Communicated.

FOR THE CARLETON SENTINEL.

MR. EDITOR,—Knowing the interest taken by many of your readers in the welfare of the Volunteers of our County, I take the liberty of sending you a short account of a rifle match which took place at Capt. Carvell's range, on Thursday, August 28th, and which from one or two circumstances in connection with it, proved particularly pleasant to all those engaged.

The match was open to teams consisting of five men from any of the Volunteer Companies in the County; but owing to various circumstances only three were represented, viz.: Capt. Bourne's Company, Woodstock, Capt. Carvell's, Lakeville, and Capt. Burpee's, Waterville.

The ranges were 400 and 500 yards, seven shots at each range, and the contest throughout was very close and exciting, the Woodstock company finally proving victorious by a very few points.

The following is the score:—

	400 yds	500 yds	Total.
Woodstock Company,	103	90	193
Lakeville Company,	95	93	188
Waterville Company,	107	81	188

The firing at 400 yards was excellent, being almost an average of centres for every man engaged; Lieut. Garden, Sergt. Appleby, and private H. Carvell each made 25 points out of a possible 28 at that range. The best shooting at both ranges was made by Sergt. Appleby, who made the handsome total of 47 points.

The firing was superintended by Major Raymond, who fulfilled the duties of scorer and umpire in the most courteous and impartial manner.

One circumstance which I have not yet mentioned, and one too which rendered the match particularly pleasant was the presence of a number of ladies at the range. I believe that this is the first competition held in this County, which has been honored by the presence of any members of the "gentler sex," and it has opened the eyes of all those present to the fact, that in all our past meetings—pleasant though they may have been—*one thing has been wanting;* but while we sigh over what we have *missed*, our hopes for the future are encouraging.

After the firing was completed a luncheon which in the meantime had been prepared by the ladies, was partaken of by all present in picnic style, and enjoyed amazingly. Our merry party finally broke up, three hearty cheers being given for the ladies, and we departed homewards well pleased with the adventures of the day.

Yours,
NEMO.

FOR THE CARLETON SENTINEL.

MR. EDITOR,—Noticing in your last issue an account of the two-year-old match, on the 23rd ult., I find a very grave error. The time, 2.05, as given by your reporter, should read 2.29. In this correction the judges will bear me out. The owners and admirers of "Sambo" or "Bright," or their progeny, will feel very lightly complimented at the intimation, that the colts matched were representative ones.

It is rumored in town that the winning colt in this match has been challenged by a descendant of "Woodbrook Messenger," (not a representative colt either) and as "Heather Belle" apparently *hesitated*, the sporting fraternity must await some other excitement.

Yours, &c.,
BERTIE BRIGHT.

Sept. 2, 1873.

TERMS OF THE SENTINEL.

Subscription $1.50 a year in advance.

Transient Advertisements should be accompanied by the money to ensure insertion.

Short notices not exceeding 6 lines, 50 cents first insertion; 15 cents each subsequent insertion.

Notices respecting Notes of hand &c., 3 insertions $1.00.

The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1873.

☞ SENTINEL OFFICE, in Allan's Brick Building, up stairs.

"TO SWEAR OR NOT TO SWEAR."

The subject of oaths, in legal enquiries, has recently become a familiar subject to the reading public, through the discussion of the "oath bill," passed our Parliament and disallowed by the Queen, and later of the proposals made by which evidence in the Pacific scandal case could be reached under oath. Apart from this, ever since, in this Province, the law allowed the parties interested in civil suits themselves to take the stand and give evidence under oath, the public mind has been more immediately and somewhat painfully interested in the subject. How can it be otherwise, in view of the facts as they strike the attention in our courts at almost every sitting. Under all the solemnity of an oath before God and the world, two or more parties interested in a suit take the stand and give evidence and a statement of facts as opposite to each other as light and darkness. It were to place a terribly low estimate on human nature to suppose that even in a majority of cases there is a wilful and deliberate indulgence in false swearing. No doubt frequently the error is committed through memory proving false, or through wrong impressions of facts. Nevertheless the wrong is done and some are perjured.

The Counsel for the Tichborne claimant, in his opening address to the Jury, touching this point, quoted from the Greek play, the *Medea* of Euripides, "My tongue is sworn, my mind is unsworn," as showing how witnesses are sometimes influenced under a mental reservation; and in his speech at Ottawa, on the 13th inst., Mr. McKenzie is reported as having said, (and the remark elicited exclamations of approval) that:

"He believed himself that the person who would tell a false word when he was not on oath, would be very likely to do the same when sworn." (Hear, hear.)

Now this is just to the point; does the oath as administered in courts tend to elicit the truth more completely than would be the case if witnesses, simply warned of their position, were allowed to make an unsworn statement. The man of honor and integrity must regard his word as good as his bond or his oath, but the bond in such a case may be for posterity, a record to control others when he himself may have passed away, just as a bond is security against loss at the hands of a dishonest man; in the case of the man who has no regard for his word, has no high sense of virtue and morality, will it be urged that susceptibilities to which, at other times, he is a stranger, will be aroused within him, by the act of kissing the bible under the invocation of the name of God by an officer.

"Swear not at all," is the divine command, and "let your answers be yea! yea! nay! nay!" may apply quite as appropriately to the swearing in court as to the oaths uttered by thoughtless lips in the thoroughfares. But the one is called by society right; the other blasphemy; but apart from any divine authority in the matter, we are convinced that in the interests of good morals the system of swearing should be changed. "Familiarity breeds contempt," and certainly, judging from the small amount of respect paid in very many instances to the act of swearing in court and elsewhere where attestations under oath are made necessary by law, this saying applies to the matter under consideration. If in many instances oaths are only a solemn mockery; if the truth is not reached any nearer, surely then we say the system should be abrogated.

FAST DRIVING.—The trip from Woodstock to Grand Falls was made by "Newcomb," last week, when he drove the Governor-General and Lady Dufferin up, in seven hours and a half travelling time, or at about the rate of 10 miles an hour. It is seldom the "Col." takes the ribbons into his own hands, but when he does he is always up to time.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AT GRAND FALLS.

We understand that their Excellencies the Earl and Countess of Dufferin, were delighted with their drive from Woodstock to Grand Falls. Col. Newcomb was careful to point out to their Excellencies the prominent points along the river, with all which, as well as the charming scenery that everywhere prevails, and the signs of progress and prosperity seen on every hand, the vice regal party expressed themselves highly pleased.

Arriving at Grand Falls, at 6.30 P. M., their Excellencies were received by a committee of prominent citizens and a guard of honor under command of Capt. Bosse.

The vice-regal party at once visited the Falls, from which they returned filled with admiration at the sight.

At 8 o'clock their Excellencies held a reception at the Court House, which was beautifully decorated and illuminated for the occasion. The following address was then read:

To His Excellency, the Right Honorable the Earl of Dufferin, K.T.K., C.B., Governor General of the Dominion of Canada, &c. &c.

It is with the greatest pleasure that we offer to your Excellency and the Countess of Dufferin a most cordial welcome to Victoria County.

Permit us to say, that, as Canadians, we regard Your Excellency's appointment to the responsible position you occupy amongst us, as an evidence that the Imperial Government is anxious for our welfare, and we rejoice that your wise counsel is to be devoted to the establishment of the power of the empire upon this Continent.

We believe that the rights of the people are safe in your hands, and that the prerogative will never be exercised by you in any way not sanctioned by constitutional principles.

Our best wishes for the safety and happiness of yourself and the Countess attend you.

(Signed) A. L. COOMBES,
for Committee.

After His Excellency's able and happy reply, a large number of ladies and gentlemen were presented to the Earl and Countess, their Excellencies mingling with the crowd and entering into social conversation with many.

Then the vice-regal party were escorted back to their hotel by a guard of honor and torch light procession; the latter composed of some five hundred men, each man bearing a birch bark torch attached to the end of a long pole. We are told His Excellency pronounced it the finest torch light display he had ever witnessed. Almost every house in the village was brilliantly illuminated, and bon fires blazed in many places.

THE Commission is now sitting to hear evidence. It will be seen from Mr. Huntington's reply to the Chairman of the Commission that he declines to appear before it. This, we think, is a very impolitic course. Mr. Huntington and others should remember that the enquiry is in the interests not of a few but of the whole people of the Dominion. Mr. Huntington may entertain strong views as regards the constitutionality of the action of Government in appointing the Commission, and Parliament may have been outraged, but we think it is not justly charged that the Commission is a packed jury. It is not a jury at all—it is simply a Court before which evidence shall be taken down, and that evidence with the Commissioners remarks thereon submitted to Parliament, which is to be the jury to decide the case on the evidence; and if the evidence be not full, and the enquiry searching, it will be the fault of Mr. Huntington and the prosecutors in the case. Or, rather, the presence of that gentleman before the Commission will be a guarantee to the public that the investigation is exhaustive, for if the Government is left to prosecute the enquiry themselves, however searching and complete the enquiry may be, there will be left room for suspicion that such has not been the case. On the other hand the refusal of those who first promoted enquiry to appear before the Commission must necessarily provoke suspicion of their motives, and of the information they actually possess.

At all events it will delay the facts and keep the public mind in an unhealthy state of agitation and speculation, which it is better should be allayed as soon as possible. We trust then those who are professedly so much interested in justice will waive any considerations of a technical or parliamentary character and, for the present, utilize the mean afforded by which to give the public information of the true state of the case, especially as they will not thus prejudice any future action parliament may deem necessary to take.

As will be seen the election in this County takes place the present month. We presume the body of the electors with ourselves are anxious as to the result, some on personal grounds, but more, we should hope, from an anxiety to have a most important position well and honorably filled.

There never has been a time, probably the time may never recur again, when more wisdom, discretion and intelligence are required on the part of the arbitrators of Dominion affairs than at the present. The election of a wise, discreet and intelligent representative pre-supposes the possession of these attributes by the electors. In the coming election they should bring them to bear in making a choice. No personal prejudices, no petty, personal canvasses should influence electors minds. They should go to the polls, feeling as if the fate of the whole country depended upon their votes, to elect a representative not only of their own County but one who may worthily represent the whole Dominion. Allowing such feelings to actuate them, we have sufficient faith in the intelligence of our fellow citizens to hope that their choice will be such as will prove its own justification.

We need not recur to the great interests at stake; to the character and extent of the Dominion; to the broad and national questions that the Commons is called upon to discuss and determine, nor to the scope of mind necessary, on the part of our Legislators, to grapple with them successfully. We feel convinced that our people are not uninformed on these points, as no doubt their verdict at the ballot box will determine.

PAINFUL BEREAVEMENT.—We sincerely regret to learn that Rev. George Payson, Andover, lost a son last week, under the following very painful circumstances. It would appear that the boy, some four years of age, had gone to a hogshead, sunk into the ground, into which water flowed, and resting his hand on the spout stooped down to drink; the spout giving way, he was thrown into the water head foremost, his legs hanging over the side of the hogshead. He had been missing about three hours when he was found dead. We earnestly sympathise with the bereaved family in their severe affliction.

THE Woodstock Battery Garrison Artillery, numbering some 60 men, under command of Lieut. W. P. Donnell, are at present performing their eight days drill.

PERSONAL.—His Honor Judge Fisher was in town last week. It is now generally believed that His Honor is to be GoVernor Wilmot's successor in office.

IN Portland, St. John, one day last week, a woman, while in a state of intoxication, fell upon her infant child, suffocating it to death.

IN reply to the question so frequently asked us, "has Mr. White resigned," we may say that at the Victoria Corner Tea Meeting on Tuesday last, Mr. White stated that he had sent in his resignation to the Government, and trusted, as he had no doubt, it would be accepted.

ON Saturday next, 13th inst., the 4th Fall Meeting of the Woodstock Pleasure Grounds takes place. The entries for the races, we understand, it is expected will be large, embracing some fast trotters from abroad.

Capt. Bourne's Infantry Company began their eight days drill on Thursday.

C. C. RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—The annual prize meeting of the Carleton County Rifle Association came off at the Government Shooting Range, on Thursday, the 21st of August, some 53 competitors being present. The weather during the whole of the meeting was very fine, and the scores made as a rule were very good. The following is a list of the prizes and the winners, with the number of points:—

FIRST MATCH.

At 200, 300 and 400 yards—5 shots at each distance. There were 17 prizes in this match, won as follows:

Private S. McLeod, 46 points, Silver Cup and		$10 00
Lieut. W. O. Raymond, 45 points, Napkin Ring and		7 00
Major R. B. Ketchum,	44 points,	8 00
Private F. Crandlemire,	44	7 00
" B. Crandlemire,	43	6 00
Sergt. P. Appleby,	43	5 00
" H. Dibblee,	41	4 00
Private H. Atherton,	41	4 00
Sergt. J. Davis,	41	3 00
Private C. Kierstead,	40	3 00
Lieut. J. W. Boyer,	40	2 00
Sergt. W. S. Speer,	40	2 00
" O. Speer, umbrella, valued at	40	2 00
Capt. Carvell, pocket book,	40	1 50
Private J. Ferguson,	39	1 00
Lieut. R. Kirkpatrick,	39	1 00
Private W. H. Carvell,	39	1 00
Total,		$67 50

COMPANY'S MATCH.

This match, in some respects the most interesting of the whole, was next proceeded with, there being 5 Companies represented; 25 competitors in all: ranges 300 and 500 yards. The following are the scores, with the prizes:—

Capt. Carvell, 131 points, Silver Cup and		$15 00
Capt. Bourne, 126 points,		10 00
Capt. Burpee, 111 points,		5 00
Total,		$30 00

CONSOLATION MATCH.

The prizes in the above match were competed for by the members of the Association who had not been winners in either of the foregoing matches; distance 400 yards, 5 rounds, with the following result:—

Lieut. C. Garden, 18 points, medal and		$4 00
Corpl. J. Thibideau,	18 points,	3 50
Private D. Lawrence,	17	3 00
Private S. Crandlemire,	17	2 50
Buglar F. W. Bourne,	16	2 00
Ensign W. F. Atkinson,	16	1 50
Private J. Nesbit,	16	1 00
Private D. H. Jones,	15	1 00
Sergt. H. B. Smith,	15	1 00
Private W. D. Laskey,	15	0 50
Private J. Burpee,	14	0 50
		$20 50

The regular matches of the Association having been concluded, a match open to *all comers* was suggested, which met with a hearty reception and was at once entered upon; ranges 400 and 500 yards; 5 rounds; entrance fifty cents. The shooting in this match was decidedly the best that has ever been made here. The following scores are quite conclusive on that point:

Lieut. W. O. Raymond,	35 points,	$2 50
Sergt. P. Appleby,	34	2 00
Private S. McLeod,	32	1 50
Private J. Ferguson,	32	1 00
Sergt. H. Dibblee,	31	1 00
Capt. Carvell,	31	0 50
Private F. Crandlemire,	31	0 50
Private J. Nesbit,	31	0 50
Total,		$9 50

It is especially gratifying to the members of the council to find that the art of rifle practice is so steadily advancing, as will readily be seen by the annual reports of the Association since 1869, and that this result is mainly due to the existence of the Association. It is also a very great source of encouragement to find that their efforts to increase the usefulness of the Association have at all times been cheerfully seconded by the citizens of Woodstock and vicinity, and especially is this the case with regard to the donations, which in very many instances have amounted to really handsome sums or their equivalent. The prizes this year were paid on the ground, (a great desideratum in rifle matches) certain members of the council having advanced the necessary funds for that purpose pending the receipt of the Government grant.—*Com.*

THE following documents speak for themselves:—

OTTAWA, Aug. 21, 1873.

To the Hon. Lucius Seth Huntington, of the City of Montreal in the Province of Canada:

SIR,—I have the honor to enclose herewith a printed copy of the Royal Commission to enquire into and report upon the several matters stated in the resolution moved by you in the House of Commons on the 2nd day of April last, relating to the Canada Pacific Railway, and to inform you that the Commissioners will meet in the City of Ottawa, in the Parliament House, on Thursday, the 4th day of September next, at noon, for the purpose of making enquiry and taking evidence concerning the allegations contained in the resolution and fully set forth in the commission.

You are requested to furnish to this Commission, with all convenient diligence, a list of the witnesses whom you may wish to examine, in order that they may be duly summoned to appear on that day, and at the place above specified: and you are requested, then and there, to proceed with your evidence in the premises.

I have the hon or to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES D. DAY, Chairman.

Please acknowledge the receipt, C.D.D.

MONTREAL, Aug. 26, 1873.

To the Honorable Charles D. Day, Chairman, Ottawa:—

SIR,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st of August, instant, enclosing a copy of the Royal Commission appointing Commissioners to enquire into and report upon the several matters stated in the resolution moved by me, in the House of Commons, on the 21st day of April last, and requesting me to furnish to the Commission a list of the witnesses I might wish to examine, in order that they may be duly summoned to appear, and to proceed with my evidence.

I have to call your attention to the fact, apparent on the face of the Commission, that it was as a member of the House of Commons, and from my place in Parliament, that I preferred these charges against Ministers of the Crown and members of that House which, on the 8th day of April last, entertained the charges, determined to investigate them itself, and appointed a select committee to enquire into and report upon them, and to the further fact apparent on the journals of the House that to the said committee I handed a list of some of the principal witnesses whose evidence I believe could establish my charges, and I have always been ready to proceed to the proof thereof before the tribunal constituted by the House for the investigation.

The determination of the Commons to investigate the charges remains unaltered, and I deem it inconsistent with my duty as a member of Parliament, and a breach of the undoubted privileges of the House, to recognize any inferior or exceptional tribunal created to enquire into charges still pending before the Commons, and so essentially effecting the privileges, dignity, and independence of Parliament.

I believe that it is a breach of those privileges that a Royal Commission issued without the special sanction of the House should take any recognizance of, or should assume to call on me to justify words which I have spoken on the floor of the Commons, and for which I am responsible to them, and to them alone.

I feel that I should do no act which may be construed into an acquiescence in the attempt to remove from the Commons the conduct and control of the enquiry.

I believe that the creation of the Commission involves a breach of that fundamental principle of the constitution which preserves to the Commons the right and duty of initiating and controlling enquiries into high political offences; that it involves also a breach of that fundamental principle of justice which prevents the accused from creating the tribunal and controlling the procedure for their trial; and that it is a Commission without precedent, unknown to the Common law, unsanctioned by the Statute law, providing by an exercise of the prerogative for an enquiry out of the ordinary course of justice into misdemeanor cognizable by the Courts, and consequently illegal and void

Entertaining these views, you will not expect me to act otherwise than in conformity with them, and you will be satisfied that by my non appearance before the Commission I intend no disrespect to the Commissioners, but am moved by the same sense of public duty which will constrain me at the earliest practicable moment to renew the efforts which I have been making since April last to bring to trial before the Commons of Canada the men men whom I have impeached as public criminals.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) L. S. HUNTINGTON.

MASONIC.—M. W. Grand Master John V. Ellis, St. John, accompanied by officers of the Grand Lodge, visited Woodstock Lodge on Wednesday evening.—After the duties of the Lodge closed, the brethren adjourned to Mr. Robert Donaldson's, where a supper awaited them prepared and served in "Bob's" usual satisfactory style. After ample justice had been done to the good things provided, the brethren passed an hour or two in pleasant intercourse. The visiting officers returned to St. John by train the following morning.

THE inhabitants of Tobique village, in large numbers, met the Governor General and Countess Dufferin on their arrival there last week, with lusty cheers.—Flags were displayed from the residence of Hon. B. Beveridge, Col. Newcomb, and from the Union Hall. Their Excellencies were much pleased with the natural beauties of that section of country, and the people were equally well pleased with the "pleasant manner" of their illustrious visitors.

BARNUM & Co.'s Menagerie and Circus exhibit here on Monday next. The St. John papers speak of it as the best thing of the kind that has ever visited that city. The collection of rare animals is said to be very fine, and as there are two distinct tents, those who desire can inspect the animals without being forced to witness the Circus.

WE are in receipt of sample sheets of "Lovell's Gazetteer of British North America," to be published in November next. The advertisement concerning it in this issue explains fully the character of the work. It will be a most valuable book.

Messrs. C. N. Skinner, F. A. Morrison and W. Wedderburn, with Edward L. Wetmore as Secretary, have been appointed Commissioners to revise the Provincial Statutes.

POSTPONEMENT.—We are requested to announce that the "Grand Musical Entertainment" advertised in our last issue, to take place at Somerville, on the 8th inst., has been postponed until Wednesday evening, first October next.

Mr. George C. Foster, Prof. of Classics at the University, has returned from England, and will at once assume his University duties.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Reports of terrible ravages by the cholera come from various towns in Central Kentucky, especially at Millersburg, where fifteen deaths occurred yesterday morning. Three deaths from cholera have occurred since Saturday at Wheeling, W. Va. It is reported that a Sheriff's posse had a skirmish with the Iowa train robbers, in St. Clair County, Mo., and that the posse is in hot pursuit. A yawl containing nine men was run down by a steamer at Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday, and five of the men were drowned. Two horse thieves were lynched in Berton County, Mo., Saturday. A crazy man killed his sister and nephew and then himself last Saturday at Knightley's Station, Missouri. The steamer Ironsides was wrecked at Hog Island Shoals, near Fortress Monroe, Friday night. Crew saved.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2, p. m. Gold 115 7-8.—Letters from Vienna report cholera is raging with considerable fatality in that city. All funerals are forbidden before ten o'clock at night, and the number after that hour is not small. In the best quarters of the city the streets are covered with straw. It is said the disease mainly attacks the poor in the dirty parts of the city, and assumes a very mild form when it appears in the better sections.

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.—A ferry boat on the Indus, while crossing the river near Karish, capsized and sunk in deep water. She was crowded with passengers, 90 of whom are reported drowned.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Six hundred pilgrims left London to-day for Paray Le Morial. Yesterday they were addressed by Archbishop Manning. Socialitisc troubles of a serious nature have broken out in Andalusia, in the neighborhood of Jimenia, where farm laborers have banded together for the purpose of demanding and endeavoring to enforce a division of property. They burned forty farm houses of those who opposed them and committed other excesses. Some of the rioters were arrested. It is reported that 6,000 Carlists are marching against Teruel.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The registered letters stolen from the Post Office at Toronto, Canada, some weeks since, have been found hidden in the woods on the Lake Shore, near Lumber River. All the letters with drafts and checks were recovered, but no money. A fire at Nashua, N. H., last night, destroyed property valued at $25,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The revenue cutter Woodbury and steamer Commerce have been despatched from Boston to succor wrecked Gloucester fishermen on Nova Scotia coasts and adjacent localities.

BOOK NOTICE.—The current number of the *Maritime Monthly* contains a fine table of contents. "Northward Ho," from the pen of Rev. M. Harvey, is an interesting letter on the best route to the North Pole. Conservator gives us a very readable paper on "Central Asia." "A plot within a plot," is advanced some three chapters. Altogether the present number is an excellent one.

EDITORIAL ITEMS.

J. M. Rice, Gould's Building, Houlton, is continually adding to his large stock of Furniture. His prices are extremely low, and intending purchasers will do well to give him a call.

A heifer raised in Kentucky was recently sold in England for twelve thousand dollars.

The number of paper mills in the United States is 812, and the total capital invested in the business is $43,500,000. These mills employ 22,042 laborers, and produced last year 317,387 tons of paper, valued at $66,475,825.

Bishop Horden (Episcopal,) of Moosonee, Hudson's Bay Territory, says that his diocese is fifteen times the size of England, and in the whole of it there are but three missionaries. The Bishop is 1,000 miles from any railroad, can hear from England only three times a year, and travels from 1,700 to 1,800 miles during the year.

A young man named John Stetson, who attended a camp meeting at Long Branch, N. J., gave all his jewelry—watch, chain, diamond studs, rings, etc., valued at $600, to the cause of missions. The money derived from the sale of the goods is to be used for the establishment of a library in some of the missions in India.

A terrible scene occurred at Mansfield, Ohio, last week during the exhibition of a circus and menagerie. Thomas McCune, while intoxicated, thrust his arm through the bars of the lion's cage, and one of the animals seized him by the wrist, dragging him off his feet and bringing his body against the bars. The keeper struck the savage beast several blows with a heavy loaded cane, and succeeded in getting the man released from his perilous position. The audience were wild with excitement, and a panic was imminent. The man's wrist was completely bitten through and terribly lacerated.

The astonishing cures effected by Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam throughout this continent have won it its present favor. It is composed of such wonderful healing ingredients that in Pulmonary disorders it proves irresistible. No one can deny that a neglected cough often ends fatally; then be forewarned; relief is within your reach; fatal consequences may ensue; a life of misery, a daily, hourly struggle for existence; a contest in which there can be but one victor—death. Then why delay. Dr. Wilson's Balsam is everywhere and anywhere attainable and is at once ready for use, and cannot harm any constitution.

Do you wish to curtail your medicine bill and retain sound health. Use Dr. Wilson's Anti-Bilious and Preserving Pills. They are adapted to every disease having its origin in impure blood, and it can be scarcely necessary to remind the reader, that the purity of the blood determines every person's health and vigor.

Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment, by its penetrating powers over all pains that can be reached by outward application, has been attended with unparalleled success over all diseases of the horse, that can be cured by the use of a Liniment.

Professor Clark has always ranked as the very first of our Veterinary Surgeons, and that science owes much to his scientific researches and skill, but his Derby Condition Powders comes nearer to perfection than anything we have ever seen. When given to horses they produce an almost magical effect by increasing the appetite, producing a healthy circulation of the digestive organs, purifying the blood, causing an equal circulation, and impart a renewed and vigorous constitution.

DISEASE OF THE HEART CURED.

WESTPORT, DIGBY Co., April 4, 1870.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, ESQ.—*Dear Sir*: I have been for many years a victim to heart disease and prostration of the system generally. Having tried physicians of eminence, both in Europe and America, and obtaining no relief, I was induced to try your invaluable Syrup, and am happy to say with the best results.

On using the first bottle my complaint was better, and before the fourth was finished I was completely cured.

Please publish for the benefit of others, and oblige

CAPT. MAURICE PETERS, SR.

Edward Bayer, Esq., Horton, King's Co., N. S., writes that an astonishing cure has been affected on his daughter, by the use of "Johnson's Anodyne Liniment" The whole spine became diseased, she lost the use of her limbs, and her back was rounded up like a bow, in consequence of taking cold after having been inoculated for the kine pock. She is now well.

We pledge our reputation on the assertion that any educated physician, after a careful examination of the receipe, will say that "Parsons' Purgative Pills," possess more merit than any other pill now offered for sale.

We all consider Iron the embodiment of strength and power, but how few are aware that it is this same element in the system that gives us strength and vigor, and that an insufficiency of it causes weakness and debility. The Peruvian Syrup a protoxide of iron, is prepared expressly to supply this vitalizing element.

TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF THE BELL ORGAN.

MR. W. L. ALTERTON:—*Dear Sir*,—Having played an Organ in Church five years, and passed the greater part of my life in music stores, I have had good opportunities of becoming acquainted with all the Cabinet Organs made in the United States. I take pleasure in stating that I have thoroughly tested the "Bell" Organ for sale by you, having used it in our Dramatic performances, and have found it in every point superior to any Organ made in the United States, except the Mason & Hamlin, and equal to that in the *cox humana* stop.

I am, very respectfully yours,
W. R. McQUOWN,
Leader of Orchestra for Dolly Bidwell's Dramatic Company.

Woodstock, July 2, 1871.—tf-32

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The Dominion Government has sent a special commissioner to inquire into the Gordon abduction case in Manitoba, and see if the prisoners may not be released on bail. A boat containing two men and a woman went over the falls at Reading, Pa., yesterday, and the woman and one of the men were drowned. The survivor says the boat was intentionally rowed over by the other man, who was bent on suicide. Fires are reported at Freepont, Pa.— loss $75,000; at Patoka, Ind., —loss $50,000, and at Sharon Springs, N. Y., where the Eldredge House was burned. Gold 115 3-4. The New York police are searching for Edward Patterson, 20 years old, who robbed Keep & Co., of New street, of over $30,000 in gold certificates, Governments and money, and decamped.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—The *Globe* says that the Ministry is determined to submit a statement of a Budget to Parliament early next session on the basis of the abolition of the Income tax, on which, if the House refuses to sustain them, they will appeal to the country. There is little doubt that the Spanish insurgents will attack the British fleet if they attempt to move the Spanish vessels without coming to some understanding on the subject.

41, St. Maurice St., Montreal, P. Q., April 15, 1872. Messrs. T. Graham & Son, although I have repeatedly seen the good effects of your Pain Eradicator since I first had it in use near two years ago, it has far exceeded my expectation in the cure of Acute Rheumatism with which I had been attacked last winter and of which I have been cured in less than a week by the use of one bottle of this medicine.

I had some years ago suffered intense pain for more than three months from an attack of the same complaint, although under medical treatment during that time.

For Rheumatism, as well as other forms of pain, I believe it has no equal.

THE IMPORTANCE OF HEALTH.

None but those deprived of this blessing know its loss. The pimpled, blotched, freckled and tettered covered person, looks upon a clean smooth skin with jealousy, and wishes the same. Those whose systems are filled with virus of Scrofula and other Cutaneous diseases, cannot have good health. When the blood is impure, disease is sure to follow. All have timely warning in those Pimples, Blotches, Freckles, Sores, Boils, copper colored Patches, Scales, &c. Avert then the calamity by purifying the system with WILSON'S TONIC AND SARSAPARILLIAN ELIXIR before Scrofula takes a firm hold. How many have virus in the system, and in that condition contemplate marriage, knowing little of its baneful influence on the constitution. To such we say stop. First cleanse yourself of these impurities, of that scrofulous infection, which in many cases is hereditary in the constitution, before you bring misery on yourself and offspring. For their sake give the Elixir a trial and eradicate that disease from your system.

NEW GOODS!

VICTORIA HOUSE,

Prince Wm. Street,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

JUST OPENED per S. S. HIBERNIA, the following desirable Goods:
Watered Ribbons, in Black, White and Colored;
Dolly Varden Shade Hats;
Ladies' and Girls Dress STRAW HATS, white and black;
Bonnet and Hat Shapes;
Flowers, Wings, Agreetas, &c.;
Black Brussels Netts;
White and Colored CRAPES;
Hat Ornaments, Yak Laces;
Ladies' Scarfs and Squares;
Sun Umbrellas, black and brown;
Light and Dark Prints; Black and White Striped Prints;
Dress Goods; Buff Batiste;
BLACK DRESS GOODS;
Black Striped Grenadines;
Black Double Wraps Cashmere, for Capes;
Heavy Mohair Embroidery Braids;
Made Shirts, Trimmings, Belts;
Black Watered Silk, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
E. D. WATTS.

St. John, July 23, 1873.

SPENCER'S
I. X. L.
VIOLET INK.

Brilliant, Permanent, Non-Corrosive, Limpid.

Put up in quarts, pints, half-pints, qr-pints, and stands for School use.

It is in all respects decidedly superior to any Ink imported.

DEALERS SUPPLIED BY

H. L. Spencer, 20 Nelson Street; J. & A. McMILLAN, 78 Prince William Street; Daniel & Boyd, 4 Market Square; Everett & Butler. 57 King Street; T. R. Jones & Co., Canterbury St.

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.

Patronised by the Royal Family of Great Britain and principal Courts of Europe, by the Nobility, Gentry, of Great Britain and Continent, as well by the principal Physicians at home and abroad, also by the Military and Naval Hospitals.

H. L. SPENCER,
20 Nelson street, St. John,
General Agent for Maritime Provinces.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts.

Lemon, Vanilla, Rose, Almond, Nectarine, Celery, Orange, Peach, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Cloves, Gingor. In five sizes—2, 5, and 10 oz, pints and quarts. For flavering

Ice Creams, Custards, Pies, Blanc Mange, Jellies, Sauces, Soups, Gravies, &c.

"Pre-eminently superior."—Parker House, Boston.

"The best in the world."—Fifth Av. Hotel, N. Y.

"Used exclusively for years."—Continental Hotel, Phil.

"We use them exclusively."—Sherman House, Chicago.

"We find them the best."—Southern Hotel, St. Louis.

"We find them excellent."—Occidental Hotel, San Francisco.

H. L. SPENCER, St. John.
Sole Agent for Maritime Provinces.

Marriage Licenses.

THE subscriber ISSUES MARRIAGE LICENCES at his office, Upper Woodstock, and at the Drug Store of Mr. Wm. Dibblee, at the creek.

H. M. G. GARDEN,
Issuer Marriage Licences.

Woodstock, Sep. 9, 1871.—6m-pd-37

AVOID QUACKS.

A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. J. H. Reeves, 78 Nassau st., New York.—ly-32

The Confessions of an Invalid,

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of Young Men and others who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying the *means of self-cure*. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free of charge.

Sufferers are invited to address (prepaying postage) the author,

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
3m-25 Box 153, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DIED.

At Edmundston, Victoria County, on the 28th ult., Mrs. Jane, widow of the late John Emmerson, in the 64th year of her age, much regretted by all her friends and relations. St. John papers please copy.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE!

THE Executive Committee of the F. C. Baptist Home Mission Society, of second District, are requested to meet at Jacksonville, on Thursday, 11th inst., at 2 o'clock, p. m. As business of importance will come before the meeting, a full attendance is requested.

Religious Meeting in the evening at 7 p.m.

By order of Chairman,
G. T. HARTLEY.

September 5, 1873.—1i-pd

NOTICE

WE are showing NEW STYLES OF GENTS' HATS, for Autumn Wear.

CLARK & CONNOR.

Woodstock, Sept. 6, 1873.

PHOTOGRAPHIC Removal!

JOHN HALL HAS REMOVED to the spacious Rooms over

W. T. Baird's Drug Store,
Corner King and Main Streets,

where he has fitted up a First-class Gallery, and intends his work to be the same.

Special attention paid to COPYING and ENLARGING. All are invited to call and see SPECIMENS and learn prices.

JOHN H. HALL.

Woodstock, Sept 5, 1873.—36

Just Received!

WE have Just Received a large lot of

NEW HAIR GOODS

IN

14 inch BRAIDS;
27 inch BRAIDS;
36 inch BRAIDS;
Coils and Chignons.

CLARK & CONNOR.

Woodstock, Sept. 5, 1873.

Clothes Wringers!

1 DOZEN NOVELTY

Cog Wheel Wringers!

JUST ARRIVED AT

EMERY'S

SEWING MACHINE ROOMS.

Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call.

Woodstock, Sept. 5, 1873.—36

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE rumor having gone abroad that we are about closing our business at once, we take this opportunity of informing our patrons that such is not the case; we are still prepared to supply their every want in the Meat line, and will give timely notice before closing up business in Woodstock.

GARRISON & GOODWIN.

Woodstock, Sept. 5, 1873.—4i-36

LOST.

BETWEEN Richmond Station and Blanchard's Hotel, Woodstock, on Tuesday last, a Lady's Portmonaie, for which a liberal reward will be given. Any information can be left at Mr. H. Montgomery's, Scotch Corner, or at this office.

September 5, 1873.—1i-pd

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife Margery has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, I do hereby warn all persons against trusting or harboring her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

JAMES SHANNON.

Wicklow, Aug. 30, 1873.—3i-pd-36

NOTICE.

THE undersigned begs to inform his customers, and the public generally, that he intends making some change in his present business, and will therefore sell the balance of his Stock at Cost. Parties indebted to him would do well to call immediately and settle their accounts, and thereby save costs.

PATRICK MULLIN.

South Richmond, Sept. 5, 1873.—3i-pd-36

MARBLE WORKS,

WOODSTOCK.

THE undersigned having purchased the above Works from Mr. B. W. Harvey, would respectfully announce that they are prepared to carry on the work in all its branches, guaranteeing to give satisfaction to their patrons, both as regards workmanship and price.

MONUMENTS, TOMB TABLES,
GRAVE STONES, &C.,
Centre, Pier Tables and Mantles,

FREE STONE AND GRANITE CUTTING EXECUTED IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Orders promptly filled. SHOP, MAIN STREET.

GALLAGHER & SON.

Woodstock, Sept. 5, 1873.—6m-pd-36

LUMBER

ALL KINDS OF

SAWN LUMBER,

FOR SALE