## C. C. S S CONVENTION.

Send matter for this space to the President of the Convention, Mr. J W Sherwood, Victoria Corner.

WHAT THE SUNDAY SCHOOL MAY LEARN FROM THE DAY SCHOOL.—In the day-school-room the word of the teacher is the law, in accordance with which everything moves with precision. Thus habits of obedience and promptness are formed, and opportunity is given for the best use of time.

There ought to be equally good order in the Sunday-school. Time there is so valuable, because of its shortness and the greatness of the issues to be decided, that every moment of it should be made available. If children do not learn obedience to the laws of God's house and promptness in fulfilling its duties, they can hardly be expected to exercise these virtues in the broader sphere of God's world. Perhaps the voice of the Sunday school teacher cannot sound as authoritatively as does that of the teacher in the day school, but the law of love, which was given by the great Teacher, can be so set forth that there will come to be no lagging, no unwillingness to perform all duties required. There have been and still are, teachers in the secular school whose government of pupils is based upon the divine law, with a desire to interpret it in their daily contact of teacher and pupils.

Such a teacher was Dr. Arnold, the head master of the great English school at Rugby. He had a power which every teacher should covet—"the power of doing what was right, and speaking what was true, and thinking what was good, independently of any professional or conventional notions that so to act, speak or think was becoming or expedient." Such power was based not so much upon gifts as upon graces, which are attainable in some measure by every teacher. So thoroughly did the spirit of right prevail at Rugby that it is said that "when the pupils had left the school they felt as though they had been in an atmosphere unlike that in the world about them."

Again, in the day school pupils are punished for disorderly conduct. Would it be well to adopt this plan in the Sunday-school? An expulsion of a child is sometimes resorted to in the secular school. The wisdom of such a course is doubtful. It is a terrible thing to abandon a young life and deprive it of all restraint, sending it out into the world with something like a mark of Cain upon its forehead. The more degraded the condition of the child, the larger is the demand for Christian care.

The Sunday-school can do what the secular school could not possibly do; it can provide a teacher for each boy and girl too bad to be in classes with others, and thus the contagion of mischief will be prevented from spreading. I do not believe that there lives a boy or girl so bad as to defeat the efforts of a teacher interested in him or her alone.

The discipline of the day school enables a teacher to control a larger number of pupils than is possible in the Sunday-school under the present system of one large room for all. Would it not be well for each teacher to measure his ability to teach and control pupils, under the circumstances by which he is surrounded, and then to keep the number of his pupils in proportion? Some superintendents do this for their teachers, and limit the classes according to whether the teachers have "four-boy power," "ten-girl power," etc.

Let the Sunday-school learn from the day school not to interrupt its teachers. In one of the best regulated secular schools I ever knew the teachers were so carefully guarded against interruptions that all outside doors were locked when school began, a bell being attached to one door, which was answered by a person in charge, whose duty it was to conduct late pupils to the principal and visitors to whatever department they chose to go, and then seat them. In the worst regulated Sunday schools I have seen a visitor introduced by turn to each teacher in the school. I have seen librarians, secretaries, treasurers, and superintendents, one after another break in upon a teacher's work.

The Sunday-school should learn from the day school to have a regular order of work well laid out as to the use of minutes and seconds. A time and place for everything and everything in its time and place is a promoter of good order everywhere. Indecision as to what to do next makes opportunity for disturbance to develop.

Finally, let me, out of my experience in the secular schools, give a few principles which guide me in sustaining order in my Sunday school class: Not to be suspicious of the children. Not to watch them too closely. Show confidence in them. Ignore trifles. Make a distinction between viciousness and weakness. Exercise self control. Avoid coming in direct opposition to a child's will. Show no favoritism. Lead rather than command. Keep pupils busy. Avoid a monitor system. Encourage self respect.—*Mrs W F Crafts*

### TERMS OF THE SENTINEL.

Subscription $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance.

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# The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1883.

SENTINEL Office, in Brick Building, directly opposite Post Office, up stairs.


### FREE BAPTIST GENERAL CONFERENCE—IRACE'Y'S MILLS.

The fifty-first Conference opened here on Saturday last. On Saturday morning at 10 o'clock the customary social meeting was held. It was a blessed season of grace. A large number took part.

At 2 o'clock the General Conference was organized; Rev. G. A. Hartley, Moderator; GEO. E Foster, Esq., M. P., Clerk *pro tem.*

Over fifty ministers were present, and 42 delegates.

Rev G W McDonald, Corresponding Secretary, gave his annual report.

He spoke of the work of the year as being all round good, and the future very hopeful. Churches, 144; number added by baptism, 318; net gain, 193; present membership, 10 685. Money given for the support of the ministry, $6 820.02; current church expenses, $2 016 40; building and improvements, $9 751 26. The report was a good one, and an able presentation of the work of the year.

The report was spoken to by Revds. John Perry, F. Babcock and B. Colpitts in able speeches.

Rev. T. H. Siddall, as delegate from the Nova Scotia Conference, gave an interesting report: Ministers, 15; churches, 35; membership, 3 415; additions last year, 68; monies raised, $9.000 00. He spoke of the work of his Conference as being satisfactory all round. Education was heartily endorsed. Their outlook was excellent. As a branch of the great Free Baptist family now having a membership in various parts of the world of 250,000, they could rejoice in the steady growth all over.

SATURDAY EVENING.—The Sabbath School Convention was most interesting. Rev. J. Noble presided. The agent, E. C. Freeze, Esq., made an excellent report. Schools reported, 78; teachers, 434; scholars, 4,378; monies raised, $1.282 60; vols. in libraries, 9,444.

The model lesson was given by W. G. Gaunce, Esq., which was ably done. S. J. Parsons, Esq., made a splendid review. Wm. Peters, Esq., Rev. G W. McDonald and others made timely speeches.

*Resolved*,—Next year that we have a similar lesson.

The large congregations were interested and profited.

SUNDAY.—*Tracey's Mills*—10.30 Rev. G. A. Hartley preached the annual sermon. Text, Matt. XVI., 18th verse. It was an able sermon. 2.30, Rev. T. H. Siddall, of Barrington, Nova Scotia; text, I. Peter II., 7th verse. 6.30, Rev. J. E. Reud; text, I. John III., 1st verse.

*Centreville* (Baptist).—10.30, Rev. Wm. Downey; 2.30, Rev. W. J. Halse; 6.30, Rev. J T Parsons.

*Knoxford*—10.30, Rev. Wm. Kinghorn; 6.30, Rev B Trafton.

*Blaine*—10.30, Rev. O. M. Bubar; 6.30, Rev. J. Noble.

*Florenceville*,—10.30, Rev. Wm. DeWare.

*Lakeville*.—6.30, Rev. W. J Halse.

The meetings at seat of Conference were crowded to excess. All the other meetings were well attended.

MONDAY—General Conference opened at ten o'clock. Rev. Jas. McLeod was elected Moderator; Rev John Perry, Vice do.

*Resolved*—A collection be taken for Canaan church. $20 00 were raised; $10.00 given to Canaan and $10.00 to Arthurette.

Rev. G. W Lowden, of Penobscot F. W. B. yearly meeting, was introduced and gave a brief report.

*Resolved*.—That Bros. G. E Foster, T. H. Siddall and A. Taylor be a committee to report on Christian Literature.

*Resolved*.—That Rev. J. W. Clark be delegate to Nova Scotia, and Rev. J. T. Parsons to Penobscot yearly meeting.

Executive appointed: Rev. J. McLeod, D. McLeod Vince, Wm. Peters, Revds. J. T. Parsons, C. T. Phillips, G. A. Hartley and A. Taylor.

At 2 o'clock the Woman's Foreign Mission Society held the usual annual meeting. The Meeting House was crowded. Mrs. G. A. Hartley presided. The Secretary, Mrs. C. W. Weyman, read an excellent annual report. Forty five Societies reported. Balance in hand opening of the year, $876.00. Received, $772 38; expenditure, $729 00; balance in hand, $919 00. Miss Jane Weyman, Mrs. C. T Phillips, Mrs. Cyrus Burtt, Mrs. F. Babcock, Rev. A Taylor made good speeches.

Mrs. Simon McLeod read an excellent report on Missionary Intelligence, one of the best of the session. It was a thrilling and glorious meeting. Collection, $25 75.

In the evening the Foreign and Home Mission annual meetings were held. Good reports were read and excellent speeches made.

The Conference is largely attended and extremely interesting. All is moving well and harmonious.

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ST. JOHN has resumed its wonted quiet; its numerous visitors during the exhibition have returned to their homes; the exhibition building has been dismantled, and the several goods that lined its walls and heaped its tables are gone. St. John is left with a very satisfactory assurance, we suppose, that the thing pays, and that a handsome return has been made for the amount from civic revenues invested in the show. The people from outside who went to see the Exhibition are no doubt more or less satisfied with what they saw, and the least general result, we can hope, to follow, is found in an enlarged faith in our people of the country and its resources. And this faith is the one thing in which our people have been lacking; it is, we think, essential to her prosperity. The Loyalists settled in New Brunswick not so much, we presume, because of any physical attractions offered here by the soil or climate as because it offered a convenient resort for them when they resolved to sacrifice what they had, out of regard to the promptings of a conservative sentiment of loyalty. They sought, it may be said, rather to instil into the minds of their successors a confidence in their "idea" and principles than a faith in the material advantages of the country of their adoption. However that may be, the one thing certain is that it has been the aim of our most enlightened public men in the past to arouse and foster in the minds of New Brunswickers a solid love for the country, not as a mere sentiment but as something of which the country is worthy. And there is still ample room for the cultivation of that principle. Let us, having not much confidence in these exhibitions as being promotive of any very great general advantage, hope that they do tend in the direction of improving the confidence of our own people in our own country.

Already, while yet the glory of the late Exhibition has scarcely faded, the question of Annual Exhibitions in St. John, and the question of similar exhibitions in other parts of the Maritime Provinces is being discussed. It must be remembered that the late exhibition was based on "a centennial celebration," hence it had peculiar claims upon the consideration of people generally.

But it is a thought worth considering whether the public resources should be called upon to contribute to the financial success of exhibitions which in their results are chiefly important to the localities in which they are held. If they should so contribute, then all the chief localities should participate in the advantages. Not St. John and Fredericton alone, but St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Woodstock, and other Towns of like importance should be considered. But probably the fair way is for the expense to be borne mainly by the locality claiming and enjoying the advantages.

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IF rumor is to be believed, the Government have determined to fill up the vacancy occasioned by Dr. Rand's retirement from the office of Chief Superintendent of Schools, without making the change advocated by some, and making it a political office. Several names have been mentioned in connection with the appointment. Everyone will, of course, have his preference for some particular individual. But the Government should not forget the great importance of the position, and the peculiar—the special—abilities requisite for the proper and popular discharge of the duties. It will not do to allow sectarian bias, or local claims to have a preponderating influence in the decision. The test should be the man, his moral worth, his social disposition, his breadth of thought and intellect, his culture and, as well, his practical adaptation.

We are consistent with all previous professions as regards promotion, when we say that the choice, if it be possible to find therein the right man, should be made from the profession; from among the Inspectors or Teachers.

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WE omitted in our list of prizes awarded at the St. John Exhibition the following:—

Drawing Room furniture—A. Henderson, Woodstock, 2nd prize.

Sideboard and bed combined—A. Henderson, Woodstock, bronze medal.

Samples of furniture painting—A. Henderson, Woodstock, bronze medal.

Specimens of wood turning—A. Henderson, Woodstock, 1st prize for hand turning.

Specimens of Wood finish—A. Henderson, Woodstock, bronze medal.

In Educational Department, which owing to the brief notice given, was chiefly occupied by exhibits from the St. John schools, for best exercise under the head of Miscellaneous, Alice Jones, Upper Woodstock, medal. (Miss Jones is a pupil in W. T. Kerr's school.)

Plaster rock and gypsum—J. & T. Edgar, Three Brooks, Victoria, honorable mention.

Double oversocks—Miss Lizzie Love, Glassville, 2nd prize.

Ladies' hose—Helen Love, Glassville, 3rd prize.

Squash—C E Grosvenor, Canterbury, 2nd prize.

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AT the 36th annual session of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance of New Brunswick, held last week in St. John, the following officers were elected:—

Robert Willis, Gurney, St. John, G. W. P.; W. W Graham, Wilberforce, Milltown, C. Co., G. W. A.;

S. B. Paterson, Gurney, St. John, G. S;

H. H. Pitts, Lansdowne, Fredericton, G. T.;

Rev. Job Shenton, Gurney, St John, G. Chap.;

Wm. Anslow, Newcastle, G. Con.;

Z O. Wilson, Cambridge, Queens Co., G. Sentinel;

W. J. Robinson, Moncton, P. G. W. P.

The next semi-annual session of the Grand Division is to be held at Backville in April next, and the next annual session will be held in October, instead of in July, as it has been for a few years past.

There were 60 representatives present. M. W. P. of the National Division, B. R. Jewell, was in attendance.

The report of the Grand Scribe of the work since the last annual session showed ten new divisions and one section of cadets organized; two divisions suspended; members admitted, 1,455; withdrawn, 161; reinstated 148; suspended, 419; violated the pledge, 235; expelled for other causes, 119; death, 439; contributing members, 2,694; lady visitors admitted, 75; total membership, 3,629; receipts for the year, $2 288.14, an increase of $42 over last year; expenses, $1,826 33; total amounts held by the order, $14,093.12.

THE Convention of the P. E. Church of the United States is now in session. There are present representatives from the Church of England in Canada, the Metropolitan being among the number, and a representative from the English Church, the Bishop of Rochester.

Below is an extract from a speech of the last named Bishop, who is an enthusiastic temperance worker:—

I have one word more to say, and I hope I am not fatiguing you. There is a subject which I have very much at heart, and about which I hope you will not think me fanatical, for it lies at the root of all lay work and of all clerical work, and of all episcopal work and all the conventions, and all the various philanthropic and literary institutions which you have in this country—that is the battle with intemperance. You may build as many churches as you like, you may open as many free libraries as you please, you may preach as many sermons as you please, you may enlist new armies of lay soldiers of Christ, you may do as Mr. Ruskin once said in one of his living vigorous sentences: "You may use as many iron bars and expend as much perspiration as you think proper in your efforts," but so long as you let the demon of intemperance haunt the homes and corrupt the people of this country, so long as you let the sale of liquors go on unrestricted, so long as you permit its baneful influence to continue its ravages among the people without a supreme effort and struggle on your part, the Church will be useless, and your sermons will be useless, and your laymen will be useless, and you will be like a little child with a little osier twig trying to keep back the Mississipi from flowing over the land.

Another extract from the address of the Bishop of Cape Palmas, Africa:—

On the 2nd December, 1877, the boom of a signal gun told that the vessel on which he was had anchored off the coast of Africa, and in an hour more half-clad natives came swarming around in their canoes. The first word of English he had heard break from African lips was an oath, showing that the devil's missionary had outstripped the missionary of Christ. The steamer in which he sailed from Liverpool carried four missionaries and $50,000 worth of rum to the west coast of Africa; and weekly $50,000 worth of rum is sent from the civilized world to curse that people.

So they were not only battling with heathenism, but battling with the infernal machinery of Satan.

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THE practical suggestions contained in the following, are equally appropriate here as in the place where they were uttered:—

Editor Modill, of the Chicago *Tribune*, when before the U. S. Senate Committee on Education and Labor, the other day, made the following indictment of American education:—I wish to say a word on the educational system of this country—that practised by high schools and colleges. It certainly does not train our youth in habits of youthful industry. Its purpose is not to increase the effectiveness of labor, to make "Two blades of grass grow where only one grew before." It does not show a pupil how by acquiring a manful art he can double or treble the value of his labor. It does not teach art or science in a practical way. On the contrary, college instruction is conducted with the view of imparting dead languages, elegant literature and higher mathematics to the students, which is all well enough for the boys of the wealthy leisure classes, but is not best suited to equip the future bread-winners for their work. These academies attract hundreds of thousands of our youth whose purpose is to acquire the art of living by their wits and avoiding manual labor; and this, too, is the purpose of their parents in sending them there. These schools have flooded the professions with men destitute of natural capacity for them, and have swollen the ranks of office-seekers, speculators and professional sharps who subsist by pilfer and pillage. This American system of education has pretty nearly destroyed all desire on the part of our youths to learn trades and become artisans, and it has crowded the ranks of the middlemen with swarms of seekers after genteel employment at wretched wages. Multitudes of farmers' and mechanics' sons seek to be salesmen, clerks, bookkeepers, or agents; and failing to find or retain those situations, they become "sports," billiard players, bar-tenders, confidence-men—anything, in short, but hand soiling laborers. With the exception of a few special branches of industry, Americans have surrendered the mechanical field to foreigners, and when more artisans are needed they are imported like other commodities. This is a cruel injustice to the rising generation and a source of weakness to the body-politic. Every institution of learning should teach art practically, every college should have a technical department. We need industrial schools in every city where the youth can be learned trades that will equip them for the struggles of life, and increase the productiveness and power of labor and elevate it in the eyes of the rising generation. They must be taught to respect, rather than despise, handicraft, and to hold in higher esteem the working bees than the drones in the human hive.

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REFERRING to a meeting of the cotton manufacturers of Canada, held recently, at which it was decided to reduce the production by a reduction in the number of working hours in each mill, the *Courier* says:—

It is interesting to know that at the conference mentioned above, the St. Croix Cotton Company was the only corporation in Canada, which refused to become a party to the combination for reduced production. The Company believes that there is a market in the Dominion for all the goods they produce, and, until they are convinced to the contrary, they propose to utilize all their machinery and run full time.

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WE sincerely regret to have to announce the death of John Palmer, Esq., Sheriff of Queens County, at Gagetown, of typhoid fever. Mr. Palmer was a most estimable man, whose death will be esteemed a loss by all who knew him.

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MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.—The following are the returns, additional to those given last week. A * indicates that the gentlemen named did not hold seats at last Council Board:—

*Aberdeen*—*John McIntosh, 121; Wm. Hemphill, 86; H. H. Hobbs, 65. Two first named elected.

*Wicklow*.—G L Cronkhite; A. C. Caldwell. Unopposed.

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GOV. ARCHIBALD, on opening the P. E. I. Exhibition, the other day, said:—

We have a fertile soil, and compared with New Brunswick, our hay and other feed for cattle are far more nutritious. The hay he saw fed to the stock at the Dominion Exhibition in St. John would be thrown into our sheep pens.

### Jottings.

A new Time Table on the N. B. Railway went into effect on Monday last, on which date the Flying Yankee ceased to run. Trains now leave Woodstock for St. John, St. Stephen and the West at 9.30 a. m. and 8 30 p m., a Freight train leaving at 1 p. m. Arrivals at Woodstock are 7 35 a. m. and 4.20 p. m.; Freight arriving at 11 a. m.

Trains for up-river leave at 7.45 and 11.25 a. m.; arriving at Woodstock at 2 30 and 7 35 p. m. For Fredericton trains leave Woodstock at 1.25 p. m.; arriving here at 12.30 p. m.

The Spanish Students who appeared before thousands of people at the Exhibition Building, St. John, last week, are expected to visit Woodstock early in November. They are a great novelty and always attract attention. This visit to St. John is their third, and they seemed more popular than ever. They have a talented boy violinist, a lady and gentleman vocalist and pianist. The troupe is pronounced by the press to be talented.

We stated last week, in connection with our Exhibition notes, that Mr. Wm. McDonald was agent for Cossett & Co. This is wrong, he is local agent for the Massey Manufacturing Co., Toronto.

A bell, of English manufacture, has been hung in the tower of St. Luke's Church. It is a loud and fine toned one, weighing over 800 lbs. The Metropolitan contributed $200 towards the purchase of the bell.

The attention of farmers is directed to the sale of Grade Jersey stock, advertised by Mr. Grosvenor in this issue. A grand opportunity is thus presented of purchasing some of the most valuable stock in the country.

The election in Westmoreland on Saturday resulted in the return of Mr. Killam by a majority of over 250 votes.

Joseph Clark, one of Contractor Price's trenching crew, accidentally stuck his pick through his foot on Saturday. Dr. Sprague dressed the wound, which is not serious.

Wm. F. Glidden has sold his Percheron Stallion "Prince Imperial" to C. H. Eaton, Milltown, for the handsome sum of $500.00.

Dennis Mahoney, a mason, working on the new Post Office building, fell from the top of the building to the ground floor, a distance of some 16 feet, on Wednesday afternoon. Dr. Keating was quickly at the sufferer's side; he found that while no bones were broken Mahoney had received a bad wound on the upper lip, severe bruises about the hip, and, what the doctor mostly feared, internal injuries, the extent of which could only be developed by time. At present writing Mahoney's symptoms are all favorable. The injured man, whose parents live at Johnville, bears the name of an industrious and worthy citizen. As we go to press, Mahoney is walking about.

It is intended by the friends of temperance to call a meeting for the 6th November, at Woodstock, in order to the formation of a County Convention, under the auspices of the N. B. Prohibitory Alliance. Further notice will be given through the local press next week.

James E McDonald, of Bristol, charged with embezzling $900 from Jas. A. Pelkie, Winnipeg, after undergoing examination before the Police Magistrate, and after an application to Judge Weldon to have him discharged had failed, was finally committed for trial at the Supreme Court of Manitoba. Constable S Jones left with the prisoner on Thursday for Winnipeg. S B. Appleby, for the complainant, and A. B. Connell, for the prisoner, were the lawyers in the case.

We direct attention to the card of the Clarendon Hotel, St. John, in another column. We can safely recommend this house to the travelling public. It is centrally and pleasantly situated, thoroughly fitted up, and furnished newly throughout; with good beds, an excellent table, attentive waiters, a genial and obliging landlord, it ought to be a favorite resort for travellers.

Fire caught from a stove pipe in a portion of the dwelling house, south side of Creek, occupied by Mrs. Carrol, on Wednesday morning. Mr. J. A. Lindsay happened fortunately to be passing at the time when the fire was first discovered, and succeeded in quenching the flames by the application of a few bucketfuls of water.

The nights are cool, but the weather is charming.

Two new signs bearing respectively the name of the proprietor and the name of the establishment grace the front of the "Glasgow House."

A. Henderson was one of the manufacturers from this County who made an exhibit at the St. John Exhibition. He made *five* entries and captured *five* prizes. When it is remembered that he had to compete not only with the leading manufacturers of St. John, but as well the Dominion, the result must be satisfactory to Mr. Henderson as it is creditable to the County.

Mr. and Mrs. Justus Ebbett left on Saturday morning to spend the winter in Boston.

On Sabbath last the Main street Baptist pulpit was occupied by Rev Mr. Chipman in the morning and by Mr. E. T. Miller in the evening.

Some of our readers may remember the handsome Jersey cow shown by Mr. Wm Shaw at the St. John Exhibition, and for which he had refused $1,000. The animal died on Sunday morning of congestion of the brain.

By the spreading of the rails, the passenger car on the up train, Monday evening, when about 12 miles below Grand Falls, left the irons and was thrown over an embankment. There were a number of passengers, several of them being R. C. clergymen, all of whom were considerably shaken up, and some of whom received injuries, although, fortunately, not of a very serious nature, it is hoped.

At Fredericton, on Saturday, D. McLeod Vince, L.L.D., and Clarence H. Ferguson, having successfully and creditably passed the necessary examination, were sworn in attorneys-at-law.

Another warning against the dangerous habit of playing with firearms is given in an incident which happened at South Newburg on Sunday. A boy named Peoples was playing with a pistol, supposing it to be unloaded, when it in some way became discharged, the bullet striking his sister and entering the fleshy part of her thigh. Drs. Sprague and Keating were called, who failed, upon probing, to find the bullet. It is hoped the accident will not prove very serious.

Richard Hand, Plymouth, Richmond, has a man who can take the cake for digging potatoes. He is Alfred Blackmore, and one day last week he pulled and piled the stalks and dug 58 bushels of potatoes.

John H. Kilburn, son of Ivory Kilburn, Esq., left home last week to enter upon a course of studies in the medical department of the University of New York.

An issue or two since we noted the fact that the Methodist ladies of Nelson, Manitoba, were to give a dinner during the holding of the Agricultural show, in order to raise funds to make their parsonage more comfortable for Rev. W. W. Colpitts and his family. We notice by the papers that the affair was quite successful, a handsome amount being realized.

Rev. Geo. B. Payson and Mrs. Payson have located for a season at Villard, Pope county, Minnesota. Mr Payson was advised to go West on account of a throat trouble with which he was afflicted. His many friends in this section will be glad to know that his change of residence has proved beneficial to his health.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Boyer are making an extended tour through the southern and western States. A letter informs us of their excellent health and the pleasure their trip is affording them.

Rev. Mr. Mahon, who supplied the pulpit in the Presbyterian Church in this Town for several Sabbaths recently, was, on the 4th inst., ordained and inducted into the charge of St. Peter's Road and Brackley Point, P. E. Island.

At the annual school meeting, Glassville, last week, Wm. Simpson was elected in the room of retiring Trustee Wellington Gilmore. John Joyner was elected Auditor, and Christopher McBrine Secretary.

The travel to and from the West continues to be remarkably large.

The last excursion of the season to upper Aroostook went up on Tuesday, and there was a large company on the cars. It is rather interesting to witness this evidence of a feeling, whether it be of curiosity or regard, which induces so many persons from the older districts of Maine to visit when opportunity offers the more recently settled sections. It exhibits a commonwealth of interest that is admirable.

Mr Zachariah Chipman, for many years a leading citizen of St. Stephen, and well known throughout the Province, died at his residence on Tuesday, aged 69 years. He leaves a widow, one son and four daughters, one of the latter of whom is the wife of Sir Leonard Tilley. The deceased was a highly esteemed gentleman.

According to the testimony of the gentleman who had charge of the Manitoba exhibits at St. John, the proper pronunciation of the name of that Province is not Mani-to-*bah*, but Manitoba.

An insane woman, wife of Capt. Gillespie, Portland, St. John, who for some time had been an inmate of the Lunatic Asylum, and whose reason was so far gone that she utterly failed to recognize her nearest relative, was taken by her mother to the Mission at St. Peter's Church, Portland, one last week, and being persuaded to adopt a worshiping position, she was solemnly blessed by one of the Redemptorist Fathers. On the morning following she awoke restored to reason, and since that time her physical strength has been rapidly returning.

A pacer, "Johnston," at Chicago, a few days ago, made the mile in 2.10.

Sir John A. Macdonald, at the Lennox election trial, acknowledged bribery by agents, and the seat was declared vacant. Sir John, it is said, will now retain the seat for Carleton, to which he was also elected.

At the Toronto Exhibition, which was only Provincial, $32,930 was taken at the gates.

It is said 6,000 immigrants have settled in Quebec this season.

John McBean, a well known mill owner on the Nashwaak, suddenly left one day last week, to the consternation of quite a number of the Banks, merchants and money lenders of Fredericton. It appears Mr. McB. had been raising money on his own notes with names endorsed that are believed to be forged.

Gaskill's Compandium of Forms is a most valuable book, and for which Rev. Mr. Vickery is agent.

Lord Lansdowne, our new Governor General, and Lady Lansdowne sailed from Moville for Quebec on the 12th inst.

The wife of Mr. Chas J. McDonald, Post Office Inspector, Halifax, last week, presented him with triplets—two sons and a daughter.

One hundred out of 160 infants in the New York Asylum have been attacked with diphtheria.

During September, 16,368 immigrants arrived in Canada. Total for nine months, 154,752 against 148,258 last year. Of these 91,778 remained in Canada against 76,376 in 1882.

The site for the new post office, St. Stephen, has been determined on by the choice of the Marks property, between the present office and the store of Mr. Wescott.

The United States are now excited over their fall elections. Thus far, we take it, the Democrats have succeeded in making important gains. The point of especial interest is Massachusetts, where the contest has become rather a personal than a political one, the question being, shall Butler be re-elected.

It is a rather singular fact that in New York the names of those who are to-day its millionaires were not mentioned 37 years ago among its notably wealthy men.

### Upper Woodstock Items.

Oct. 17, 1883.

The annual school meeting of this village was held in the school house on the 11th inst. Mr. F. P. Sharp presided as chairman and Mr. W. T. Kerr as secretary. The report of the Trustees shows the financial state of the district to be in a satisfactory condition. Mr. F. P Sharp, retiring Trustee, was re-elected, as well as Mr. D. J. Holder, as Auditor. An assessment of four hundred and fifty dollars ($450) was ordered for the ensuing year.

Mr. C. H. Ferguson, of this village, who has been a student-at-law with Messrs. Allen & Chandler, St. John, and who passed a successful examination for admission as Attorney a short time ago, is visiting his home here. It is Mr. Ferguson's intention to practice his profession in St. John, where his friends hope that he may be highly successful.

Upper Woodstock justly feels proud of the success she attained at the Centennial Exhibition. Your columns have noted the prizes which have come to her. Our most successful exhibitor was Mr. A. Henderson, whose unbounded success must amply repay him for the trouble taken in connection with his display. He took the following prizes: Drawing Room Furniture, 2nd prize; Wood Turning, 1st prize; Sideboard and Bed combined, Bronze Medal; samples of Furniture Painting, Bronze Medal; specimens of Wood Finishing and Furniture Painting, Bronze Medal; making five prizes in all. The work referred to was prepared by the employees of Mr. Henderson in his factory here. The Drawing-room Furniture, which was not prepared for the occasion, being the last suit on hand, was got up by Messrs. David Hipwell, Robt. Fitzsimons and Walter Smith, the first two doing the wood work and the latter the upholstering. The Sideboard and Bed, which attracted so much attention at the Exhibition, was manufactured by Messrs. Hipwell and W. B. Wright. The Wood Turning was done by Mr. J. W. Astle, while Mr. J. B. Barnes did the wood finishing and painting. Mr. Henderson should be well satisfied to have in his employ such capable mechanics, while the latter are to be congratulated on having such a genial and enterprising employer.

Mr. G. R. Ketchum has placed, at his own expense, in the railway yard here, a large and solidly built platform, from which he intends loading his hay on the cars of the N. B. Railway. Here we may state that the treatment which this village receives from that Company meets with general disapprobation. Scarcely a day passes without travellers boarding the train here, or being let off, yet no accommodation whatever is provided for their comfort. If we are not to have a station house, surely the company will at least replace the platform which was taken down, adding a small shed to shelter the waiting traveller from the elements. Please let us have a favorable reply, gentlemen, and at an early date.

Mr. James Carter, a new resident, has built a small but comfortable house at the lower end of the village, which he and his family will soon occupy.

That veteran nurseryman, F. P. Sharp, is placing almost more than usual care upon his apple and plum orchards, resolved to sustain his high reputation for success.

### Jacksontown Items.

Several persons have been trying "The Common Sense Potato Digger" from P. E. Island, and report favorably of it. It was invented by Edward Lane, of New Perth, who dreamed the principle and did not rest until he had perfected the machine. He claims it will save half the labor and will not leave as many potatoes in the ground as the usual method in use; besides, it does not cut or bruise the tubers; is lighter upon horses than a plough, and has a good effect upon the land. The persons who have used it say this is true. It is thought next season many of them will come into use here, as they are gaining favor in P. E. Island.

Miss Irvine, of Avondale, is a great though patient sufferer from cancer of a virulent type. Dr. McRae is in attendance.

Mrs York, of Second Tier, died last Friday and was buried on Lord's Day, when the funeral was largely attended. Rev. J. C. Berrie read the Scripture lesson and offered prayer, and Rev. Wm. Pennington delivered a discourse from the text, selected by the deceased, in II. Tim, 4-8: "I have fought, etc." The service was held at Victoria Corner, when the large F. C. B. Church was filled by sympathizing friends.

Mr. Hugh Cowperthwaite, we are happy to learn, is much better, having partially recovered from the attack of inflammation which seized him last week so suddenly when in Woodstock.

### Centreville Items.

October 15, 1883.

The dry weather has at last been broken by copious rains, which come very acceptable to cattle owners, as pasturage had become stunted by the long drought.

Our village and vicinity has been enlivened the past few days by the visiting F. C. B. Brethren, who are attending Conference at Tracy's Mills.

Mr. Alexander having repaired the damage which his planer received last week has again resumed work.

Miss Liziie Estey takes charge of the Primary department in our school for the ensuing year.

Mr. M. A. Burtt has removed to Florenceville, where he intends carrying on a business suitably adapted to the wants of the public—his stock consisting of dry goods, groceries, hardware, etc. G.

### Bloomfield Items.

Oct 12th, 1883.

The weather continues unusually pleasant for the season of the year; most of the farmers here have finished their fall work.

Quite a number of the residents of this place went down to the Exhibition last week. They express themselves as being perfectly satisfied; the class of exhibits equalling their anticipations.

The annual School Meeting of District No. 11, Bloomfield, was held in the School House here on the 11th inst. Chas. T. Alterton was elected Chairman, and Fred. W. Fleming, Secretary. The vacancy in the Board of Trustees caused by the retirement of F. D. Stokoe was satisfactorily filled in the election of Samuel D Woolhaupter. It was voted to raise $100 for school purposes, which with the balance on hand, $59.00, will be sufficient to support a first-class school.

Isaac Graham, Esq., has nearly completed a fine and substantial residence for his eldest son, now absent in Montana. This building when completed will add materially to the appearance of the village.

There is a splendid opening for a good shoemaker here now, there not being a single representative of that trade within a radius of six miles in one of the most prosperous farming communities in the Province.

AU REVOIR ACADEMICIAN.

### Lower Brighton Items.

Repairs on the F. C. Baptist church of this place are now completed. The church has been refurnished with pews of the most approved pattern, thus adding to its seating capacity. The appearance of the interior has also been much improved by tinting the walls, and the addition of several decorations, the work of Messrs. Kearney and Churchill. Rededication services will be held next Sabbath, 21st inst.

At the annual school meeting held on the 11th inst., it was decided by the ratepayers to have extensive repairs made upon the school house, during the coming summer.

The new depot at Newburgh Junction erected during the summer presents a fine appearance and is a credit to the company. An eating house in connection finished during the past week, is to be occupied by Mr. Campbell (late of Queen Hotel, Woodstock), who, with his former experience, knows how to successfully cater to the wants of the travelling public.

Mr. J. F. Richardson left for the lumber woods on Monday morning, with a large crew. He intends to operate on the Machias waters.

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Woodstock seems determined to have the works of the New Brunswick Railway Company located there, if such a thing be possible. At a recent meeting of the Town Council, a resolution was passed offering the Company sufficient land whereon to erect their workshops and offices, an exemption from all taxes for twenty years, and a free supply of water for their shops and offices for ten years. In these days of close competition for business and precedence, among towns as well as among men, the example set by Woodstock is worthy of imitation.—*St. Croix Courier.*

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FIGHTING TO THE LAST.—*Cleveland O., Oct. 12.*—Jack Ranford was hanged to-day at Fremont for wife murder, committed last October. He made a fierce fight against the officers. He cried: "Let me go, you hellions!" and showered blasphemous and obscene epithets upon them. After being dragged to the scaffold, he tried desperately to break away and jump from the platform.—With much trouble he was bound, and the noose was adjusted, the drop falling at 12 05 o'clock. Redford spent last night carousing with the men, drinking whiskey, talking about horses and telling indecent stories.—While standing on the gallows to-day, pinioned, and the noose about his neck, and clergymen offering prayer, Radford discovered among those in the jail Mr. Greenslade, the father of the murdered woman. Then ensued an indescribable scene. Radford made a furious effort, strapped as he was, to rush upon his father-in-law. The sheriff and his assistants had all they could do to hold him. He raved and cursed everybody. The hanging was successful.

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HIGH PRICED JERSEYS.—*New York, Oct. 11.*—At the sale of Jersey cattle to-day, some high prices were obtained. Among the higher priced animals sold were the cow Locust, for $590; heifer Lemona Floss, for $790; cow Duchess of Maitland, for $640; heifer Royal Lady, for $710; cow Saragossa, $4,800; cow, Saragossa 3rd, $800, and the cow Withersea, for $2,500.

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Twenty divorces were recently granted in Chicago in one day by two judges.

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LONDON, Oct. 12.—*Truth* says that the Queen has issued a private memorandum enjoining the occupants of a certain royal palace to correction and reformation of manners. Recent events brought to her knowledge the fact that in one of her palaces gambling has been regularly going on to an almost incredible extent. Enormous sums were lost and won. Ardent players were wont to continue the amusement well into the mornings of Sundays and other days directed to be kept holy.

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OSHKOSH, WIS., Oct. 11.—As Mr Trougert, a section boss on the Milwaukee & St. Paul road, was riding yesterday on a hand car, with his wife and baby, his daughter-in-law, her husband and child, the hat of the elder Mrs. Trougert blew off, and in attempting to grasp it her baby slipped out of her hands in front of the car. The child was caught in the gear of the wheels and was instantly killed. The car was thrown from the track and was hurled some distance. Both women are probably fatally injured, and the other child will die.

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Lord Lansdowne is expected to arrive in Quebec on the 20th inst., the same day that the Marquis of Lorne sails for England.

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HEROES OF THE PLAINS.—Mr. J. W. Buel, the well known author and traveler, spent a large part of the past summer among the Indians of the West, and during the time visited the renowned Chief, Sitting Bull, at Standing Rock Agency, Dakota. While there he obtained from Sitting Bull and his principal Chiefs a full account of the Massacre of Custer and his men in June, 1876. This is the first and only time the Indians have told their side of the story, which is more intensely interesting because none of Custer's men lived to relate the horrors of that unparalleled massacre. Mr. Buel has added a full history of this great historical event, and his own experiences among the savages, to his celebrated book, "Heroes of the Plains," with fine portraits of Sitting Bull and his principal Chiefs, and many other illustrations. He has added the life and adventures of "White Beaver," the great Medicine Man of the Sioux, with many new and spirited illustrations, forming one of the most complete and thrilling works on Western life ever written. The book is highly recommended by Maj. Gen. Merritt, Commander of the West Point Military Academy, and other distinguished people. Agents are wanted; see advert