The Carleton Sentinel.

SAMUEL & JAMES WATTS,] Our Queen and Constitution. [Editors & Proprietors.

VOL. XXIII.—NO. 6. WOODSTOCK, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1871. WHOLE NO.—1152.

Professional Cards.

DOCTOR SMITH
Has Removed his Drug Shop to
QUINN'S NEW BUILDING,
MAIN STREET,
Two doors South of B. Lynch's New Store,

WHERE his stock of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, HORSE MEDICINES, STATIONERY, BOOKS, and FANCY GOODS, will be found equal in quality and as low in price as any in the market.
Woodstock, Feb 5, 1869

Dr. C. P Connell,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.
Office and Residence, next to Honorable Charles Connell's.

STEPHEN SMITH, M. D.
Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur
Has removed his residence, to his new Building, two doors north of the Episcopal Church, Main Street.
OFFICE—In Quinn's New Building, Main Street.
Woodstock, April 29 1865.

N. R. COLTER, M. D.,
(L. R. C. P. L., ENGLAND,)
Office and Residence, GIBSON HOUSE.

DR. COLTER has held public appointments in Medicine and Surgery at St. Thomas' Hospital, London. Consultation as above.
Woodstock, Feb. 7, 1868—3m-pd-7

Dr. REYNOLDS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
CENTRAL OFFICE:
UPPER CORNER, WOODSTOCK.
RESIDENCE—Mr. Archibald Plummer's, Jacksontown Road. [22-tf.]

WILLIAM M. CONNELL
Attorney at Law, Solicitor Conveyancer,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
INSURANCE AGENT, &c.
6m WOODSTOCK, N B.

STEPHEN B. APPLEBY
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE—In Allen's Brick Building, (up stairs).
WOODSTOCK, N. B
[34]

SAMUEL J. BAKER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Solicitor, Conveyancer, &c.
ANDOVER, Victoria County, N. B.
(Mouth of Tobique River.)
RESIDENCE—At Newcomb's Hotel.
[9]

James Edgar,
BARRISTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR,
CONVEYANCER, &c.
OFFICE,—Brown's Brick Building, opposite Cable House, Woodstock, N. B.
January 27, 1870—5

HUGH DAVIS, JR.,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Pine, Spruce, Butternut, Bass, Hemlock, Birch and Ash Lumber.
Bills of Scantling Sawed to Order.
CLAPBOARDS SAWED BY THE THOUSAND, AND FOR SALE.
Mills and Lumber Yard
At the Railway Station.
Woodstock, N. B., 1870—1y-7.

Donaldson House,
Late Caldwell or International Hotel.

THIS HOUSE is New, pleasantly situated, near the Steamboat Wharf, furnished in Good Style and will be kept as a
First-Class Hotel.
ROBERT DONALDSON, - Proprietor.
Woodstock, N. B., April 1870—15

HIRAM SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Buggies, Waggons and Sleighs,
ALL MANNER OF
REPAIRING;
Painting, Trimming and Blacksmith Work Promptly attended to.
Jacksonville, April 15, 1870.—16.

LONG'S HOTEL,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
THOS. W. SMITH, Proprietor.
First Class Accommodation for
Transient and Permanent Boarders,
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
Good Stabling, and a Careful Hostler always in attendance.
Fredericton, July 2, 1868—27.

AMERICAN HOUSE
C. F. ESTEY, PROPRIETOR
39 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
☞ Good Stabling on the premises. [20]

PARK HOTEL,
KING SQUARE......ST. JOHN.
H. FAIRWEATHER,
Proprietor.
☞ This House is new, is pleasantly situated, furnished in a superior manner and will be kept as a First-Class Hotel. [24]

Carriage Factory!
John & Robert Loane, Proprietors.
Shop, next Building West of Cable House

THE undersigned are prepared to furnish Carriages of every description, made in the most workman-like manner, and from the best materials, at low prices.
Painting, ironing and repairing done, at short notice, and on moderate terms.
Horse shoeing performed in the most careful manner.
Woodstock, March 24, 1870.—1y-13

A FIRST CLASS
HAIR DRESSING,
SHAVING AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
NOW OPEN.

THE subscriber would return thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage hitherto bestowed, since commencing business in Woodstock; he would likewise ask a continuance of such favors, as he is now prepared with enlarged experience and greatly increased facilities, to attend to the various branches of his business, as Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, and Hair Dying. Ladies' Hair cut in the latest style. Particular care given to Cutting Children's Hair.
☞ Razors carefully set.
Shop on Corner Main and King Streets.
GEORGE STAPLES
is a White Barber.
—49

A NEW GRIST MILL!

THE Building formerly used for crushing copper ore, at the Copper Mine, near Abner Bull's, is converted into
A First Class Grist Mill,
which is in complete running order, and can do work that will compare with the Best in the County.
Good returns may be expected. A liberal share of patronage is solicited
J. S. CLEAVES & CO.
Woodstock, April 29, 1870.—18.

Winter Arrangement.
Clark & Davis' Express

WILL, until further notice, leave Woodstock Station every Wednesday at 8.15 a.m.
Leaves Boston every Monday morning at 8 o'clock.
Leaves Railroad Wharf, Portland, every Tuesday at 5 o'clock, p. m.
☞ Money and Freight of every description forwarded with despatch and promptly delivered.
Principal Offices:
57 Kilby Street, corner Water,..........Boston
Eastern Express Company,............Portland
Gould's Block,..........................Houlton
Legal Referee—S. B. Appleby.
G. W. VANWART & CO., Agents.
Woodstock, Dec. 15, 1870

WANTED!
BY
F. A. STEVENSON.
DEALER IN
COUNTRY PRODUCE, &c.,
30,000 Cedar Sleepers,
Woodstock, Dec. 3, 1870.

JOHN C. WINSLOW,
Barrister and Attorney at Law,
FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE AGENT.
OFFICE, in Hon. Charles Connell's Brick Building on Queen Street.
Woodstock, Nov 25, 1870.—1y-48

W. H. OLIVE,
Insurance, Custom House, Forwarding, Commission
AND TICKET AGENT.
TICKETS SOLD
For California and all Points West, via Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad.
For all Points in Canada, via Vermont Central Railroad.
For New York and all Points South, via Fall River, Stonington and Norwich Line.
Office—Head of International S. S. Coy's. Landing, Reed's Point.
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION.
Hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B., Hon. P. Mitchell.
Hon. A. M'L. Seely. Messrs. Jardine & Co.
Hon. Thos. R. Jones. Messrs. Daniel & Boyd
Messrs. I. & F. Burpee & Co. W. O. Smith, Esq
St. John, June 8.—3mos-24.

BARKER HOUSE,
Queen Street, Fredericton.

THE attention of travellers is called to this old and favorite first-class Hotel.
No pains spared to make visitors at home and comfortable.
ROBINSON & COLBY,
Proprietors.
Fredericton, Dec. 9, 1870.—1y-50

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs leave again to remind the public that he
Issues Marriage Licences
at his office, Upper Woodstock, and at the office of James Grover, Esq., at the creek.
B. M. G. GARDEN,
Issuer Marriage Licences.
Woodstock, Dec 2, 1870—4m-49

NOTICE.

L. W. SHERMAN will continue the business of the late firm of SHERMAN & ROBINSON, at the old stand, in his own name and on his own account.
L. W. SHERMAN.
Fredericton, Oct. 1, 1870.

NOTICE
To the Travelling Public!
THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Houlton to Portland & Boston.

PASSENGERS are Ticketed from Houlton to Portland and Boston at the low following rates:
From Houlton to Portland,.....$8 00, Am. Cy.
From " Boston,........10 00, do.
☞ Apply at the EASTERN EXPRESS Office, or to
EBEN WOODBURY.
Or JOHN E. McINTYRE.
Houlton, Feb. 14, 1870—8

Surveying.

THE subscriber would return thanks to his friends and the public for the patronage hitherto bestowed. He would likewise ask a continuance of such favors, as he is new prepared, with enlarged experience and greatly increased facilities to attend to the various branches of his business, as a Surveyor of Lumber.
Parties entrusting Lumber, &c., to his care may rely upon his best attention being given to further their interests. He will also receive and make advances on *LUMBER* at SPRING HILL, when desired.
☞ Office in Hamm's Building.
STEPHEN E. STEVENS,
18—1ypd Indian Town, St. John.

PIANO-FORTE WAREROOMS
Sheffield House.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE PIANOFORTE WAREROOMS, of the Sheffield House have been Enlarged, completely Remodelled and Furnished.
We now offer a large Stock of Pianofortes from the manufactories of
Hallett, Davis & Co.,
and other Celebrated makers.
Persons in want of a good Piano, at a reasonable price are respectfully requested to call and examine the assortment now opened.
st john dec. 1 A. LAURILLIARD,

Fire Insurance Companies

Capital and Cash Assets, -	$17,000,000
Deposited at Ottawa, - - - - -	400,000

ROBERT MARSHALL,
General Agent for New Brunswick.

"IMPERIAL," of London,	Established 1803.
"ÆTNA," of Hartford,	Established 1819.
"HARTFORD," of Hartford,	Established 1810.

Rates moderate, and losses promptly paid.—Dwelling Houses Insured on specially favorable terms.
JOHN T. ALLAN, Agent.
Woodstock, July, 1869,

Fire & Life Insuance Agency.

THE Subscriber is agent for Woodstock and the upper St. John of the
NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co
of Edinburgh and London.
ESTABLISHED 1809.
CAPITAL, - - £2,000,000 stg.
Invested Funds, 1864. £2,304,512, 7s., 10.
AND OF THE
Standard Life Assurance Co.
OF EDENBURGH.
ESTABLISHED, 1825.
Accumulated and Invested Funds over £3,500,000

These Companies are of the most reliable class in Great Britain, and do business on the most reasonable terms, consistent with safety to the insured. As such, I can confidently recommend them to my friends and the public generally, and shall be glad to receive application from those desirous of insuring their property or lives.
JAMES GROVER.
Woodstock, August, 1866.

Business Cards.

WOODSTOCK HOTEL,
RE-OPENED.

BEING thoroughly repaired, refitted, and furnished, is now opened for the accommodation of permanent and transient Boarders. This House being conducted on strictly *TEMPERANCE PRINCIPLES*, the subscriber hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. There is attached to this House a Good Stable and attentive hostler. Charges moderate.
J. MARSHALL, - Proprietor.
Woodstock, May 13, 1870.—20

WILLIAM R. NEWCOMB,
STAGE HOUSE—TOBIQUE.
☞ Comfortable Extras Furnished at the shortest notice for any point. [3

Russell House,
OF
PARK STREET,
NEAR THE
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS,
OTTAWA.
J. A. GOUIN, *Proprietor.*
March 18, 1868—13.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
PORTLAND, Me.,
E. CRAM & CO., Proprietors.

JEWELRY STORE!
REMOVAL!

THE subscribers wish to inform their numerous friends and customers that they have removed to the new and elegant shop, fitted up expressly for their business, next door to the new store of Hon. Wm. Lindsay. They have now on hand a carefully selected tock of
Clocks, Watches, Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware, Fancy Goods,
And a good variety of all such articles as are usually found in a first-class establishment.
All goods warranted to be as represented.—Please call and examine our Goods before sending your orders abroad; you will find us attentive and obliging.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired as usual.
Remember the sign of the BIG WATCH.
BRIDGES, BROTHERS.
Woodstock, August 25, 1869—tf-35

WOODSTOCK MARBLE WORKS

THE business heretofore carried on by the firm of HARVEY & ALMOND, will in future be conducted in this place by the subscriber, as an
IMPORTER OF MARBLE,
AND MANUFACTURER OF
MONUMENTS, TOMB TABLES,
GRAVE STONES, &C.,
Centre, Pier Tables and Mantles,
FREE STONE AND GRANITE CUTTING EXECUTED IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Place of business,—
Main street,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.
☞ Orders filled at the shortest notice and cheapest possible rates. Patronage respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
B. W. HARVEY.
Woodstock, Aug. 20, 1868. 34.

See Here! See Here!!

THE SUBSCRIBER having had a long experience in the business, has opened a
TIN SHOP,
Where he will be pleased to see and supply customers Having on hand at all times, all kinds of work in
TIN AND SHEET IRON,
He cannot fail to give satisfaction
Cotton Rags, Wool, Pewte and Copper, taken for tin-ware.
C. B. CHURCHILL
Woodstock Oc 15 1868—tf-42.

REMOVAL!

THE subscriber has removed his Large Stock of HARDWARE to his New Store, next adjoining Dr. Smith, on North side of the Bridge, where he will be happy to to meet his old customers and as many new as will be pleased to give him their patronage, and having purchased his stock in the Cheapest markets, for Cash, he will be enabled to sell as low as any in the trade.
He will keep for sale
Harness, Upper and Sole Leather,
ALSO
Harness Mountings, Oils &c.
Give us a call and see for yourselves. Terms Cash.
Parties indebted by Note or Book account of one year and upwards, will do well to call and arrange, for fear forbearance will cease to be virtue.
WILLIAM LINDSAY.
Market Square, Woodstock, July 21, 1869—30

LOOK SHARP!
BARGAINS THIS WAY!

FURNITURE WAREROOMS
South Side Meduxnakik.

THE undersigned have constantly on hand a fine assortment of
BEDSTEAES, BUREAUS,
Rocking, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs,
Tables, Washstands, Sinks, &c.
Anything in the Furniture line not on hand, made order at short notice.
Undertaking attended to with promptness and at low rates.
J. & A. D. G. VANWART.
Woodstock, Dec. 25, 1869—52

New Styles of ROOM PAPER
VERY CHEAP, AT
HUGH HAY'S.
READY MADE CLOTHING!
CHEAP AT
HUGH HAY'S.
Woodstock, April 15, 1870.

GRAHAM'S
PAIN ERADICATOR
The best remedy in use for the following complaints:

Rheumatism,	Neuralgia, Spinal Complaints
Felon or Whitlow,	Abscess, Broken Breasts,
Sores,	Erysipelas, Salt Rheum,
Wounds	Bruises, Sprains,
Burns	Scalds, Frost Bites,
Hives,	Diptheria, Influenza,
Asthma or Phthsic,	Coughs, Pain in the Chest or
Back	Colds, Earache, &c. &c.

It quickly and effectually reduces INFLAMMATION and eradicates PAIN and HUMOR.
It is equally efficacious on Horses and Cattle.
PREPARED BY T. GRAHAM & SON.,
St. John, N. B.
☞ PRICE 25 cents. Sold by Druggists generally.

Foster, Swazey & Co.
LUMBER
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 15 Doane Street,
BOSTON.
ALEXANDER FOSTER, HENRY BUCK SWAZEY, GILMAN COLSON.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Robert Rankin & Co., St. John, N. B.
" E D. Jewett & Co. " "
" Andre Cushing & Co. " "
" Cudlip & Snider, " "
" Scammell Bros. " "
J. D. Lewin, Esq., Prest. Bank New Brunswick.
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James Grover, Treasurer, in Account with the Town of Woodstock for the Year 1870.

		DR.		
1869.				
Dec,	31	To balance at this date as per account audited,		$656 13
1870.				
Feb.	4	Fines received of L. P. Fisher,		2 00
"	7	Pedlars License 6 months to Patrick McCann.		2 50
"	9	Taxes received of L. P. Fisher,		92 09
"	9	Dog tax do do		5 00
"	12	John Collins, 3 months wholesale liquor license,		10 00
"	22	R. G. Wetmore, do tavern license,		10 00
"	26	Pedlars license to Smith,		3 50
"	26	Taxes received of L. P. Fisher,		16 89
"	28	John Dalton, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
"	28	Wm. O'Donnell, do do		10 00
"	28	License Bangor Band,		1 50
"	28	E. D. Watts, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
Mar.	1	Tracey & Parks, do do		10 00
"	2	Taxes received of L. P. Fisher,		10 33
"	2	P. Gillen, 6 months wholesale liquor license,		20 00
"	4	W. P. Donnell, 3 do do do		10 00
"	15	John C. Cole, 6 do do do		20 00
"	16	Burchill & Williams, 6 months do do		20 00
"	17	6 months interest on Woodstock Railway to 18th inst.,		600 00
"	17	Received of C. H. English, fines collected by him,		2 50
"	30	Joseph Kearney, 3 mons. wholesale Liquor license,		10 00
"	30	Chas. Gallagher, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
"	31	Jas. E. Doherty, do do		10 00
April	1	Fines received of J. H. Jacques,		1 00
"	2	Wm. O'Donnell, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
"	4	Taxes received of S. B. Appleby,		1 60
"	13	Fines received of J. W. Boyer,		6 00
"	14	John Collins, 3 months wholesale liquor license,		10 00
"	14	R G. Wetmore, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
"	14	John Doltan, do do		10 00
"	22	Fines received of J. W. Boyer,		50
"	25	M. Stevenson, 3 months tavern license.		10 00
May	18	Fine received of J. W. Boyer,		1 00
June	2	W. P. Donnell 3 mos. wholesale liquor license		10 00
"	8	Wm. Rankin, Truck License,		2 00
"	8	C. Gallagher, do		2 00
"	8	John Marshall, do		3 00
"	8	Wm. McDonald, do		4 00
"	8	P. Broderick, do		3 00
"	8	J. E. Doherty, do		3 00
"	8	Fines received of J. H. Jacques,		2 50
"	10	John Murdock, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
"	17	Tracy & Parks, 3 do wholesale do,		10 00
"	18	Wm. O'Donnell, 3 do tavern do,		10 00
"	25	Patrick Connor, 1½ do do do,		5 00
"	28	Fines received of Marshall Boyer,		2 00
July	6	Joseph Kearney, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
"	6	C Gallagher, 3 do do do,		10 00
"	13	Jas. Doherty, 3 do do do,		10 00
"	13	John Collins, 3 do wholesale do,		10 00
"	13	R. G. Wetmore, 3 do tavern do,		10 00
"	13	John Dalton, 3 do do do,		10 00
"	15	Received of R. Brown, Collector of Rates.		400 00
"	22	P. Gillin, 6 months wholesale liquor license,		20 00
	28	J. S. Bacon, license to vend medicines,		2 50
	29	R. Brown, collector of taxes,		243 00
Aug.	4	Fine collected by J. W. Boyer,		1 00
	15	M. Stephenson, 3 months tavern license		10 00
	19	Robt. Mercer, 3 do wholesale do,		10 00
	19	Exhibition Licence to Scotch Concert,		6 00
	20	Robt. Brown, Collector.		200 00
	22	Parks & Tracy, 3 mos. wholesale liquor license,		10 00
Sept.	3	Fine received of P. McCaffery,		5 00
	7	Pedlar's license, Mendelson,		5 00
	16	Fines collected by J. H. Jacques,		3 00
	16	Pedlars license, Lyons,		2 00
	16	Truck license, W. H. Dale,		3 00
	16	Do Chas. Gallagher,		2 00
	16	Tavern license, Colin Campbell,		10 00
	16	Fines received of Marshal,		2 00
	16	Ex. license, Female Minstrels,		6 00
	17	6 months interest of W. R. Co. to 18th inst.,		600 00
	21	3 months tavern license, J. Kearney,		10 00
	21	1 month do C. Rowe,		3 34
	23	W. O'Donnell, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
	24	John Murdock, single truck license,		2 00
	24	Do 1½ months tavern license,		5 00
Oct.	3	W. P. Donnell, 3 mons. wholesale liquor license,		10 00
	12	License to Indian exhibition,		2 00
	14	Chas. Gallagher, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
	20	Ex. license of Taylor,		8 00
	20	Fine of James Kelly,		3 00
	20	John Cole, 6 mons. wholesale liquor license,		20 00
	21	James E. Doherty, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
	22	John Collins, do wholesale license,		10 00
	22	John Dalton, do tavern license,		10 00
	22	R. G. Wetmore, do do		10 00
Nov.	8	M. Stephenson, do do		10 00
	12	Rec'd of W. Lindsay for am't expended on bridge		30 00
	25	Rent of commissioners of Alms House,		10 00
	29	3 months tavern license, Parks & Tracey,		10 00
	29	R. Brown, collector,		610 00
Dec.	10	John Murdock, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
	12	Wm. Falkner, do do		10 00
	12	R. Brown, collector,		452 00
	12	W. O'Donnell, 3 months tavern license,		10 00
	13	R. Mercer, do wholesale do		10 00
	20	R. Brown, collector,		530 57
	24	Fines received of J. H. Jacques,		30 00
	27	Received of L P. Fisher, taxes,	$16 50	
		Ex. license, Pedlars license, }	44 50	
				61 00
				$5185 45
1870.				
Dec.	31	To balance brought forward,		$1038 26

J. H. JACQUES, Town Clerk. L. P. FISHER, Mayor.
Ordered to be published.
E. & O. E.
Woodstock, N. B., 31st Dec. 1870.

1870.			CR.	Vouchers.	
Jan.	1	By amount of	Treasurer's salary for 1869,		$50 00
	1	do	paid J. Grover assessor's fee 1869,		4 00
	3	do	William McDonald, Fire Dpt. No.	1	1 50
	3	do	do do	2	1 00
	4	do	C. H. English, Incidental Expenses,	3	50
	5	do	E. L. Stevens, Fire Dept.	4	1 00
	15	Paid	Interest on Debentures, to date on Nos. 1 to 29 inclusive,	5	600 00
	20	Paid	William McDonald, Fire Dept.	6	2 00
	20	do	do do	7	1 50
Feb.	1	do	Estate D. J. Day, assessors fees,	8	4 00
	8	do	C. Perley, Rent Engine Room,	9	25 00
	15	do	E. Jones, Fire Dept.	10	1 00
	15	do	F. T. Bridges, Lockup,	11	2 60
	15	do	Jas. Rankin, Fire Dept,	12	1 50
	15	do	Glidden & Co., Lock up,	13	60
	15	do	Road Surveyor—Roads,	14	7 67
	15	do	E. L. Stevens, Fire Dept.	15	2 00
	15	do	A. T. Thompson, do	16	5 28
	25	do	J. E. Doherty, do	17	1 50
	25	do	Jas. Doherty, do	18	2 00
	25	do	Wm. McDonald, do	19	1 50
	25	do	do do	20	1 00
	25	do	Chas. Churchill do	21	80
	25	do	E. Jones Fees Collecting Dog Tax,	22	4 00
Mar.	1	do	Town Clerk—Salary,	23	15 00
	1	do	Lock up Keeper,	24	3 50
	1	do	C. H. English, Marshall,	25	22 50
	1	do	R. Cluff, C. Engineer, Salary,	26	15 00
	1	do	do Fire Dept	27	2 19
	1	do	P. Gillin, do	28	4 50
	1	do	Carleton Municipality Rent,	29	30 00
	1	do	B. Lynch, Incidentals,	30	4 94
	1	do	Road Committee—Roads,	31	1 50
Mar.	18	By Paid	Interest to date on Debentures from No. 30 to No. 60 inclusive,	32	600 00
	21	do	F. Mannuel—Roads,	33	1 25
	21	do	E. J. Smith, Returning Officer,	34	6 00
	21	do	Wm. Dibblee, do	35	6 00
	21	do	Hugh Hay, do	36	4 00
	24	do	P. Gallagher, Fire Dept.	37	15 50
	24	do	Marshall, Incidental Expenses	38	1 00
	28	do	Geo. Tolford, Fire Dept.	39	3 00
Apl.	30	do	Carleton Sentinel, Printing,	40	8 00
May	6	do	Jas. Rankin, Fire Dept.	41	1 00
	6	do	John Marshal, do	42	2 00
	6	do	J. Rankin, do	43	2 00
	6	do	C. Gallagher, do	44	1 50
	6	do	J. Marshal, do	45	1 50
	6	do	do do	46	1 50
	6	do	P. Broderick, do	47	1 00
	6	do	Wm. McDonald, do	48	2 00
	6	do	do do	49	2 00
June	7	do	Lock up Keeper,	50	3 20
	7	do	Marshall's Salary,	51	20 00
	7	do	Town Clerk's do	52	20 00
	7	do	Chief Engineer, Fire Dept.	53	15 00
	7	do	C. Gallagher, do	54	1 00
	7	do	J. E. Doherty, do	55	1 50
	7	do	F. Deboice, Lock up,	56	3 25
	7	do	C. Perley, Rent Engine Room,	57	25 00
July	15	Paid	Interest to date on Debentures No. 1 to No. 29 inclusive,	58	600 00
Aug.	23	Paid	Road Surveyor—Roads,	59	400 00
	23	do	Wm. McDonald, Fire Dept.	60	1 50
	23	do	do do	61	2 00
Sept.	6	do	Town Clerk, Salary,	62	20 00
	6	do	Chief Engineer, do	63	15 00
	6	do	Marshal's do	64	20 00
	8	do	J. Marshall, Fire Dept.	65	1 00
	8	do	do do	66	3 00
	8	do	R. Cluff, do	67	2 00
	8	do	Wm McDonald, do	68	1 00
	8	do	do do	69	1 25
	8	do	do do	70	75
	8	do	do do	71	1 00
	8	do	do do	72	50
	8	do	do do	73	25
	8	do	C. Gallagher, do	74	2 00
	8	do	J. Marshall, do	75	2 00
	8	do	do do	76	1 50
	8	do	Lock up Keeper, do	77	3 95
	8	do	E. Jones, Incidental Expenses,	78	3 00
	8	do	E. J. Smith, do	79	5 00
	8	do	J. Doherty, Fire Dept.	80	1 50
	8	do	J. Rankin, do	81	2 00
	8	do	J. Lawrence, do	82	50
	8	do	Mrs. Baker, Lock up,	83	8 00
	15	do	E. Jones, do	84	2 25
	15	do	P. Gallagher, Fire Dept.	85	4 00
	15	do	Dr. Smith, do	86	2 42
	15	do	Road Surveyor—Roads,	87	200 00
	18	do	R. Cluff, Fire Dept.	88	16 35
	18	do	Interest to date on Debentures, No. 30 to 60 inclusive,	89	600 00
	20	do	W. Price, Incidentals.	90	11 00
	20	do	P. Gallagher—Roads,	91	75
	20	do	W. Hamilton, Lock up,	92	93
	20	do	Town Clerk's Salary,	93	26 66
	20	do	J. Grover, Salary as Trea. 1870,	94	50 00
	20	do	do Assessor,	95	20 00
	20	do	J. Brown, Roads,	96	4 00
	20	do	Lock up Keeper,	97	3 08
Dec.	20	By amount	paid E. Jones, Fire Dept.	98	1 50
	20	do	Carleton Municipality Rent,	99	30 00
	20	do	Chief Engineer, Fire Dept.	100	20 00
	20	do	Revisors,	101	16 00
	20	do	B. H. Smith, Assessor,	102	4 00
	20	do	Marshal's Salary,	103	20 00
	20	do	Lock up Committee,	104	2 50
	20	do	J. T. Allan, Insurance,	105	3 00
	20	do	do Assessor,	106	4 00
	20	do	Small & Fisher Bros. Lock up,	107	1 25
	20	do	Robt. Brown, Colletor's Fees,	108	73 06
	23	do	A. Whitehead, Water Survey,	109	176 00
	23	do	R. Ring, Roads,	110	[illegible] 35
	23	do	J. Magann, do	111	1 00
	24	do	W. Price, do	112	59 75
	31	do	W. McDonald do	113	1 00
	31	do	C. Gallagher, Fire Dept.	114	2 00
	31	do	Road Surveyor—Roads,	115	114 86
	31	do	J. E. Doherty, Fire Dept.	116	50
	31	do	Carleton Sentinel, Printing,	117	6 00
	31	do	Balance to New ac.		1038 26
					$5185 45

JAMES GROVER, *Treasurer.*
On examination I find the above account correct.
PHILIP McCAFFERY,
Audit Committee.

Abstract of the Treasurer's Account, Town of Woodstock, for year 1870.

RECEIPTS.	
Balance from last year,....................	$656 13
Fines,....................	61 50
Taxes,....................	2577 98
Liquor licences,....................	543 34
Interest from Woodstock Railway Co.,..........	1200 00
Exhibition and Pedlar licences,..........	82 50
Truck licences,....................	24 00
Received of government for expenditure on bridge,......	30 00
Rent of Alms House commissioners,..........	10 00
	$5185 45

PAYMENTS.	
Interest on Debentures,....................	$2400 00
Roads,....................	793 13
Fire Department,....................	229 79
Treasurer's salary for 1869 and 1870,..........	100 00
Clerk's salary,....................	81 66
Marshal's salary,....................	82 50
Fees to collectors of taxes,....................	77 06
Printing,....................	14 00
Revisors,....................	16 00
Assessors,....................	36 00
Returning officers,....................	16 00
Rent of Town Hall,....................	60 00
Water survey,....................	176 00
Lock-up,....................	35 11
Incidental expenses,....................	29 94
Balance to new account,....................	1038 26
	$5185 45

Woodstock, Dec. 51, 1870. JAS. H JACQUES, *Town Clerk.*
L. P. FISHER, *Mayor.* JAMES GROVER, *Treasurer.*

ADVICE TO YOUNG LADIES.—Dio Lewis says: Now ladies, I will preach you just a little sermon, about an inch long. I don't often preach, but in this case nothing but a sermon will do.

First: You are perfect idiots to go on in this way. Your bodies are the most beautiful of God's creations. In the Continental galleries I always see groups of people gathered about the pictures of women. It was not passion; the gazers were just as likely to be women as men; it was because of the wonderous beauty of a woman's body.

Now stand with me at my office window, and see a lady pass. There goes one! now isn't that a pretty looking object? A big hump, three big lumps, a wilderness of crimps and frills, a hauling up of the dress here and there, and an enormous, hideous moss of false hair or blank piled on top of the head, surmounted by a little flat ornament with bits of lace, birds' tails, etc., etc. the shop windows tell us, all day long of the paddings, whalebones, and steel springs which occupy most of the space within that outside rig.

In the name of all the simple, sweet sentiments which cluster about a home, I would ask, how is a man to fall in love with such a piece of compound doubled and twisted touch-me-not artificially, as you see in the wiggling curiosity?

Second: With that wasp waist, squeezing your lungs, stomach, liver, and other vital organs, into one-half of their natural size, and with that long trail dragging on the ground, how can any man of sense who knows that life is made up of use, of service, of work, how can he take such a partner? He must be desperate indeed to unite himself for life with such a fettered, half-breathing ornament!

Third: Your bad dress and lack of exercise lead to bad health, and men wisely fear that instead of a helpmate they would get an invalid to take care of. This bad health in you, just as in men, makes the mind as well as the body fuddled and effeminate. You have no power, no magnetism! I know you giggle freely and use big adjectives, such as "splendid," "awful," but then this doesn't deceive us; we see through it all. You are superficial, affected, silly; you have none of that womanly strength and warmth that are so assuring and attractive to man. Why, you have become so childish and weak-minded that you refuse to wear decent names, even, and insist upon baby names. Instead of Helen, Margaret and Elizabeth, you affect Nellie, Maggie and Lizzie. When your brothers were babies you called them Robby, Dickey and Jonny, but when they grow up to manhood, no more of that silly trash if you please. But I know a woman of 25 years, and as big as both of my grand-mothers put together, who insists upon being called Kitty, and her real name is Catherine, and although her brain is big enough to conduct affairs of state, she does nothing but giggle, cover up her face with her fan, and exclaim once in four minutes, "Don't now, you are real mean."

How can a man propose a life partnership to such a silly goose. My dear girls, you must if you would get husbands, and decent ones, dress in plain, neat, becoming garments, and talk like sensible, earnest sisters.

You may say that the sensible men are crazy after these butterflies of fashion. I beg your pardon, it is not so. Occasionally a man of brilliant success may marry a silly, weak woman, but to say, as I have heard women say a hundred times, that the sensible men choose women without sense, is simply absurd. Nineteen times in twenty sensible men choose sensible women. I grant you that in company they are very likely to chat and toy with those over-dressed and forward creatures, but they don't ask them to go to the altar with them.

Fourth: Among the young men in the matrimonial market, only a very small number are independently rich, and in America such very rarely make good husbands. But the number of those who are just beginning in life, who are filled with a noble ambition, who have a future, is very large. These are worth having. But such will not, they *dare not*, ask you to join them, while they see you so idle, silly, and so gorgeously attired. Let them see that you are industrious, economical, with habits that secure health and strength, that your life is earnest and real, that you would be willing to begin at the beginning in life with the man you would consent to marry, then marriage will become the rule, and not as now, the exception.

WHAT IS POETRY?—A smile, a tear, a longing after the things of eternity? It lives in all created existence, in man, and every object that surrounds him. There is poetry in the gentle influence of love and affection; in the quiet broodings of the soul over the memories of early years, and in the thoughts of glory which chain our spirits to the gates of paradise.

There is poetry, too, in the harmonies of nature. It glitters on the wave, the rainbow the lightning, and the star. Its cadence is heard in the thunder of the cataract. Its softer tones go sweetly up from the thousand voice-bards of the wind, the rivulet and the forest; and the clouds go floating over us to the music of its melodies. There is not a moonlight ray that comes down upon the stream and hill, not a breeze calling from its blue air, thrown to the birds of the summer valleys, or sounding through midnight rains its low mournful dirge, over the perishing flowers of spring—not a cloud bathing itself like an angel vision in the rosy blushes of Autumn twilight—not a rock, glowing in the yellow star-light, as if dreaming of the Eden land, but it is full of the beautiful radiance of poetry. It is the soul of being. The earth and heaven are quickened by its spirit, and the heavings of the great deep, in tempest and calm, are but its accent and mysterious workings.

THE RUMORED DEATH OF RIEL.—The *Manitoban* of Dec. 24th, has the following on the reported death of Ex-President Riel of Red River:

Letters were received on Wednesday to the effect that Riel was dead. The story goes that he received an anonymous letter, and while reading it he fell down insensible, and shortly after expired. We give the rumor for what it is worth—waiting further information. One thing is believed to be certain; he was very sick, after having received a letter of some sort. It is said the letter contained some poisonous substance. A first class sensation has been created in town by the rumor.

The inhabitants of Williamsbury, N. Y., are greatly excited over the doings of some young person in that neighborhood. About a dozen girls and women have been cut by this mysterious being, who lies in wait for his victims beneath awnings and behind trees. All attempts to capture him have as yet proved futile, and the citizens are now organizing a patrol. The weapon used is a common knife.

Dr. Stein, of Dresden, while lecturing lately on the preservation of food, opened a tin canister of meat preserved by what is known as Apert's method, and prepared by him in 1851. The meat, on examination, it is said, was found to be as fresh and of as good a flavor as when placed in the canister nineteen years previously.

It is estimated that the Jewish population of New York city is 75,000 and that there are 220 Israelite congregations in the United States 40 of which are in this city.

The population of Melbourne was estimated by the Register General at 180,000 at Michaelmas, 1870.

It is believed, says the *Court Journal*, that Count Bismarck is trying to form a Peace League between England, Austria, and Germany.

A Norwegian lady has arrived in Milwaukee with some twenty of her children. She says she left some more behind, she did not wish to bring all in one boat, for in case of shipwreck she would not have heart to commence life in a new country.

It is estimated that at least half a million copies of the bible have been circulated in France and Germany since the beginning of the war.

A brother of the Marquis of Lorne is clerking in the office of Philip Maitland, New York.

An association is stated to be in course of formation, under the advice of Mr. Roebuck and other well-known politicians, to cooperate with that which has for some months existed in Ireland for the purpose of discussing the possibility of establishing a local legislature for local objects in that country and Scotland, as well as in England and Wales, subordinate to Parliament, as the State legislatures are to Congress in America.

In proportion to the population Great Britain has a smaller army than most of the third rate monarchies of Europe. Even the thrifty Dutch keep on foot one soldier for every 59 of the population, while Great Britain has only one soldier for every 195 of its inhabitants.

It is said that the Dominion Government is about to introduce the One Cent Postal Card System. The cards have been ordered from England, and are daily expected.—This looks like enterprise. The system will no doubt work well.

One of those curious and generally unaccountable displacements of land in Ireland, called travelling bogs, has just occurred.—It is stated that one morning the inhabitants of Boslick, near Ballingar, Roscommon, were terrified at the sudden movement of the hearth bog of Corlisk. The bog is a high one, of many hundred acres, and it made such rapid progress that at dusk 50 acres of the low land had been covered up, destroying crops of potatoes, turnips, etc. The alarm of the inhabitants is extreme; many of them are leaving their homes for more secure places. The bog continues its motion, and fears are entertained that much damage will be done. One poor man lost his entire potato crop by the occurrence.

The *Times* Calcutta correspondent says that by April next all the British regiments in India will be armed with Snider rifles.

A gun has been tested successfully, at Woolwich, England, with the unprecedented charge of 180 pounds of powder.

There will be four eclipses in the year 1871—two of the sun and two of the moon. The first will be a partial eclipse of the moon, Jan. 6, partly visible here; the second, annular eclipse of the sun, June 17, invisible here; the third, a partial eclipse of the moon, invisible; the fourth, a total eclipse of the sun, invisible.

A man in Covington made a bet, the other day, that he could drink a pint and a half of Cincinnati whiskey in twelve hours. He won the bet, and his widow remarked at the funeral the next day, that it was the first money he had earned by hard work in ten years.

An old lady followed up an Episcopal bishop as he travelled through his diocese, and was confirmed several times before she was detected. She wished the ordinance repeated, because she understood it was "good for the rheumatism."

The New York *Evening Post* affirms positively that the murderer of Nathan has been discovered, and there is a chain of evidence that is unquestionable. The arrest will shortly take place.

General News.

From latest despatches we gather the following details of the incidents attending the negotiations for the capitulation of Paris:—

FAVRE AT VERSAILLES.

Versailles, Jan. 26—A special despatch to the New York *Herald* says:—As the facts concerning the negotiations develop, better feeling is evident among both the French and Germans, and all begin to agree in hoping for the termination of the war. The French especially are well pleased at the apparent modification of the German desire to humiliate Paris by a triumphal entry into the capital. The negotiations between Bismarck and Favre form one of the most interesting chapters in the history of this memorable war. The arrival of Favre was known to none except those immediately concerned in conducting him through the lines. On his arrival at the quarters occupied by Bismarck in Rue Provence, he was immediately admitted into the presence of the chancellor.

After a few preliminary remarks, Bismarck said:—"Well, Monsieur Favre, what is the object of this visit?"

Favre, much affected, replied: "The object is to put a stop to this terrible suffering of the country; for, now that the hope of relief from without seems lost, Paris must needs seek peace. All we ask is such consideration as a generous enemy might give without loss of advantage or honor."

Bismarck expressed his desire to do all in his power to show his respect for the sufferings and gallantry of the French nation consistent with the safety, honor and interest of United Germany. He said that this had been from the first to the last, the object and desire of the Emperor and all his advisors since the commencement of this unhappy war was forced upon them.

Favre first demanded the terms already reported.

Bismarck replied: "It is not in my province to refuse to accept the terms, but I must say that the present proposals are such that I cannot myself approve of them, and I feel confident that my august master will reject them. However, it is my duty to submit them to his consideration."

After this formal business Bismarck assumed the familiar and sociable air for which he is famous, and invited Favre to partake of some refreshments, adding, "From all reports you are not well supplied inside the city." Favre consented, and a good dinner was soon spread.

After the entertainment Favre was politely but strictly placed under surveillance, and occupied an apartment over the police bureau.

As already known, the first overtures were promptly rejected. After Favre's return with the acceptance of the terms, in substance, demanded by the Emperor, great excitement prevailed in Versailles. The mayor went twice to the police headquarters to endeavor to obtain an interview, but received a preemptory order not to repeat the attempt, as such an act would render him liable to imprisonment. All communication between Favre and outsiders were strictly prevented.

An interview again took place between Bismarck and Favre. The former afterwards waited on the King and council, when Favre's acceptance of the provisional government was submitted. After Bismarck left the Emperor he walked into the office of his aid, General Lendorff, and began to whistle a Prussian air which the trumpeter sounds at boar hunts when the beast is down and settled. After remaining for a time, he walked out again, never having spoken a single word to any one present.

There is a rumor that Von Moltke is greatly dissatisfied with the action of the Crown Prince's army on the occasion of the sortie of the 19th inst. He thinks that ground was lost unnecessarily, and he expressed his opinion openly. There is a growing coldness in consequence between the Crown Prince and the commander-in-chief.

The great question now seems to be what practical results will follow the armistice I predict, on what I consider good grounds, that the regency is Bismarck's thirteenth trick by which he intends to win the game. In Favre and the republicans he sees nothing but the seeds of future trouble with France.

HOW NAPOLEON RECEIVED THE NEWS.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Despatches just received from a special correspondent at Wilhelmshoe state that the announcement of the capitulation of Paris was received by Napoleon and his attendants with feelings of profound melancholy. The subsequent announcement of an election on the 8th of February, and the convocation of the Constituent Assembly for Wednesday, the 15th, produced the greatest consternation and uneasiness among the friends of the Imperial dynasty, as it is fully believed by many that the deliberations of the National Assembly will be adverse to the re-establishment of the Bonapartes. The Emperor Napoleon appears very much dejected, and for the past three days has appeared very little in company.

COMMERCE OF THE WORLD.—A correspondent in Boston sends us the following:—"Joseph Nemmo, Jr., chief of the tonnage division of the United States Treasury Department, has prepared an illustrated chart, graphically representing the foreign commerce of the twenty principal Nations of the globe. It gives the total of both imports and exports, together with the relative percentage of each nation's trade to the aggregate for the year 1869, as follows:—

Great Britain,	$2,577,180,206
France,	1,474,051,040
United States,	921,637,239
Hanse Towns,	571,832,238
Holland,	368,939,535
Italy,	316,923,360
Russia,	304,741,070
Austria,	276,502,128
Belgium,	207,314,617
Brazil,	160,683,721
Spain,	139,318,930
Prussia,	65,752,628
Sweeden,	57,107,662
Chili,	48,347,072
Argentine Republic,	33,433,399
Portugal,	18,211,564
Greece,	16,125,385
San Salvador,	4,194,262
Guaremala,	3,765,246
Costo Rica,	3,343,277

From the above it will be seen that the percentage of Great Britain is one-third of the entire amount, France about one-fifth, and the United States one-ninth.

THE FENIAN PATRIOTS AND AMERICAN POLITICS.—The unseemly scramble for the exiled Fenians who have just reached New York is a striking commentary on American politics. That Tammany should tender them its sinister embraces is not surprising. But the spectacle of a high civil officer of the United States government condescending to enter into a contest for the honor of prostrating himself before a half-dozen men who are no better and no worse than thousands of emigrants who reach our shores every month, is one to make the gods weep. No wonder the "patriots" were puzzled by the disgraceful rivalry of their high-minded admirers. If they have any self-respect, and desire to administer a rebuke to both factions, they will decline any hospitalities except what their own purses can buy. In the ranks of the lower class of American politicians zeal for Ireland is about the cheapest of virtues.—*Boston Advertiser.*

At the recent session of "The Dominion Board of Trade," held at Ottawa, the following resolution was presented and adopted unanimously:—

"Moved by James Domville and seconded by W. Howland, of Toronto that,

Whereas, it is deemed a matter of the greatest importance that the country should be opened up as far as practicable with railroads and canals, and that as the line from Riverie du Loup to St. John, Halifax and the Maritime Ports would be a short direct line to the ocean through our territory.

Resolved, that this Board recognizes the desirability of a line from Riviere du Loup to Woodstock or Fredericton as developing an important section of New Brunswick and Quebec and beneficial as affording a new and short route for travel and freight between the Provinces."

SAD ACCIDENT.—A little girl, about ten years of age, daughter of Mr. Stephen Hall, of the firm of Hall & Fairweather, St John, approaching too close to the franklin just after getting up in the morning, her night dress caught fire, and before her mother had succeeded in extinguishing the flames, the child was so badly burned that she died during the following day.—*Reporter.*

Four thousand servant girls are out of work in Chicago.