

BUSINESS INDEX.

JAMES BOYD, Commission Merchant.
SAUNDERS BROS., Dry Goods, 40.
R. & MISS WILLIAMS, Dress & Mantle Makers.
GEO. N. CLARK, Farm Machinery.
JOHN C. COLE, Groceries & Provisions.
H. E. REED, Groceries, Meat, Fish, and Poultry.
WILBUR HOUSE, J. H. Wilbur, Proprietor.
QUEEN HOTEL, J. B. Dugan & Son, Proprietors.
T. L. ESTER, Harness Maker.
N. L. LISTER, Hair Dresser.
H. V. TALLING, Watchmaker and Jeweller.
N. FLETCHER, Wholesale & Retail Jeweller.
J. D. DICKINSON, Leather, Boots & Shoes.
E. T. BAILEY, Boots, Shoes, and Shoemakers' Supplies.
J. H. TUPPER, Coffin Caskets, Livery in Con-
A. LEITCH, Main Dealer.
MISS M. GAYNOR, Artists Milliner & Modiste.
C. R. WATSON, Piano, Organ, &c.
JEWETT & ROGERS, Surgeon Dentists.
GEO. N. CLARK, Spring Bed Manufacturer.
A. GILMAN, Boarding House, Livery & Board-
ing Stable, Horse in Connection.
F. HENBERT, J. D. B. B. Gold, Silver, and
Noble Plating.
C. S. WOODLING, Only Plumber in Town. Call
and get information if you want an ex-
tra-quick, fast and iron or any other plumbing

Sunday School Column.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CALENDAR.
Aug. 5—The Feast of Tabernacles, Lev. 23: 34.
Aug. 12—The Day of Atonement, Lev. 16: 1-10.
Aug. 19—The Feast of Tabernacles, Lev. 23: 34.
Aug. 26—The Feast of Tabernacles, Lev. 23: 34.

Victoria County Parish S. S. Convention
holds its annual session at Kilmarnock, on the
24th inst.

Secretaries of Parish Sunday School Con-
ventions should send a notice of the proposed
meeting of their Convention to W. T. Kerr,
County Secretary Woodstock, and notice of the
meeting will be given in the S. S. Calendar in the
next issue.

S. S. Mass Meeting.
On Sunday afternoon, at 3.45, the Sunday
Schools of the town are to assemble at the
Sunday School Church, when they will be ad-
dressed by Col. Gordon, the noted Sunday
School worker. At the close of the evening
services of the same day, the Colonel will ad-
dress a public meeting at the same church. To
these services all are most cordially in-
vited. A collection will be taken on each
occasion in aid of the N. B. Sunday School
Association.

At 10.00 o'clock on Sunday morning, Col.
Gordon will address a Sunday School meeting
in the Jacksonville Methodist Church. All are
invited. Collection taken.

Cartleton Co. S. S. Convention.
The thirtieth of the Cartleton County
Sunday School Convention met at Cen-
treville on Wednesday and closed on the follow-
ing day. The Convention was the largest
yet held in the county, the weather was
the most auspicious, the sessions were
well attended and the exercises hearty.
Col. Gordon's illustrated teaching lessons were
an interesting and important part of the pro-
gramme. A full report of proceedings will be
given next week.

Communicated.

Think It Over, Gentlemen.
To the Editors of the Cartleton Standard.

What are our young men doing? What
do they do? One of the most interesting towns in
the Dominion, is without a brass band. In the days
of the late Mr. Taylor, we had a band which
were a credit to our town. Will not some of our
musically-inclined citizens move in this matter?
What has become of "Smiley"? We are sure
we have as good talent now as we ever did, and
probably quite a number of instruments may be
mustered up. A number of our townsmen are
willing to aid such a movement in every way
that lies in their power. Will some of our tem-
perate young men meet together and endeavor
to start a band in town. The ladies and also
majority of the citizens can always be counted
on to help such a movement, and there seems to
be no reason why we should not have a band.
Come, boys, rouse up and do not let the matter
drop. Our national holidays of late years have
been flat, stale and unprofitable, and all for the
want of music. So, boys, wake up and come to
the rescue.

Woodstock, Aug. 22, 1888.

AGRICULTURAL ACT.

The agricultural act of 1888 is now in
force, the Board of Agriculture at its re-
cent meeting having agreed upon the regu-
lations for the government of agricultural so-
cieties under the act. From the Telegraph
we reproduce a gist of the act and the regu-
lations.

When 50 or more persons shall pre-
sented to the Governor-in-Council in the form
prescribed, and paying not less than \$100,
the number of the act of the Governor-in-
Council, which such society is to be located,
the Governor-in-Council may issue letters patent
and give the society the corporate name of the
Agricultural Society of District Number.

On receipt of such petition the secretary
for agriculture will prepare a report thereon,
which report the Governor-in-Council may
grant or refuse the prayer of the petition.
The objects for which a society may be in-
corporated are defined as: "The encourage-
ment and promotion of improved methods of
dairying; of the breeding of improved stock;
of improved methods of fruit raising, and of
improved methods of agriculture and horti-
culture; the dissemination of literature and
other information relating to agriculture and
stock raising, and generally the promotion of
agriculture."

A new principle is embodied in the 7th
regulation, which reads as follows:
"The sum granted by the legislature and
available for general distribution among the
societies shall, until otherwise prescribed, be
divided upon the following basis, viz: One-
half equally among the societies, and the other
half pro rata, according to the amount of
the paid subscription list of each society for
the year preceding."

This bonus will in all cases be subject to
such reduction as the commissioner shall
deem proper to make by way of floor or other-
wise subject to appeal.

Section 9 requires all societies to file with
the secretary for agriculture on or before 1st
December annually an account of receipts and
expenditures of the society for the year
preceding, or if in operation for a part of the
year, then for such part. This account will
be audited by the secretary, and the result
reported to the commissioner, and no grant
shall be paid to any society without the report
of the commissioner. A society not filing its
accounts within the time specified, shall not
be entitled to a grant for the next year unless
the commissioner, for good cause shown,
shall otherwise recommend.

The power and duties of societies are de-
fined in the 12th section as follows:
"The societies incorporated under this act
may hold meetings for discussion and for
hearing lectures on subjects connected with
the theory and practice of agriculture, im-
proved husbandry and kindred arts; may
promote the circulation of agricultural and
horticultural periodicals, or periodicals de-
voted exclusively to stock raising; may im-
prove or otherwise procure seeds, plants and
animals of new and valuable kinds; but this
shall not extend to authorize societies to traf-
fic in ordinary seeds, or to purchase animals
already owned in the Dominion, which the
society is located; and may offer prizes for
essays on agriculture, horticulture, dairying,
fruit raising, stock raising; may award pre-
miums for excellence in stock agriculture or
horticultural production or operation.

Subsequent sections provide that the funds
of a society shall not be used for any pur-
pose inconsistent with the above, and that the
prize lists for proposed agricultural shows
shall be sent at least two months before the
show to the secretary for agriculture, and
that the prize lists shall be submitted by him to the commissioner
who may direct such alterations as he may
think desirable, but if no alterations are or-
dered within one month after the receipt of
the list by the secretary the list shall be
deemed approved.

Societies are authorized to pay out of their
corporate funds the expenses of one or more
representatives to the Provincial Farmers'
Association.

It is made the duty of the officers of every
society to assist the secretary for agriculture
in the collection of statistical and other in-
formation relating to agriculture, and every
society, after receiving the letters patent shall
adopt a code of by-laws consistent with the
agricultural act and the regulations.

Persons residing in one district may sub-
scribe and become members of a society in
another district.

The following portions of the Province have
been created into districts for agricultural
purposes under the act of assembly 51st
Victoria, chapter 3, entitled, An act relating
to agriculture:

We publish the districts in which our read-
ers are more immediately concerned—

27. That part of the parish of Queensbury
not included in district No. 36, the parish of
Southampton, in the county of York, and
that of the parish of Northampton, in the
county of Carleton, south of Gibson's Mill
(so called).

38. That part of the parish of Kingsclere
not included in district No. 34, the parish of
Dumfries, in the county of York, and the
parish of Prince William, in the said county,
not including Magogadavie settlement (so
called).

40. The parishes of Manners-Sutton and
Magogadavie settlement, in the county of
York and Prince William (so called), in the
parish of Dumfries, in the county of York.

41. The parishes of Canterbury and North
Lakes, in the county of York, and that part
of the parish of Richmond, in the county of
Carleton, which lies south of the east and
west prolongation of the north line of lot 10,
N. granted to Adam David Blue, in the 5th
th of South Richmond.

Best of All

Aug. 1888! Aug. 1888!
Cough medicines, Ayer's Cherry Pec-
toral is in greater demand than ever.
No preparation for Throat and Lung
Troubles is so prompt in its effects, so
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Samuel Briggs, Waukegan, Ill.

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Rodney Johnson, Springfield, Ill.

The Dominion Council of Royal Temples of
Temperance was in session at Hamilton, Ont.,
on Aug. 14. J. J. F. F. of Fredericton, and
John Young, Woodstock, seem to have been the
only representatives from the Maritime Pro-
vinces. In regard to the Grand Council of New
Brunswick, the statement was made that it is
proposed to give it jurisdiction for the present
over the other Maritime Provinces. The total
number of "royal" members reported in 1888
is 9,563, a gain for the year of 2,149; of select
degree members there are 3,017, an increase of
494 members. The dues paid were \$21,000,
and the surplus in the treasury fund is \$25,000.
The idea of the organization of all
temperance orders was endorsed. A scheme
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juvenile temples. The members of the order
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ton, was elected to the first named office, and
John H. Land, of the same place, Secretary.
Mr. Fox, of Fredericton, was made Chairman of
the Finance Committee. The principle of
prohibition was endorsed, and the Council adjourned
sine die.

Malt Liquors in United States.
The following figures are from a statement
made by the chief of the Bureau of Statistics
of the United States—

"In 1840 there were only 23,000,000 gal-
lons of malt liquor consumed, amounting to
130 gallons per capita. The hard liquors
drunk the same year averaged 24 gallons
per capita, and the wines and ale over a
quart. In 1860, 111,000,000 gallons were
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malt liquor were consumed, against 642,937,
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reaches 11.38 gallons, an increase of nearly
eight times over 1840. The consumption of
wines increased last year from 25,700,827
gallons to 32,618,292 gallons, but it only
reaches 54.100 of a gallon per capita. The
quantity of distilled spirits consumed last
year was less than the quantity used in 1860."

Consumption of beer by women is rapidly
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idea that beer drinking nations are more
temperate than those which consume spirit-
uous liquors.

THE undersigned has a Light Weight Toronto
Steel Frame REAPER & BINDER,
which he will exchange for a good driving
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