

Temperance Column.

This column, by special arrangement, is under the control of the Executive of the Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T., of New Brunswick. All notices in it must be regarded by the Lodges and Deputies as official.

OFFICIAL NOTICE.—All communications relating to Constitution, By-Laws, and other matters, must be addressed to James W. G. W. C. T., Woodstock, N. B.

The complaint has been made by some persons that in none of the "Canadians" where the "Canada Temperance Act" has been accepted, the people are not in favor of this most objectionable law. It is not even a majority of the electors are in favor of it. What is meant is that those of the electors who did not vote at all are not in favor of the law. But referring to the small number who voted against it, the *Freeman* thus moralizes: "But this only proves how apathetic and indifferent the people can be even when important principles are at stake." We rather think the *Freeman* knows very well that in these instances the apathy and indifference has been shown by those who are really in favor of the law, while those who are honestly opposed took advantage of the opportunity to vote against it. Was not the *Freeman* indulging in a vein of grim humor when he suggested the idea of men voting against a law, the object of which is to make men sober, industrious, well to do, on principle; or was it a well deserved satire aimed at the vast body of professed temperance people who registered to show their principles at the ballot box?

The fact is that in one sense the objection is well taken, and the rebuke, if such is intended, well deserved. When there is an election on the Act it is a shame for its friends and the friends of humanity to rest quietly at home, trusting to the certainty of their being more than a majority of the actual vote in favor of the law. It is a shame, because these people do themselves and their principles injustice; it is a shame, because it leaves the popularity of the law unimpaired by the standard of public sentiment, the vast preponderance of which in favor of the law can after all be only assumed—we admit the assumption is a reasonable one. The Act provides its own test in the registry of public opinion through the ballot box, and the fact is that the result by that test—judged by that alone—has not been satisfactory, and we should not be surprised, should the matter be brought before Parliament, and an effort made to repeal the law, to find opponents using as an argument the fact that the response at the polls in the several Counties had been so limited.

Now let us urge upon these communities where there is to be a vote taken the importance of all who favor the law going to the polls. It was better in every way, while it would keep the tongues of all quibblers, that it should be known just how the electors feel, their views being expressed by their ballots.

The following figures may afford some of our temperance statistics occupation in showing what the figures are as presented in different reports. For instance, the quantities given below mark 70,555,227 barrels, or 3,062,069,480 gallons. How much grain was consumed in the manufacture and what its value? How high a pyramid would the barrels, placed one above the other, make, &c. &c. A very suggestive test is offered:

Some official tables connected with the production of beer in the European countries and the United States have been lately issued under authority of the Austrian government. The following is a summary of the production data in 1879. The whole German empire produced 19,946,510 hectolitres, or 23,117,117 British barrels; Great Britain, 30,597,530 hectolitres, or 35,710,010 barrels; the United States, 15,400,000 hectolitres, or 18,242,000 barrels; Austria-Hungary, 11,184,511 hectolitres, or 13,221,013 barrels; France, 8,724,000 hectolitres, or 10,388,800 barrels; Belgium, 7,854,000 hectolitres, or 9,425,778 barrels; Russia, 2,300,000 hectolitres, or 2,760,000 barrels; the Netherlands, 601,000 hectolitres, or 718,208 barrels; Denmark, 1,100,000 hectolitres, or 1,320,000 barrels; Sweden, 630,000 hectolitres, or 756,000 barrels; Italy, 570,000 hectolitres, or 684,000 barrels; Switzerland, 724,000 hectolitres, or 868,800 barrels; Norway, 915,000 hectolitres, or 1,098,000 barrels. The greatest production in proportion to the population is in Belgium, where 167 litres, or a little over 34 gallons per head, were manufactured; and the smallest production was in Russia, where the ratio was only three litres, or a little more than five and one quarter pints for every inhabitant.

A TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—Some of the New York papers tell a story of the fall of Mrs. Degraw, of Williamsburg. Three years ago she lived happily with her husband, a sea captain. They had no children, the husband was absent from home on long voyages, and so time hung heavily on her hands. She was naturally philanthropic, and finally conceived the idea of reforming the drunken women who spent most of their time between the gin-mill and the workhouse. With this object in view she visited the police courts every morning. Often would she beg the magistrate to discharge the women prisoners, and she would then take them to her home, where they were given food and raiment and care. Her unfortunate proteges naturally were surprised at the kind treatment they received, and all were promised faithfully to reform and forswear alcohol forever. Many really did commence a new life, and many a family in Brooklyn has cause to bless Mrs. Degraw. The majority, however, when once again out in the world succumbed to temptation and soon figured once more in the police courts. When arraigned, Mrs. Degraw would beg them off and bring them back to her home. This latter class gave way to the most desperate of the lot. They would beg liquor for them to give them a reasonable quantity every day. Having it in the house she began to take it herself, and soon joined those who were to be reformed. She spent all her husband's money, sold off her household goods, and even her apparel, her police courts associates made her house a rendezvous, and the other day she stood in the dock from which she had been rescued so many. Her husband had to leave her. At last someone was serving out a ten days sentence in jail for habitual drunkenness. Her husband's strong argument for those who would "moderate drinking."

At the same time—Drunkennes and its attendant evils are by no means confined to our own day and age. Says Dr. Edin: "The wine was a commercial town and was famous, and it would lead to excessive luxury, and Bacchus was the rival of Diana." The women of Athens, as the priestesses of Bacchus, drank around Mark Anthony's chair on the entrance into the city. Drunkenness was indeed an epidemic. Alexander the Great, who died a martyr to Bacchus, and not to Mars, offered a prize to him who could drink the most wine, and thirty of the rivals died in the act of competition. The house of the immense quantity of liquor which Socrates could drink, and which the philosopher Xenocrates got a golden crown from Dionysius for swallowing a gallon in his chalice. Plautus was a great wine drinker.

There are seven women in the New York Times waiting trial for having recently all of them brought there through indulgence in strong drink.

FOR XMAS SCARFS

Candied Citron,
"Lemon Peel,
"Orange"
MACE!
CONFECTIONERY.
AND ALL KINDS OF

Spices
Essences.
GARDEN
BROS.
Cor. Main and Queen Streets.
Woodstock, December 2, 1880

THE "ONLY"
LUNG PAD!
Cures by ABSORPTION (Nature's way)

Lung Diseases,
Throat Diseases,
Breathing Troubles.
IT DRIVES INTO the system curative agents and healing medicines.

H. HASWELL & CO.,
148 and 150 McGill St., MONTREAL, P. Q.
30 General Agents for the Dominion.

Hair Work!
NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!
COMBINGS made up in the best of style, in different colors, for instance, the quantities given below mark 70,555,227 barrels, or 3,062,069,480 gallons.

Bank of Nova Scotia.
CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND, 240,000.

DRY GOODS STORE,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERYWARE, &c.

Money to Loan!
ON REAL ESTATE ONLY.
APPLY TO A. L. I. A. W.,
Woodstock, Nov. 24, 1880—4-15

GO TO
F. W. BULL'S
DRY GOODS STORE,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERYWARE, &c.

Notice of Sale.
To the Creditors of Frederick and Alexander Tompkins, and all others whom it may concern:

NOTICE is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the nineteenth day of October, A. D. 1874, made between said Frederick Tompkins and Alexander Tompkins, of the one part, and Joseph McLean of the other part, and registered in Book 2, No. 2, said Frederick Tompkins, on pages 56, 57 and 58, the said day of October, 1874, there was, for the purpose of satisfying the money secured thereby, default having been made in payment thereof, a sale of the premises therein described, to-wit: the premises situated in the Parish of St. John, in the County of Charlotte, in the Province of New Brunswick, and containing about 100 acres of land, more or less, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, and the privileges to the same belonging, was made on the 27th day of November, 1880.

WANTED!
1,000 CORDS BARK!
Parties wishing to contract please call at
WOODSTOCK BOOT, SHOE,
LEATHER STORE,
BOOTS AND SHOES.

THANKING the public for their patronage in the past, we invite their attention to our present well selected stock of
WOODSTOCK BOOT, SHOE,
LEATHER STORE,
BOOTS AND SHOES.

At the same time—Drunkennes and its attendant evils are by no means confined to our own day and age. Says Dr. Edin: "The wine was a commercial town and was famous, and it would lead to excessive luxury, and Bacchus was the rival of Diana." The women of Athens, as the priestesses of Bacchus, drank around Mark Anthony's chair on the entrance into the city. Drunkenness was indeed an epidemic. Alexander the Great, who died a martyr to Bacchus, and not to Mars, offered a prize to him who could drink the most wine, and thirty of the rivals died in the act of competition. The house of the immense quantity of liquor which Socrates could drink, and which the philosopher Xenocrates got a golden crown from Dionysius for swallowing a gallon in his chalice. Plautus was a great wine drinker.

There are seven women in the New York Times waiting trial for having recently all of them brought there through indulgence in strong drink.

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Driving Horse Wanted!

TO TEN HUNDRED pounds weight, three to six years old, in exchange for a good horse, about eleven hundred pounds weight, seven years old.
E. M. BOYLE,
South of the Bridge, Woodstock.
Three of our best Railroad HAY PRESSES now ready for sale, at our usual low prices.
November 25, 1880—48

1881.
Harper's Weekly!
ILLUSTRATED.
This periodical, by its able and scholarly discussions of the questions of the day, as well as by its illustrations—which are prepared by the best artists—has always exerted a most powerful and beneficial influence upon the public mind. The weight of its influence will always be found on the side of morality, enlightenment, and refinement.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
Harper's Weekly, One Year \$4 00
Harper's Magazine, One Year 4 00
The Three above publications, One Year 12 00
Any Two above named, One Year 7 00
Harper's Young People, One Year 1 50
Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

1881.
Harper's Bazar!
ILLUSTRATED.
This popular periodical is pre-eminently a journal for the household.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
Harper's Bazar, One Year \$4 00
Harper's Magazine, One Year 4 00
The Three above publications, One Year 12 00
Any Two above named, One Year 7 00
Harper's Young People, One Year 1 50
Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

1881.
Harper's Magazine!
ILLUSTRATED.
"Studying the subject objectively and from the educational point of view—seeing to provide that which, taken altogether, will be of the most service to the largest and best—has concluded that, if I could have but one work for a public library, I would select a complete set of Harper's Magazine."

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Harper's Magazine, One Year \$4 00
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Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

LONDON HOUSE.

OVERCOATS AND REEFING JACKETS!
250 Overcoats and Reefing Jackets,
Purchased at a tremendous sacrifice from a large trade sale in London,
will be sold at
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!
Parties in want of the above will consult their interests by calling at the LONDON HOUSE.
BRADLEY & McMANUS,
Woodstock, October 30, 1880—3m-44

FALL & WINTER
Dry Goods
New Fall and Winter
GOODS!
ARRIVING DAILY,
—AT—
R. B. Belyea
40 CASES
JUST OPENED, Lower than the Lowest.

Also a Large Assortment of Gents' READY-MADE CLOTHING, OVERCOATS and REEFING JACKETS;
2 Cases Fall and Winter MANTLES just arrived—a perfect fit guaranteed;
In Stock and to arrive, a complete assortment of DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
LADIES' and GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING, FANCY GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.
Socks, Mitts, Butter, Eggs and Oats taken in exchange for Goods.
We are Head Quarters for Low Prices. Call and be convinced.
R. B. BELYEA,
Woodstock, Sept. 23, 1880. MAIN STREET.

European Markets!
JUST OPENED,
A BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY OF
MILLINERY GOODS
FEATHERS
Ladies' Sacsque & Ulster
CLOTHS
TRIMMINGS.
Ladies' Furs
In GREAT VARIETY.

All at the very lowest Prices.
Call and be convinced.
G. W. VANWART,
Woodstock, October 28, 1880

AUTUMN, 1880!
New Goods, New Goods.
The undersigned respectfully directs attention to his large and complete stock of
Fall and Winter Dress Goods,
consisting in part of
Black French Merinoes and Cashmeres;
Black Lustres, Colours and Colored Cloths;
Black Persian Cloths, Colored Cashmeres;
All the leading shades in Colored Dress Goods, from 15 cents to 20 cents and upwards;
Cotton and Wool Shirts, All Wool Shirts;
Flannels, Turkish Towellings;
Cotton and Wool Shirts, All Wool Shirts;
Black and Colored Mantle Cloths;
Beached Table Damask;
Unbleached Table Linens;
Turkey Red Table Linens, Towels and Towelling;
Cotton and Wool Shirts, All Wool Shirts;
Cottons and Prints, Ladies' Shirts;
White Blankets, Brown Hosiery;
White and Colored Shirts;
Gent's Undershirts and Drawers;
Ribbs, Collars, Cuffs and Braces;
A full line of Worsted Coatings, Broadcloths, Tweeds and Homespuns;
Unbleached, Rubber Goods, Ready-made Clothing; Corsets, Bustles, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves; Ladies' Undershirts and Mantles;
Black Silk Velvets;
All the leading shades of Colored Silks, Velvets, Black and Colored Silks, Black, Brown, Cardinal, Green, Navy Blue and Pansy; and all the leading shades of Silks and Satins, Black, Cardinal, Scarlet, Old Gold, Drab, Brown, White, Green, Navy Blue and Garnet; Broadcloth Silks in all colors; Fancy Ribbons, great variety;
Black and Colored Outing Feathers, Large and Small;
Silk, Lace Ties, Lace for Scarfs, etc.; Black and White Brocade Lace; Black Silk Fringe, from 10 cents to 15; Black Mantle Linings;
Wool Scarfs and Squares in all colors;
Also, a line of Gents' Hat, Ladies' Boots and Slippers in Kid, Suede and Leather.
NOTE THE ADDRESS
E. J. Clark,
No. 4 Connell's Brick Block,
Woodstock, Oct. 20, 1880
AGENT FOR
A. L. I. A. W.,
Dyer, Scourer,
FRENCH CLEANER.
ALL ORDERS LEFT WITH
E. J. Clark
will be promptly attended to
Woodstock, Sept. 2, 1878

NOTICE
I have given that application be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, by the New Brunswick Railway Company, for an Act to amend the Acts relating to the Company, and to authorize the extension of the Railway to the River St. Lawrence, in the Province of Quebec, to define the powers of the Directors, to authorize the issue of Mortgage Bonds, and the construction of one or more bridges across the River St. John, and other other purposes.
Montreal, 21 November, 1880.
RITCHIE & RITCHIE,
For Applicants.

The Woodstock Iron Company.
THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Woodstock Iron Company, will be held at the Company's Office, Upper Woodstock, in the County of Carleton and Province of New Brunswick, on the fourth WEDNESDAY, in December next, at ten o'clock in the afternoon.
At Upper Woodstock, in the said County of Carleton, the 24th day of November, A. D. 1880.
FRANKLIN GREENE,
Secretary.

Flour, Meal, Fish, Pork, &c.
Writing Materials,
Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Putty;
For sale at reasonable rates.
Men's and Boys' Hats and Ready-Made Clothing.
Rich Time, Cedar Sleepers, Lumber, Oak, Pine, Fir, Spruce, etc., taken in exchange for goods.
Parties in trade who have not time to send to headquarters, can generally get what they want promptly from the undersigned at small advances on cost.
DECEMBER—THREE TONS BICARBONATE SODA For sale.
JOHN T. G. CARR,
Hardwood, Nov. 18, 1880.

Flour, Meal, Fish, Pork, &c.
Writing Materials,
Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Putty;
For sale at reasonable rates.
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Parties in trade who have not time to send to headquarters, can generally get what they want promptly from the undersigned at small advances on cost.
DECEMBER—THREE TONS BICARBONATE SODA For sale.
JOHN T. G. CARR,
Hardwood, Nov. 18, 1880.

Flour, Meal, Fish, Pork, &c.
Writing Materials,
Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Putty;
For sale at reasonable rates.
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F. B. Edgecombe,

Having completed his Importations for the
FALL AND WINTER,
is now showing an extensive and varied assortment of
Staple & Fancy
DRY GOODS!

Selected in the chief European and American Markets; and being well bought, will be sold at prices that defy competition.
Without enumerating, it is only necessary to say that intending purchasers will find here every kind of Goods usually kept in a First-Class House.

Special Inducements to
WHOLESALE BUYERS.
Orders by Mail Promptly attended to.
ALBION HOUSE,
QUEEN STREET, - - - - - FREDERICTON.
BRANCH STORE AT ST. MARY'S FERRY.
Fredericton, November 18, 1880.

FREE TRADE!!
Every Farmer in New Brunswick, as in all our Provinces, are paying at least 50 per cent. more than actual cost for all their merchandise, and why? Because they don't come together and ally on the one point that interests their Pocket Book more than all other politics combined. Being loyal to one's country is well enough, but be loyal to yourself and your family first. FREE TRADE is what every man, woman and child wants, to make Canada one of the most prosperous places in the world. It will badly affect a few, but benefit many.

When we open our Store in Houlton, we don't care how many Goods the people smuggle, and will invite every Farmer between St. John and Grand Falls to come to Houlton and buy all their Goods, until the little flag bearing the mark FREE TRADE is hoisted, and every farmer can feel happy. We can fill orders of any size, for any kind of merchandise, at very low prices.

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Stores 5 to 8 Tremont Row,
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EXTENSIVE IMPORTATION
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New Fall & Winter Goods

Personally selected for the LONDON HOUSE, from the most reliable manufacturers of England, Scotland and France.

Immense variety of DRESS MATERIALS, in All-Wool French Flannel Suitings, English and French Cashmeres; together with a large lot of Cords, Lustres, Serges, Diagonals, Repps, Sicilians, etc.

We have also in stock a elegant assortment of Black Dress and Trimming Silks; Black and Colored Silk Velvets; Black and Colored Velveteens; Black and Colored Satins; Black and Colored Brocades; Scotch and German Wool Shawls; French Wove Cashmere Shawls; Beaver, Nap and Diagonal Cloakings; Worsted Coatings; Scotch and Canadian Tweeds; Gray, Seaweed, White, Navy and Fancy Flannels; Blankets, Clouds, Wool Squares, Silk Handkerchiefs; Linen Handkerchiefs, Reel and Limitation Laces; Frillings; Ribbons, Corsets, etc.; Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Crashes and Cretoneans; Ready-Made Clothing, in Overcoats, Reefers, Pants and Vests; Men's Underwear in great variety.

New All-Wool, Tapestry,
UNION AND HEMP CARPETS,
Tapestry and Axminster Rugs, Cocoa Mats, Matting, etc.
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