Sunday School Column.

LESSON CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER.

1. Oct 4.—Elisha at Dothan. 2 Kings. 7 : 8 23.
2. Oct 11.—The Famine in Samaria. 2 Kings 7 : 1-17.
3. Oct 18.—Jehu's False Zeal. 2 Kings 10 : 15 31.
4. Oct 25.—The Temple Repaired. 2 Kings 12 : 1-15.

CONVENTIONS IN PROSPECT.

New Brunswick S. S. Association; second Convention at Moncton, Oct. 20th and 21st.

Wilmot Parish S. S. Convention meets at Charleston Oct. 15, afternoon and evening.

SABBATH SCHOOL WORK.—For the encouragement of all workers in the Sabbath instruction of the Youth, and who have an interest in the S. S. Column, I send you the account of the autumn campaign in the Richmond Parish. The Executive Committee assigned to hold three public meetings this month, in places where such meetings were not held last year. On Monday, Tuesday and Thursday model meetings were held at Watson Settlement, Union Corner, and Kirkland. The evenings were delightful; congregations good; music inspiring; and the addresses were first-class, and thus all progressed with harmony and profit. Believing that when men talk they should have something definite, a programme was arranged which contained three leading ideas:

1st. The privilege of giving our silver and gold for the support of this work.

2nd. Preparations necessary to secure success.

3rd. The necessity of Prayer.

Rev. Mr. Herbert, with his broad and expressive mind, showed the great need of the church, and the duties of those who are in Christ Jesus to give liberally of their means. Rev. Isaac Howie, in his usual earnest, practical and instructive style, urged the necessity of preparation by teachers, scholars and parents; we think such truths cannot fail to result in much good. Rev. K. McKay directed our attention, with great force and splendid effect, to the necessity of Prayer; we should make special prayer for the Sabbath school and follow the Divine indications. A fresh impulse of life must surely follow if such forcible arguments are acted upon.

Mr. A. Harron, the county Vice (in labors abundant), each evening, by his well chosen words, added much to the success of the meeting. We regret Mr. Dickinson's inability to attend all the meetings, for we need such workers in the same.

The meetings were a great success; how could it be otherwise? the discussion of such topics, by such efficient advocates, must bring forth good results. It is impossible for such gatherings to fail in imparting more enthusiasm in the S. S. work. The people generally are only half awake to the importance of youthful training to lives of devotion to the cause of God. The people desiring such meetings as we have had is a good sign. If we *give, work* add *pray*, success must follow.

Yours,——

Richmond, Sept. 25th., 1885.

Secretaries of Parish Sunday School conventions should send a notice of the proposed meeting of their Convention to Geo. L. Hayoke, County Secretary, Woodstock, and a notice of the meeting will be given in the S. S. Calendar in the SENTINEL and *Press*.

WILMOT S. S. CONVENTION.—A meeting of the Wilmot S. S. Convention will be held in the F. C. B. Church at Charleston on Thursday the 15th day of October next at 2 o'clock, p. m. The afternoon session will be devoted chiefly to the discussion of the Progress of Sabbath School work in the parish. The lesson for Oct. 11, will also be taught by a competant teacher, the convention forming the class. An evening session will be held at 7 o'clock, when the following subjects will be introduced:

1st. The best method of interesting the young in Scripture study.

2nd The duty of parents in regard to Sabbath Schools.

A number of talented speakers are expected to be present; pastors of churches and all who are interested in Sabbath School work are cordially invited.

All sessions of the convention are open to the public.

C. KING, Sec.

Lakeville, Sept 28, 1885.

The S. S. at Good's corner, was visited last Tuesday by Colin King, president of the County Convention. He says he found it in fair condition; they are doing very well, and intend to keep open until the last of Dec., and if possible will make it an evergreen school. The superintendent is the right man in the right place, but they should have all the help that can be given them.

HOW TO TREAT A BOY.—Get hold of the boy's heart. Yonder locomotive comes like a whirlwind down the track and a regiment of armed men might seek to arrest in vain. It would crush them and plunge unheeding on. But there is a little lever in its mechanism that at the pressure of a man's hand will slacken its speed, and in a moment or two will bring it panting still, like a whipped spaniel, at your feet. By the same little lever the vast steamer is guided hither and yonder upon the sea in spite of wind and current. That sensative and responsive spot by which a boy's life is controlled in his heart. With your grasp gently and firmly on at the helm, you may pilot him whither you will. Never doubt that he has a heart. Bad and wild boys often have the tenderest heart hidden away somewhere beneath in crustations of sin or behind barricades of pride. And it is your business to get behind that heart, get hold of it by sympathy, confiding in him, manifestly working for his good by little indirect kindness to his mother or sister, or even his pet dog. See him at his home, or invite him in yours. Provide him some little pleasures, set him at some little service of trust for you; love him; love him practically. Any way and every way rule him through his heart.

The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1885.

SENTINEL Office, in Vanwart's Brick Building, King street, up stairs.

THE final opening, for general railway traffic of the new Cantilever Bridge over the Falls of St. John, which took place on Wednesday, is an event of much importance. By bridging this gap, which hitherto has interrupted the through connections between east and west, the facilities for trade will be greatly enhanced.

All who live west of the St. John river who have occasion to visit that city for business or pleasure, will appreciate the comfort of getting into and out of the cars in the city proper instead of on the float at Carleton, while those who are passing through St. John, will to a greater extent be convenienced. But of course it is as securing a through highway for freight, by rapid conveyance, that the bridge will be most serviceable to shippers and importers as it is from this source the railways will secure, it is anticipated, a large increase of business. St. John itself will be the only looser at present, as for a time at least, the changed order of things will disturb the business of a good many people in several lines. But then matters will after a while right themselves, and increased business in other directions and from other sources will make good the loss immediately sustained. Our province was once called very slow but it is fast leaving that reputation behind, and is now with vigorous steps keeping time in the march of progress. Railroads, well appointed, running in all directions; telegraph and telephone service available and availed of by all the communities; water service and electric light being introduced, and now this bridge all attest to our advancement.

Commencing on Thursday last the trains on the N. B. Ry. for St. John, are running through, over the bridge to the Intercolonial station in the city. No more tedious waiting for the tardy ferry boat.

THE formal opening of the Bridge at St. John took place with great *eclat* on Wednesday. A large number of representative gentlemen from the United States, embracing railway men, politicians and commercials were present, thus showing their interest in the work just completed. The officials of the Bridge Company had made ample preparations, and did all that was desirable to make their visitors enjoy the occasion. The programme included, first, a trip from the new Intercolonial station over the Bridge, with a stop sufficiently long to permit an examination of the wonderful structure. Second, a lunch, so called, but which was really a sumptuous dinner, after which in response to the several toasts, Hons. H. Hamlin, Boutelle, D. McLellan and others, made appropriate speeches. Third, and this was the most enjoyable feature of the occasion, a trip to Rothesay and return by steamer through the falls. The day was as pleasant as could be desired—unusually fine for the latitude of St. John. So, under most favorable auspices, the completion of one of the most important works ever undertaken in New Brunswick was celebrated, and a consumation long desired reached.

THE recent visit of a number of gentlemen from Calais, Me., members of Fellowship Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 97, of that place, should not be allowed to pass with the brief reference which we were compelled to be content with last week. So far as the visit was a fraternal one, and that means a good deal, as indicating the happy sentiment by which the bonds of the order influence individuals separated widely by geographical and national lines,—it is sufficient to state in few words how the strangers were received and entertained by their brethren here who provided that they should view the farms and scenery of the districts adjacent to Woodstock; who gave them a formal reception in their hall, at which meeting some work was done, in which visiting brethren assisted, and a very pleasant re-union had; who made them guests at a dinner notable for a varied and excellent bill of fare, provided for by mine host Gibson, and prepared and served under the personal direction of Mrs. G., who on each such occasion successively rivals herself and her reputation in regard to such matters. A dinner notable, for the unusually excellent character of the speeches, delivered in response to the toasts that followed, by Geo. A. Curran, Esq., of Fellowship, who was exceedingly happy in his utterences; E. T. Lee, Esq., and A. Mc A. Leighton, Esq., of the same lodge; Rev. G. M. Campbell; Rev. C. T. Phillips; H. A. Connell, Esq.; J. T. Raymond, Esq; Dan'l. Jordan, Esq., Stephen Smith, Esq., M. D.; G. L. Holyoke, Esq; and A. S. Mott, Esq. The volunteer toasts were Mayor Connell, proposed by Rev. G. M. Campbell, responded to by the Mayor, and Carleton Lodge, proposed by Bro. Curran, after a speech in which that gentleman for himself and his colleagues paid the Lodge many graceful compliments and was eulogistic in his reference to Woodstock and the county. This was briefly responded to by Mr. Samuel Watts, and then with "To our next meeting," and "Auld Lang Syne" the entertainment terminated. Now after this has been said about the visit in its fraternal aspect, very much more might be added in respect to the visit viewed from a broader and more general point of view. It is at all times desirable that the town should be visited by strangers, and that such should be favorably impressed by what they see. Many of these gentlemen now came here for the first time, knowing nothing of Woodstock save from casual report. They came prepared to be pleased; they went away surprised and gratified. They had no idea as to the fertility of our soil, the intelligent progress of our farmers, or the beauty of our scenery. Of the Town, their forcible admission was "It's all alive," being most favorably impressed by the evidence of its manufacturing and commercial energy and advantages, and particularly by the number of new buildings in course of erection or completion, which gave them the assurance that people were here to stay, and that there were practical inducements here for populations to come and remain. They took great interest in the water works, especially, as just now the question of the establishment of such works in Calais is being agitated.

Now, we think such a visit as this affords the Town a good advertisement, and judicious advertising is good for a locality as for an ordinary business. It is very desirable that the special advantages offered in this Town and County as a field for enterprise and intelligent energy, and for the investment of capital, should be as fairly and widely known as possible, and this visit being a means in that direction, the Odd Fellows who were instrumental in securing the visit have conferred a favor on the community.

THE writ for the election in St. John has been issued. Nomination day is the 13th. Oct. and voting on the 20th., so that in less than three weeks the will of the electors of that constituency will have been pronounced. With the more than usually determined canvass from the public platform, which has already prefaced the election, the voters should be pretty thoroughly posted on all the issues, and the results should be an intelligent verdict. Of course the country districts wait the result with considerable interest, as St. John should as the commercial centre voice the sentiment of the province, especially in matters affecting trade and trade relations.

HYMENEAL.—An interesting ceremony transpired at Trinity Church, Andover, Wednesday last, in which the most interested persons were a popular young druggist of this town and one of the fairest and best of Andover's daughters. Rev. Leo. A. Hoyt was the officiating clergyman; the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Annie Newcomb, while the blushing groom was supported by his brother, Mr. A. F. Garden. The bride and maid were neatly and elegantly attired, and looked "just lovely." After the ceremony and a sumptuous breakfast at Mrs. Newcomb's, the happy pair took train for a bridal tour to New York and other cities of the Union, amid the hearty congratulations of their friends. The SENTINEL wishes Mr. and Mrs. Garden a happy and unclouded honeymoon, as continuous as their lives.

The Fredericton *Reporter* in its account of the Military Camp, has the following complimentary remarks concerning our Carleton Co. troops:—

The Woodstock Field Battery go through their difficult movements smoothly, and some of the horses show signs of careful training. Major Dibblee rides a handsome looking black charger, but at times he is entirely too frisky to face the foe. Perhaps he gets too many short oats.

All visitors to tha camp are much interested in the work of Major Vince's fine corps of Engineers. They have thrown bridges over neighboring chasms in such a rapid and expeditious manner as to surprise spectators and to enlist the confidence of the public in the work of this important arm of our volunteer force. Major Vince takes delight in explaining the modus operandi to visitors.

AT The Town Council meeting on the evening of the 24th., there was present, besides His Worship, Councillors Murphy, Drysdale, and Dibblee. The Bank statement showed bal. to credit of town, $273.16. The only order of importance passed, was that authorizing the laying down of water pipes on Church street, providing John Loane guarantees there will be at least three water takers on that street.

SMALL POX, it is said, is still spreading in Montreal. The result of the presence of that disease has been quite disastrous to the trade of that city, Toronto being the chief gainer. As passengers and merchandise are constantly passing from Montreal to the Maritime Provinces precautionary measures should be adopted against the introduction of the contagion by that means. This Province will be very fortunate, indeed, if it escapes unscathed.

THE comparatively small fires which have occurred recently in Woodstock, some of them particularly so, afford the largest possible amount of justification as to the wisdom and practical foresight of those who by their efforts secured the introduction of the water system. Of course, it may be said it is very easy and convenient to claim "it might have been"; but any man must see that the Town, in all human probability, has of late escaped most disastrous conflagrations through the efficiency of the water works.

REGARDING the delay in receipt of SENTINEL, as referred to by our Glassville correspondent, we have to say that the fact that the paper was received at all, proves that the delay was not caused at this office. The paper of the 19th was mailed at an early hour in the afternoon of the 18th.

We have received a copy of the excellen paper read before the recent session of the Carleton Co. Teachers' Institute, by Inspector Oakes, on the "Beautifying of School Grounds," which we shall have much pleasure in referring to again.

THE following from the London *Standard* is appropriate in some respects to suggestions lately made in respect to our school system.

Sir Lyon Playfair formally opened the Harris Academy, Dundee. It was found that the old system of parish schools no longer sufficed when large towns arose. Manufactures altered the conditions and needs of the population. He held that it was necessary that they should train the people to be foremost in that knowledge of science and art which now lay at the root of modern manufacturing industries. All the modern labour, even that of a hewer of wood or drawer of water, was based on science, and sometimes on that combined with art. If they taught these subjects in the elementary schools technically, their practical application would more readily be taught afterward. In future days drawing would be a subject of examination in all schools, and before long so also must science. (Applause.) Drawing, and more especially mechanical drawing, was half the technical education of the working man. If he had inventiveness it would help him greatly, and though he might have no originality to discover new plans, his intelligence is immensely strengthened by the power of appreciating the expressions and purposes of the architect the builder, the engineer, the machinist and others who had to express their purposes by the conventional rules of mechanical drawing. (Applause.) Free-hand drawing was important to give a sense of the beautiful, and to train hand and eye, while mechanical drawing was of first importance.

AN exchange says: It has been frequently stated that the consumption of whiskey in the United States has been considerably diminished by efforts to stop its manufacture and sale; but the N. Y. *Commercial Bulletin*, after carefully examining the statistics of manufacture and consumption, concludes its article thus:

"In the light of these facts it is difficult to believe that the widespread agitation in favor of temperance legislation, and the adoption of prohibitory measures by some of the States and many of the counties, have been as effective for good as their advocates suppose. Certainly it cannot be believed that the serious depression in industries which have been felt within the past year is sufficient to account for the trifling change in the consumption of liquors. But if that cause suffices, it follows that temperance legislation has had no effect whatever as yet to diminish the consumption of spirits."

In 1876 the consumption of whiskey was a little less than one and one third (1.29) gallons per capita; in 1885 it was one and one fifth (1.20) gallons per capita. The consumption of beer was 6.84 gallons per inhabitant in 1876 and 10.31 in 1885—a very remarkable increase.

The *Globe* referring to a statement of which we reproduced the particulars says: There appeared in the *Globe* the other day a paragraph copied from the London *Timber Trades Journal* giving an account of the largest cargo of deals that ever entered the Thames. The cargo in question consisted of 1,272 St. Petersburg standard deals. It was shipped from Quebec in the steamer "Regius." While the above, no doubt, was a very large cargo, it cannot compare with some of the cargoes shipped from St. John to Liverpool. On June 20, 1882, Mr. A. Gibson shipped per S. S. "Kansas," 1,452 St. Petersburg standard deals, being 180 standard more than the "Regius," and on the 5th July, of the same year the steamship "Missouri" took away a cargo consisting of 1,440 St. Petersburg standard deals, or 168 standards more than London's great cargo. Mr. Gibson also shipped the "Missouri's" cargo.

JOTTINGS.

We are under obligations to Mr. C. E. Grosvenor for files of the *Lewiston (Me.) Evening Journal*, containing full and interesting accounts of the Maine State Fair, which is admittedly the most popular ever held by the State.

Mr. Chas. M. Hay, son of Hugh Hay, Esq., who last week passed a most satisfactory examination before the medical board at Fredericton, left here on Saturday last to enter a Philadelphia Medical Institute, there to pursue the study of medicine. Mr. John H. Kilburn, of Richmond, accompanied Mr. Hay to the Institute, to enter upon a course of medical study.

Last week eleven men belonging to St. John, or vicinity, met untimely deaths by a marine disaster. They had gone to assist in the breaking up of the wrecked vessel "Humacao," ashore on the Southwest point of Grand Manan, and under the impression that it was safe had gone to sleep in the cabin of the vessel. During the night a storm arose and the wreck floated off and sunk, carrying down with it the ill-fated men.

Rev Mr. Phillips stated to his congregation on Sunday last that there would be no preaching service in the church (F. C. B.) on the following Sabbath, as he and other ministers would be away attending Conference. He said this would give his hearers a chance to go visiting other churches.

Prof. Crozier lectured at Canterbury Station on Wednesday evening of last week, and on the following evening at McAdam Junction, in both of which places he instituted a lodge of Good Templars.

Mr. Andrew Stephenson, Plymouth, has purchased three very fine Yorkshire pigs, of B. N. Shaw, Hartland. The introduction of such stock into Richmond will prove of great value to the parish.

The Methodist Mite Society met at J. T. Allan's Esq., on Thursday evening of last week. There was a pretty full attendance; a good literary and musical programme and a goodly number of mites contributed.

Mr. Spencer Wharton and his daughter, Mrs. Charles Street, desire to acknowledge and return thanks for the very great kindness shown them by the people of Woodstock, in their recent bereavement by which they have lost a loving wife and kind mother.

The Band went to Fredericton on Monday to join the 67th Batt. in camp.

A new post office has been opened at Dover Hill, Andover, Victoria Co., Geo. H. Baird postmaster.

Goldsmith Maid, once the Queen of the turf, is dead. Her best record was 2.14.

A house on the bank of the Meduxnakik, belonging to the estate of the late John McDonaugh and occupied as a residence by Jos. Westle, took fire from a defective flue and was considerably damaged, on Sabbath. Mr. Westle lost heavily in damage to furniture, &c. The building was insured for $250.

We congratulate our contemporary the *Gleaner*, over the practical evidene of its prosperity, as given in the enlargement of its weekly. It is indeed a wide-awake, newsy and now a large paper.

The annual exhibition of the Peoples' Union Agricultural Society will be held at Hartland on Wednesday next, 7th. inst.

There are four thousand cases of smallpox at Montreal, according to a recent statement.

Some of our citizens, among them Mayor Connell, went to St. John, Tuesday evening, to take part in the opening exercises of the Cantilever bridge, Wednesday.

The weather for the past few days has been unusually bright, warm and fine. The forests present a gorgeous appearance in their many colored autumnal tints.

The new Presbyterian church, Fredericton, had a narrow escape on Monday. The spire took fire, but the flames were discovered and quenched fortunately before much damage was done.

At a meeting held in Portland, St John, for relief of the surviving families of the unfortunate men who were drowned at the wreck of the Humacao, $900 was subscribed in a few minutes.

It is not often to be recorded of a clergyman, or any other man, such an action as is stated with reference to Bishop O'Sullivan, of St. Peter's church, Washington, who, at his consecration, being presented with a purse of $1,000 by his former congregation, refused to take the money, advising them to hand it to his successor for the benefit of the church. He had come among them with nothing, and preferred to take nothing away with him.

At the last meeting of the Parishioners of St. John's church, Richmond, the Rector, Rev. W. F. Vroom tendered his resignation, having accepted the Rectorship of Shediac. In accepting the resignation the meeting passed a resolution recognizing the satisfactory and beneficial relationships which had existed, expressing regrets at his departure, and tendering the regards and gratitude of the congregation.

Owing to the efforts of Mrs. C. F. K. Dibblee, a new library of 125 volumes has been placed in the Vestry of the Parish church, Woodstock, for the benefit of the children attending the services of the church.

Rev. J. C. Titcombe, leaves the mission of Canterbury to take charge of the new mission of Fairville. He delivered his farewell sermon, last Sabbath. His departure is much regretted by his parishioners.

On Tuesday last, in Middoy, some person not having the fear of the law before his eyes, deliberately, in sight of a number of distant spectators, smashed the lock from the outside door of the lock-up, and then entered and did the same thing to the door of the cell, thus offering a free egress for the two prisoners detained therein, who naturally took advantage of it. On Tuesday night the two escaped prisoners, Jas Pickard and Frederick McManon were recaptured together with a third party, Frederick O'Connor, who was suspected of being the party who broke into the lock up. On Wednesday the parties were examined before the Police Magistrate, when nothing but a drunk, only varied in degree, could be proven against either; they were fined as follows: Jas. Pickard, $6; F. McMahon, $2; Fred. O'Connor, $20 or 3 mos.

The Second Advents of this town and vicinity held their quarterly conference in this place, commencing on the 24th. ult., and continuing over the following Sabbath. The attendance was large, and the meetings marked for spiritual power, and greatly strengthening to all participating.

The Card of the Queen Hotel appears in this issue. The proprietor, Mr. Campbell, is determined to make the house popular, and from his experience in the business we have no doubt he will succeed.

The tea meeting at Windsor under the auspices of the ladies of the F. C. B. Church of that place, which was held on the 10th September, terminated very satisfactorily: a very pleasant time was enjoyed by the large number of persons present, and $168 was realized, after paying expenses, to apply towards finishing the outside of their church. The ladies desire through the SENTINEL to return thanks to all who assisted and so generously patronized the affair.

We are much obliged for the interesting budget of "Wicklow Items" in this issue, and shall be glad to have our correspondent favour us frequently in the same way.

Mr. J. G. McMurray's three year old child fell from a waggon on Tuesday, breaking the bones of the right arm. Dr. Colter was called.

The supper and sociable in the basement of the Methodist church, Tuesday evening next, will be well worthy of patronage by all who can enjoy an oyster stew, a dish of tempting baked beans, or a good time generally. Read advt. and let there be a grand rally.

Our Jacksonville friends are to enjoy a treat on the 15th inst. Read ad. of oyster supper &c.

A special meeting of the Executive of the Carleton Co. Agricultural Society will be held, at the Police office, on Monday next, at 3 p. m. A list of stock to be sold at the Government farm on the 7th. inst., will be before the meeting. A full attendance is requested, as the accounts connected with the erection of the exhibition building will be considered.

An agent of the "Remington Standard Type Writer" is expected in this town shortly. For ease of manipulation, speed and durability, this is said to be the best writer in the market.

Upper Woodstock Items.

Attracted by the repairs being made on the Railway Bridge here, your correspondent paid the place a visit lately. He was fortunate in meeting Mr. Z. Currie, the master bridge-builder of the N. B. Railway Co., who has general supervision of the work in progress, and who kindly gave him particulars in regard thereto. In June last, the labour expended on the bridge was confined to restoring the part which went to Fredericton on April 9th. As all the piers had been subjected to a very heavy strain, and much damage done them, it became necessary to fit them up for the winter. A crew of twenty-five men are now engaged in that duty, and it is expected that when the work is completed the piers will have been made stronger then ever. The fronts of the piers are being faced with birch plank nine inches thick, which is in turn to be protected by half-inch plate iron, securely placed. Then the sides of the piers are to be covered with five inch birch. A new feature is being adopted in filling in the stones. Heretofore when the ice forced off the plank all the loose rock fell out and gave the ice a better opportunity to undermine the pier. The method now followed is to lay the outside tiers of rocks, which are regularly placed in cement made for the purpose. This is had by mixing Portland cement, sand, and coarse gravel, which, on hardening, becomes as solid as its surroundings. It is believed that should occasion arise, it will be effectual in doing good work. The superstructure erected this spring is to be painted, when the whole bridge will make an excellent appearance.

The Company are directing special attention to getting the bridges along their line in good condition. They are to begin at once in rebuilding the bridge at Benton, the present one to be replaced by a Howe Truss. On the Nashwaaksis a span of 68 ft. is to be erected; one of 75 feet on the Upper Keswick; two of 68 feet over branches of the Nackawick; while two spans of 75 and 40 feet each, are to be built over the Aroostook, to replace that destroyed by fire this season. When these and other contemplated improvements are made, we may expect to find the N. B. Railway equal to any in the Provinces.

Remove Henderson's Factory from this village, and we would lose an influential factor in the stir of the place. When we visited the factory last week, we were glad to notice among the signs of general progress the introduction of a much larger boiler than the one heretofore in use. In keeping with this improvement, additions are being made to the machinery of the establishment. As we made an inspection of the manufactured goods we noticed in the hands of the painter, the outfit for the new Custom House. To say that the furniture is elegant is to be within bounds. It comprises a double sitting desk of solid walnut, 4 leathered covered chairs of the same material; 2 standing desks of ash and birch; a Devenport desk; one couch, in walnut, and two tables, with blinds and general office fittings. It must be remembered that all of these articles are manufactured at Upper Woodstock, and it is certainly creditable to Mr. Henderson's establishment that his facilities allow him to turn out such a class of work. Mr. Henderson manufactures church furniture in large quantities. At the time of our visit he was busy filling orders for these goods from three churches in Charlotte, York and Carleton counties respectively. While the factory at Upper Woodstock is the manufacturing centre, his warerooms in Woodstock exhibit the manufactured goods. The two centres are united by telephonic communication, and probably no man in Woodstock is so greatly benefitted by the introduction of the telephone as Mr. Henderson.

Extensive repairs have been made on the Court House. The masons have repaired the plaster, and calcined the walls. The roof has also been shingled. We have no intention of ceasing to be the shiretown for some years yet.

Mr. C. H. Ferguson, Barrister, St. John, is spending a few weeks at his home here. He anticipates a close election in St. John.

North Lake and Benton Items.

Sept. 29, 1885.

The weather has been very cold here of late, and the crops have ripened very slowly in consequence. There is quite a large amount of grain yet to be harvested.

A bear entered the field of Hiram Veysey, Esq., of Green Mountain and killed one of his sheep, a trap has been set in the vicinity, but thus far bruin has not been caught.

Mr. Veysey has a ridge of peas that are now in blossom. The peas are ripe on the lower parts of the stalks, but the tops are green and in full bloom. This locality has been remarkably free from frosts this fall, and potatoes, garden vegetables, etc., still look quite green.

The orchard of Leonard Gould, Esq., of this place was entered by some one a few nights ago and about two barrels of apples were stolen. The cellar of another gentleman in the village was entered the same night, and a quantity of pork was taken therefrom.

HAND CAR PARTY.—A number of the temperance men of Benton formed a hand car party on Wednesday evening last, and went to Canterbury Station to hear the temperance address of Prof. A. O. Crozier. They returned late in the evening being highly pleased with their excursion and with the address they had heard.

ACCIDENT.—John Bagley of Jacksonville, a lad about 17 years of age, was badly injured in Sawyer's mill at Benton last week. The particulars are as follow: A swing had been put up in the mill which broke while the lad was swinging. He fell striking on his back and a piece of scantling come down endwise striking him fairly in the face and cutting him badly. After the wound had been dressed the lad started for home on the train.

Glassville Items.

Sept. 25th, 1885.

Some items from this vicinity I suppose would not come amiss.

The SENTINEL of the 19th inst., did not come to hand until late last evening, whereas the *Press* of the 24th inst. came by the same mail. Now, Messrs. Editors please look into this matter as we like to receive the SENTINEL as soon as possible after it has been issued.

VANDALISM.—An amoroso from a distance while paying his addresses at the shrine of cupid, to one of the fair daughters of this place, last Sunday night, had his visit prolonged somewhat more than lovingly desirable, until sometime of the following day, by some miscreant removing one of the nuts which held the wheel of his carriage to the axle. It is much to be deplored that such dastardly acts should prevail in our otherwise quiet community.

COUNCILLOR'S ELECTION.—We are to have a lively election this year, if the number of candidates nominated has anything to do with it. No less than forty-seven have already filed their declarations with our parish clerk. Of course all will not run for the office, but we have a chance to get the peoples' choice from them.

The Aberdeen Agricultural Society will hold their show on the 14th October, and a good show it will be; at least the directors and members will do their best to make it a good one.

Lakeville Items

Sept. 29, 1885

A very pleasant time was spent in the Orange Hall, Lakeville, on Saturday evening Sept. 26, at an entertainment in the form of a *Pie Sociable*. After ample justice had been done to the pies, the proceeds, amounting to $19, were presented to Rev Mr. Dill, (Presbyterian) who has been labouring in the parishes of Wilmot and Wicklow during the past summer, and who is shortly going to Halifax to resume his theological studies. The Rev. gentleman in a few appropriate remarks thanked the people of Lakeville for their kindness, and expressed a desire that he might, at some future time, again meet with them.

Wicklow Items.

Sep. 29, 1885

The farmers are about through harvesting, and the busy hum of the reaper will soon cease to be heard. Notwithstanding the damage done by the heavy frosts, the crops are fully up to the average yield.

There has been considerable building going on here during the summer and fall. Mr. Albert Hutchinson, one of our thrifty farmers, has well under way a large and fine residence. Mr. James Drew, also, has a house in course of erection. Mr. Albert Olmstead has lately erected a large barn, and Mr. John Tweedie and Mr. Albert Drier have both built large additions to their barns; Mr. Phillip Drier has also erected a house.

Through the steady work of two carpenters the church is fast nearing completion

Mr. Fred Hale has men engaged in clearing 25 acres of land on his farm in this place.

Dr. F. S. Milbury, who spent some time in the city of Mexico and more recently in Nova Scotia, has lately returned on a visit to his father, Seth Milbury, Esq.

Miss Lizzie Estey, our school teacher, gives good satisfaction in the performance of her duties.

Mr. N. B. Milbury's orchard has yielded a fine crop of apples, which found ready sale.

Miss. F. Taylor and Miss King both have music classes in this place.

LITERARY NOTICES.—The October number of *Our Little Ones and Nursery*, is a beatiful one and will prove very attractive to the children. Only $1.50 a year. Russell Publishing Company, 36 Bloomfield St., Boston.

A long story of Helen Jackson ("H. H." and Saxe Holm") entitled "Popsy's Table Cloths," calls for first mention in the October *Wide Awake*. A companion story "Popsy's Grand Journey," will follow in November. Then there is the delightful "Story that Mrs. Hildebrand Told," with an equally delightful picture of Smedley; a business boy's story, "Pete's Printing Press," by Mrs. Kate Gannet Wells; and a very funny story entitled "The Flying-Pan Bonnet," by Kate Foote. The frontispiece is a group of three superd Ocean pictures by W. F. Halsall, the well known marine painter, and among other artistic features is a full page picture of a youthful "Robin Hood," by John Harperl Tennyson's "Enid," by Lungren, a fourpaged pictured ballad, "The mission Tea Party" and some irresistible comics. Last, and perhaps most important, is the opening of the Fifth Annual Reading Course of the C. Y. F. R. U., a brilliant set of serials: "Pleasant Authors for Young Folks," (American,) by Amanda B. Harris; "My Garden Pets," by Mary Treat; Souvenirs of my Time" (Foreign,) by Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont; "Some Italian Authors," by George E. Vincent, "Ways to do Things," by various Authors; "Strange Teas, Dinners, Weddings and Fetes"

LETTER FROM MILITARY CAMP.

Camp Fredericton, 24th Sept, 1885.

The Brigade camp is very pleasantly and conveniently located in the park adjoining the railway station. The Woodstock Field Battery are near the entrance of the Park from the town, with stables for their horses close by. The Brighton Engineers, Infantry School corps, 67th and 71st Battalions are side by side in the middle of the park, facing the town, with the tents of the Brigade Staff in front.

It is a beautiful spot dotted with elms and other shade trees, and the arrangement of the camp is very good indeed. Adjoining the canteen is a reading room under the management of the Young Men's Christian Association of St John, which, I think, will be most useful and instructive. It is well supplied with newspapers, magazines, writing material &c, and several clergymen and others have promised to give addresses upon different subjects, which will doubtless be both interesting and profitable.

Your readers will probably be most interested in the men from Carleton County, so I will give a brief description of their journey to camp. Two from the Battery and Quarter Master Emery with 8 men from the 67th, came down on Monday morning, and Major Vince with his fine company in the evening. The first to move on Tuesday was Capt. Baker's company which left Edmonston at 3.40 a. m., Capt Beckwith joined them at Grand Falls, Captains Adams and Hartley at Florenceville, Captains Boyer and Fletcher at Hartland, Major Dibblee with his Battery and Captain Carvell at Woodstock, and Captain Kirkpatrick at Debeck. The train did not leave Woodstock until 11.30 a. m., instead of 10, and there was some delay on the way, so they did not arrive at the camp until daylight was quite gone; but the harvest moon befriended us, and our tents having been pitched by those who had preceded us, and a half day's rations provided, the men were soon under canvass and preparing to make themselves comfortable for the night. About 2 this morning it commenced to rain and continued almost without intermission until 1.30, which not only prevented us from drilling but prevented the men from doing many things which are necessary for their comfort.

The Corps from Carleton have nearly their full strength as well as the others. Their are many recruits but judging from their drill this afternoon I feel sure they will soon acquire a knowledge of their duty and acquit themselves very creditably.

September 29.

The weather has been splendid since the rain on Wednesday last and everything in camp is working very satisfactorily; very little drinking indeed, and no profane or bad language from the men.

The artillery and engineers, as well as the 67th, are doing their best to become perfect in drill and will, I think, at the close of the camp, give a good account of themselves. There is to be Brigade drill every afternoon; a review on Thursday and a field day on Friday, marching out of town for that purpose.

The Young Men's Christian Association deserve special mention for the good work done by them. In addition to a reading room well supplied with newspapers, magazines and tracts, a cabinet organ, stationery, etc., for those wishing to write, they have had a series of meetings as follows: Wednesday evening, gospel meeting, speakers, Lt. Col. Maunsell, Mr. Irvine, Mr. Spurden; Thursday evening, Temperance meeting—Rev. Mr. McLeod, Rev. Mr. Roberts, Mr. Weddal;—Friday evening, lecture, "Fall of Louisburg," by Mr. I. E. Jack, of St. John; Saturday—addresses by Mr. J. O. Miller and Mr. Irvine; Sunday—Bible class by Mr. Distin, President of the Association; Monday—Temperance meeting, Mr. Miller, Mr. Gaunce, Mr. Spurden, Mr. Distin; Tuesday evening—address, Mr. Creed, of the Normal School Plain words to young Men; on Wednesday there will be addresses by several M. D.'s, upon the preservation of health, and on Thursday a gospel meeting—all these meetings are free to all and, in addition to this, they have distributed about seventy-five thousand copies of the Holy Bible and four thousand tracts. The meetings open and close with prayer, and a great many hymns are heartily sung between the addresses. We hope and believe that all this will be appreciated by those for whose good it is intended, and that the impressions here made may not be forgotten.

(Special to Globe)

RIOT IN MONTREAL.—*Montreal*, Sept 29.—Last evening a most disgraceful anti vaccination riot broke out amongst the French Canadian population. For some time there have been mutterings against the stringent measures enforced by the Board of Health, and yesterday afternoon at the meeting of the City Council the grant for vaccination was cut down from $5,000 to $2,000. Three French Canadian Aldermen announced that the city was on the eve of a riot. This proved only too true, for about 7 o'clock a howling mob surrounded the east end branch of the health office, and completely wrecked the building. The police on duty were powerless, and the mob, gathering strength from this, marched upon the central office in the City Hall. By this time, however, the riot alarm had been sounded and a strong force of constables were gathered inside the building, but for some time the constables were like dumb driven sheep, as there was no one to command them. After the mob smashed the central health office they turned their attention to the Central Police Station, and soon had all the windows there reduced to atoms. Revolver shots were freely fired at the police, and to scare the mob the officers fired over their heads, only to be received with jeers and laughter. Things looked so bad that the men were armed with rifles and fixed bayonets, but happily it was not deemed necessary to use them. The constables now charged the mob clubbing them right and left, and succeeded in dispersing them, but not before they had managed to wreck the greater portion of the Court House windows, which are opposite the City Hall. The mob now broke into different bodies and proceeded to wreck the windows of the *Herald* office, the windows of the medical health officer, the chairman of the finance committee and the public vaccinators. A number of arrests were made and the city is in a state of great excitement as it is thought that the riots will be continued to-night. The police patroled around the public building all night, while the military will be held in readiness to day to quickly put a stop to a repetition of such scenes.

MONTREAL, SEPT. 30.—Everything quiet to day and no danger is at present feared, but some of Monday nights rioters have expressed their determination to keep quiet while volunteers remain under arms, and to renew the attack as soon as there is any laxity in the present precautions. A large number of special constables will likely be sworn in.

Returns at the health office to-day show that there were 42 deaths from small pox in the city yesterday, six in St. Jean Baptiste village, six in St Cunegonde, 2 in Côte St. Louis, and 1 in St. Henri. St. Henry though recalcitrant at first, is now doing good work. In the town yesterday 313 people were vaccinated, 7 house disinfected, 28 placards posted and 9 yards cleaned, and the police are searching every possible place for small-pox patients. The following sanitary regulations have been received at the customs office in this city from the Honorable B. B. Smalley, collector of customs for Vermont and are now in force: The United States authorities having established quarantine on the border beeween Canada and the United States against the importation of small pox and to effectually prevent the transmission of any contagion, all persons going into the United States by railroad, boat or carriage from an infected region of Canada will be subjected to thorough examination, together with their baggage. Every person before being allowed to cross the border will be obliged to undergo vaccination, or supply satisfactory evidence of having had the small-pox, varioloid or a vaccination mark.

PARIS, Sept 24.—The massacres of Christians in the East have sent a thrill of horror through France. Heartrending accounts are published to-night of the sufferings of the missionaries and their flocks at Nuonsi in Annam. The superior of the college and a whole host of Christians have been slaughtered pell mell. Some were thrown into the sea to the north of this place with their hands tied behind their backs. Some of the missionaries tried to make a stand with muskets in hand, but were soon defeated. The churches, schools and dwelling houses were everywhere burned to ashes, and the Christians who escaped had to walk for days without food or shelter in order to reach places of refuge. The clerical newspapers declare that fully 24 000 Christians perished. Gen. de Courcey is accused by the missionaries of having taken no steps to save them. The vicar apostolic of Cochin China, Mgr. Van Camelbeke, sent missionaries to him with the sad tidings of the massacres and to ask for aid. The missionary having succeeded, after a long wait, in securing an interview with the general the latter promised to send a gunboat, which came to Quimqua after the place was burned down and never fired a shot owing to the absence of orders