

Moved by Mr. Williams, seconded by Mr. Merritt. That the assessors of Simonds be allowed five per cent. fees for the current year. Lost.

Mr. Kilburn by leave brings in the following by-law: Whereas it is desirable to encourage the propagation of a certain kind of fish known as Pickered in the lakes known and called by the name of Williamson Lake in the Parish of Simonds: And whereas certain parties anticipate making measures to have said kind of fish propagated in said lakes, by placing some Pickered in the same: Therefore,

Be it ordained by the Municipality of the County of Carleton,

I. That no person shall take or catch fish of any kind in the Lake known and called by the name of Williamson Lake in the Parish of Simonds for the period of years from this date.

II. And be it further ordained, That any person found catching or taking fish in said Lake or Lakes within the aforesaid period shall be fined in a sum not less than dollars, and not exceeding dollars, to be collected in the same manner as other similar fines, and paid to the Overseers of the Poor for the said Parish.

Moved by Mr. Kilburn, seconded by Mr. Merritt. That the by-law submitted be ordained.

After some discussion, Mr. Kilburn, with the consent of Mr. Merritt, withdrew the by-law.

Moved by Mr. Simpson, seconded by Mr. Ahern. Resolved, That the Secretary Treasurer be paid \$50 for revising, compiling and preparing the By-Laws for publication.

Moved by Mr. Irvine, seconded by Mr. Lloyd. That the Secretary Treasurer publish a notice in the Carleton Sentinel that Riflemen are not exempt from statute law. Lost.

On motion of Mr. Dibble, seconded by Mr. Ahern. Ordered, That the Secretary Treasurer put himself in communication with the Government, in reference to Mr. Hammond's account for \$100, with a view of getting Mr. Hammond his pay.

On motion of Mr. Dibble, seconded by Mr. Hale. Resolved, That the committee appointed to examine and report upon the books of the Auditor and the Secretary Treasurer be allowed two dollars per day while attending to that duty.

On motion of Mr. Irvine seconded by Mr. Bailey. Resolved, That Mr. Ahern be expelled the Board for insubordination and disorder.

Mr. Hale, from the committee appointed to investigate the case of Mr. Isaac Sharp, in reference to his being over-assessed, reports, That the committee had attended to that duty, and that upon examining the assessment list of the parish of Northampton, they find him over-assessed in the sum of seventy cents. And on motion of Mr. Hale, seconded by Mr. Longstaffe, it was Ordered, That Mr. Sharp be refunded seventy cents, and that it be charged to the parish of Northampton.

Moved by Mr. Merritt, seconded by Mr. Williams. That two per cent. be added to the fees of the assessors of the Parish of Simonds for the current year, and that the amount arising therefrom be charged to the said Parish of Simonds. Carried.

Council then adjourned.

H. McLEAN,
Secretary Treasurer.

ERRATA.—In last issue, in the Minutes of the Municipal Council of Carleton, on the vote for considering the scale of Tavern Licenses, among the names read Mr. Kilburn instead of Mr. Kearney.

OMISSION.—When the Board went into committee on accounts, Mr. Simpson was put into the chair.

The Carleton Sentinel.

Saturday, July 21, 1866.

At Camp.

We never hesitated to express serious doubts as to the necessity or propriety, formerly, of large expenditures of money for the purpose of giving our young men military instruction. But of late circumstances have occurred which force upon us, as they have forced upon others, a change of opinion, and render a degree of efficient military preparation a necessity, and give to the Camp of Instruction a degree of popular interest which else had not been experienced.

Having such feelings, we visited the Camp last week, and were very much pleased with the evident proficiency which the men had already acquired, the various evolutions being performed with a degree of readiness and skill which, considering the shortness of the time that had elapsed since the formation of the Camp and the difficulties encountered during its first week, were very satisfactory and notable.

The grounds at Torrington, at which the Camp is placed, while in some respects they are favorable, are too confined, we should judge, nor near so well adapted for the purpose as those occupied last year at Fredericton while, of course, the conveniences afforded by the Exhibition building are entirely wanting. At first, the men all messed in a large shanty, catered for by a contractor who, it would appear, was over-solicitous for his own pocket and, in consequence, the men who paid three dollars a week for their grub got very indifferent fare. The result has been the formation of private messes in tents, of parties of five and more, where they find their own food, do their own cooking, and live more independently, cheaply and better. There are about five hundred men enrolled, formed in two battalions, the first comprised entirely of officers, and in this we saw colonels and majors learning their field exercises with ensigns, lieutenants and captains. A very good idea, as it was discovered that many of these officers were greatly deficient in a practical knowledge of drill.

Attached to the 1st Battalion are all the men forming the quota from Carleton and Victoria Counties, and these, with but a few exceptions, were enrolled in one company, and it is gratifying to be able to state that this company, so formed, was decidedly the best drilled and most soldier-like of any on the ground. As we understand it, the command of Companies in the 1st Battalion is not permanently in one officer, but they take turns; on the day we saw them Capt. R. B. Ketchum had command of the Company to which we have particularly alluded, and he makes a most efficient officer. C. W. Raymond, as our readers know, is Major of this Battalion, and is highly spoken of in this connection. After parade, we were made the recipients of very thoughtful camp courtesies, particularly grateful as we had some ladies with us to whom, after the ride to Torrington and the fatigue and excitement incident to a couple of hours promading over the "tent field," the excellent refreshments provided by our Carleton County friends were exceedingly welcome and invigorating, and we are pleased to know that the presence of a lady from Carleton at their camp tables was a most acceptable remembrance of their respective homes to those gentlemen.

We should have stated above that the second Battalion is officered permanently from the first. Among its officers Major Upton of the second battalion Carleton Militia is a Captain.

The Camp will break up, probably, the first of next week, and let us hope, as we believe, that while no pernicious influences will spring

from this assembling of our young men and old, the lessons of discipline, of physical training then imparted will prove advantageous on their return to ordinary avocations, as we know they will should ever an emergency require the exercise of the instruction thus gained in repelling an invader from our soil.

Among those at Camp are gentlemen of advanced years, of position, of influence, with whom we conversed and who frankly state that they were at Camp because they saw that in the future there was danger to be apprehended, and troublous times, in which our Provincial Battalions would have to deal for their country at the bayonet point with their country's foes.

Pic-Nic and Bazaar.

The combined Pic-Nic and Bazaar, held on the grounds of James Rankine, Esq., Northampton, on Thursday last, was a complete success. The day was delightful, the grounds beautifully located and pleasantly shaded, and the company socially inclined; all seeming to agree in throwing themselves to the winds and enjoying themselves in true primitive fashion.

The Bazaar table was well filled with fancy and useful articles, which under the hands of fair and skillful salesmen found ready purchasers. At 1 o'clock dinner was spread, on tables erected in the open air under the branches of the overhanging trees, in a style and variety we have scarce seen excelled on similar occasions. It need hardly be said that what with keen appetites, the enticing appearance of the viands, and the unremitting attentions of the ladies who waited upon the tables, ample justice was done the dinner. The afternoon was speedily and profitably passed in strolling through the woods and admiring the beauties of which nature has been so lavish in that locality, and in friendly conversation. At 6 o'clock tea was prepared to which proper attention was paid, shortly after which the assembly separated, each retiring to their homes evidently satisfied with the managers of the Pic-Nic, pleased with themselves and in love with the whole world.

12th July.

We have no particulars from the county districts as to the manner in which the 12th was spent. Although indefinite rumors of processions, orations and feasting at several places have reached us. In Town there was no demonstration apart from the quiet gathering in the Lodge rooms, but a large number of the members of Woodstock Lodge participated with their friends in the county in the festivities of the day.

In Fredericton and St. John the day was observed with more than usual eclat. Not by street processions but indoor demonstrations. In Fredericton, we observe, the dinner was honored by the presence of the Provincial Secretary, Attorney General and other distinguished political gentlemen.

Good Templars.

An organization of what is called the British Order of Good Templars was formed here on Tuesday evening last, Rev. Wm. Downey officiating as instituting and installing officer. The following are the officers:—

J. R. Hartley,	W. C. T.
M. P. Martin,	W. V. T.
S. B. Appleby,	W. C.
S. J. Baker,	W. S.
J. T. Kerrigan,	W. T.
James Fisher,	W. F.
J. A. McLean,	W. M.
S. R. Raymond,	W. O. G.
C. R. McLean,	W. L. G.
James Watts,	W. R. H. S.
A. F. Parsons,	W. L. H. S.
G. S. Baird,	W. A. S.
J. Cluff,	W. D. M.
S. McLeod,	P. W. C. T.
J. L. Simpson,	P. D.

We learn that a Lodge of the above order was opened at Upper Woodstock, and one at Victoria Corner, during last week. We trust they may all prove able promoters of the cause of Temperance.

We were glad to learn, the other day, when coming over the rail, that the friends of education and progress at Canterbury Station have commenced operations on the erection of a large and commodious building, to be used for a school house on the first and a public hall on the second floor.

At Richmond Station, a building for a similar purpose as the above is already up in frame, and will be pushed forward to completion with energy. The land for this last building was generously given by Mr. Osborne, Manager of the St. Andrews line. At Richmond Station there are several new buildings being proceeded with, and the village is stretching out its boundaries month by month.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Prospectus of the "Baptist Seminary," Fredericton, for 1866-67, in a pamphlet neatly printed by John Graham. The care evinced by the managers of this institution since its organization in 1856, and the success that has attended it, is the best recommendation that can be given of the Seminary; and we are warranted in saying that it is the intention of the present principal, J. E. Hopper, to maintain its integrity and usefulness.

The Delegates, Messrs. Tilley, Fisher, Mitchell, Wilmet, Chandler and Johnson, have sailed by the last steamer for England. We hope that the peculiar position in which parties are placed in England at the present time may not interfere with the Confederation consultations and decisions, although we fear from present prospects they will.

The rapidity of vegetation during the past two weeks is really surprising, and the crops of all kinds in this County are, we think, ahead of those in York and St. John. The prospects are exceedingly favorable for good returns from all kinds of grains and roots, while hay should give a yield unsurpassed by former years.

The nomination of a representative to fill the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Connell's acceptance of office takes place on Tuesday next. Mr. James Robertson, it will be seen by his card, intends contesting the seat with Mr. Connell. Should there be an election, the polling takes place on Saturday next, 28th inst.

A terrible fire occurred in Charlottetown, P. E. I., on Sunday last. One hundred and fifty buildings destroyed—\$200,000 worth of property. Insurance \$50,000. Hundreds of persons homeless.

Our first new potatoes are from David Jones, as usual.

James Stephens, the great Fenian Head Centre, has been confined to goal in Boston for several hours, and gave bail \$7,000 to appear at the October Court, to answer at the suit of P. A. Sinnott for \$1,000, for delivering lectures on Fenianism, &c.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance meets at Moncton on Wednesday the 25th inst, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The steamer *Gazelle*, an unfortunate accident to which we mentioned last week, was enabled to resume her trips on Monday last.

Several members of President Johnson's Cabinet have resigned their seats.

Mr. Vanwart, agent of Tobin's Express, has kindly handed us late Boston papers.

EDITORIAL ITEMS.

A new mode of smuggling foreign tobacco has been discovered by the Customs House officers in Paris. Some large blocks of stone, weighing about a hundred weight, having arrived from Switzerland, it was found on inspection that they were hollow, and that they were stuffed full of cigars of the finest brands.

Mr. James Capen, of South Gardiner, Me., has discovered a perfect white rose which blossomed on one of his apple trees—or at least a flower that resembled a rose in every particular, even to its stem. A common apple blossom grew next to it, and was broken off with the rose on the same stem.

A parliamentary return shows that during the twenty-second year of the reign of our present Majesty Queen Victoria, intitled "An Act imposing Duties for raising a Revenue, there shall be collected and paid on Manufactured Tobacco, five cents per pound.

There are living near La Crosse, in one school district, five brothers who in two years were married to five women who had had before them husbands, eight of whom are still alive.

The Prussians have a cartridge which explodes after entering the body of a man, and tears him to pieces.

A Jewish synagogue, just completed at Berlin is represented to be one of the most gorgeous buildings in Europe, costing \$750,000 in gold.

A jury just empanelled in New York represents seventy-five millions of dollars. Belmont, Astor, Stewart, and others, compose it.

A negro caught in Georgia had outraged a white lady. At her suggestion his arms were cut off and he was skinned alive.

The yield of a single gold mine in Georgia for one day was \$10,000.

An annuity of \$355, is to be given to the first Italian soldier who sets foot in Venice.

All the Russian serfs will be free by August.

More than ten thousand shops, it is said, are open for traffic on Sundays in London.

There were 11 cases of sun stroke in the city of New York on the 25th ult., 6 of which proved fatal.

You can have a man neatly murdered in Chicago for \$12.

A new drink in London is called "Mother-in-law."

Colonial News.

The following is a List of the laws passed during the last Session of the Legislature.

An Act relating to the imposition of Duties for raising a Revenue.

An Act to authorize the detention, for a limited time, of such persons as shall be suspected of committing acts of hostility against Her Majesty's Person and Government.

An Act to provide for defraying certain expenses of the Civil Government of this Province.

An Act to provide for the repair and improvement of Roads and Bridges, and other Public Works and Services.

An Act to authorize the City Council of the City of Fredericton to assess for Agricultural purposes.

An Act to incorporate the Miramichi, Richibucto, and Shediac Branch Railway Company.

An Act relating to Weights.

An Act respecting offences relating to the Army and Navy.

An Act to amend Chapter 87, of the Revised Statutes, Of Regulations for shipping Seamen at the Port of Saint John.

An Act to incorporate the Provincial Oil Company.

An Act to revive and continue the Act to incorporate the St. Croix Bridge Company.

An Act to authorize the Municipality of the County of Carleton to issue Debentures to a certain amount, to aid in paying for the enlarging and repairing of the Court House.

An Act to enable the corporation of the City of Saint John to grant certain exemptions to former members of the Fire Department of said City.

An Act to authorize the corporation of the City of Saint John to become shareholders in the European and North American Railway Company, for extension from Saint John westward.

An Act to authorize the extension of St. John Street, from Duke Street to Red's Point Wharf, in the City of Saint John, on the eastern side of the harbor.

An Act to provide for the election of Councilors and the appointment of Parish Officers in the several Municipalities in this Province.

An Act to enable the corporation of the City of Saint John to effect certain improvements on the streets of the said City, on the eastern side of the harbor.

An Act to authorize the connection of Railway Lines and to provide for the management and regulation of connecting lines of Railroad in this Province.

An Act relating to the administration of Justice in Equity.

An Act in addition to and amendment of an Act to enable the seats of Members of the Assembly in certain cases.

An Act to incorporate the Peoples' Street Railway Company, in the City and County of Saint John.

An Act relating to Polling Places in the County of York.

An Act to provide for the expenses of the Legislature.

An Act to provide for the prompt payment of all demands upon the Provincial Treasury.

An Act to incorporate the Albert Bank.

An Act to provide for the more effectual repairing the roads and bridges in the Parish of Carleton, in the County of Kent.

An Act in addition to and in amendment of Section 15, Chapter 28, Title III, of the Revised Statutes, Of Warehousing Goods.

An Act to encourage the formation of Oyster Beds.

An Act to incorporate the Shipwright's Union of the City of Saint John.

An Act to perpetuate the acts relating to the Export Duty on Lumber.

An Act relating to certain Parish Officers.

An Act relating to Church Lands in the Parish of Shediac.

An Act in amendment of an act relating to the Militia.

An Act in addition to the law relating to the City Hall in the City of Saint John.

An Act relating to the City of Fredericton.

An Act to authorize the President and Directors of the Public Grammar School in the City of their real estate, for purposes connected with the School.

An Act to incorporate the Calker's Association of the City and County of St. John.

An Act to revive and perpetuate the act to provide for the reporting and publishing the Decisions of the Supreme Court, and the act in amendment thereof.

The following shows what the alterations are that have been made in our revenue law, by the recent act:—

1. There shall be collected and paid unto the Queen, for the use of the Province, upon the goods, chattels and things brought into the same, named in the subjoined "Table of Duties," the several duties set forth in the said Table, according to the value, number or quantity thereof, whether from any part of the British Empire, or Foreign place, or whomever may be saved from any wreck or stranded vessel, viz:

TABLE OF DUTIES.

Pork and Beef, salted, per barrel.	\$1 00
Pork and Beef, fresh, for every hundred pounds,	1 00
Hams, smoked or dried, per pound,	0 01
Rock or Coal Oil, Benzole and Paraffine, per gallon,	0 00
Horses, Mares, Geldings, and Oxen each, three years old or upwards, each,	4 00
Cows and other Cattle, under three years old, each,	2 00
Hogs, alive, over one hundred pounds weight, each,	2 00
Hogs, under one hundred pounds, each,	0 75
Sheep, each,	0 75
Dried Fruit, when imported from the United States of America, per pound,	0 02
2. In addition to the specific duty made payable on the articles specified in the Table of Duties, there shall be collected and paid on every hundred dollars of the true and real value of such articles, three dollars, for the purposes of the Railway Fund.	
3. Instead of the duty imposed on "Tobacco manufactured," by an Act made and passed in the twenty-second year of the Reign of our present Majesty Queen Victoria, intitled "An Act imposing Duties for raising a Revenue, there shall be collected and paid on Manufactured Tobacco, five cents per pound.	
4. There shall be collected and paid on Furs, Skins and Tails, undressed, Tobacco unmanufactured, and Coals, from the United States, upon every hundred dollars of the real and true value thereof, three dollars, for the purposes of the Railway Fund.	
5. Instead of the duty imposed by the said Act, intitled "An Act imposing Duties for raising a Revenue, there shall be collected and paid on Manufactured Tobacco, five cents per gallon; and on all Spirits not therein enumerated, being either by w proof, or of the strength of proof of Sykes' Hydrometer, thirty-five cents per gallon; and on all Spirits being over proof by Sykes' Hydrometer, such Duty of thirty five cents shall be collected, in proportion to any greater strength which may be indicated by the said Hydrometer per gallon.	
6. Notwithstanding the provisions of an Act made and passed in the nineteenth year of the reign of our present Majesty Queen Victoria, intitled "An Act to levy an Impost for Railway Purposes," intitled "The Wexford Hides shall be exempted and free from Duty.	