POOR COPY

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$1 80 per annum in advance; $2 00 if paid within the year, after the expiration of which time $3 00 will be charged. By our system of direction, the colored ticket on each paper shows subscribers how they stand, so that it is unnecessary to render accounts.

The Carleton Sentinel.

Saturday, July 31, 1869.

Grammar School.

The Semi Annual examination of the Carleton County Grammar School took place on Friday, the 24th inst, the examiners being Dr. Jack and John Bennett, Esq There was a large attendance of visitors.

The classes were examined (written questions and answers) in History, ancient and modern, Mathematics, including Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigenometry, Mensuration, Land Surveying, and Navigation. Orally, in English Language, Geography, Globes, French, Latin, Greek, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry.

Dr. Jack presented the prizes, accompanied with appropriate remarks, as follows:

To Geo. T. Baird, Andover, the Parker Medal, for the best essay on the "Forests of New Brunswick;" essay well read by the writer. To Rupert W. Grover and Frank Longstaff, second prize for the same. To Charles Garden—medal for proficiency in Mathematics; Wm. O. Raymond, medal for best essay on the "Indians of New Brunswick;" David Longstaff and Thomas Lynch, second prizes for the same Robert K. Beveridge, Gordon, Victoria, first prize History of England; A. W. Perley. second prize do.; Rupert W. Grover, prize for History of Rome; Wm. O. Raymond, prize for History of Greece; Henry P. Baird, for Natural Philosophy; Robert K. Beveridge, Penmanship and Book Keeping; Wellington B. Belyea, James Clayton Watts, and Wallace W. Hay, prizes in Latin Junior Class.

At the close of the examination several speeches were made.

Dr. Jack expressed himself as greatly pleased and satisfied with the school, its management, and the proficiency of the boys Especially was he pleased with the evident thorough understanding by the pupils of their several branches of study, and their complete drill in the rudimentary branches which was of the utmost importance.

Mr. Bennett heartily endorsed the remarks of Dr. Jack, and expressed wonder that Mr. McCoy had been so successful in keeping so many of his boys together, at this late stage of the season, when pleasure and duty called for their presence elsewhere.

Mr. James Edgar directed some apt remarks to the unsuccessful candidates for prizes. There had been on their part no want of application and no lack of talent, but the more successful pupils were father advanced in their studies, hence, probably, their success.

Col. Baird, who was one of the Essay Examiners, spoke in terms of approbation of the several papers, which showed a great amount of research and application. These essays were well worthy of preservation, and some of them might afford much useful information to future historians of the Province.

Rev. Mr. Neals had several times visited the school during his short residence here, and derived much pleasure from such visits. He had been allowed by the examiners to read the essays, which he commended highly, and which were, he said, in spelling, grammar and punctuation, almost perfect.

We have been somewhat interested in a sort of preliminary discussion of the question of "Independence," in which some of our down river contemporaries have lately engaged; and regret that they have not gone into the subject more broadly and deeply, though this is owing to the fact of the contemptuous way in which the only paper that has taken the side opposed to independence, or even the contemplation of it, has treated it. Several weeks ago, in advance, we believe, of remarks by any other paper in the Province, we briefly expressed the conviction, irresistibly forced home, that to independence the Dominion was drifting, and certainly in the days that have since intervened nothing has occurred to change our opinion, but very much to strengthen it. Now, whether such convictions are well or ill founded, a fair, calm and intelligent discussion of the question can do no harm, and we venture to suggest to the *Morning News* that its disengenious attempts to bluff off a discussion will do harm, as, at least, it will excite the suspicion that there are no arguments to use against "Independence." Admitting even the *possibility* that such a change in our political destiny waits in the future, that possibility imperatively demands such a consideration of the change as shall prepare the minds of the people for it. Of hasty action, resulting in great organic changes, we have had enough, and the longer the people talk over, ponder upon and weigh, the promises of the future, the better for them. Let the change, when it comes, come as the result, to a large extent, of the sober wish and will of the people not of the sudden action, and, perhaps, interested will of politicians. The warmest friends of Confederation now see that that consumation was reached too hastily. The St. John press treated with indifference, or made party quarrels, or gave forth utterances vacilating and uncertain, over the Intercolonial Railway question, until the Railway was lost to the best route. And now the policy of the *News*, if pursued, will simply retard that full and free discussion which might educate the people for their manifest destiny, and they may wake up some fine morning to find the Dominion independent, with a form of government, and system of control, about the inauguration of which their judgments and their wishes have had nothing to do. If the blind are led by the blind they will both fall into the pit.

Hon. W. P. Fessenden, one of the first politicians and most eloquent speakers of Maine, paid this Town a visit on Friday of last week. He came here accompanied by several leading gentlemen of Houlton, among whom were L. Pierce, Esq., L. Powers, Esq., Hon. George Cary, A. H. Fogg, Esq., and Theo. Cary, Esq., of the *Times*. The raid of this formidable party was a peaceful one, yet they came to spy out the goodliness of our land, and returned, we are pleased to believe, convinced that we have here a tract of Country which for agricultural and mineral resources, for beauty of scenery and adaptation for manufacturing is one to be proud of. It was Mr. Fessenden's first visit here, and he appeared inspired with the belief that Maine would lose nothing by having New Brunswick annexed to her. The party visited the gardens of Hon. Mr. Connell, and drove out to Upper Woodstock, regretting that time would not permit them to extend their visitation to Jacksontown and other points of interest. Our American friends who came here can scarcely fail to regard our Town with a degree of interest approaching to what Artemus Ward would call a "hankering arter it," as here is, or would be, were it a part of Maine, the natural outlet for the trade of Aroostook County. Well, we can't help our friends admiring our situation—it should increase our own satisfaction with the position—but we are not ready yet for a surrender to the "Stars and Stripes," but are ready for such a system of trade relations as might give them the use of our river and our soil too for the passage of their trade to the sea.

☞ The *Scoodic Times* is quite jubilant over the alleged success which Mr. Abbott, a Lawyer of ability from Charlotte County, had in his encounter with our Mr. Fisher at the late sitting of the County Court here. Not having been present at the Court aforesaid, we can't express an opinion as to the comparative ability of the two gentlemen at intellectual thrust and parry, but it is complimentary to Mr. Abbott if he was able to hold his own against the keen ability of Mr. Fisher. The *Times* says Mr. Abbott has been invited to take up his residence in Carleton County. We are glad to welcome new comers, but would fain hope there is no room nor necessity here for another Lawyer. Law is a noble profession when its members regard it as such and ennoble it. Lawyers—honorable, talented, and high minded Lawyers—are a blessing; but as the man said, whose wife had twins, we don't care to be blessed to death; and the success of even the worthiest Lawyers is not an indication of the "good time coming" when there will be nought for the disciples of Blackstone and Chitty to do in Courts of Justice.

☞ We did not see the *Acadian* of week before last or we should have noticed the interesting facts stated by it with respect to the operations of the New Brunswick Stave Company, of which the Editor of our contemporary is a member. Thirteen thousand dollars of stock have been allotted. The Company still retain $8,000 of stock, of which they propose to dispose of $3,000 at par "to certain persons," the remaining $5,000 is not to be "disposed of at par, if at all." The Company's Factory at Newcastle is in operation with a Rotary Saw, Clapboard Machine, and Brush and Handle machinery in operation. 50,000 brush handles have been shipped direct to London, and 50,000 more will be shipped in a short time.

The *Acadian* intimates that the Company have in view the establishing of a Stave Company in or near this Town. The Directors of the Company for the year are T. W. Longstaff, W. W. Hammond, Jas. Edgar, Woodstock, and C. J. Davis, Z. R. Everett, Fredericton. T. W. Longstaff is President, and Jas. Edgar, Secretary.

☞ The second Atlantic Telegraph having been laid, an American cable is now talked of. The French cable, the laying of which has just been successfully accomplished, reaches from Brest to the Island of St. Pierre, off the Coast of Newfoundland, from whence it is now extended to Massachusetts.

The "Great Eastern" was built to prove an utter failure for the purpose contemplated, but as if working under an inspiration, her proprietors had prepared a vessel just such as was required for Atlantic cable laying, and consequently she has proved a great success. The project of connecting the two Continents by a submerged wire, over whith the Electric battery could send its lightning, was regarded as chimerical, but it succeeded, only, in the minds of some, to prove a great losing speculation; but it pays well, and now the second—or in fact the third cable has been submerged, and still another is already agitated. A wonderful age we live in, and one of wonderous developments.

☞ At last meetiug of the Presbytery of St. John, in connection with the Church of Scotland, held in Portland, St. John, on the 21st July, it was appointed that Divine Worship shall be conducted (D. V.) in St. John's Church, McKenzie's Corner, Richmond, by the following Clergymen, viz:—

On the 8th Aug., 1869, by the Rev. Geo. J. Caie, Portland, St. John.

On the 22nd Aug., by the Rev. Mr. Keay, St. Andrews.

On the 5th Sep., by the Rev. Mr. McDonald, Fredericton.

On the 19th Sep., by the Rev. Mr. Fogo, Nashwaak.

On the 3rd Oct., by the Rev. Dr. Brook, Fredericton.

On the 17th Oct., by the Rev. Dr. Donald, St. John.

☞ Perhaps our neighbor of the *Pioneer* can name the "number of ably conducted Journals" in this Province who favor annexation to the United States. We know of but one that does so undisguisedly, and we admit that one is an ably conducted Journal. We presume the change proposed would benefit our journalists more than any other class of persons, but being in sympathy with the "honest, hard working, self supporting masses," a majority of them can not advise the change. Of *course* "salaried officials" and newspapers that print what the government need printed, have no appreciation of that high toned patriotism which the *Pioneer* kindly indulges in for the benefit of the poor provincialists.

☞ Mr. Price, while clearing out the cellar of an old house which he is putting a new foundation under, on the south side of the bridge, found, on Saturday last, a box containing a number of skeleton keys in various stages of completion, and some brass keys. The house was occupied at one time by Patrick Dinnin, whose name was notorious in this County a year or two ago.

☞ It is said the present Attorney General is shortly to be elevated to a Judgeship, and there is a good deal being said as to who his successor will be as Law Officer. Mr. Botsford, Mr. King and Mr. Needham are severally mentioned in the connection.

Mr. Needham has certainly the advantage in point of legal and political experience, and the latter is an important want, we should judge, in the present government. These claims, with the fact that he represents York, will not be overlooked in making the selection.

☞ The Ladies of "All Saints Church," St. Andrews, intend holding a Bazaar in Goves' Hall, on Tuesday, 10th August next. Special Trains, we believe, will run from Woodstock to accommodate all who desire to go down. Preparations are being made for a fine time. We should have noticed this before, but owing to an oversight it was neglected.

☞ It appears certain that Hon. Mr. Rose, Finance Minister of the Dominion, has resigned his seat in the government. The papers are anxiously discussing who his successor will be. Probably Sir Alexander Galt is the coming man. Mr. Rose has, doubtless, been influenced in his decision by the fate of his Bank bill last session, and it is questionable whether Mr. Galt's financial policy will prove any more satisfactory to the country.

A fearful tragedy occurred on the Erie Railroad, at a place called Mast Hope, on Wednesday, 14th July. Sixteen persons were killed, of whom eight were roasted to death. A freight train at the station was not switched off sufficiently, and the regular passenger train from New York ran into the rear of it with a result as stated. Among the victims was, as termed by the New York Herald, the amiable, learned and ever-genial gentleman, Rev. B. B. Hallock, of New York. The manner of his death is thus described:—

"Death, however, did its chief share of havoc before applying the torch to finish its ghastly work; but horror of horrors! what a fate was that reserved for poor Dr. Hallock. Not a scratch marked him when the collision occurred. He was in the foremost sleeping coach, and was violently pitched forward into the tangled mass of broken woodwork, but received no injury.—Worse than injury, however, he found himself, in all his strength and sensibility, locked up in the heavy beams that made the floor frames of the dismantled cars. The dreadful fire from beneath flared up suddenly around him. Men with blanched and bewildered faces stood upon the track or rushed frantically to and fro, crying, "Is there no help for Dr. Hallock?" The fire shot out with the intensity of a furnace, and triumphantly defied any man to approach and rescue the victims within its grasp. Above the crackling roar the firm and intrepid voice of the doctor, in the midst of his remarkable agony, was heard to exclaim to the men around the scene, 'I am not injured; but I cannot escape.' All that could be done by the people of Mast Hope who flocked to the depot to give assistance failed to save the ill-fated doctor; but it is at least consoling to know he went down to his appaling doom with all the lofty fortitude and resignation of a Christian."

☞ The Governor General recently, at Quebec, made a speech which is alike quoted by the newspapers, advocating "Independence," as being our future, and by those who scout the idea, as favoring their respective opinions. We think His Excellency, without, very properly, committing himself to a decided opinion, indicated plainly that the policy of Britain was Colonial Independence.

☞ An attentive correspondent of Queensbury informs us that a little son of Mr. James Hallett, 3 years old, near Bear Island, was severely and nearly fatally wounded by his afflicted father on Saturday last. The little fellow was at play, screened behind a shawl hanging upon a clothes line, when the father, who was mowing on the other side, and not knowing of the child's being so near, swept the scythe under the shawl and cut the boy's leg into the bone.—Dr. Matt attended the sufferer, and he is recovering.

☞ Reiffenstein, the defaulting clerk at Ottawa, has been released on bail and made tracks for the United States. This release has given rise to a good deal of discussion, and created suspicions that it has been effected in order to avoid disclosures that his trial would bring out. Perhaps, however, he will return for trial. We shall see. The bail is only $10,000, and the Ottawa *Times* says that in taking it two Magistrates acted on their own responsibility.

☞ The St. John Paris Crew won the four oared boat race at Lachine, by many lengths.

☞ We have pleasure in calling attention to the Card of Mr. W. H. Olive, St. John, who will, we are assured, give entire satisfaction to any one who may command his services as a Custom House, Forwarding or Commission Agent.

☞ A Dr. Skelton, of London, England, submitted to a fine for neglecting to vaccinate his children; he expressed conscientious objections to vaccination, believing that results very serious and terrible followed the system.

☞ Henry Ward Beecher says, "Early Marriages are permanent moralities, and deferred marriages are temptatious to wickedness."

☞ There will be Preaching in the Orange Hall to-morrow (Sunday) at 3 and 6½ o'clock, by Elder Tozier.

☞ The *Reporter* says that one of the Mills, near Fredericton, has been compelled to shut down for want of logs, and that others will likely have to suspend operations for the same lack of raw material. Logs are also said to be scarce in St. John, although the price thus far has not ruled high, still logs have been worth more relatively, than deals.

We have had some glorious weather this week for the growing crops. A fine admixture of the warm and sultry with splendid penetrating showers. Unless in so far as the rain has interfered with hay making it is capital.

☞ Mr. Tomlinson, the well known builder of Grand Falls Bridge, has just completed a bridge across the Missouri, at Kansas City, that cost over a million of dollars. On its completion Mr. Tomlinson was the recipient from the employees of a gold watch.

Read advertisement of S. R. Raymond, relating to the "Hilton Fruit Jar." This is a late and valuable patent, and worthy the attention of Housekeepers.

☞ Prices as quoted by the last *Courier*, at St. Stephen, are as follows in the articles in which our farmers are most interested—in United States currency:—

Flour from $7.50 to $12.50; Corn per bushel, $1.05; Oats, 75 a 85; Hay, $22 a $25; Molasses, 25 a 60; Beef per lb., 12 a 14; Butter, 25 a 28; Eggs, 18 a 20; Mutton, 10 a 12; Potatoes, 40 a 50.

☞ The *Acadian Recorder* deplores a continued exodus of unparalleled character from Nova Scotia to the United States.

☞ Hon. Mr. Tilley has reached Nova Scotia.

☞ The Classes in the Woodstock College, Male and Female, will be re-opened on Monday, the 9th day of August.

An American Exchange makes the following sensible remarks, not more applicable in principle to the United States than to this Dominion:

"Attachment to party, whether right or wrong, is a peculiar and dangerous characteristic of the American people. It is dangerous because it leads men to sanction all kinds of corruption, at the behest of party, and to do things subversive of right and civil liberty. Is any great and needed reform proposed, the first questions asked are, will it benefit my party, or will its advocacy injure my party? If the latter is answered in the affirmative the highest interests of society and of humanity are sacrificed that party may not be injured."

To Rev. A. W. Nicolson, Chaplain of Woodstock, Lodge of F. and A. M.

Dear Sir and Brother,—Having heard with regret that you are removing from amongst us, and as this, perhaps, is the last time you will sit as Chaplain in this Lodge, we cannot allow such an opportunity to pass without giving expression to those feelings of friendship and fraternal love, which we are sure are felt towards you, not only by the Brethren of Woodstock Lodge, but by every member of the Craft wherever you are known. The esteem in which you are held by your brethren, and the high value they place upon your qualities as a Mason, a Gentleman, a Christian, and a Preacher of the Gospel, are best evinced by this Lodge being called together in this special manner to bid you farewell. While we low submisively to that Providence that calls you hence, we cannot but remember that your removal deprives us of the service of a Chaplain, the counsels of a Friend, and the sympathies of a Brother. We shall miss your instruction and christian admonitions, and your bright example in the every day walks of life.

As a memento of our respect, and as a slight recognition of the many valuable services you have rendered Woodstock Lodge, we beg you to accept the accompanying testimonial. We present it not on account of its intrinsic value, but as an offering of fraternity and friendship. Long may you live to wear it; and may it recall to your memory the faces of those who now bid you good-bye. May the Great Architect of the Universe watch over and protect you. And although we may never again meet in an earthly Lodge, we pray that the Great Grand Master above will so guide and regulate our actions, that, at last, we may be permitted to sit in His Divine presence in the never ending Grand Lodge on high

On behalf of the Brethren,
We are
Fraternally yours,
Stephen B. Appleby, W. M.
Randolph K. Jones, S. W.
Wm. M. Connell, J. W.

REPLY:

To the Worshipful Master, Senior and Junior Wardens, and other Members of the Woodstock Lodge of F. and A. M.:

Esteemed Brethren,—Your Address and Testimonial have been to me altogether unexpected. My presence and position in your Lodge were invariably in accordance with those convictions of duty by which I hope ever to be governed. Our fellow men have claims on us which cannot be ignored without injury to society. That those claims may be met most faithfully and successfully in a Lodge of F. and A. M., is now, to my mind, beyond a doubt.—I entered your Lodge to do good; you will believe me, Brothers, when I say your testimony to me in regard to my very imperfect services is cheering and refreshing.

A Mason by family-ties, and for long years—from practical observation—a Mason by sympathy, it was but natural and proper that a direct and intimate connection should be secured between myself and the Brotherhood. I shall never regret that the connection was first consummated in the Woodstock Lodge.

I am more than ever convinced that Masonry has a mission, and is under the guidance of Providence. Let us be true to our principles and constitution. The charity to which we are so often provoked, and ever bound to exemplify, is a beautiful grace and quite as christian like as any of the higher principles of the present morality.

Your kind memento I shall ever cherish for the motives which have led to its presentation and the benevolence of those at whose hands I have received it.

Brothers, Farewell! A few hours will separate up in person; but in heart and sympathy we shall remain united. I join with you in the fervent desire that in the Temple above we may all find an eternal resting place.

I am, in real affection,
Your grateful Brother,
A. W. NICOLSON.

Woodstock, July 21, 1869.

The following is a reply to an address presented by the Baptist association of the Province, recently in session, at Jemseg, to the Lieut. Governor:—

REPLY.

Gentlemen—It is especially gratifying to me to receive the truly fraternal congratulations of your "Association," and I thank you for them.

My heart responds to your claim of a higher relationship than that which is merely denominational. Divisional lines and marks may serve the purpose of a more complete sectional organization, but they give no material strength in the hour of conflict.

Glorious have been the victories won by your church in the various parts of the world, but they were won by you as a part of "the militant embodied Host" "not by might nor by power," but by the aid of the Holy Spirit.

I have some very agreeable memories of happy seasons, when in my early youth I attended with my honored father the ministrations of Harding, and Harris, and Dunbar, in the old Baptist church of this city; and from that time to the present I have numbered among my most sincere friends many members of your communion.

We all have reason to be thankful for our civil and religious liberty. It was not without a struggle that the present state of religious equality was established in this Province, and I thank you for your very favorable notice of the part which I bore in assisting to bring about the present state of things; but we are as much indebted for the result to our invaluable Representative Institutions as to the personal efforts of any individual, and when constitutional government was once inaugurated our victory was complete.

Without an improper departure from the spirit of the occasion, may I not express to you my opinion that we have, under God, a magnificent future before us, worthy of the greatest efforts of the British American mind.

Shall we by loyalty to our country, and a wise administration of our government lay the foundation of a future Empire, exalted by righteousness, inflexible in its justice, strong in the affections of the people, and living in all good neighborhood with our friends beside us, only emulous to excel each other in the amenities and courtesies of national intercourse, and in the cultivation of all that can exalt and refine the national character, sedulously developing our boundless resources of wealth, and opening from ocean to ocean another highway for commerce and civilization, or shall we prove to be laggards, and so lost to every feeling of national pride and self-reliance as to be unfaithful to our great trust, and allow our birthright to pass into other hands? Let us one and all resolve to be true to our country.

Next to the cause of Christianity, which must ever stand foremost as the noblest which can occupy the mind, and employ the talents of man, is that of Education. We want intellectual culture and moral refinement—the education which combines greatness and goodness. It was truly said by one of the old English divines that "Many that are well learned are ill-taught, have a good head and a bad heart Learning and virtue are excellent company, but they do not always meet." As the public mind of this Province is now being directed towards the question of popular education, most sincerely and earnestly do I ask the aid of your influential body in the good cause, and may it soon be said of our Province that "there is a school for every child, and that every child fit to be taught is at school."

We cannot afford to be indifferent on this great question; and in order to the future supply of our higher institutions of learning we must complete and keep in successful operation a thorough system of preparatory schools.

It is my good fortune to be associated with constitutional advisers who are of one mind on this great subject, and who are well inclined to do all they can for the education of the youth of the country.

Be assured that the principles which have directed me in the past shall be my guide for the future. And it will be a source of consolation to me, during the short time of the present life which remains to me, to know that my public efforts to advance the interests of my native Province have merited the commendation of those whose good opinions I most highly value.

I thank you for your prayers on behalf of Mrs. Wilmot and myself; and in the spirit of fraternal love most sincerely do I pray that the great head of the church may abundantly bless and prosper you in all your efforts for the extension of the Redeemer's kingdom.

A deputation from the Ladies in Richmond, Belonging to the Presbyterian Church in New Brunswick, in connection with the Church of Scotland, waited upon the Rev. James Kidd, on the 28th inst., and presented him upon his departure from this Province with a valuable purse of gold, accompanied with the following

ADDRESS:

To the Reverend James Kidd, A. M.

Dear Sir.—A number of your friends, anticipating your early removal from your present charge in this Parish, and participating in the sincere sorrow and warm affection which your departure has called forth, desire to give some tangible proof of these feelings.

Will you be pleased, therefore, to accept this purse as a small memorial of a profitable and happy intercourse between Pastor and people now about to be severed.

All things earthly pass away and perish, but these are memories not to be forgotten. These are ties above the lapse of change, and in memory of your faithful and arduous labours for our spiritual and eternal good, our prayers will follow you that "He who changes not may ever guide you by His counsel, and afterwards receive you into Glory.

On behalf of the Ladies who originated this movement, I have the honor to subscribe myself.

MRS. HUNTER.

Richmond 28th July 1869.

REPLY.

Mrs. Hunter, and the other Ladies of this deputation:—It has always afforded me much satisfaction to meet with yourselves personally, and with all the other members of my flock on every occasion, during the long period of time I have now been living among you, whether in the house of God on the Sabbath day, or at your ordinary affairs during the week,—whether at the bridal festival, or in the chamber of death,—but on this particular occasion, through your extreme indulgence in thus visiting me and presenting me with this unlooked for, but much appreciated and valuable, mark of respect, I cannot refrain from expressing in words to you the feelings which oftentimes before this filled my heart to you for your kindness. I therefore now express the very deep obligations you have often laid my gratitude under to you for the many encouragements and assistances I have received from you all, while endeavouring to perform my Pastoral duties in this parish; and the very able assistance of you, Mrs. Hunter, in the Sabbath School, justly deserves especial mention, but in regard to our present meeting, I thank you all sincerely for your very gratifying Address, and for this golden gift accompanying it. Not only for its own intrinsic value, which is very considerable, but more especially as both represent the exposition of your own friendly feelings and those of the many contributors of this purse of money to me. And I must also say, that the Minister whose lot is cast to labour among so kind people as you have all been to me has much to encourage him to persevere in the work of the Lord, although his duty may sometimes be hard in being performed. Our time on earth is but short, and very uncertain, and we have to employ it well to His glory who gave Himself for us—following Him as He directs us by His word and spirit,—but wherever my steps in after life may be led I shall ever cherish a warm remembrance of you all, and my prayer at the throne of grace now is, and ever shall be, that you all may be continually rich with the manifold abundance of God's blessings, that the golden dew of His grace and love may ever water your souls, and that at last where He is you may be also.

JAMES KIDD.

EDITORIAL ITEMS

Chicago has been under the weather so long that the papers are glad to be able to state that "it hasn't rained for a quarter of an hour."

We presume the farmers will take it as an especial favor when we tell them they can sell their spare wool and wool skins to our neighbors, Messrs. Davis, Parsons & Dickinson, for the cash. Call and see them.

A want has been felt and expressed by Physicians, for a safe and reliable purgative; such a want is now supplied in "Parsons' Purgative Pills."

Henry K. Bond, of Jefferson, Maine, was cured of spitting of blood, soreness and weakness of the stomach, by the use of "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment."

Sprains of every description are relieved by Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment, which speedily takes out the soreness, restoring a healthy circulation to the injured parts. Any kind of inflammation is allayed by its use.

For reducing inflamation there is no preparation before the public equal to Graham's Pain Eradicator. Pain arising from irritation of the nerves will be more rapidly removed by this than by any other combination known to medical science. Give it a trial.

Several of our country merchants strongly recommend Dr. Wilson's Cramp and Pain Reliever to the public as an article of great virtue, and to say they never knew a medicine to become so popular in so short a time.

Telegraphic News.

London, July 22.—The *Times* this morning in an editorial says the Ministry has decided to preserve the Irish Church Bill, in spite of the majority against it in the House of Lords. Therefore the conclusion is, the *Times* continues, that the differences between the Houses in respect to the preamble and 68th article, do not offer an insuperable obstacle to the passage of the Bill. Another dreadful colliery explosion occurred yesterday in St. Helens, a few miles east of Liverpool. Over 30 persons were killed outright, and 60 more or less injured.

London, July 22—Ev'ng.—The English Ministry has decided to preserve the Irish Church Bill, notwithstanding the heavy vote against it on Tuesday, and to-night it was brought up in the House of Lords for further action. The debate which ensued revealed the fact that a compromise had been effected, both parties seeming to be agreed that the differences concerning the preamble and the 68th clause shall not be an insuperable obstacle to the passage of the Bill. The reported entrance of Don Carlos into Spain is confirmed. General precautions are being taken by Government.

New York, July 23.—The French cable expedition has arrived off Duxbury, Mass., and will probably be landed to-day.

London, July 23.—The loss of life by the explosion at St. Helen's colliery yesterday was much greater than at first reported. Fifty-eight dead bodies have been taken from the pit. The political situation in France remains unchanged. The Ministry has submitted to the Emperor a decree of the Senate concerning the proposed reforms, which that body, as soon as it assembles, will doubtless be called upon to promulgate. The opposition deputies have not yet settled upon their mode of action.

London, July 23—Ev'ng.—A compromise has been effected between the Lords and Commons on the Irish Church Bill, and amendments adopted satisfactory to the Ministery. The Prince of Wales unveiled the Peabody Statue near the Exchange to-day with imposing ceremonies. Mr. Motley, the Lord Mayor, and Miss Burdett Coutts were among the spectators present. An immense crowd witnessed the ceremony. Ishmail Pasha unexpectedly sailed to-day from Marseilles for Alexandria. It is rumored that a rupture with the Sultan is the cause of his departure.

London, July 25.—The Spanish Government has promulgated martial law throughout the country. A detachment of Carlist insurgents had been defeated by Government troops.

Montreal, July 25.—At the Lachine regetta yesterday the Pathfinder won the open boat race. The single scull race was won easily by Walter Brown of Boston. Time 13.28. Fulton of the St. John crew did not start. The four-rigged race was won by the Emmets of Toronto, the four-oared out-rigged race was won by the St. John crew. About six thousand persons present. New York July 26.—Gold 136 5-8.

London, July 26.—The "Great Eastern" arrived at Brest to-day from Miquelon. A despatch from Constantinople states that Egypt is arming extensively. It is rumored that a treaty has been concluded between France, Austria, and Italy, whereby the latter, in case of war, is to support France with a contingent of 50,000 troops, and occupy Viterbo. It is also rumored that Prussia has offered the Pope 12,000 men if the French forces evacuate Rome.

London, July 26—Midniget.—A collision occurred in the Baltic last night between two steamers both belonging to Hull. One of the vessels was sunk and 23 of her passengers and crew drowned. In the House of Lords to-night Royal assent was given to the Irish Church Bill. In the House of Commons the announcement that Royal assent had been given to the Irish Church Bill was received with cheers. The Telegraph Purchase Bill was passed in Committee. The House of Lords has passed the Endowed School Bill. The *Times* to-day refers to the effect of disestablishment as follows: "The Irish Church now knows what it is and what it can do, and for the first time in its history has a real honest independent character." New York, July 27.—Gold 137 1-8.

London, July 27.—A fault has been discovered in the 1866 cable, 135 miles from Valentia. Mr. Gladstone is sick and was unable to attend the House of Commons last evening. Parliament has been prorouged to the 10th of August. The interest in the Harvard and Oxford boat race exceeds that of the annual University contest. The betting is in favour of Oxford. The ocean race of the Royal Yorkshire Yacht Club for prizes valued at £100 was won by the "Cambria."

London, July 27—Ev'ng.—Baron Von Beust, Austrian Prime Minister, in a speech to the Hungarian delegation, declared that he had honestly striven to establish more cordial relations with Prussia, but his efforts not having been met in a similar spirit he had been unsuccessful.

New York, July 18.—Advices from Cuba announce the promulgation of a conscription order in Trinidad. Canadian advices state that a conference for the settlement of a basis of arbitration between the Dominion and the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario, is in session at Montreal.—Gold 136 ½

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 27th inst., by Rev. J. Cassidy, Mr. James Scott, of Wakefield, to Miss Caroline McLellan, of Richmond.

On the 21st inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. S. Bernard, Mr. William James Gillespie, of Knowlesville, to Isabella, only daughter of Mr. Daniel McIntosh, of Glassville.

New Advertisements.

REDUCED PRICES
AT
"BRITISH HOUSE."

I WILL sell, commencing this day (Saturday) 31st July, and continuing until further notice, my entire stock of SHAWLS, comprising Lace, Paisley, Tissue; Cashmere, Barege; Black Thibet, Silk Trimmed; White Canton Crape, Colored Crape, Black Crape, Black Satin, with other varieties of Shawls at a discount of twenty-five per cent. Ladies wishing to purchase Shawls will save one fourth the value by buying at BRITISH HOUSE.
Woodstock, July 30, 1869.

Threshing Machines!

WE are now manufacturing at our shop, in Woodstock, a large number of the
Most Approved Pattern
OF
THRESHING MACHINES.
We made a number of these Machines last year, and from the testimonials received from good judges, feel confident that our Machines this year will be superior to any ever offered in this market before.
We have made some valuable improvements in these Machines, which make them SUPERIOR to any imported Machines.
Partiee wishing to purchase, are invited to call and see for *themselves*. All Orders by mail promptly attended to.
We exhibited our Machines at the Carleton County Fair last fall, and received a premium af forty dollars, and the following resolution.
Resolved,—That the Threshing Machine manufactured and exhibited by Messrs. Small & Fisher Bros, at the annual show of the Carleton County Agricultural Society, in Oct., 1868, meets our entire approval, and we have great pleasure in recommending it to the Public as a good and efficient Machine.
Unanimously passed by the members of the Society, at a meeting held on the 8th Oct., 1868.
H. E. DIBBLEE, Pres.
A. KEARNEY, Sec.
SMALL & FISHER BROS.
Woodstock July, 29th 1869—t f.

The Best Thing Out!

Hilton's Fruit Jars,
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
For sale at RAYMOND'S SHOE SHOP, Woodstock.
July 30, 1869.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Subscriber, are requested to present the same for payment, and all persons indebted to him, are hereby notified, that their accounts, if not settled before the fifteenth day of August next, will be placed in an Attorney's hands for collection, as I intend leaving Woodstock in a few weeks.
D. T. WHEELER.
Woodstock, July 28, 1869, 3 in.

NOTICE.

ALL parties having bills unpaid, if not paid before the 10th of August, will be left in the hands of a Magistrate for collection.
MISS WATSON, Milliner.
Woodstock, July 29th, 1869, 3 in, pd.

NEW STORE.

HAVING taken the Store, formerly occupied by Samuel Jewett, adjoining the store of C. Connell Esq., opposite the Cable House, I will keep
Flour, Pork, Fish,
Salt, Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Raisins, and all kinds of Groceries generally kept in a first class Grocery Store.
Also a choice lot of Confectionery, in great varieties, Glass Ware and Crockery.
Received this day by rail 50 bbls. Flour & Corn Meal.
WANTED.
500,000 Cedar & Pine Shingles; the Highest market prices will be paid, also Butter & Eggs.
C. H. McINDOE.
Woodstock, July 29, 1869, 6 f.

Caution.

ALL persons are hereby forbid purchasing or negotiating a note of hand drawn by me, dated July 15th, instant, in favor of Silvester Paterson, for $9.00, and payable three months after date, as I have received no value for the same.
his
PERES ⋈ SMITH.
mark.
Upper Wicklow, July 20, 1869—31

Bazaar at St. Anrdews.

THE Ladies of *ALL SAINTS CHURCH*, St. Andrews, will hold a BAZAAR in
C. M. Gove Esq.'s Hall,
ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 10TH.
Dinner and Refreshments at moderate charges will be provided for all who visit to partake; various amusements on the Green.
A Velocipede Race, &c. &c.
Arrangements for a Regatta are in contemplation.
Excursion Trains will ran from Woodstock

Express Line.

RIVER SAINT JOHN!

Day and Evening Steamers for Fredericton.

CONNECTING with Steamers of the INTERCOLONIAL LINE to and from Portland and Boston, and with the Steamers running to and from Woodstock and the Upper Saint John.
Until further notice the Steamer ROTHESAY will leave Indiantown for Fredericton every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY Morning, at 9 o'clock. Returning from Fredericton on alternate days, leaving at same hour.
THE STEAMER OLIVE will leave Indiantown for Fredericton on the evenings of TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock. Returning from Fredericton on alternate evenings at same hour.
A careful and attentive Agent is always in attendance at the Warehouse of this Line at Indiantown to receive Freight and sign bills of lading.
☞ Passengers for Portland, Boston and New York are informed that by purchasing through Tickets, which are to be had on board the above steamers, a considerable reduction from ordinary rates is made.
☞ Tickets at a reduced rate for Buffalo, Chicago, and all points West, for sale at the office of this Line.
ENOCH LUNT,
41 Dock street, St. John, N. B.
July, 1869

JULY 20, 1869!

ALBION HOUSE!

JUST RECEIVED,
5 Cases and Bales of
SEASONABLE GOODS,
COMPRISING
PRINTS, VELVETEENS,
Ribbons, Gloves,
COLLARS,
Dress Goods,
BLACK VELVET SACKS.
5 Pieces 7-4 Barages,
For suits, will be sold at half price,
1000 yds. Bonnet Ribbons,
AT HALF PRICE,
Blue & White Warps,
Saint John manufacture, warranted good,
JOHN THOMAS.
Fredericton, July 27, 1869.

WOODSTOCK
Pleasure Grounds Association.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors at a meeting on the 22nd July, inst., made a call of twenty-five per centum on the Stock subscribed in this association, payable on the sixteenth day of August next, to the Treasurer, M. McGuirk, Esq., at his Store, Town of Woodstock, County of Carleton.
Dated 22nd July, 1869.
By order of the Board.
JAMES EDGAR.
2 in. Secretary W. P. G. A.

FOUND.

ON Friday, 23rd inst., on the Houlton road, near Woodstock, a portmonaie, containing a small sum of money, and some other articles. The owner can have the same by proving property, and paying expenses, on application to Mr. Hugh Hay, Woodstock.
Woodstock, July 27th, 1869—2 in.

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders will be received by S. A. Smith, of Jacksonville, up to August the 14th, for the purpose of building a wall under the Baptist Meeting House at the same place. Specification to be seen at the store of S. A. Smith, Jacksonville.
By order of the committee.
B. N. HUGHES.
Jacksonville, July 27th, 1869—2 in.

JULY 20.

WHITE Satin Ribbons;
Black Satin Ribbons;
White Blond Laces;
White Ball Fringe.
Just received
THOMAS LOGAN,
Successor to Sheraton & Co
Fredericton, July 28, 1869

ORGANDIES, French Grenadines and Muslins, a very fine assortment, at
P. McPEAKE'S.
Fredericton, July 28, 1869

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S
PIANO-FORTE FACTORY!
Constantly on hand at the
Piano-forte Warerooms,
NO. 5 SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
MARKET SQUARE.
AN assortment of the above celebrated make of PIANO-FORTES, which are universally acknowledged the Best Piano Forte Manufactured, by the first Musical Talent of Boston and elsewhere.
*** An Inspection respectfully solicited.
st. john july 24 A. LAURILLIARD.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

JUST RECEIV