TERMS OF THE SENTINEL.

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The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1882.

SENTINEL Office, in Brick Building, directly opposite Post Office, up stairs.

THE "Loyalist idea," however strong its influence in St. John, don't seem to produce a harmony of feeling on the part of the citizens. It is desired by some that the centennial anniversary in 1883 shall be commemorated by some extraordinary effort. One party wants a monumental reminder, for future ages, of who and what the Loyalists were, and how it happened that they found their way to the scarcely trodden and desolate shores of New Brunswick. Another party wishes that the testimonial to the patriotism and self-denying faith of the Loyalists shall take the form of a public building which shall be a conservatory of literature, of native productions, containing reading room, museums, public hall, &c. At a public meeting held a short time ago at which we judge the public did not numerously attend, there was shown a great want of unanimity of view on the matter, and no practical result came of the gathering.

We suppose St. John has only a claim in common with other river counties in this matter. The hardy industry and painful deprivations of the Loyalists have left their impress in this neighborhood and all along the St. John. Their memories are cherished with great respect, but it is possible a reference to them now is received with much less enthusiasm than was the case in years agone.

It would be becoming, probably, for the whole Province to give form to their respect for the memory of the lives and deeds of those worthies, in some tangible structure, but it would have to be done by small individual contributions. Of course no one could object if St. John assumes all the cost and responsibility, as she is well able to do, and it seems to us there should be little time lost in hesitating as to the choice between an institution that would be a perpetual benefit to citizens and strangers visiting the city; an institution in which might be stored whatever relics and whatever written history exists regarding the Loyalists; in which from a free library intelligence might be disseminated; in which might be gathered whatever our fields, our forests, or our mines afford of Flora, Fauna, Mineral; there should be, we say, little hesitancy in choosing between such and a mere stone shaft which whatever it represents has no vitality, no soul. Whatever is done the Province can do. Whatever is done must be done soon, for our not over sentimental people will soon out-grow all sentimental fervor over the Loyalists.

THE following items of business transacted at the Baptist Convention, St. John, we gather from our city exchanges:—

A meeting of the Baptist Educational Society of New Brunswick, was held in Brussel Street Baptist Church, last evening, Chas. A. Everett, Esq., President, in the chair.

The Secretary read the report of a committee appointed on the 15th September, 1881, to consider the advisability of the re-establishment of an Academy in this Province for higher Educational work. The report contained the following recommendations—that the Board take immediate action for establishing such Academy; that the Academy be located in St. John; that temporary rooms be rented for the first year; that suitable and proper teachers be employed; that the Baptist denomination be expected to provide a guarantee fund of $1 000 to supplement the fees payable the first year, and an additional $1,000 to provide furniture; that no effort be spared in securing suitable homes for pupils from abroad, and that the Society be requested to appoint from the Board of Directors five members to act as Board of Trustees under the Act of Incorporation, to arrange the affairs of the proposed Academy, with power to obtain any necessary legislation for the proper discharge of their functions.

The report was discussed section by section and finally adopted.

The proceedings of the Annual Baptist Convention were opened at ten o'clock Saturday morning in the Leinster Street Baptist Church. After devotional exercises, Dr. Rand, the retiring President, appointed a nominating committee for nominating the new officers. The roll was then called, showing a large attendance, and the committee on nominations made their report submitting the following names to the Convention:—

President T. W. King, Esq., Antigonish, N. S., Vice Presidents: Rev. H. Crosz, St. John, and N. Davis, Esq., Charlottetown, P. E. I., Secretaries: Rev. E. M. Keirstead, Windsor, N. S.; Assist. Secretary, Rev. G. O. Gates, Moncton; Treasurer, Jas. E. Masters, Esq., St. John; Assistant Treasurer, Jas. A. Estey, St. John. These gentlemen were all elected, and Mr. King, then took the chair.

The following delegates from Woodstock and Carleton County were present:—Rev. G. N. Ballentine, Woodstock; B. N. Kitchen, W. F. Watson, John Ferguson, Jacksontown; Rev. A. Chipman, G. Grass, Jacksonville; Jos. Sherwood, Wakefield. Victoria County was represented by Rev. Chas. Henderson.

The report of the Treasurer of the Infirm Ministers Relief Fund, showed the receipts of the year to be $935 66, with an expenditure of $650.25; balance on hand, $1,307.80.

The Treasurer of the Board of Governors of Acadia College, in his report stated that the endowment fund of the College was $11,195 79; the receipts, $7,863.85; expenditure, $8,330 85; deficiency, for 1882, $979.00; liabilities, $5,151,90.

A lengthy and interesting discussion took place over the report of the Governors of Acadia Collge. Mr. Cummings made an earnest appeal in behalf of funds to pay off the debt standing against the College; subscriptions to the amount of $9,000 were handed in, Mr. Cumming heading the list with $3,000.

The report of Foreign Miesions showed that the receipts for the year had been $5,-888.25; expenditure, $8,586.18; the deficiency being made up by the sale of bonds. The sum of $10,000 will be required for missionary purposes the present year.

The report of Finance Committee showed the amounts received from the churches in the Maritime Provinces, the sums paid to the various organizations, and the balances in the Treasurer's hands, aggregating as follows:—

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Receipts,	$5,339 13
Payments,	4,761 92
Present balance on hand,	529 21

NOVA SCOTIA.

Receipts,	$9,223 26
Payments,	9,000 61
Present balance on hand,	222 65

P. E. ISLAND.

Receipts,	$ 789 87
Payments,	663 39
Present balance on hand,	126 48

The report on the state of the denomination, which was incomplete, showed the number of churches, baptisms, expulsions, death, and total membership as follows:—

NOVA SCOTIA.

Western Association.

Churches,	66
Baptisms	234
Expulsions	48
Deaths	117
Total membership	10,350

Central Association.

Churches	49
Baptisms	265
Expulsions	43
Deaths	103
Total membership	9 104

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Eastern Association.

Churches	43
Baptisms	127
Expulsions	43
Deaths	103
Total membership	5,016

Southern Association.

Churches	93
Baptisms	137
Expulsions	
Deaths	
Total membership	2,748

Western Association.

Churches	67
Baptisms	81
Expulsions	
Deaths	
Total membership	4,003

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Churches	22
Baptisms	96
Expulsions	
Deaths	
Total membership	1,658

A resolution was passed approving the desirability of establishing a Baptist academy in New Brunswick.

A resolution was also passed expressive of the opinion that it was best to have but one newspaper as the organ of the denomination in the Provinces.

A most satisfactory session closed on Tuesday evening, to meet again in Granville street Church, Halifax.

JUDGE WATERS has decided against the Scott Act in the scrutiny lately held before him. His Honor's judgment is as follows:—

In the matter of the voting on the 23rd day of February on the petition to the Governor General for the bringing into force in the City of St. John, of the second part of the Canada Temperance Act, 1878, and the petition of William Turnbull for a scrutiny of the ballot papers polled at such election brought against Thomas Furlong and G. Gordon Boyne who appeared as respondents thereto.

The petition for the said scrutiny came on for hearing before me, Charles Waters, Esq., Judge of the County Court for the City and County of St. John, at my chambers in the said city on the 28th day of March, 1882, and was continued by several adjournments before me until the 19th day of August, 1882, and upon inspecting the ballot papers polled at the said election, and upon hearing the evidence of James A. Harding, Esq., the returning officer at the said election, and of Charles U. Hanford, deputy returning officer at District No. 2 of Non-Residents of said city, and upon hearing council, as well on behalf of the said petitioners as on behalf of the said respondents, I do adjudge and determine that the majority of votes given at the said election was not in favor of the said petition to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, the number polled for the said petition being ten hundred and seventy-four (1074), and the number polled against the said petition being ten hundred and seventy-six (1076).

And I further adjudge that the said petitioner, William W. Turnbull, do pay the respondents their costs, which I allow at the sum of one hundred dollars.

(Signed) CHARLES WATERS,
Judge of the County Court for the City and County of St. John.

It is said that—

Application will be made to the Governor General in Council to invalidate the election on the ground of the Judge having refused to take the evidence offered him of corrupt practices.

THE *Sun* sees in our remarks of last week about the railroads, or it suits its instincts to see such, an evidence of the "Burpee's holding out their hands for a bonus," and calls the SENTINEL a "Burpee organ," &c. The matter referred to was a purely local one, and people generally will think that the *Sun's* intreference was a piece of characteristic impertinence.

What "the Burpee's" want or expect, if anything, we don't know; what the Town wants, and what it is to its interest to secure we have suggested.

The *Sun* should have quoted the SENTINEL'S remark as to the position St. John is likely to occupy in connection with the development of the new railroad enterprise. But that wouldn't do.

THE Carleton County Teachers' Institute holds its annual session in Woodstock, on the 7th and 8th September. The following is the programme of exercises:—

First Session—Thursday, 10, a.—Routine business, President's address.

Second Session—2 p. m.—"The moral element in school life." Paper by J. W. Sherwood.

Third Session—7 p. m.,—"Good reading; what is it, and how to secure it." Paper by Alder Boyer. Selections in reading, by Miss Wiley, Chas. McLean, A. H. Sherwood.

Fourth Session—Friday, 9 a. m.—"The bearing of manual neatness on school life and work." Paper by S. A. Conillard. Illustrations from actual school work, with illustrations by W. T. Kerr.

Fifth Session—2 p. m.—"The useful knowledge of the course of instruction and its value." Discussion by Messrs. E. W. Stevens, E. T. Miller, Chas. McLean. "What the course of instruction purposes to be taught in the matter of animal life." Paper and chart by C. T. Hendry. Time and place of next meeting. Question box opened.

OUR *Continent*, under the caption of "Wasted Heroism," gives expression to some intelligent and appropriate sentiments, which may well be considered by those who seek a hero's death in search of that which if discovered and attained would result in little good to humanity or the nations.

If De Long had died for an eternal principle and if from his icy grave there could spring the seed of the martyr, the diary found by his dead body would not be less heart-breaking, but it would have a most tremendous power. As it is—where is the use of all this? This little company, starving, sick, frozen, dying, struggle day after day over huge tracts of endless snows. The winds drive them, the sunshine blinds them. The surgeon's knife cuts away parts of their frozen bodies. They drag each other over these vast and cruel fields. They break through the ice on frozen lakes. Their food sickens them, and then it fails. Far off in these Artic regions, one by one they lie down and die, and with broken voices the group, growing smaller and smaller, reads the service, not for the dead but for the sick. They bury their dead under the ice in the water, but at last too weak to even do that, they stagger with them out of sight and lay them down. And what do these heroic men—Franklin and Kane and DeLong, and all this company dead in the snow—leave but a memory of bravery, of heroism, all spent in a futile search for a shadow!

A FRIEND hands us, with a request to publish, the following cure for diphtheria, which he procured from a medical gentleman in the United States, and which he believes from personal observation, to be a very capital medicine for the disease named:—

RECEIPT FOR DIPHTHERIA IN A CHILD 3 OR 4 YEARS OLD.—One-half of a level teaspoonful each of pulv. cayenne pepper, common salt, alum; Dover powders, 40 grains; cream of tartar, 1 level tablespoonful; Vinegar, 2 tablespoonsful; hot water, 10 table spooneful; sugar, 2 tablespoonsful. Stir altogether five minutes and strain through a fine cloth. Then put the patient to bed that would be comfortable were it well. Bind to to its throat a clean pollice or flattened roll of cloth wrung out of hot water and saturated with spts. turpentine; then give the patient from a tea to a table-poonful of the mixture every 5 or 10 minutes until the draught has all been taken. Let the patient remain in bed as long as it continues to perspire. Let the cloth remain on its throat as long as it can stand; if it blister, no harm done. Give the patient at least 5 two grain doses of Quinine per day, while the fever lasts, and for 2 or 3 days after it disappears.

THE British House of Commons has adjourned until Oct. 24th. The London *Times* says:—

In a review of the work of Parliament, the Government does not now present the strength they showed two years ago. But Mr. Gladstone's energy and spirit are apparently unsubdued either by reverses or defections. The *Standard* says the Government's Irish supporters are making strong efforts to obtain a reconsideration of Gray's case.

THE *Woolestook Gazette* is the name of a new monthly Journal, published in connection with the St. John Grammar School Debating Society. The editors are T. Cushing J. A. Gallivan, D. R. Jack, A. W. Macrae, W. G. Knowlton. The initial number is a good one both in matter and looke, and we cordially wish the new enterprise success. Terms 50 cents a year in advance.

THE resources of Arabi Pasha are thus stated:—

Rebel official returns state their forces number 35,000 regulars, 35,000 militia and 50,000 Bedouins. They claim to have 250,-000 men at Kafr El Dwar. These numbers, of course, are greatly exaggeratrd, but show the tone of confidence adopted by the native party.

Jottings.

The following representatives of the Carleton Co. Rifle Association, left on Monday morning for Sussex, to take part in the Provincial Rifle Association matches, which open there on Tuesday; S. McLeod, P. Appleby, John Ferguson, Wm Watson, R. B. Ketchum, R. Kirkpatrick, B. B Crandlemire.

H. A. Cropley, Esq., Editor of the Fredericton *Capital*, made us a pleasant call on Monday morning.

"Bob's" mare "Lady Bright Star" did good trotting in Calais, last week, winning the 2 40 race; time, 2.40.

Strangers who stay long enough to be able to form an intelligent opinion, generally declare that Woodstock is the liveliest, most enterprising and promising town in New Brunswick. And while we are not surprised, we are none the less pleased to have such appreciative testimony in favor of our people.

Mr. A. F. Blanchard has purchased from Messrs. Leach & Co. their Feather Renovator Machinery and the right of the County, and will be found at the old stand, prepared promptly to attend to all orders.

There was a slight frost in some sections of the County on Sunday night.

Mr. Marks had the thumb and two fingers of his right hand severed by contact with the edger in his saw mill at Shogomock on the N. B. & C. Railway, the other day.

Mr. Wellington Belyea has sold his trotting horse "Bayard Bright," to a St. Stephen gentleman, the price received being in the neighborhood of $500.

The Picnic held at Bath by the Catholic congregation of Johnsville, Tuesday, was a splendid success. The weather was delightful, the excursion train from Woodstock brought over three hundred persons to the grounds, and large numbers came by the down trains from Grand Falls, Andover and other points. All sections of the Country and all classes of our people were well represented, including members of the Dominion Parliament, M. P. P's, and prominent members of the local Government.

The spot selected for the picnic is a beautiful interval on the line of the New Brunswick Railway, a short distance above the mouth of the Monquart, conveniently situated and well adapted for an affair of this kind.

The tables were abundantly supplied and well patronized, as were also the numerous sports provided for the occasion. The number of persons present exceeded 1,500, probably the largest gathering that ever took place in this part of the county, on a like occasion. A very enjoyable day was spent, the best of order prevailing. The receipts exceeded fourteen hundred dollars.

Mr. Wm Taylor has well under construction another new residence, this time on the corner of Victoria and Green streets.

Mr John Graham is erecting a handsome residence, in a very sightly position, facing Main street, south side of the Creek.

Mr. James Munro, who left this spring for Manitoba, has returned satisfied, we think, to remain in Carleton County.

Oats of this year's growth have been offered for sale in the market.

Charming harvest weather.

Almost every social taste will be suited by the programme laid down for the celebration of the 6th prox. in this town. The bill of fare is a full and inviting one. In the first place, on that day, the members of St. Luke's Church, who where such severe sufferers by the fire last fall, and who have already placed by their energy and determination, on the ruins of the old building, a structure, well along to completion, which will, with its special recommendations to the body of christians who shall worship within its walls, prove an ornament to the town, will hold in the Skating Rink a Festival and Sale to secure funds to aid in finishing their new church. This ought to, and doubtless will be, well patronized.

Then in the forenoon, there is to be a Regatta on the river in front of the town, in which there will be Four oared, Single Scull, Batteaux and Canoe races.

In the afternoon come the the Races at the Park, the contests in which, judging from present appearances, promise to be of the most exciting character. $220, in premiums are to be distributed, and the entries will comprise some of the fastest nags on record. The fact that the sports at the Park will be under the personal supervision of the Lessee, Mr. J. McCaffery, is sufficient guarantee that the affair will be properly conducted, and will be worthy of patronage. For further particulars read advertisement.

Mr. Rossborough of Fredericton is putting in a vault for the reception of a safe, in the office being fitted up for the Maritime Bank.

Remember that the Carleton County Sabbath School Convention meets here on Tuesday next. If there are any schools who have not yet reported, they will please forward their reports by their delegates when they come to convention.

The Hartland Mite Society give an entertainment in Mathewson's Hall, on the evening of Sept. 8th. A full and complete programme of vocal and instrumental music, readings, recitations and dialogues, will be carried out by the best local talent.

As will be noticed, there is to be a picnic held at Upper Woodstock, on Wednesday next. The location is one of the most charming on the river St. John, the object is a most praiseworthy one, and we hope the affair may be well patronized.

Mr. Robert Stephenson one of the oldest residents, and most highly respected citizens of Rockland, died at his residence on Wednesday, aged 69 years.

A concert was held in Kearney's Hall, Florenceville, on Friday evening of last week, for the purpose of securing funds to pay for the organ in said Hall. The programme embraced readings, recitations, dialogues and vocal and instrumental music, all of which was well rendered, giving entire satisfaction to the respectable audience present. Miss Lulu Johnston ably presided at the organ. The receipts were nearly $30. We may add that the young people of Florenceville are noted for their ability to successfully inaugurate and carry out social entertainments.

A fearful accident occurred on the Intercolonial Railway, near Bloomfield station, on the 17th inst., which resulted in the death of Miss Phylis Floyd, a young lady twenty years of age. The deceased was struck by the special while she was in the act of stepping off the track and thrown against the railway fence. Both her legs were broken, one in three places, the other in two, one of her arms was fractured, her tongue was split in two and her mouth and chin horribly lacerated. Although thus fearfully mangled, and notwithstanding the amputation of both legs and the removal of a portion of her tongue, the unfortunate sufferer lived until the following evening, when death relieved her from her agonizing pains. There was no blame to be attached to the railway employees.

Rev. E Miles Keirsteed has been appointed by the Board of Governors of Acadia College, to the chair of English Language and Logic in that institution. Mr. Keirstead is in every way qualified to fill the position with credit to himself and to the college.

Congress has granted a charter for a railroad bridge across the St. Croix river at Calais.

Harper's Magazine for September is to hand from that popular bookselling firm, T. O'Brien & Co., 53, King street, St. John.

Rev. Mr. Davenport passed through Woodstock on Friday.

The Camp Meeting at Hodgdon, last week, was quite successful. The weather was fine, with the exception of a few showers, and the congregations large, quite a number of persons from this town and county being present. It is estimated that from 1,600 to 1,800 persons were present at the closing services, Friday. The spiritual results were good. The meeting was under the management of the M. E. Church.

Houses have been selling cheaply in St. John of late. Certain properties on Pond street being required by the Government for extension of the I. C. Railway station, the buildings situated thereon were sold at auction and brought prices ranging from 25 cents to $5.00.

Mr. A. F. Woodbridge, who is making an effort to establish a Deaf and Dumb school at Fredericton addressed a public meeting here on Friday evening of last week. He was assisted, in his illustrations of teaching, by some of his Deaf and Dumb pupils. Dr. S. Smith occupied the chair and a committee comprising, Rev. G. M. Campbell, Dr. Bruce and H. Matheson, Esq., was appointed to solicit contributions in aid of the establisment represented by Mr. Woodbridge. We learn that the committee were quite successful in their labors having secured about $90.

The ladies of the Albert street Baptist Church Sewing Circle intend holding their Tea Meeting &c., at an early date.

The St. John *News* says that Hon. W. B. Beveridge has signified his intention of resigning from the Legislative Council before the next session of the House.

The Methodist Parsonage, Jacksonville, is nearly completed. Its location is good and when fit for occupation it will be an ornament to the village and a credit to the circuit. The present forward state of the building is greatly due to the untiring efforts of the Pastor, Rev. M. R. Knight.

At the firing in Sussex the attendance is larger than usual. In the match for the Prince of Wales Cup, Sergt. Loggie, 73rd, won the cup, medal and $10, with 64 points. In this match the following from this County were prize winners:—Lt. McLeod, 67th, $4, with 56 points; Lt. Col. Ketchum, 67th, $2, with 54 points; Pt. Crandlemire, 67th, $1, with 52 points.

In the All Comers match, Pt. Ferguson won $2, with 46 points.

The Good Templars of Fredericton contemplate an excursion to Woodstock about the end of this month.

The General Methodist Conference meets at Hamilton, Ontario, 7th September. The delegates appointed are Revds. John S. Phinney, Dr. Sprague, D. D. Currie, Duncan, Evans, Chapman, Cowperthwaite, Marsball and Dr. Pope. It is said that Dr. Sprague will not be able to go on account of ill-health, and that his alternate, Rev. S. T. Teed will supply his place.

Centreville Items.

August 22, 1882.

Our Sabbath School is doing nicely; it commenced late in the summer owing to the Baptist people painting their church. The repairs made to the building have much improved its appearance.

A number of persons are preparing to build this fall; the church people have commenced digging for the foundation of their church.

The people have about concluded cutting their hay, which is a bountiful crop.

Our Tea Meeting proved a success; the proceeds amounted to the sum of $174. All things considered this was pretty good; two months previous there was a tea meeting here which realized a large sum, making in all received from the two tea meetings, $564.60. How is that for this place? Mr. Robert McLellan, of Bloomfield, was present with his double banked melodeon, and Miss Birda Delete rendered some excellent music. Mr. McLellan is agent for the Smith American organ which are well spoken of by those who have purchased them. After the Tea Meeting was over, a number of the owners of fast horses put their steeds over the road. Blackwood, of Waterville, with his humorsome owner, seemed to take the fancy; C. E. Parent's mare goes very nicely; H. W West's Cobler mare makes very good time, as do G Smith's and C. A. West's colts and a number of others. This closed the day's sports all feeling well satisfied.

THE WAR IN EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 18.—A deserter from Arabi on Thursday gives a graphic description of the misery prevailing in the latter's camp where the wounded are crawling about, their sufferings unheeded. Some of these are said to have been shot by their comrades to free them from agony. Many Egyptians have been compelled against their will to fight. Major General Sir Edward Hawley has assumed local command in Ramleh. Major General Wood and Allison have taken command of their respective brigades. Col. Methuen has been appointed censor of the press messages. Arabi is said to be negotiating for his escape, in case of need, to the residence of a fanatical Mahommedan dignitary on the borders of Tripoli.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 19.—At 11.30 this morning the transports were still outside the harbor, ready to start at a moment's notice. The Khedive has decided to entrust Cherif Pacha with the presidency of the new Ministry. A decree to that effect will be signed to-day or to-morrow, but the ministry will not be constituted until the arrival of Riaz Pacha. Information from headquarters states that a prominent person has been discovered to be in constant communication with the rebels. He will be arrested and confined on an Egyptian man-of-war. It is reported that the person referred to is Hassan Pacha Cherei, Minister of War. Generals Wolseley and Adye accompanied the transports in the despatch boat Salamis. Admiral Seymour hoisted his flag on iron-clad Alexandria to-day. Sir Wilfrid Blunt's house was searched and looted to-night, by a party of natives. Seven cases of revolvers and a quantity of ammunition were found in the building.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 19.—A special Cabinet council was held to-day, at which Assym Pacha was present. It is understood that the Porte is willing to modify the Turkish draft for the military convention by the addition of the following clauses:—

First—An English General shall be attached to the Turkish camp to facilitate the interchange of communication between the Turks and British.

Second—The manœuvres of the English and Turkish forces shall be mutually carried out in such a manner as to avoid the interference of one with the other.

Third—A date shall be fixed for the evacuation of Egypt by the English forces.

It is believed that England has also consented to certain modifications in her draft for the convention, and an understanding between the two Governments is therefore regarded as probable. The Sultan is understood to be more averse than ever to the issuance of the proclamation against Arabi Pacha and the acceptance of the proposal for a military convention.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 20.—In a skirmish, yesterday, the Egyptians fired shrapnel ineffectually at the outpost of the 46th infantry, numbering 360, occupying temporarily an intrenchment. The Egyptian infantry then advanced to within about 800 yards. They were coming from Kafr el Dwar. Some cavalry also appeared from the direction of Aboukir. The Egyptian lines were most irregular and some men were apparently unarmed. The cavalry also were confused from restlessness of the horses. About five o'clock in the evening the British iron-clad sent a car with a forty-pounder detached and set about forty yards in advance of the engine, and fired two shells upon the Egyptians, and endeavored to execute a flanking movement. The forty-pounder, after this movement was frustrated, fired towards Kafr el Dwar. The Egyptians replied with shell which burst between the train and engine. The train then retired, firing during the retreat. Another shell exploded near the train, while fired from the entrenchments, causing great loss, that of the Egyptian cavalry being estimated at 300. The fighting ceased at sunset.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Port Said was occupied at three o'clock this morning by the British forces. At 2.30 this afternoon earthworks had been thrown up between the European and Arab quarters of the town. Seventeen transports and five men-of-war are at Port Said, and Admiral Seymour and General Sir Garnet Wolseley are both there. This morning Ismaeli also was occupied by the British, and the rebel troops were driven from Nefich. The British have possession of the telegraph line from Port Said to Suez. Sailors are landing and disarming natives, who offer no resistance. Several transports and men-of-war are anchored at Port Said, and a fleet of seven is coming in. The gunboats Doe and Don have entered the canal. It is said that Rear-Admiral Hewitt has stopped canal traffic.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 20.—There was a reconnoissance in force at 4 o'clock this afternoon, in the Mamoudieh Canal by the 38th, 45th, 75th and 79th regiments. The enemy kept within the entrenchments, firing shells at the British advance. There were no casualties. Within the last few days one of Arabi Pacha's officers visited Fort Meks and proposed to surrender with a large body of men. He promised to return, on Monday, and make known the decision of his men as to whether or not they would accept the terms offered. It is believed that this proposition of the officer was only a ruse. Some of the English officers thought they noticed Europeans directing the enemy during the skirmish yesterday. It is officially stated that the destination of the fleet is Ismailia.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The *Daily Telegraph's* Constantinople correspondent says: The Porte refuses to permit the exportation from Turkey, of mules, for British service in Egypt. Lord Dufferin states that this is a contravention of treaty rights and has addressed a strong protest to the Porte, stating that Turkey will be responsible for heavy damages. Reuter's telegram, dated Port Said 9.40 on Sunday evening, says that the fleet and transports entered the canal. Before their departure General Wolseley posted a proclamation written in the Arab tongue, declaring that those who respected the authority of the Khedive would not be molested, but those who resisted would be treated as rebels. The British have evacuated the offices of the canal company. Traffic of the canal will be only temporarily suspended, in order to allow the British vessels to pass.

PORT SAID, Aug. 21.—The company has refused to send pilots on board men-of-war. The British occupy Nefich. The Arabs have abandoned Ghemilch and withdrawn to Damietta. The transport Calabria, from Alexandria, with the cavalry, have arrived here.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 21.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs, sent to Turkish representatives abroad, a strongly worded denial of the report of anti-Christian disturbances in Syria. He attributes the reports of the existance of germs of disorder to malevolence. The arrival of foreign men-of-war at Smyrna, he says, is exactly what is calculated to provoke uneasiness. Many inhabitants have apprised the Porte of apprehensions caused by the arrival of two Italian war vessels.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 21.—Reuter's telegram telegraphs that the Khedive's decree charging Cheuf Pacha with the formation of a ministry says: "In troubled times like the present the direct action of the sovereign's authority should become more sensible and manifest, I shall, therefore, use the right to assemble the council of ministers under my own presidency. As supreme chief of the Egyptian forces I always intend to render my command effective without, however, restricting the power which the Minister of War holds for me."

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The *Central News* Alexandria correspondent states that Arabi is constructing extensive earthworks in the direction of Aboukir.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 21.—Said Pacha has abandoned the idea of reconvoking the conference. He has promised Lord Dufferin that he will strongly urge the Sultan to accept the conditions of the Military Convention, which the British declare indispensible. The principle one, which is that Turkey shall not undertake any operation in Egypt without the assent of the British Commander.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 21.—The person arrested for communicating with Arabi Pacha is Hanafi Effendi, Arabi's director general of railways. Other arrests on the same charge are impending.

LONDON, Aug 21.—Admiral Hewitt telegraphs from Suez at 4 this morning: Capt. Hastings' command of seamen and marines from the gunboats Sea Gull and Mosquito, assisted by 200 Highlanders under Major Kelsey, proceeded to Shaloof and found 600 of the enemy strongly entrenched behind a station. The English force landed and defeated them, taking 45 prisoners and a small cannon and a quantity of ammunition and stores. Our loss was two highlanders drowned and two seamen wounded. The enemy's loss was about one hundred killed and wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The *News* has the following from Suez:—Have just returned from Shaloof, where I witnessed a fight in which 250 of our men, including highlanders, blue jackets and marines brilliantly defeated twice their number of the enemy. The fight lasted from 11 o'clock Sunday morning until nearly 5 o'clock, p.m. The firing of the Highlanders was remarkable for coolness and steadiness. The Gatlings on the tops of the gunboat worked with admiral precision and did much execution among the enemy, who advanced to within 100 yards of the banks of the Canal. The success was all the more brilliant owing to the extremely difficult nature of the country, which abounded with low ridges and water courses. Lieut. Long, of the Highlanders, gallantly crossed the fresh water canal in the face of the hot fire and brought back a boat, thus enabling the companies, each of Highlanders and Marines, to cross and take the enemy on the right flank. The enemy fought bravely. Their commander was killed. General Wolseley is now reconnoitering at Nefiche.

SUEZ, Aug. 21.—The main body of Arabs, 2,500 strong, are gone to Geneffe, taking with it a quantity of railway stock. The Suez Canal Company has resumed the working of the canal. A further report from Admiral Hewitt, dated Suez, 6.15 p. m. yesterday, makes the enemy's loss in fighting at Shaloof, 168 killed and 62 prisoners. The latter include 27 wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The majority of the French papers comment very unfavorably on the action of the British in occupying the Suez Canal.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 22.—The telegraph lines between here and Cairo have been cut by the British.

PORT SAID, Aug. 22.—The British occupy both banks of the Canal at Kantara. The troops have taken possession of the telegraph lines at El Arish. The British force which occupied Refich after the flight of the Egyptians found several soldiers lying dead and a number of dismounted guns ready for removal into interior by the railway.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug 22.—Sheik Ul Islam and the Minister of Finance visited Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador, to-day, and delivered to him a message from the Sultan. The visit caused a sensation in London.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—General Wolseley telegraphed yesterday from Ismailia: "We have saved enough carriages to make a train but have no engine. Troops are landing as fast as they can."

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 22.—The transports, Duke of Argyle, British Prince, City of Limerick and Montreal, with over 1,200 men and 800 horses on board, have arrived here.

SUEZ, Aug. 22.—Admiral Hewitt has warmly thanked the French Consul here for allowing 12 sailors suffering with sunstroke to receive medical treatment at his residence.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 22.—This p. m. about 600 Highlanders made a reconnoisance from Gabriel Station at Ramleh, in the direction of Kaffir el Dwar; simultaneously the forty-pounders at Water Works hill opened fire. The Egyptians replied after the third round. No infantry firing. The British are bringing four heavy guns into position about 150 yards in advance of their present Ramleh lines. The Egyptian officers appointed by the Khedive to accompany the British army, started to-day via Port Said.

ISMAILIA, Aug. 22.—The landing of troops from transports proceeded actively all night and continues to-day. General Sir Garnet Wolseley visited M De Lesseps yesterday and explained the action of the British in regard to the Suez Canal. He said that everything would be over in a few days, but that the English must use the canal for the present. M. De Lesseps expressed himself as fully satisfied with General Wolseley's explanation and said he regretted there had been any misunderstanding on the subject. Yesterday evening the Seventy-second Regiment engaged the enemy at Serapeum and repulsed them. Two of our men were killed and five wounded. The enemy lost 100 men and four guns.

SUEZ, Aug. 22.—Four hundred men of the 72nd Regiment left here this morning for Serapeum When they reached the village they found it deserted, and the railway track carried off from the end of Bitter Lakes. The enemy were seen in large numbers three miles off, retreating northwards. The Highlanders, who participated in the fight yesterday, occupied fresh water canal look at Serapeum, an important position, from which the enemy had retreated. The prisoners state that Arabi Pacha forced them to fight, threatening to have them shot if they refused. They say the chief officers fled soon after the action began. The success of the British forces at Shaloof and the energy displayed by them in searching the coast towards Ismailia have thoroughly demoralized the enemy. The opposition on this side of the canal may be considered ended.

PORT SAID, Aug. 22.—The prisoners taken at Shaloof declare that defeat of the enemy there on Sunday was a terrible beating for Arabi Pacha.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug 22.—The smoke of numerous trains is again visible behind the enemy's lines. The activity of Arabi Pacha has increased in a manner indicating a complete change in his plans. In answer to our reconnaissance to-day his guns opened fire from various directions, showing that during the night the enemy's artillery had been much strengthened. A new battery armed with six guns has been placed in position. It now seems that at the first scare caused by the discovery that fleet had gone to the canal, Arabi Pacha withdrew a great proportion of his infantry to Damarhur, but that, last night, on considering that some time must elapse before an advance can be made from Ismailia, with a sufficient force to carry his defences on line up to Zagasig, he again advanced to his old position, which he hopes to hold until the rise of the Nile will enable him to flood the country.

ISMAILIA, Aug. 23.—According to authentic information Arabi Pacha has 2,500 men at Kafr d' Dwar. Large numbers of men are constantly entrenched at Tel El Kebir, and there is little doubt that the big fight of the war will occur there. The prisoners taken at Serapeum, on Monday, report that many of the enemy's wounded died during the retreat across the desert to Tel El Kebir.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A despatch from Ismailia says the troops now at Nefich, with the addition of three squadrons of household cavalry, two guns, a detatchment of Hussars and mounted infantry will march in the morning to Magfar, on the fresh water canal, about three miles west of Nefiche, leaving one regiment there to guard the bridge over the canal. Arabi Pacha has 25,000 men and 60 guns at Tel El Keber. A despatch from Port Said says that the British have captured Ruchdi Pacha, formerly the Khedive's minister of finance, and Soulikah Pacha, of the Khedive's household, who had espoused the cause of Arabi Pacha.

The water in the fresh water canal is falling perceptibly at Ismailia. It is feared that Arabi Pacha has diverted its course. The canal company has issued notices requesting economy in the use of water.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 23.—During the night the enemy have thrown up entrenchments in their extreme right across the sands towards Lake Aboukir, probably in consequence of a movement of the Highlanders on Sunday, which threatened to outflank them. It is reported that large bodies of Bedouins have crossed the desert from Tripoli to join Arabi Pasha.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The *Morning News* Kewanee, Ill., special says: Yesterday two men called at the First National Bank of this city and asked permission to leave their satchel a short time. About 6 o'clock, while Cashier Pratt and lady assistant, Miss. Palmer, were cashing up, the men knocked at the door and asked for the satchel; Miss Palmer opened the door, when one man grabbed her by the neck and kicked her nearly insensible. The other man rushed by her toward the vault, near which Pratt was standing, and struck him on the head with a revolver, knocking him senseless. Pratt and Miss Palmer were then forced into the vault. The men then secured about $20,000, of which $6,000 is in gold, and walked out of town. Pratt and Miss Palmer, after working over an hour, succeeded in breaking the lock and releasing themselves. Both are badly injured.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Hardman, Dowling & Peck's piano factory, southeast corner of Tenth avenue and Fifty-seventh street, was burned this morning. The fire was one of the fiercest ever seen Loss a quarter of a million dollars.

DUBLIN, Aug. 19.—One of the two boys wounded at the time the Joyce family were murdered has died of his wounds. He was 14 years old. The other boy, who is 12 years, is in a very prostrate condition. He states that the assassins, who were disguised, numbered four or five. Joyce's mother was over 80 years of age. Part of her body was devoured by hogs before the corpse was discovered. The house in which the family lived presents a shocking spectacle. The bodies of the victims lie on the floor, riddled with bullets and mangled as if they had been battered with a hammer. The murder was the most horrible that ever disgraced even Ireland. Four persons have been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the murders.

A despatch from Melbourne says Archbishop Goold, of the Roman Catholic diocese there, has been shot at and slightly wounded His assailant has been arrested. He is named O'Farrell and is a brother of the man who attempted to assassin