POOR COPY

Terms of The Carleton Sentinel.

$1 80 per annum in advance; $2 00 if paid within the year, after the expiration of which time $3 00 will be charged. By our system of direction, the colored ticket on each paper shows subscribers how they stand, so that it is unnecessary to render accounts.

The Carleton Sentinel.

Saturday, September 25, 1869.

Competitive Examination

The first Competitive Examination of the pupils attending the schools in the County of Carleton, took place in the Mechanics' Hall, Woodstock, on Wednesday and Thursday of last week. The weather was all that could be desired, and we are happy to say that a larger number of competitors were present than at any previous examination of the kind in the Province.

The principle of County Competition has engaged the attention of the Chief Superintendant for some years; its beneficial effects are becoming more and more apparent as each successive examination takes place; and a valuable impulse has been given to the educational interests of the Province by these yearly trials of intellectual strength. They not only benefit the pupil, by enlarging his ideas and nerving him to greater and more sustained efforts than before, but, also the teacher, by enabling him to see the weak points in his system, and suggesting to his mind other modes of imparting instruction than he may have hitherto adopted. They also benefit the parent, by increasing his interest in the proper education of his children; for who but the most indifferent can help feeling a glow of pride at the well earned mark of distinction gained by a son or daughter. By this system of County Competition, the Chief Superintendant will do more to promote a uniformity of teaching throughout the Province, than has been done by the attendance of teachers at the Training School at St. John.

Satisfactory arrangements were made by your hospitable townsfolk for the accommodation of those pupils who came from a distance, and in this respect, as in all others, everything passed off well.

With the exception, of course, of reading, the examination was entirely conducted in writing, and although this system must have been new to the majority of the competitors, the papers as a rule exhibited a remarkable facility in the use of the pen, and a very respectable amount of information on the various subjects under consideration.

The Reading was above the average; indeed the examiners found much more difficulty in awarding the prizes in this than in any other branch. This must be a source of pride to Carleton County, as good reading is the exception and not the rule. Out of the forty-seven competitors, twenty really good readers could be selected, showing that this most important part of a school curriculum has been faithfully attended to by the teachers of the various schools.

The examiners were the Chief Superintendant, Rev. Mr. Neals, Rev. Mr. Foley, Mr. Freeze, Inspector, and Mr. Nicolson.

On Thursday afternoon at three o'clock the prizes were distributed to the successful competitors by the Chief, who, as well as giving a word of encouragement to each recipient, also addressed the audience very happily. Speeches were delivered by Rev. Mr. Neals, Rev. Mr. Foley, Chas. Connell, Esq., and Col. Baird, who all spoke very favorably of the success of the examination, and expressed the belief that the interest awakened in the public mind by this reunion would result in a still more successful one next year.

The interesting proceedings were brought to a close by singing the National Anthem, which was done in a manner reflecting the highest credit on the loyal sentiments of those present.

PRIZE LIST.

DICTATION AND SPELLING.

	Teachers.
1. Mary J. Anderson,	Mr. Anderson.
2. Thomas H. Parlee,	Mr. Ayer.
3. Chas. Garden,	Mr. McCoy.
4. Kate Crawford,	Miss Crawford.

READING.

1. Simeon H. Parsons,	Mr. McCoy.
2. Florence E. Jacob,	Mrs. Jacob.
3. Eugenie Strickland,	Mr. McIntosh.

SPECIAL PRIZE AND COMMENDATION.

Edna Smith, a very young lady, Mrs. Smith.

COMMENDED.

Kate Strickland, Mrs. Jacob.
Mary Jane Anderson, Mr Anderson.

WRITING.

Girls.	
1. Malinda White,	Mr. Wheeler.
2. Eugenie Strickland,	Mr. McIntosh.
Jeanie Cleveland, commended,	Mr. McIntosh.
Boys.	
1. Wm Saunders,	Mr Ayer.
2. W. O. Raymond, } equal,	Mr. McCoy.
Gilbert White, }	Mr. Wheeler.

WRITTEN ARITHMETIC.

1. S. H. Parsons,	Mr. McCoy.
2. Sarah Connell,	Miss Crawford.
3. Gilbert W. White,	Mr. Wheeler.
4. Kate Crawford,	Miss Crawford.

MENTAL ARITHMETIC.

1. Charles Garden,	Mr. McCoy.
2. Mary J. Anderson,	Mr. Anderson.
3. W. O. Raymond,	Mr. McCoy.
4. Thomas H. Parlee,	Mr. Ayer.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

1. Thomas H. Parlee,	Mr. Ayer.
2. Kate Crawford,	Miss Crawford.
3. Sarah Connell,	Miss Crawford.
4. Sarah Purinton,	Mr. Kilburn.

GEOGRAPHY.

1. W. O. Raymond,	Mr. McCoy.
2. Mary J. Anderson,	Mr. Anderson.
3. Sarah Connell,	Miss Crawford.
4. S. H. Parsons,	Mr. McCoy.

HISTORY.

1. Mary J. Anderson,	Mr. Anderson.
2. W. O. Raymond,	Mr. McCoy.
3. Kate Crawford,	Miss Crawford.
4. Thomas H. Parlee,	Mr. Ayer.
5. Sarah Connell, (commended).	

ALGEBRA.

1. Thomas H. Parlee,	Mr. Ayer.

GEOMETRY.

1. Charles Garden,	Mr. McCoy.

LATIN—Senior.

1. S. H. Parsons,	Mr. McCoy.

Junior.

1. Wm. Saunders,	Mr. Ayer.

Extra Prize for General Excellence.

Aaron Kearney, }
W. J. Harper, } Mr. McLaughlin.

SCHOOLS REPRESENTED AND PUPILS' NAMES.

Mr. McIntosh, Upper Woodstock—Jeanie Cleveland, Eugenie Strickland, Thomas Smith, Arthur Garden.

Mrs. Cupples, Woodstock—Amelia Payson, Edward Stapleford.

Miss Carman, Woodstock—Arthur Raymond, Walter Leonard.

Mr. Kilburn, Richmond Corner—Susan Price, Clara Purinton, Charles Campbell, Henry Montgomery.

Miss Campbell, Richmond Corner—Edward McQuarry, Ada J. Kirkpatrick.

Miss Crawford, South Richmond—Sarah Connell, Kate Crawford.

Mrs. Jacob, Upper Woodstock—Hubert E. Brown, Alma J. Hartley, Kate Strickland, Florence E. Jacob.

Mr. Anderson—Victoria Corner—Alfred Gallop, Thomas Taylor, Mary J. Anderson, Alice Anderson.

Miss Ketchum, Northampton—Maria Sharpe, Eva Hovey, Annie Baird.

Mr. Wheeler, Centreville—Gilbert W. White, Margory A. Reid, Malinda White.

Mr. Ayer, Florenceville—Wm. Saunders, Ella Saunders, Thomas H. Parlee, Mary Curran.

Mr. McCoy, Woodstock—Charles Garden, Rupert Grover, Simeon Parsons, W. O. Raymond.

Mr. McLaughlin, Jacksonville (?) — Aaron Kearney, W. J. Harper, Chas. Emery.

Mrs. Smith, Woodstock—Ella Smith, Mary Giberson, Edna Smith.

Miss Price, Sixth Tier—Geo. Sharkey, Lizette Carney.

Total, 15 Schools and 46 Scholars.

THE County Lodge, B. T., of Victoria Co., held its annual session at Grand Falls on Tuesday last. There were present representatives numbering some 50, from 5 different Lodges, viz:—Mayflower, Hiawatha, Perth, Waloostook, and River side.—The session was a harmonious one, and the business was transacted under the influence of the true spirit of the Order. The election of officers resulted as follows, in each case unanimously:—G. W. Fenwick of Hiawatha Lodge, W. C. C.; Robert Wallace of Andover, W. V.; C. W. S. Barker of Mayflower Lodge, S.; Frederick Bloodworth, Perth, T.; T. G. Frazer, Mayflower, L.; G. F. Raymond, Hiawatha, C.:—C. S. Simmonds, Mayflower, Chap.; E. R. Hayward, Arthurette, F.; T. S. Glasier, Hiawatha, R.; Saunders G. Brown, Waloostook, M.; Miss C. J. Kearney, Hiawatha, D. M.; Thos. Underwood, Waloostook, I. G.; James Merritt, Riverside Echo, O. G.; Wm. Everett, Forest Star, P. W. C. C.; G. F. Hammond, Mayflower, Representative to M. W. G. L.; Ezekiel Sloot, P. C. C., Mayflower, Representative to W. G. L.

From the copious reports submitted by the retiring officers it appears that the Order is in a healthy and flourishing position. Advancing surely. There are in the County some 575 members, of whom about one-third are females. There are 50 members connected with Excelsior Juvenile Lodge at Andover. There are eight Primary and one Juvenile Lodge. In the evening of Tuesday there was a large and enthusiastic public meeting held in the Court House by Hiawatha Lodge, which was addressed by C. W. S. Barker, G. F. Hammond, S. Watts and T. G. Fraser. The chair was occupied by W. C. C. Geo. F. Fenwick; the meeting was very successful.

☞ The *Acadian*, which is to be published for a few weeks longer as a half sheet, says that we made a mistake in saying that the whole military arrangements at Prince Arthur's reception were under the charge of Col. Baird, and further that Capt. Ketchum's Rifle Company and Capt. Edgar's Battery, with which Col. Baird had nothing whatever to do, acted under instructions received directly by letter from Col. Inches, Brigade Major of this district. Well, we are sorry to have made a mistake through a misapprehension of military technicalities, as we supposed the senior officer on such an occasion took charge; and the mistake was so slight and material as to scarcely want a correction. We are, however, not mistaken in believing that all the volunteers made a good appearance; and regret that when the Prince came out to inspect the volunteers the fine body of men comprising the battery was not on the right of the column, where it is supposed it should have been, and where his Royal Highness expected to see it, as he asked the question, Have you no battery? The Prince being an artillery officer, was, we suppose, specially interested. But then, of course, the battery was kept away pursuant to orders received directly from the Brigade Major, though quite contrary to precedent.

OUR engagements having precluded us from attending, except for a short time, the Competitive Examination, last week, we are under obligations to Mr. R. S. Nicolson for the full report we are this week enabled to publish. We were in at the close and received much gratification from the very complimentary remarks made by Mr. Bennett, Rev. Mr. Foley and Rev. Mr. Neals, who had taken part in the examination. It was very pleasant to see so large a number of boys and girls representatives of the schools of the County present, much more pleasant to know that these the representatives of the future men and women of the country distinguished themselves by the evidence of a large intelligence. It shows what our schools are doing; it shows what native intelligence we have; it augurs well for the coming day. Mr. Bennet paid the pupils a distinguishing compliment when he referred to the excellence of their reading as being superior to that at any previous competitive examination. And we were glad to learn that there is a portion of the money appropriated for Carleton unspent, which it is proposed shall be devoted to another similar examination next year. We are more than ever satisfied that these examinations, properly conducted, must result in good.

The local competition of the N. B. Provincial Rifle Association for this County took place on Tuesday, the 7th September, instant. The weather was fine, and out of 33 subscribers to the Association, 31 were on the ground to compete for the prizes then and there to be fired for.

The firing party was under the command of Major C. W. Raymond, who also acted as umpire and marker.

The first competition was at 200, 300, 400, 500 and 600 yards—five rounds at each range—highest possible score 100.

The following is a list of the successful competitors, with the amount of the several prizes:

1st prize,	Pt S. McLeod,	67	pts, Medal & $10	00
2nd "	En W. H. Bourne,	54		12 00
3rd "	En A. Currie,	52		11 00
4th "	Pt D. Jackson,	51		10 00
5th "	Lt R. McIntyre,	51		9 00
6th "	Pt A. B. Bull,	51		8 00
7th "	Capt H. Emery,	50		7 50
8th "	Pt J. D. Baird,	50		6 50
9th "	Pt F. Longstaff,	48		5 50
10th "	Capt R. B. Ketchum,	45		5 00
11th "	Pt C. Garden,	44		4 50
12th "	Pt H. Dibblee,	44		4 00
13th "	Pt H. Smith,	44		3 50
14th "	Capt J. D. Ketchum,	44		3 00
15th "	Pt R. Phillips,	43		2 50
16th "	Pt C. H. Ferguson,	43		2 00
17th "	Pt J. Tracey,	42		1 50
18th "	Segt W. F. Atkinson,	41		1 50
19th "	Pt D. McFarlane,	41		1 00
20th "	Pt T. Golding,	41		1 00

The second competition was at 200 yards, for the benefit of those who were unsuccessful in the first competition. The result was as follows:—

1st prize,	En S. Peabody,	14 points,	$4 00
2nd "	Pt W. W. Atkinson,	14 "	3 00
3rd "	Corpl W O Raymond	14 "	2 00
4th "	Corpl F W Bourne,	12 "	1 00

As will be seen, there were no very high scores made in either competition; but taking into consideration the fact that there was a majority who fired that had had but little opportunity of practice, the firing was very good.

☞ The *Reporter* has a small opinion of our appreciation of the appearance of the "Prince." He must remember that we looked from our own stand point in a locality where people are, perhaps, more fastidious about the appearance of men, horses and carriages than they are in the *lower scale* City of Fredericton. So far from wishing to depreciate Mr. Golding, we are not sure, not wishing to make an odious comparison, but that his appearance, phisiologically and phrenologically, will compare favorably with that of his Royal Highness.

What about those lamps?

WE are requested to state that a number of distinguished members of the Order from abroad, are expected to be present at the coming session of the County Lodge, B. T.

☞ The Circuit Court for this County opens here on Tuesday next.

We copy the following digest from the St. John *Daily News*:—

"For some days, a copy of Tables of the Trade and Navigation of the Dominion of Canada for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, has been lying in our drawer awaiting inspection.—These Tables have not now the interest for us which they would have possessed had they been published at a considerably earlier date. Much of the information they contain bearing upon the Dominion Trade and Revenue for the year ending June 30, 1868, was long since brought out in Mr. Rose's Budget speeches, the substance of which from time to time we have summarized, and laid before our readers. There is also an other cause which detracts from the interest of these Tables besides the lateness of their publication. The trade and industry of the Dominion were not carried on during the whole fiscal year to which they refer under the same Tariff. It will be remembered that the Dominion Tariff adopted during the first half of the first session of the Dominion Parliament in the fall of 1867, differed materially from our Provincial Tariff superseded by it; and that in the latter half of the same session in the spring of 1868 the Dominion Tariff previously adopted was somewhat modified. On some grounds therefore, these Tables for the fiscal year 1867-8 are not as interesting as those for the fiscal year 1868-9 may be expected to prove. Still as a record of the industrial and commercial operations of the Dominion during the first year of Confederation the Tabular Report before us will have a permanent value by no means trivial.

The trade of the Dominion in Exports and Imports combined for the year ending June 30, 1868, amounted to over $131,000,000.

Of Exports:	
Ontario and Quebec sent	$47,499,876
Nova Scotia,	5,441,285
New Brunswick,	4,626,727
Total,	$57,567,888
Of Total Imports:	
Ontaria and Quebec received	$57,248,229
Nova Scotia,	9,231,236
New Brunswick,	5,523,395
Total,	$72,902,860

The total imports for New Brunswick amounted to something more than is here set down, however, as goods entered for consumption only are estimated in the list for this Province.

The Exports from New Brunswick for the year noted may be thus classified in brief:—

Produce of the Mine,	$219,404
" " Fisheries,	325,655
" " Forest,	2,908,929
Animals, &c.,	32,934
Agricultural Products,	24,335
Manufactures,	608,561
Miscellaneous,	4,455
Total Produce,	$4,124,273
Net Produce,	502,454
	$4,626,727

Of this amount there were sent to

Britain goods to value of	$2,487,828
United States, "	855,586
Spanish West Indies, "	562,807
P. E. I., "	73,472
Spain, "	36,797
British, W. I., "	31,005

Of the total imports into Ontario and Quebec during the year $18,885,388 were free goods, nearly $5,000,000 were coin and bullion, and $33,462,562 were duitable goods which furnished $6,782,249 to the Dominion Revenue.

Of the total imports into Nova Scotia during that year, $2,065,286 were free goods and $6,148,238 were dutiable, on which duty to the amount of $1,132,609 were paid.

Of the total imports into New Brunswick for 1867-8, $2,477,646 were free goods, and $4,044,896 were dutiable and paid $886,586 into the Treasury.

The Inland Revenue collected during the fiscal year 1867-8 was as follows:—

Spirits and Malt Liquors,	$2,425,689
Malt,	162,990
Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff,	433,392
Petroleum,	10,032
Bonded Manufactures,	20,123
Stamps net proceeds,	88,468
Total,	$3,140,696

We have omitted cents in the columns, but included them in the total.

Of this sum New Brunswick paid or.

Malt Liquors,	$119.30
Spirits—taken out of bond,	11,084.40
Malt,	3,495.12
Cigars,	352 86
Petroleum Inspection fees,	73.80
	$15,125.48

The Stamp Return does not shew how much was collected in New Brunswick in 1867-8 under that head. It seems no Excise was collected on Tobacco in New Brunswick in 1867-8, the whole amount manufactured between Dec. 13th, 1867, and June 30, 1868, remaining in Warehouse at the latter date. Had it all been taken out for home consumption the duty would have been $2,028.70.

There is much mystery about the circumstance of a woman and child, found dead at Loch Lomond, near St. John, last week. The *Telegraph* says, after describing the locality:—

"Here on a spot somewhat more free from bushes and laurel than the rest, lie the bones of one human being, while scattered around within a radius of ten feet are the clothes which have belonged to two. The bones consist of several ribs attached to a portion of the vetebra, one thigh bone or "femer" complete, and part of the other. The skull is complete and apparently sound, while by removing the moss beneath we turned up two or three smaller bones. The brain, in a very advanced stage of decomposition, upon the skull being turned over oozed out.—The clothing scattered around seems to favor the idea that it was worn either in spring or fall. The whole, however, is in such a ragged and decayed condition that it is difficult to judge precisely as to its nature. Some shreds of underclothing are nicely embroidered and the dress is of coburg. There are also the remains of a pink sontag, half mourning hat or bonnet and a hoop skirt. The weman's hair is dark brown and nicely plaited. Removed a short distance from these are the clothes of a child, which must have been about a year old, judging from the size of one shoe and blue stocking lying with the clothes of the woman. There is a little petticoat of flannel with other child's underclothing, a woolen cape, white knit hood with red border, brown dress and a little waterproof sack. A few locks of hair are lying around, of a white color, and from the appearance of a spot near them, where some putrefied matter yet remains, we think the head of the child has recently been removed.—The death of these unfortunates must have taken place at least six months ago, and from the absence of most of the remains of the woman and there being not a sign of the body of the child, it is probable that dogs or bears have carried them off piece by piece. The clothing lying near, which is torn very much, seems almost to speak of the ravenous efforts of some beast to remove them from his prey, and the missing members are doubtless lying somewhere in the vicinity, bleaching in the sun."

From the *Freeman* of the 18th inst., we gather the following further particulars:—

The Loch Lomond horror is as much involved in mystery as ever. The Coroner's Inquest was commenced on Thursday, and a number of the coloured people of the Negro settlement were examined. From their evidence it appeared that a number of them were out berrying on last Thursday week, and some of the party came on the spot where the remains were lying.—Henry Brandy, one of the colored men, stated that they saw the head, and the hair lying near it, and the bones and torn clothes, and judged that they belonged to a woman. They also saw a child's shoe with a stocking in it. A large spruce bush lay over the remains. The whole party resolved that they would say nothing about what they saw. They say that they were afraid of getting into trouble, and this perhaps was their motive; but one of them, Jemima Lane, told her aunt, Mary Corbyn, who told Mr. William Douglas and Mr. Cuthbert what she had heard. Mr. Douglas and Mr. Cuthbert went to Brandy's house last Sunday evening, and asked them to show the place where they saw the remains. They all denied at first that they had seen anything of the kind. On Monday Mr. Douglas and others went to Brandy's again, and with much difficulty persuaded Brandy to show them the place. They found a head, some bones and a child's boot and stocking, and at ten feet distance clothes of a child torn and rotten. The bones were covered with some moss and brush cut from trees near by. There was not much moss or brush. He thought that the child was about a year and a half old, and he thought that they had been there for five or six months.

This is all the evidence yet elicited. Some who have examined the remains argue that they cannot have been so long exposed, as a portion of the brain still remained in the woman's skull, the bones are quite unbleached, and portions of the sinews, &c., still adhere to them—as if the flesh had all been gnawed off by animals, and had not rotted off. The state of the clothes as described by some who first saw them seems, however, to prove that they must have been exposed for several months to the action of the weather.

An examination of the skull of the woman, by Dr. Christie, resulted in the discovery of a hole, on the left side of the head, produced, doubtless, by a *pistol bullet*.

There can be no doubt, from all the facts which have come to light in connection with this mysterious affair, that a most foul murder has been committed. We trust that our Government will spare no pains for the discovery and bringing to punishment of the guilty parties

Sir T. B. Head has published a letter in the *London Times*, in which he counsels the British Government and the Colonies to "Let go" their present relations. The question of the future of these Colonies is demanding grave consideration, just now, at the hands of the leading newspapers in Britain. The London *Saturday Review* suggests as an alternative for separation, a measure which has often been discussed by prominent men; it says:—

"A partnership in which each section of the Empire should be proportionately represented is the only conceivable alternative to ultimate dismemberment, and if the colonists show themselves anxious for a more intimate union on this, the only possible basis, it would be as weak as ungenerous for England to reject their overtures. It is as certain as any future fact can be that unless England can grow in her colonies to dimensions forbidden by her own territorial limits, she must in the end, like Holland, lose that position among the Great Powers which can only be sustained by an adequate population; and though we do not accept the American view that Britain is rapidly becoming effete, there is quite truth enough in it to make an Englishman who takes pleasure in contemplating the possible future of his country welcome and encourage a movement which tends to merge the past glories of the United Kingdom in the greater glories of a United Empire."

☞ At the Rifle Competition, Fredericton, last week, a young man named Pallen, of Northumberland, took the first three prizes. The National Rifle Association Medal and $15; the N. B. Provincial Rifle Association Gold Medal and $15; the Prince of Wales Cup and Provincial Silver Medal and $15. His shooting was—1st, at 200 and 500 yards, 21 points; 2nd, 400, 500 and 600 yards, 26 points; 3rd, 200, 300 and 400 yards, 52 points.

The attendance was large, and the firing generally good.

☞ The *Houlton Times* denies having published that notice about an American and Annexation flag at Woodstock, and says it appeared, originally, in the Hamilton (Ont.) *Times*. The *Times* asks us to "retract." We have nothing to retract, as the wrong done the *Houlton Times* was by the St. John *Globe*. We have much pleasure, however, in doing our neighbor of Houlton the justice of clearing his skirts of the matter.

A Funeral Discourse on the occasion of the death of Mr. Daniel J. Day, will be preached in the Methodist Church, here, to-morrow (Sunday) evening, by Rev. Mr. McMurray. Seats free.

Work is progressing rapidly on the Woodstock Pleasure grounds. Stockholders are requested to read the card of the Treasurer of the Company in this issue, and govern themselves accordingly.

☞ The receipts of the E. & N. A. Railway for the month of August, 1869, 1868 and 1867, are respectively $16,952.32; $16,351.38, $15,517.95.

☞ Geo. Cary, Esq., of Houlton, has been re-elected to the Senate from Maine.

Amenities of the press in Aroostook County have a special ring. The *Times* says of the *Sunrise*:—

"We have neither time nor inclination to refute the statements of this canting old hypocrite and measureless liar. Let him die of his own venom."

We have to announce to-day the death, in this town, of Mr. Daniel J. Day, one of our old and most estimable inhabitants.

Ratepayers entitled to vote should remember that there are only a few days left in which correction in and additions to the revised lists of voters can be made.

☞ By a collision between two Russian Ships in the Baltic 16 sailors were lost.

☞ Some communications unavoidably left over till next week.

EDITORIAL ITEMS.

ACCIDENT AT ST. ANDREWS.—John Sheehan and Robert Elliott were injured during the firing of a salute at St. Andrews, last Friday in honor of the St. Andrews Crew who won at the boat race at Moore's Mills. Elliott was badly burned in the back, and it was feared he would lose his eyesight, but we are glad to hear that he is recovering.

There is to be a general election in Newfoundland in November: nomination on the 8th, polling on the 13th. The Island will then determine whether it will join the Confederacy called the Dominion.

RAILWAY MATTERS.—The work on the Fredericton Branch Railway is progressing satisfactorily. Only about two miles of rails remain to be laid. On Western Extension, the laying of the remaining four or five miles of rail will probably be completed by the end of next week. Everything indicates the early opening of Railway communication between St. John and Fredericton, Woodstock, St. Andrews and Saint Stephen.—*Telegraph.*

The St. Croix *Courier* is informed by Mr. E. B. Burpee, that a through train will carry a number of invited guests from St. John to St. Stephen in one day on or about the 25th.

Keswick has another mystery in the reported presence of Ku-Klux-Klan, who roam about the woods, exchanging mysterious calls at midnight, and firing upon the unwary settlers. Who they are, whence they came, or what their errand is the mystery. One man, we are told, was fired on by this band, a bullet piercing his clothes. Another had an equally narrow escape for his life. *So 'tis said.—Reporter.*

The last of the conspirators against the Czar Nicholas in 1825 is dead. His name was John Gorbaczeyski.

There was a duel in Cohocs, N. Y., the other day. The seconds kindly drew the balls before the fire, which was manfully delivered. But at the instant of firing, one of the seconds threw a pebble against the breast of his principal opponent, who, supposing he was fatally wounded fainted and fell. The other, seeing the effect of his shot, dropped his weapon and fled to the woods, and has not since been seen.

The New York *Evening Post* says that there are 93,000 paupers in New York. That is ten per cent of the population, larger than the pauperism of London. Will they not be compelled to seek relief, as the Londoners are doing, by shipping some of their unemployed to this Dominion?

A Paris school teacher has applied for admission to an insane asylum because he had an irresistable desire to strangle his pupils.

HEED THE WARNING.—Does it not appal the strongest mind to think upon the sad results caused by neglected colds! Then why delay? What excuse can be offered when the timely warning is sounded in your ears? When the danger is pointed out, why not avoid it? Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam has been used with success in so many cases that its virtues do not admit of a doubt. One bottle will convince the most incredulous that we are not exaggerating the merits of this preparation—that we are in fact falling short of the eulogies bestowed upon it by the thousands who have been cured by it.

Dr. Wilson's Family Anti Billious Pills recommend themselves to the attention of all sufferers. No injurious consequences can be made in their administration. In indigestion, confirmed dyspepsia, and chronic constipation, the most beneficial effects have been always obtained from the wholesome power exerted by these purifying pills over the digestion. Persons whose lives were a confirmed series of sufferings, have been restored to ease, strength, and perfect health by the use of these admirable pills, after the fruitless trial of all other remedies.

For horses that are troubled with the disease called scratches, Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment proves an efficient remedy. Our teamsters say it is one of those things which suits horse flesh exactly, and that there is hardly an ailment which it will not cure.

The very best medicine in use for a horse among us is that prepared by Professor Clark, called Clark's Derby Condition Powders. He is one of the Professors of the Veterinary College in London, and a graduate of the Royal College of Medicine, and has conferred more distinction upon it than its diploma upon him. This remedy has become celebrated throughout the world, wherever there is a horse or herbivorous animal.

There is no disease flesh is heir to more troublesone to manage than Rheumatism. It comes when you least expect it, and generally remains till it gets ready to go away. The most conspicuous remedy for this complaint is "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment."

Two or three dozes of "Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders" will cure a horse of any common cough or cold, and the very worst cases may be cured in a few weeks. We know this from experience.

SPURGEON ON THE VELOCIPEDES.—Mr. Spurgeon recently introduced velocipedes in a sermon to a congregation of 2,000 at Pershore, Worcestershire, and in this wise:—"These new inventions, which the lads were riding down our streets, would not keep up unless they were kept going; the moment they stopped they fell down; and in this they were exceedingly like the Christian Church, which would fall unless it was kept constantly moving on."

Arrangements are being made for the representation of Canada at future meetings of the British National Association at Wimbledon.

Tennessee negroes are acquiring the habits of citizenship. One shot a friend because of jealeusy, last week.

THE GREAT COAL MINE FIRE.—A despatch dated Scranton, Pa., says that the hundred and eight bodies recovered from Avondale, with the two men who lost their lives in an attempt to rescue the victims in the mine, doubtless comprise the total number of those who perished. It is said the explorations have been very thorough and there is no doubt that all have been found; no person attempts to account for the great discrepancy between the estimates and the result. The widows are 59, and the orphans in the county are 109.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A terrible accident happened on the European & North American Railway at Winn last Monday by which three men were severely, and perhaps fatally injured. A charge of powder had been put in a ledge which failed to ignite, and the men were drilling out the charge when it exploded, sending the fragment of rock in every direction. George Woods of Fredericton had his eyes blown entirely out of his head, his jaw broken in several places, and one arm fearfully mangled. James McGee of Bangor had an eye destroyed and his jaw broken. David Webberly, of Woodstock, was badly injured, although likely to recover. Several others were slightly bruised by falling rocks.—*Bangor Courier.*

Telegraphic News.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Spam is about to despatch five war frigates with other vessels to Cuba. There is great excitement in Spain over the attitude alleged to be taken by the United States. The Khedive of Egypt raises difficulties respecting the carrying out of that portion of the second official letter of the Sultan relative to the Budget loans.

NEW YORK, 18th.—It is said that Sir Francis Hincks has been offered a seat in the Dominion Cabinet. The Canada chemical works at London, Ontario, were destroyed by fire Thursday night. Loss $30,000. No insurance.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Napoleon has telegraphed to the French Minister at Washington that France desires that Cuba shall be retained by Spain. Admiral Topete will command the fleet that conveys reinforcements to the Spanish force in Cuba. Liberty of worship is to be proclaimed in Cuba. The Duke of Genoa is to marry the daughter of the Duke DeMontpensier and ascend the Spanish Throne.

LONDON, Sept. 20—evening.—A demonstration in favor of the imprisoned Fenians took place to-day. Processions were formed in Clerkenwell, and with bands of music, bearing flags and mottoes, marched in perfect order to Trafalgar Square. There a meeting was organized. Six thousand persons were present. George Henry Moore, Member of Parliament for Mayo, presided. Resolves urging the unconditional pardon of the Fenians were unanimously adopted. The proceedings were very enthusiastic and no disturbance whatever occurred.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21st.—Prince Arthur left Montreal last evening for London, Ontario, to attend the Canadian Provincial Fair. Business in the Japanese seaport towns is very dull, consequent on the instability of the Government and the insecurity of the currency. Gold 137¼.

NEW YORK, Sep. 21.—The New York Board of Aldermen have called on the New York City Congressmen to vote for the independence of cuba at the next session of Congress.

London, Sep. 21.—Ev'ng.—It is supposed the Right Honorable Geo. Pattin, Lord Justice Clerk of Scotland, has been foully dealt with, as nothing has been seen or heard of him since last monday morning.

The opposition in the French Parliament will issue a manifesto calling for an early convention of the Senate and Corps Legislatif.

LONDON, CANADA, Sept. 21.—Prince Arthur arrived at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Crowds assembled at the Station at St. Marys and Stratford and greeted him with cheers. The Mayor and Corporation presented an address, to which he read a reply. There was a dense crowd at the Station. The Prince leaves on Friday for Sarnia. New York, Sept. 22. Gold 137¼.

DIGNUS CONFIDENTIA.—Among the many preparations offered to the public for the cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c., Graham's Pain Eradicator occupies the first place. It is a remedy that is really *worthy of confidence*, and may be used on almost every occasion with an assurance of speedy relief.

Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites will speedily and certainly, arrest the depressing influences of disease, upon the nerves and muscles. It restores the appetite and induces a disposition to take on healthy flesh.

It causes the formation of living blood, strengthens the action of both Heart and Lungs.

It sustains the system under trying circumstances and creates the healthy development of all the organs necessary to our existence.

Sold by Apothecaries. Price $1.50 per bottle, or six for $7.50.—James I. Fellows, Chemist, Manufacturer, Saint John, N. B.

Sore Throat, Cough, Cold

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who over-tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. To the soldier exposed to sudden changes in the weather, they will give prompt relief in Coughs and Colds, and can be carried in the pocket to be taken as occasion requires. Sold at 25 cents a box.

NEW ALBION HOTEL,
McGILL STREET,
MONTREAL, CANADA.

THE "NEW ALBION HOTEL," the largest Hotel in Montreal, has just been opened under the most favorable auspices.

Whilst the "*Old Albion*" has been long noted for the *strict attention* paid to its *numerous* guests, the "*New Albion*" takes its position as a *first class* Hotel, and is *really*, first class in every respect, *except the charges*, which better suit the ideas and requirements of the majority of travellers, than many of the so called, "first class Houses;" which deserve the title more through the *amount* of their charges than aught else.

Already the crowded state of the "New Albion" promises well for its future career; every thing associated with its construction has been carried out with artistic taste and systematic correctness.

The large Hall, commodious office, spacious Reading room, convenient Dining, Coffee, Wash Room, etc., etc., on the ground floor; and the Reception Room and Suits of Splendidly Furnished and Thoroughly Ventilated Ladies' Parlors, on the second floor, will form no small luxury during the hot summer season. And, what is an exception to the general Rule in Hotels, the Bedrooms are all *well ventilated* and lighted, there not being a *dark room* in the House.

Being situated on the *widest* and *healthiest* Street in Montreal, commanding a Magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence and the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of the Victoria Square with its numerous "*Jets d'Eau*" and Mount Royal on the right, it cannot fail to commend itself to the travelling public.

From its situation on McGill Street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the City, it cannot fail to be, as the "Old Albion" has *always* been a strong favorite with the Merchants of Canada.

Notwithstanding the very large outlay in building and furnishing the house, the old price of $1.50 per day will not be departed from.

We, therefore, bespeak for ourselves a continuance of the patronage so liberally accorded to us during the past *twelve years*.

DECKER & CO.

Montreal, May 1st, 1869.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,
For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* The hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.
H. L. SPENCER,
Chambers—7 Market Square, St. John,
General Agent for the Maritime Provinces.

MARRIED.

On the 11th inst, by the Rev. G. W. Orser, Mr. Whitehouse, of Aberdeen, to Miss Jerusha Manuel, of Brighton.

DIED.

On Sunday evening, 19th inst, after a short illness, Mr. Daniel J. Day, aged 66 years, greatly respected by all who knew him.

New Advertisements.

"PRINCE ARTHUR"
HAS GONE, BUT THE
CARPETS
Used at his reception in Woodstock are at the
"BRITISH HOUSE,"
Where they will be sold at decided bargains, for *Cash.*