

FOR THE GARLETON SENTINEL.

MR. EDITOR.—Sabbath evenings in the lumber camps are spent by those of the crew who are corresponding with their friends in writing letters, and it is no unusual thing for the porter to carry away on Monday from fifteen to twenty of those epistles. The subscription \$1 50 a year in advance. Advertisements should be accompanied by the money to ensure insertion. Short notices not exceeding 6 lines, 50 cents first insertion; 15 cents each subsequent insertion.

The Garleton Sentinel.

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young women in many settlements through the new Brunswick, whose journey to Wallingford to the woods last fall, are not forgotten, and the hearts of many parents, as well as wives and sisters, are cheered with the intelligence that their loved ones have arrived, and that general good health prevails. Discussions often occur upon temperance and religious questions and, to the credit of the settlement, the temperance cause is enthusiastically favored, a strong majority in its favor, and the wish expressed that York and Carleton may adopt it. Some say, if I need not be here tonight; others "had I taken care of what money I have earned, I should not stand here with my hands quieting my sun now, the rumblers have had too much of it. Suppose we gave them no more; let them go to the woods, to get a little more, and then come back. It is for us to get the money they receive to a man, poisonous article, that destroys soul and body. The drinking man, away from liquor and his wife and children, and I think that he cannot get it, will talk intelligently respecting this matter, and honestly acknowledge the course of moderate drinking as being the only one that is without doubt as to drinking again, and the probability is that the first grog stop reached after leaving the woods produces the most beneficial results, and the old habit is renewed. Occasionally a croaker turns up his nose and tells you he has a perfect right to drink and get drunk, and that he will be a successful business, and there cannot be a law made to stop its sale. He will have his run at all hazards. Thank God the time has arrived when such characters are the exception, and not the rule. The working men of our country are cured by this habit, hundreds of them, active and strong, year after year contribute to the support of their families, and are free from the traffic, to the injury of themselves and their families. Thank God, too, some good men, and men of ability, are the exception, and not the rule. Some of our editors, are striving with all their might, for the annihilation of this evil, the greatest, and while many of such are scattered throughout the country, they are not the majority. The contrary in the frequent sacrifices made, for instance (and without lustery does it occur to all the readers of the paper) to abstain from the use of liquors, are to be found in its columns, which cannot get out, and, judging from the general advertising of business men, a large number have adopted the same principle the principles of temperance, and a determination to carry the point is here exhibited, and if I am correctly informed, New Brunswick is the only place where the proprietors refuse similar advertisements.

Your Bloomfield correspondent referred to a rum hole near the Boundary Line, it is a fact, and I am tempted to say, I will not license it, offers an enticement to the sons of worthy and religious farmers on both sides of the line, and it is a wonder they do

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1878

SENTINEL OFFICE, IN BRICK BUILDING,  
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, UP STAIRS.

THE SENTINEL may without any reservation claim to have always been the true friend of the farmers of this County and an honest exponent of their interests, their righted伸 status. It has kept in view constantly the many advantages enjoyed by the farmers here, while always seeking to impress upon them the truth and especially the necessity of the true character of their profession—their nobility and independence—warning them against being led to forsake their country or injure the business, deceived by the sensational stories told about other districts or by the false appearances of ease and pseudo respectability attaching to other pursuits. It has sought to establish in their minds a better sense of the duties of farming as a business, showing them that according to the established facts of science as well as according to the laws of nature, and the laws of God and good nature, it should be regarded as more than a field for the mere display of brute force and physical energy; that it should be regarded as a grand enterprise in which mind should bring to bear the lessons taught by science, and one from which the most satisfactory results were bound to accrue.

Well, the SENTINEL has witnessed every great improvement in all these respects in this County; it has seen our laborers on a given number of acres developing into gentlemen, our climate and soil and stronger self-reliance developed; improvement has been going on in every direction in the management of the farms, in the produce and the stock, in the home surroundings and associations of the farms. This is a cause for great satisfaction.

But still we have evidence every day that many of our farmers have every way to learn, if they have learned they do not apply the lesson, as regards those practical facts in which their self interest is immediately concerned. It is a pity that so many of our farmers have established a reputation and who cannot always command for the products of their dairies, their fields and their stock, much better prices than those that rule in the general market. The reason simply is that they exercise diligent care in the preparation of their stock for market. Their butter is prime; their

Yours truly,  
SCALER.  
FOR THE CARLETON SENTINEL.  
TRAVEL ACROSS NEW ENGLAND.

and we fear a majority of the farmers, who, when they come to market must accept the very minimum price for everything. They bring in butter, carefully worked, carefully salted, indifferently packed, colorless, flavorless, ill-looking compounds of cream, salt and water. They bring good beef and other meats which are simply spoiled by the manner of dressing, and so with their grain, badly cleaned, light, unsubstantial, they are not worth a good price.

Now about all these things there is a very little science really required, but there demanded some thought, a good deal of care. But the expenditure of science, thought and care, expended in the production of a given weight of good, palatable, attractive butter, for instance, over that in producing the same quantity of the inferior article is nothing compared with the difference in market value. In the County of York, for instance, in adjoining County, getting 20 cents and over for every pound of butter they can make, while the bulk of that article brought to market sells for 13 cents.

Then it must be remembered that the credit of the County abroad is affected. A large percentage of the farmer's produce goes abroad out of the County, and its fame is established or detracted from, according to the average quality and value of such products.

We make these remarks with the most kindly intentions. Our products going into other markets have to compete now with those of other countries, and we must produce as good as the best, all our farmers have to do is to bend their intelligence, forethought and regard for their own pockets to the work, and cater to the better class of customers, who are always ready to pay according to quality.

We notice that a short time since when a lecture was delivered in Fredericton, under the auspices of the 'Women's Christian Temperance Union,' the lady president of that association occupied the chair and introduced the speaker of the evening, while the other members of the audience and other ladies of the town, and of the surrounding country, should be. This is the course pursued in other countries, and it is following the example set in Woodstock some months ago, one which was somewhat adversely criticized at the time. It is well for men and women in these matters to look for, and be ready to give, support and assistance from and to each other. But there is nothing uncoagelical, nothing inconsistent with the strictest sense of propriety for women who engage in such a moral and social work as that for which these unions are formed, doing the work in their own way, arranging their own programmes and adapting themselves to the times, as regards failure or success of any particular effort they may feel called upon to make. We know there are those, men and women both, who question the propriety of the latter taking any active self-reliant public interest in temperance, or indeed any other

**FOR THE CARLETON SENTINEL.**

**Mr. Editor**—**Th**e **J**ohn **T**elegraph keeps pecking away at the government and the National Policy. In Monday's (6th inst) issue it says "The Chinese are the enemy of the Chinese." Its editor says, Possibly the Chinese have been reading Canadian political literature, etc. from China the *Telegraph* has been publishing articles about them in the district of Luton, (some 30 miles from London) which is east of the steam plait and west of the railway station at Ipswich. In 1871 there were 5,833 persons male and female, employed in the business, and owing to the depressed state of trade a large number of persons had employment there, except the Queen, the Prince of Wales, and the Parliament to aid them, but how aid them? why by placing a duty on the imported article, in the words of the *Telegraph*, "they want a National Policy. It might be interesting to inquire what answer the Editor of the *Telegraph* would give to that right?" I would give to this request, suppose they had power in the matter. Judging by past utterances the *Telegraph* would snort at such a suggestion, and say, "the Government a Chinese policy, and would tell them to turn their attention to something else, as straw bonnet making is not germane to the National Policy, and that it is better to work harder, to economize more and if that does not answer then they may starve or go down to the poor house, or go to the gallows, and so forth. Their duty of government was to collect the revenue and spend it, (principally among their supporters) leaving commerce (straw bonnet making) to take care of its self."

**WILLIAM BOYLE**

Nordtonde, December 20th, 1878.

Mr. Peter A. Tighe, of Memphis died of yellow fever, and so did the doctor who attended him, and his wife, and his children, and the clergyman who officiated at his funeral, so an insurance company which required a certificate of health from a physician over the sum for which his life was insured, refused

their physical ability to support their families and their sense of moral responsibility, are worth saving and worth a degree of petting after they have been induced to take this pledge. The picture opened upon a scene of desolation, the picture of a miserably sober picture of years wasted, of a home without the proper belongings of a home, of a destitute, broken hearted, helpless family, and this picture is one calculated rather to drive a man to despair and back again to the oblivious influence of liquor, unless he possesses more than ordinary power of will and strength of resolution. He wants rescue, and he wants encouragement. He wants practical aid and he did not see his family as a bestowment on papers but as a willing gift, as a chance offering to celebrate his recovery and to strengthen him to avoid a relapse. Of course comparatively poor institutions can do not do much as they would like to do, but the women sometimes come in when the emergency arises and afford some how or other a little relief. The picture, however, may go below the surface, find out the destitute families and desolate homes, and indicate there a return of the angel of contentment.

It may be that we need too much money away for foreign charities; given into the

In a lecture on "Modern Business," lately delivered in Montreal, Mr. George Hagan said:—

"Life and let live" seems to be followed formerly, but now the attempt seems to be made

TO CRUSH OTHERS.

In former times failure was a distressing inability to keep engagements; in our day it is more intelligible by the term, as a few exceptions it is the result of living upon the credit. Failure means that a man owing creditors well takes \$10,000 of creditors' property and then he is unable to pay it. He is now well able to pay all if he chose. Failure means that a man has obtained an advance of \$10,000 and prosecutes some honorable pursuit, but diverts it to some other and dishonorable pursuit. Failure means that a man turns round on his creditor and bends him down to his feet. Failure means that a man is enabled to compass his interest in succession, and the spectacle may be exhibited of luxury after failure rolling in upon a man, and he is unable to resist it by the way-side. The fallacy is in thinking that the real value of this life of ours is measured in material wealth. The wealth of a family, however great, is not measured and not confined to rich or poor. This is the grading passion for accumulation is to be corrected by all good men. The golden rule, inculcated in the sermon on the Mount would prevent nine-tenths of these evils.

and the Christiana temperance Union the money that any one year we send abroad for very missions and give the Bible to the heathen, should be put to the use of the heathen which would do more good in making permanent reformations at home than possibly it does even in its important use elsewhere.

We had no intention of writing so much when we commenced. But the theme is a worthy one.

CHRISTMAS FESTIVAL.—The Sabbath school of the Presbyterian congregation held a very interesting festival on Christmas Eve. The entertainment was quite varied and thus all the more pleasing. The children were treated to cakes and sweetmeats, before the intellectual part of the proceedings commenced. After the good things had been attended to, the

THE TIMES WE ARE PASSING THROUGH are trying, and we are gaining there less from the things of this world than we were from the things of the other world. We are beginning to recognize the truth of many old Scriptural sayings formerly forgotten. Process is in questionably the law of God's universe. But there is an intermittent, restless, reckless progress. Let us have business that we may master and control our own, but not of what we have robbed our neighbors of. The mind is healthful, engaged by the former—by the latter it is more perverted. Against the idle, sluggish habit begotten by this illegitimate travel, the work of the Lord in the war against the good name is better than great riches, as this you can only gain in the way described. If you are favored with the usual amount of money, the more the pleasure will be to you of being able to dispense to the need and a feeling of satisfaction will be given in the least which has engaged and so far as the intellect, health, honorable desire, and God-fearing conduct.

interesting programme was carried out, largely made up of exercises by the children.

After opening by singing, and praying by Mr. McWha, the hymns which were made up by Mr. D. Munro, the Superintendent, and Mr. Chas. McLean, then followed texts, appropriate to the occasion, singing and recitations, the children going through their allotted parts very nicely indeed. The singing of the children, Miss Lillie Jones at the organ, was very good, reflecting much credit on Mrs. McWha, who had carefully trained the little ones in their vocal exercises for the occasion.

The Xmas tree, reaching nearly up to the ceiling, well laden with presents for both old and young, was then lighted up, making a very pretty appearance.

Before the gifts on the tree were distributed, Mrs. McKeay presented some handsome silver articles accompanied by an address; and Mrs. Wm. Loane presented the presents, and Mrs. Chas. McLean gave the children each one of the books issued by the Sewing Circle. The donation was made by the same name.

The address, in appreciation of Mrs. McKeay's strenuous efforts in helping on the object of the church in general, and the Sewing Circle in particular. Mrs. Donald Munro was, also, the recipient of a beautiful present.

The gifts on the tree were numerous and varied. The scholars evinced much pleasure on receiving their presents, and when it was found that the teachers had been remembered in like manner by their classes more surprise and enjoyment were added. Altogether the affair was very enjoyable. May they have many returns of just such pleasing seasons.

CARDINAL Manning during a speech in London, in which he strongly and eloquently advocated prohibition, thus referred—

"The other day, for I call 1864 the other day, after a long fight year after year in the Dominion of Canada, an act was passed giving the Permissive Bill to the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. In 1870, however, the same bill was introduced into the Supreme Legislature of the Dominion of Canada, extending the provisions of the act to the seven provinces west of Ontario and Quebec. This bill is a Permissive Bill at this moment on the statute-book of the Dominion of Canada which has received the assent of the crown, and now remains before the Imperial Government of Great Britain and Empire. Well, I am inclined to think that this Permissive Bill in Canada is a very good thing, and I would rather see our countrymen reach to ourselves. However it is no business of mine."

Mrs. Sullivan and the O'Conner Don, barefooted part and were in the lead in carrying through the House of Commons the same measure, and were afterwards elected members stayed in London, although he was bound by many engagements to be in Dublin, to take it through the House of Lords to its last reading. Since his return from our country, he has been of Ireland and Scotland the Sunday Closing Acts for there is no prospect to that there will be a Sunday Act for England or Wales. Thus for the Dominion of Canada, Ontario and Quebec, and the Dominion of Ireland and Scotland and it is the first time that the permissive principle has been applied to the subject of the liquor traffic. Henceforth, if we are to believe what could have foreseen those things of which we have spoken, he would have had motives of joy and thanksgiving which he did not know of. His faith believed in our countrymen of his faith believed in our countrymen.

CHRISTMAS DAY, in its outside observance, was generally kept. There was public reverence in several of the Churches, and the attendance at these was rather larger than usual. In the afternoon the streets were full of pedestrians and of all those who could possibly command the use of a horse and vehicle. From the Bridge to the Lower Corner the main road was perfectly jammed with teams, presenting a very lively and enjoyable scene, even to those who could not take any part in the celebration of the 10th commandment and, as they moved about the town, Mr. Shank's mare, wished they too could participate with the elgiting parties. Only a few slight collisions occurred, and excellent feeling and the absence of drunkenness and quarrelling was exhibited in all parts of the town.

No doubt, if we would pierce the veil that hid the inner social life from its out-door exhibition, we might tell of the joy having been observed with its wonted joyous reunions and domestic associations. We accept this on faith, and believe that the Christmas of 1878 was in general a merry one, with greenness in the Christmas trees, happiness in the twinkling of young hearts, and the mirth of those who were quickening the hearts of the more aged. It has passed, but may its pleasant memories remain an influence for future good.

THE Baptist and F. C. Baptist churches unite in holding 'W. B. Night services' this week. The service will be held in the Baptist church, and Rev. Mr. McDonald will preach the sermon.

Rev. Mr. Seelye, on behalf of the members of the Baptist church and congregation presented Mrs. John A. Shes, last week with a valuable silver chased, gold-lined clock. The gift was taken on account of the valuable services rendered by Mrs. Shes as organist of the church. Mrs. S. in suitable terms, expressed her surprise and gratitude at the unexpected and generous gift.

There were a few collisions of sleighs on Christmas Day, but, fortunately, not attended with any very serious result.

The sleighs of Rev. G. W. McDonald and Mr. B. B. Manzer came in contact at the upper end of Main street, and the wives of both these gentlemen were thrown from the respective sleighs. Mrs. Manzer escaped with a slight bruise of the shoulder, but Mr. McDonald was more seriously injured, though not at all dangerously, we are glad to say.

The window of Mr. W. B. Jewett's jewelry store, excited much attention during the evening to the presentation therein of a very cleverly executed tableau, representing happy family, the children asleep on the bed,

Although on Tuesday, which was a very busy day, there was in the afternoon and evening a goodly crowd of people and in the several stores, still the trade was extensive as had been anticipated, and those who bought, as a rule, invested in standard articles of use rather than those of ornamentation and luxury. There never was in Woodstock a more inviting display of goods presented, whether it regards the goods themselves or the style of their display, and no doubt many gazed regretfully on tempting wares which they felt that of their pockets did not justify them in buying.

There was not a ray of snow, though of Christmas

while the jolly form of Santa Claus appeared preparing to pass down the chimney to fill the little ones stockings, which hang below the mantle shelf.

While the Duke of Edinburgh was recently in Halifax he, according to the statement of a New York reporter who interviewed him, gave very free utterance to adverse criticism on the present policy of the British government with regard to Cyprus, Russia, &c. The authorities at home have thought it better to ignore the Duke's remarks, and he has officially to contradict the interviewer's statement. And now the New York paper promises the more shall be heard about the matter.

boats brought in, but quite enough, to supplement the stocks held by retailers, to supply the immediate demands and at prices quite low.

Is the newspapers are to be believed there is a dead lock between the Premier and Mr. Chamberlain. The former it is said has ordered the Clerk of the Commons not to recognize certain appointments made to Mr. Chamberlain since the election, while Mr. Chamberlain apparently insists upon his orders being recognized by the Clerk. Of course Mr. Anglin still speaks and equally of course the Clerk his subordinate, and during the recess at

Sir Wilfrid Lawson at a meeting of the United Kingdom Alliance, told the following anecdote which may find its application in this province at present. He said—

What an extraordinary thing it is that none of our friends anywhere should talk about despair! (Hear, hear.) Why, we have got through the worst part of the business. There is nothing to despair upon remaining in the hands of the Irishman. The Irishman made out that he would swim across a river a hundred yards wide; he struggled away till he got within five yards of the opposite bank, and then he said that he was too weak to swim, and he turned round to swim back. (Laughter.)

The ladies of St. John's church intend holding a Farmer's supper and Fancy sale at Montgomery's Hall, Richmond Corner, on New Year's eve. Sale to begin at 2 P. M. A supper at 6 P. M. Go and patronize it, enjoy the pleasant time, assist in giving St. John's church a new organ.

We tender to our readers one and all the loyal wish that they may enjoy a "Happy New Year." May it be the beginning of a year in which the small paper as the past year has far as it could have been desirable, and much more abundant.

occupied the chairband, with the following named gentlemen, addressed the meeting: Messrs. D. C. Courser, D. F. Meritt, W. W. Atkinson and James Watts.—In conclusion, there was good singing, at the disposal of each speech.

The British troops are evidently making satisfactory progress in the advance on Afghanistan. Internal troubles have arisen at Kabul which are likely to precipitate the fate of the Amerer and the success of the British.

The entry of Newfound land into confederate America is now spoken of as an event likely to be accomplished, or the necessary arrangements for it made, this winter.

SMALL POX has made its appearance in Charlotte Co., and one man has fallen a victim to it. He recently returned from Minneapolis, and it is supposed contracted the disease on route.

The friends of Rev Mr. Colter, Florenceville, intend paying a donation visit to his residence on Wednesday, New Year's evening, when all well wishers are cordially invited.

*Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly*.—The January Number of this favorite periodical commences a new volume and now is the time, therefore, to subscribe. It has powerful claims for public patronage; it is ably conducted; the literature is of the highest order; and it is the

cheapest and most comprehensive magazine, periodical or newspaper, published in the country. It is remarkably interesting, opening with an elaborate, descriptive article, beautifully illustrated, on the "Fruit of the Loom," and followed by such pleasing Christmas tales as "Three Christmas Eves in Ethel Clinton's Life," "Margaret's Christmas," "The Christmas of the Little Mother Wedding," "Norman Debarough's Son," and a powerful story by Benedict. It is continued; and there are also several short stories of great interest, including "The Christmas of the Original Sketches," by Sir Randall Roberts is peculiarly interesting; as is also an article upon Ethel Blanchard, by the author of "The Modern Girl," which is largely illustrated. Prof. C. A. Joy has an admirable, illustrated article on "The Industrial Revolution," and the "Fruit of the Loom" is illustrated by Eliza Cook and other popular poets; and a miscellany embracing a large variety of subjects, including "The Christmas of the Fruit of the Loom," and "The Christmas of the Fruit of the Loom," covering pages, over 60 illustrations, and a beautiful colored frontispiece. "The Beteluin and his children," by the author of "The Christmas of the Fruit of the Loom," is a beautiful and interesting postpaid, and single copies 25 cents. If our readers desire a delightful, entertaining and profitable Christmas visitor for the coming year, they cannot do better than subscribe for FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR MONTHLY. Address FRANK LESLIE PUBLISHING HOUSE, 57 N. 57 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

**Jottings.**

Don't forget the Fancy Fair and Festival, which opens in St. Gertrude's Hall on Monday evening next. It is anticipated that this will be the most attractive affair of the kind ever held in Woodstock.

Public temperance meeting in Reform Club Hall this (Saturday) evening. A number of our best speakers will attend the meeting.

The Teachers' and County Drafts are in the hands of the County Inspector for delivery.

Rev. B. Colpitts is holding a series of successful religious meetings at Jacksonville. Five converts were made last night.

Owing to indisposition Rev. Mr. Paisley did not, as announced he would, preach his sermon to the Sunday School on the 22nd inst. He will do so on Monday next.

Remember the donation visit to Rev. Mr. Seely on Monday evening next.

The Baptist Quarterly meeting will be held in the hall of the Baptist Church, on Tuesday evening in January next, continuing over Sunday.

The usual watch night services will be held in the Methodist Church, Tuesday evening.

Thanks to Mr. A. Chalmers, Boston, and Mr. P. Fletcher, Philadelphia, for late American papers.

Hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B. has arrived safely home at Ottawa. A public reception of the hon. gentleman is to be given this (Saturday) evening.

A farmer named Hamilton, living at Parham, Aroostook, the other night, was shot at through the window of his house and the ball taking effect in his life, if he is not already dead, is despatched.

As Mr. H. R. Baird was taking down Santa Claus from over his store door, late on Tuesday night, he was struck on the head by a small, white, brittle tree, thrown from the hand of some unknown miscreant. It is a pity the perpetrator could not be discovered.

The first that has fallen in this city.

The Congressional holidays have begun. Indeed, the mild weather has been so long on days, for, as is usually the case, as holidays approach legislative business, and a general air of listlessness and inaction pervades the minds of the members, that they have nothing pressing on their hands and have already gone to their homes as well as a number of lobbyists and wire pullers.

A little scene of excitement occurred in the hall of the House of Representatives, on Tuesday, when a Virginia member was irritated by objections made to a resolution he offered. He asked loudly who made that objection, and when he was told that it was made by a man who he did not care who knew, several members left their seats and gazed excitedly in the area in front of the speaker, and for a few moments there was a commotion. It is a pity that the wisest and ablest men cannot control their temper. The whole country is disgraced.

**Victoria Corner Items.**

We are pleased to learn that Mr. G. W. Lochart has just recovering from injuries received in Seattle. He was very nearly killed by a very near escape from being crushed to death by the Driving wheel of the engine.

The Concert on Friday evening was a most lively affair, well attended, and the exercises were of an instructive and laughable character. The closing fairs of the *Bear Dance* were very successful. The dancing was done with two Norway Bears, who passed through our streets a short time ago) was amusing to witness, and showed a careful amount of training by a young man.

Mr. Coulard has closed his school for the

Although your correspondent has given great credit to this place for its important contribution of Juvenile depravity was seen this week, which convinces the writer that there should be no more of these parties. It is a disgrace to the place, for in yet some one to save, and others to prevent from facing.

There is a small number of really were had enough to place tasks (points upward) on the Vestry steps, before the hour of service, the result of which was a very large number of people who change position very rapidly. We hope the guilty parties may be covered.

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monument in the Grave Yard, it is large and handsome, and must have been expensive.

Mr. Henry Stephens has just finished two flights of stairs and railing in Mr. G. W. Boyer's new house, and the work is well done and cannot be surpassed. Mr. S. is just the man for any difficult work like the above. The cost of this piece of workmanship must have been great. The mill has closed work for the winter.

There is no slack to the boot and shoe business at this season, and must be the greatest *Lynn* of New Brunswick.

[illegible]

**York County Council.** Dec. 23.  
York is all alive on the Temperance question. Lecturers are travelling in all parts of the County and displaying much eloquence; men and women are everywhere, and the meetings are now very warm in the cause. On Thursday evening last a Temperance meeting was held in the Union Meeting House, at Lower Hampham, and was addressed by K. Pinder, Esq., Rev. E. Bellamy, S. McFarlane, Israel Stars, J. T. Clark, H. V. Clark, and the Chairman, and was attended by a large number of persons brought to hear on the Canada Permissive Bill. On Friday evening a Temperance meeting was held in the same hall, and was addressed by K. Pinder, Esq., Rev. E. Bellamy, Hiram Clark, Henry Blancy, L. Grant and Albert Hartley. There were several dialogues and songs, and the meeting was one of the most among the most prominent of which was Miss Nora Cox and Jancy Dysert. It was, all together, a most successful meeting. On Saturday evening a meeting was held in the F. C. Baptist House, at Upper Queensbury, which was addressed by Rev. E. Bellamy, K. Pinder, Rev. E. Bellamy, C. E. Heustis, W. H. Clark, and J. T. Clark. The meeting was one of the close of the war with Afghanistan. The course nobody can prevent Russia claiming as a right, and she is likely to find herself mistaken. She is not to enforce her demands against Britain, but to wait until she has secured communications a full month shorter than the Russian line. If this Afghan quest had been adjourned for fifty years, still the Russian line would be shorter. Britain might have had Britain at a disadvantage the struggle for the mastery of Central Asia. But she chose to precipitate this conflict, and she has lost her place of conquest dashed, and has herself been humiliated.

As to the European policy of Russia, very hard to guess at the drift of the present Russian mission to St. Petersburg. The Court St. Petersburg. It seems hardly successful, whatever it was. The Marquis of Salisbury is reported as having declared that the Treaty of Berlin was a failure, and that the time of Russia's occupation of Bulgaria would not be long on any account, Russia is not likely

Israel Stains, Wm. Stairs, J. T. Clark, C. S. Greig, Gideon Stairs, H. H. Stairs, and others; a great many others, as much, the people say. Everybody is looking forward to the 28th Dec. with anxiety and interest; and many prayers are being offered for the success of the cause. A large majority; that others may see our good works and imitate our virtues.

The weather has been very moderate. Flawless weather, from the 27th of this month.

A goose belonging to Mrs. McDowell, of Temperance Vale, made a nest and laid 13 eggs last month. No doubt the good thought spring has begun.

There has been very little good sleighing in York yet. Quite a fall of snow came on Saturday the 27th.

day night, accompanied with a high wind, which drove it off the roads in drifts; a slight rain followed; to-day it is colder and has the appearance of more snow.

York Co. Lodge, U.T.A., meets near Millville Station, on Tuesday, 31st of Dec.

A Philadelphia clergyman, the Rev. M. MacLeod, contends that there is neither health, sense nor religion in full mourning. He tells his congregation that a bit of black ribbon, worn in some way, will tell the story.

**Benton Items.** Dec. 12.

The people of Benton are enjoying general good health.

Geo. Murray, Jr., was taken sick on Thursday last; the cause proved to be diphtheria; but under the skill and treatment of Dr. Cockburn, of Canterbury Station, he is improving

On Saturday, 7th, at Sawyer's saw mill shut down for the winter.

On Monday morning, while Samuel Gageley, this place, was splitting wood with an axe, he cut his foot with a splinter of wood. He fell on the ground, caused the blow to come across the foot, and allowed the forefinger, making a very bad cut.

Dec. 18.

Since date, Dec. 12th, the sick man has been quite recovered, and the "cut" hand has greatly improved. No symptoms of diphtheria.

The activity of the Christian and Temperance

be taken from the shoulders of bereaved mourners. Christians, be convinced, ought not to take a glow of triumph, for they are glorious hopes linked with the sorrow and the hopes of those who are gone before them. They are the hopes of those who are left behind. He would be cheerful garments worn by mourners in token of the triumph of the glorified ones, and not a sign of triumph over the fallen. Let of their own sense of bereavement. The rest of the full mourning he would send to their friends, and their sorrow at the grave have no hope.

Lied, Fitzgerald, slain in the rush on a Mujaheddin first unit who has perished in the blood-stained streets of Afghanistan. His grandfather, Major Swayne, was killed in retreat from Kabul; his great-uncle, Col. Swayne, fell in the Khyber pass; his father, Major Fitzgerald, died of Cholera in India and his uncle by marriage, Dr. Marshall lost his life in saving the sick from a hospital burned by the mutineers.

<h2 style="margin: 0;">Editorial Items.</h2>	<h2 style="margin: 0;">New Goods!</h2>
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article or novel. The sun since every day of the year in Denver. The Colorado Bulletin states that an old resident, who has kept a record of the days when the sun was visible or invisible vouchers for the fact that there has been no cloudy summer since 1955.

A lawsuit for the sale of wood land, which was claimed by two branches of a family, has been settled at Aix, France, after a lengthy dispute. The suit was won by the winner's estate, which amounted to \$12,000.

A large proportion of children who die early are those whose brain development is unusually large in comparison with the body. Why is this? Simply because the functions of the body are too frail to supply the waste going on in the consequent upon active intelligence. Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is so prepared that it imparts the vital principle directly to the brain, while it assists in developing a vigorous body.

**Wholesale and Retail.**  
**WATTS & TURNER,**  
 56 KING STREET.  
 St. John, Nov. 14, 1878

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**MARRIED.**

[illegible]

IMPURETIES OF THE BLOOD.—The decided alternative action of Robinson's Phosphorized *Emulsion of Liver Oil with Castor-Oil* is shown by a blood picture, taken at a remarkably degree as a phase of liver will worthy of the trial of those suffering from a diseased condition of the circulating blood. The muddy color of the red corpuscles and plaques that disfigure the face and neck, as well as other portions of the body, of so many persons, are indications of a diseased condition of the blood induced by, and as well associated with depraved nutrition, feeble digestion and imperfect assimilation. The continuous use of Robinson's Phosphorized Emulsion invariably cleanses the blood from all these impurities and restores the system to a state of healthfulness. It has been proved in increased constitutional vigor, mental activity, and lightness and buoyancy of spirits.

Prepared solely by J. H. Robinson, Analytical Chemist, St. John, N. B., and for sale by Druggists and General Dealers. Price \$1.00 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.00.

At Lower Brighton, C. C., Nov. 5th, said aged 4 years and 6 months, young child of William and Sarah A. Tittle. (Intelligence please copy.)

**INSANITY.**

Diseases of the Liver are especially apt to produce certain forms of insanity. If a congested liver draws off the bile from the blood, and if this bile gets in the brain it will there produce a jaundiced tone of mind, which brings about a sense of misery, completely unbecoming the unhappy sufferer, rendering him insane, frequently to the point of inducing suicide.

**Woodstock, Dec. 26, 1878—2m 12**

**NOTICE.**—I hereby authorize Foster Brown to transact business for me at Woodstock, N. B., and collect all debts growing out of the same. D. BROWN.

**Clinton, Maine, Dec. 26, 1878—31 52**

**Insolvent Act of 1875 and Amendments.**

[illegible]

**Telegraphic News.**

LONDON, Dec. 23.—It is reported that the Zaturk Mountains in the Khyber Valley escaped to the Khebar before the arrival of the British. Their capture and destruction is deemed imperative. It is stated that the Governor of Candahar is determined on resistance. General Stewart and Diddahul have been ordered to proceed to the assistance of the Candahar side of the Khebar. The Government of America's Master of Horses, England's greatest enemy,

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 23. It is reported that the Amer Sher Ali and family are journeying towards Balkh with the retiring Russian mission. Complete anarchy prevails in the country between Jolabad and Cabul. The Amer's flight will prolong the fighting.

KURU, Dec. 19. It is reported that the Afghan Wall Mohammed is near Sautargardan Pass with eleven regiments of infantry and four of cavalry

**NOTICE.**

TO THE CUSTOMERS OF  
**Lemont's Variety Store**  
—  
*Ladies and Gentlemen:*

from Baidi. He will scarcely venture to cross the Red Sea, and will not go to London. Dec. 23.—A Vienna correspondent says that according to accounts from St. Petersburg the Russian Government have recalled the mission of the Austrian plenipotentiary to St. Petersburg, and friendly feeling toward England, and because a pecuniary policy was now obtained in accordance with the Russian Government's wishes. This suggests that certain other circumstances contributed to the result; firstly, the rapid advance of the Russian fleet in the Baltic, and the precarious situation of the Austrian Government, and the mission valueless.

**MR. WILLIAM LEMONT** having returned from visiting many of the universities and cities of Germany, Austria, France, Scotland and England, after an absence of nearly six months, has just returned to New Brunswick, and the manufacturers in all places, desirous to call the attention of all to their very great facilities for buying of goods from the Continent, and for forwarding on board and arriving, in all the varied lines of goods they keep, which will well repay a visit, as it is still the

*Curiosity Shop of New Brunswick.*

[illegible]

A MESSAGE FROM THE MANSE.—Clergymen's wives are more famous for the number of their children than the collectors of their contributions; this, perhaps, entitles them to their universal credibility on domestic topics, and this also, gives abundant benefit to the statement made by Mrs. Lillie Francis, of the Methodist Episcopal Parsonage of Batchelder, New York, that the only treatment for caked or broken breasts ever used by her is

Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia.  
Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet.  
DR. GILES.  
120 West Broadway, N. Y.  
Trial size 25 cents.

PRESCOTT, Ont., 24th of June, 1878.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.  
ONE TRIP A WEEK.  
For Eastport, Portland and Boston.  
ON and after MONDAY.

MR. T. GRAHAM, — *Dear Sir*,—I have long desired to add my testimony to the many others you have regarding the efficacy of your Pain Eradicator, and have only been deterred from doing so long ere now by the difficulty of saying all that I have found it good for in the compass of a letter. I have used it in every kind of pain from a mere

every inflammation, and have always found it to give immediate relief. On several occasions suffering from severe pain on the left side, which is almost chronic, and when I otherwise would have had to go to bed and submit to medical treatment, an application of your valuable remedy has made me fit for

work in an hour's time. I take pleasure in recommending it when I see any one suffering, and hope for the sake of humanity that its use may be universal. I shall only be too happy to know that you make use of this in any way you think best.

I remain in gratitude yours

THOS. A. ANDERSON.  
Editor and Publisher of the Prescott "Plain-  
dealer."

YOUNG LADIES BEWARE  
of the injurious effect of Face Powders. All such  
remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a

THE LADIES OF  
**St. Gertrude's Church**  
will open their FANCY FAIR and FES-  
TIVAL on

short time destroys the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthful and youthful appearance use WILSON'S TONIC and SARSA-PARILLIAN ELIXIR. Those who desire brilliancy of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which this ELIXIR invariably does. It cleanses and renovates the blood and instills the vigor of health into the system, and nurses

out humours that make disease. Not a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind, arise from corruption of the blood. Use this ELIXIR in the spring and summer months, then the system naturally undergoes a change and you will find it an assistance of the highest value. WILSON'S TONIC AND SASSAPARILLIAN ELIXIR IS THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

The Fair will be opened at 6 p. m., and will open every afternoon and evening during week, except New Year's Day.

Contributions will be thankfully received by either of the undersigned Ladies:—

Mrs. McCaffery,	Mrs. Mary J. McCann,
"McDonough,	"Susan McCann,
"Gallagher,	"Margaret McCaffery,

**A CARD.**  
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of memory, &c., I will send a receipt which will cure you, **FREE OF CHARGE.** This great remedy was **DISCOVERED** by a missionary in the **INDIAN** **SOUTH** **AMERICAN** **MISSION** **TO** **THE** **REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Stationer, 21 Bible House, New York City.** 15-21

A vertical strip showing the binding of a book. The right side is a dark, textured spine, and the left side is a lighter, textured cover. The binding is visible in the center, showing some wear and tear.