the flats," in that City on Saturday last.

The *St. John papers* inform us that a man named Mullin hung himself in the Portland Watch House on Monday evening last. The deed was committed under the influence of *de* *drum* *trams*.

From the published list of Stations assigned to Wesleyan Ministers for the current year we learn, that Rev. G. S. Milligan remains in Woodstock; Rev. F. Harrison continues at Jacksonville, as also does Rev. Mr. Howie at Florenceville. Rev. B. J. Johnson is assigned to Andover.

The steamer *Gazette* took some sixty persons up to Victoria Corner, to attend the B. Conference, on Sunday last. We heard that the gathering on that occasion was a very large and a very solemn one.

See advertisement of the Bazaar and Picnic on the grounds of James Rankin Esq., Northampton, on the 19th inst. We warrant all who attend a pleasant time.

The weather during the week has been of the most propitious character for vegetation.

Late Boston papers by Tobin's Express.

### EDITORIAL ITEMS.

Excise duty was collected on 4,030,000 gallons of spirits in Canada last year.

The sum of £12,000 required for the memorial to Lord Palmerston has already been procured or subscribed.

In Greenville, Pa., a young man named Cunningham fell from the tower of the new Lutheran church, sixty-five feet, without sustaining any material injury.

A new American steamer has been invented for the comfort of travelers it is to be put under the feet, with a mustard-plaster on the head, which draws the heat through the whole system.

A Detroit dispatch says accounts of destruction by the late tornado continue to come in. The damage in Genesee county to forests and buildings will exceed \$100,000.

By the upsetting of a boat on the Columbia river on the 12th of May sixteen lives were lost. Amongst the drowned men were two New Brunswickers, John G. M. Kie of Greenville, and Mr. F. Colwell of St. Andrews.

The young French Prince Imperial has commenced learning the art of printing. A miniature press has been erected in the Tuilleries, and a printer employed to initiate his future Majesty in the mysteries of the art. Sensible young man.

A boat loaded with eight thousand eight hundred and twenty bushels of corn, passed through Lockport on Thursday. It is thought to be the largest freight ever carried on the Erie canal.

Sprinkle your young cabbage plants with salt and continue the practice through the season as a preventive against the attacks of snails and slugs. It is a simple, safe and certain remedy. We tried it with good success. So says the *Houlton Times*.

At Canton, Ill., recently, a gipsy woman wheeled a man named Emery into the foolish act of putting \$8042 in her possession by pretending that by a mysterious process she could double the sum, since which time he has seen neither the gipsy nor the money.

A movement is in progress in France to abolish the punishment of death. The question, which will shortly come up for consideration in the French Senate, is awakening great interest, and several leading Senators are expected to speak in favor of the abolition.

Some Pennsylvania Germans have a superstition that whoever occupies a new building for the period of two hours, will meet with a shocking and untimely death. Accordingly, a family, who a fortnight ago moved into a new house in Westville, previously destroyed by a neighbor's little girl into the house, locked her into a room, and kept her there several hours. A few days after the child was drawn into the wheel of a mill, horribly mutilated, and killed. Her parents share the superstition, and propose to prosecute the dwellers in the new house for abduction, as a case of murder could hardly be sustained.

A singular accident has just taken place at Neuchâtel, in Switzerland. After the death of a merchant in that city, the name of "God" was found to be inscribed for a considerable sum on the credit side of the books. On investigation, evidence was obtained that the deceased, who was a man of great piety, had opened a regular account to the Father of All, and had entered in it each year a share of his profits. Unfortunately he left no direction as to the disposition of the property; and while it is claimed by the clergy, on the ground that they represent God on earth, their demand is opposed by the civil authorities, who wish to apply the strange rule to the relief of the poor. The affair will probably be brought before the tribunals, and the pious merchant's good intentions are in danger of being frustrated by his failure to give them definite direction.

Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES are recommended for public speakers and others, for the relief of Colds and to clear the voice. Their efficacy is strongly attested by Congressmen, Clergymen, Military men and others who use them. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

### Colonial News.

TRADE BETWEEN CANADA AND THE LOWER PROVINCES.—In a letter of Mr. Bridges, Manager of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, to the various boards of trade in Montreal, Quebec, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton and London, are the following passages:—

"There can be no doubt, therefore, that as regards all the Lower Provinces, the price of flour must, from natural causes, so long as the present policy of the United States is continued, be cheaper in Montreal than in New York or Boston, rendering it, of course, of advantage to consumers in those Provinces to buy in the markets of Canada, rather than those of the United States; and so far as the Provinces of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island are concerned, this is even more so, by the differential duties which they now impose."

"The total importations of flour into the four Provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland, according to the latest returns which have been published by the respective Governments of those Provinces, are as follows:—

New Brunswick,	256,036 bls.
Nova Scotia,	355,358 "
do do	26,943 "
Prince Edward Island,	232,801 "
Newfoundland,	202,718 "

Making a total of 1,073,016 "