

# Carleton Sentinel Supplement, May 5th, 1888.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, April 27th, 1888.

During the week the Senate has interspersed its discussions on the copyright bill and Pleuro Pneumonia with tariff talks, while the House of Representatives has given exclusive attention to the great work of the session—the consideration of the Mills tariff bill. In that end of the Capital one tariff speech has followed another at the rate of five a day and two at night, evening sessions having been decided upon for the sake of hastening action on the measure.

After much disagreement in regard to the length of time the tariff debate shall be allowed to run, an agreement has finally been reached. The general debate is to continue two weeks longer, with three night sessions each week, and an equal division of time among the Democratic and Republican speakers.

An unusual scene was witnessed in the Senate Chamber on Tuesday last when Rev. Dr. Mendez, rabbi of the Spanish and Portuguese congregation of New York opened the Senate with prayer. He prayed with his hat on according to the Jewish custom. This is the second instance in the history of the Government when a Jew has offered prayer in the Senate.

Inasmuch as the Spring races are about to begin at the Washington race course, the sudden passage by the Senate on Tuesday of the bill prohibiting book-making and pool-selling in the cities of Washington and Georgetown was well timed. It was in view of the approaching races that Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, was anxious to press the bill to passage. Of course the bill passed does not correct the evil, but it gives the pool sellers a good deal of inconvenience in compelling them to move their room out of the city.

"The horse-pool business," said a police official, "is one of the greatest evils that we have to contend with here. It is similar to a game of policy or lottery, only there are live issues in the horse pool. It has been the cause of the downfall of many a promising young man. They become infatuated with pool-gambling, and put up their money from day to day until their last dollar is gone. By that time he is in such a frame of mind that he will do anything to raise money or is tempted to take money that does not belong to him, and the next thing he finds himself behind the bars. Oh, we receive letter after letter from parents concerning their sons' habits of hanging about and spending all their money in these places."

A cigarette bill was introduced in the Senate on Tuesday by Senator Chase of Rhode Island, and furnished the occasion for quite a little impromptu discussion. Petitions were presented, signed by eighty-six pastors of churches, 554 superintendents, officers and teachers of public schools, and 257 physicians of the District of Columbia, asking legislation to prohibit the sale of cigars, cigarettes, or tobacco to boys under sixteen years of age. In his remarks upon the subject, Senator Stewart, of Nevada, stated that the use of cigarettes was destroying the rising generation and affecting injuriously the prosperity of the country.

The House Committee on Appropriations has agreed to report favorably the Cincinnati Centennial resolution appropriating \$150,000 for a Government exhibit.

## LITERARY NOTICES.

The numbers of *The Living Age* for April 21st and 28th contain Hans Sachs: the People's Goethe of the Sixteenth Century. By Karl Blind, *Westminster*; Frederick III., *Contemporary*; Home Rule in the Western Pyrenees, *Fortnightly*; One Day's Sport in India, *Nineteenth Century*; Mary Stuart in Scotland, *Blackwood*; Domesday Book, and Poor Mr. Popsy, *Gentleman's*; The Spanish College in the University of Bologna, *Macmillan's*; Section Life in the North-West, *Cornhill's*; The

Lakes, and Recollections of Charles Dickens, *Temple Bar*; Some Recollections of the New Crown Prince of Germany, *Murray's*; The Needed Complement to Tolerance, and Genius and Domestic Life, *Spectator*; Swiss Forest Laws, *Nature*; In a Turkish City, *Chamber's*; Emin Pasha, *All The Year Round*; Afghan Chiefs' Impression of India, *Times*; The Silent Nuns, *Daily News*; Trains in Damascus, *Standard*; Examination Papers for Young People, *Punch*; with "George Gatenby's Return to Hild's Haven," and poetry.

*Harper's Magazine* comes before the public once more, well deserving the attention it will receive. The work throughout, both literary and artistic, meets the usual high standard demanded of this periodical. The frontispiece is a portrait of Kinglake, the historian of Lord Raglan in the Crimean War, engraved from a photograph by Krull. The initial article, by R. R. Bowker, on "London as a Literary Center," presents many interesting facts about the writers who have made that great city their home. "A Winter in Algiers" is a continuation of F. A. Bridgman's article, begun in the April number, and contains even more details of men, women, and children, and things, animate and inanimate, than its predecessor in April. In "Russian Convicts in the Salt Mines of Iletak" Dr. Henry Lansdell, D. D., relates his personal experience in Russia among the prisoners confined in prison or banished to Siberia for all kinds of alleged crimes. His view is not the popular one of horrors beyond description. Mr. Albert F. Heard contributes an article describing the system alleged law and justice which prevails in Russia, not only in theory but in practice today. In the article on the City of Denver Edward Roberts gives a full, crisply told description of the Queen City of the Plains, with the Rocky Mountains at her back and the Mississippi Valley at her feet. It abounds also in statistics which show a prosperity already wonderful, but promising even greater things for the future. Many illustrations are given of the city and the principal buildings, as well as portraits of prominent men. The departments show no falling off in interesting matter.

*Scribner's Magazine* for May is one of the most picturesque and varied in its contents of the issues of that periodical. It contains several wholesome, out-door articles full of action, adventure, and exhilarating exercise. The illustrations of these are spirited and realistic. "In the Steamers' Track," by William Perry Northrup, is the true story of an exciting cruise on the New York Pilot boat, *David Carl*. Another out-door article is "Salmon Angling on the Resitgouche"—a crisp and attractive description of life on a "horseyscht" by one who has a keen sportsman's eye for nature and a literary man's appreciation of its beauty. There is a graphic account of the landing of a big salmon which will delight all fishermen. The two-hundredth anniversary of the birth of Alexander Pope is appropriately recognized with a charming prose essay by Austin Dobson who, with his rare knowledge and appreciation of the writers of Queen Ann's reign, has sympathetically described Pope's works and friendships. Professor James Baldwin's second paper on "The Centre of the Republic" is a surprising review of the intellectual activity in the West. Margaret Crosby's story, "A Child of Light," is a study of character at a quiet summer resting-place on the Jersey coast. There is a poem, "Morning in Venice," by Bessie Gray, with a full-page illustration by F. Hopkinson Smith; other poems are by Edith M. Thomas, Maybury Fleming, Duncan Campbell Scott, Helen Gray Cone, and James Herbert Morse.

## THE LADIES WHO WANT TO KNOW.

Well, what do they want to know? Perhaps a little of everything. For instance, Camping in the Summer Woods; Horse-back Riding; Home Culture; Fashions for Spring; What goes on in New York; How Lady Jane Grey's home looked; and a variety of other valuable information. These and many more are told about in *Godey's Lady's Book* for May, an unusually valuable issue. This ever welcome magazine is embellished with a more than usually acceptable quota of artistic illustrations. All of these, from the 'Reverse' frontispiece to the architectural picture at the end are both tasteful and valuable. We commend this old favorite magazine as one which ought to be in every house where there are ladies. It contains so much that is of permanent value that no lady should be without it. The young ladies who are just going into society, and the growing girls find in its pages

much useful information about home management, dress, and culture. With a subscription price of only two dollars and many inducements to clubs and premium seekers it is not strange that the circulation of *Godey's* is largely on the increase. Write to the publishers and they will tell you all about what you can get for two dollars. Address, 1224 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The May number of *The Century* begins a new volume. The opening article is the first paper of the series by George Kennan, illustrated by G. A. Frost and Henry Sandham, in which is to be recorded the results of *The Century Expedition* into Siberia and examination of the exile system. The frontispiece of this number is a touching scene at the Siberian boundary coast. Theodore Roosevelt, in his series of Ranch articles, describes (and Remington illustrates) his adventurous and amusing pursuit and capture of three boat-thieves, a short account of which appeared not long ago in the newspapers. Two brief papers appeal especially to the soldier audience, but are of general interest as well. The first deals with "The chances of being hit in battle," being "a study of regimental losses in the Civil War." The second describes the famous "Locomotive Chase in Georgia," one of the most thrilling incidents of the war. The Lincoln Life deals especially with the efforts made to keep the Border States from secession, and Mr. Lincoln appears not only in this historical setting, but also as a character of fiction in Dr. Eggleston's Western novel, "The Graysons," which is now approaching its most interesting point. Matthew Arnold's recent address on Milton is here printed for the first time; there is an engraving of Lenbach's portrait of the Pope, with a brief study of his personality by the poet Maurice F. Egan; Professor Atwater gives a chapter in his series, in which he deals with various foods and beverages including gelatine, meat-extract, tea, coffee, alcohol, etc., and Mr. Cheney has another chapter on "Bird Music." The departments are unusually full, and such subjects are discussed as Civil Service reform and the coming National Conventions; "The Newspaper Side of Literature"; the training of girls in the direction of self-support, manual training, Emerson's Message, etc.

## NOVEL.

The Scott Act was before the Supreme Court at Fredericton, last week in a novel role. Application was made to quash a conviction in Newcastle for violation of the act, and the ground of application was that the sale was made to four persons namely, the police magistrate of Newcastle, who was trying the case, the constable who served the papers, and the lawyers who were trying the case.

While the evidence showed that the sale was made to these four persons it did not show that the sale was made when all were present. It was upon these facts that Mr. Jas. A. VanWart sought to have the conviction quashed on the ground, that the magistrate who tried the case was a *particeps criminis*, and in point of fact the man who buys liquor from an illegal vendor under the Scott Act is an aider and abettor to the crime. Mr. VanWart argued at some length and in order to establish the fact that the magistrate was a party to the crime, relied upon Sec. 8 of Chap. 145 of the Revised Statutes and Sec. 12 of Chap. 178, the former of which is in the words following:

"Every one who aids, abets, counsels or procures the commission of any offence punishable on summary convictions, either for every time of its commission, or for the first and second time only, shall, on conviction, be liable for every first, second or subsequent offence, of aiding and abetting, counselling or procuring, to the same forfeiture and punishment to which a person guilty of a first, second or subsequent offence as a principal offender is liable."

And the latter section of which reads thus: "Every one who aids, abets, counsels or procures the commission of any offence punishable on summary conviction may be proceeded against and convicted either in the territorial division or place where the prin-

cipal offender may be convicted, or in that in which the offence of aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring was committed."

As establishing that the purchaser was an aider, and abettor, etc., and in this case being a magistrate was therefore disqualified from trying the case. Attorney General Blair appeared for prosecution, his contention being that points raised by Mr. VanWart were not applicable to the Scott Act.

The court considers.

## Grand Lodge, F. & A. M.

At the annual session of the Grand Masonic Lodge of New Brunswick, held last week at St. John, the following were elected officers:

James McNicol, St. John, grand master; E. Lee Street, Newcastle, deputy grand master; James D. Fowler, Fredericton, senior grand warden; J. C. Hatheway, M. D., St. John, junior grand warden; Rev. A. McDougall, St. John, grand chaplain; Charles Masters, St. John, grand treasurer; Dinges Scribner, St. John, grand tyler; Very Rev. W. W. Brewer (past grand chaplain) was constituted a permanent member of grand lodge with the rank of past grand chaplain.

## DISTRICT DEPUTIES.

No. 1 District—Henry A. White, Zion Lodge, Sussex.

No. 2 District—Lovett M. Wood, Albert Lodge, Albert.

No. 3 District—John S. Benson, jr., Miramichi Lodge, Chatham.

No. 4 District—A. F. Street, Hiram Lodge, Fredericton.

No. 5 District—W. F. Todd, Sussex Lodge, St. Stephen.

The Grand Secretary's report gives the following particulars: Initiated, 93; passed, 87; raised, 81; joined, 25; reinstated, 13; withdrawn, 64; died, 17. Total membership December 27 1887, 1,833.

The Grand Treasurer's report shows receipts of \$2,308.93, and with a balance of \$1,109.45 on hand last year made the total \$3,432.44. There had been disbursed \$2,234.15, leaving a balance of \$1,198.29.

## What A Mistake!

A careful examination would convince any one that two-thirds of all the people in New England have been or are now afflicted with catarrh of the nose and throat.

No doubt more than half of those persons have tried every blood purifier they have seen, with the erroneous idea that catarrh is a constitutional disease and must be purged out of the blood.

Why a greater mistake was never made! Stop for a moment and think or ask any reputable physician what common catarrh is, and what causes it, and the answer can only be this. "It is an irritation or inflammation of the mucous membrane of the nose and throat, caused by neglected colds, damp piercing irritable winds, foreign matter in the air which is poisonous to some persons and not to others; just as the bite of certain insects is a poisoned torture to some and has no unpleasant effect upon others." The reason for this is found in the different structure of the outer skin and its counterpart which lines all the inner organs of our bodies. Some people have chapped hands and chilblains and others are never so afflicted because of the peculiar structure of the skin of different individuals.

Therefore stop dosing. It is not blood purifiers you want, but good wholesome food, the plainer the better then "keep your feet dry and warm, your head cool and bowels open," and use an external application. (Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is the best we know), to allay the inflammation, cleanse the surface, heal the sores, and your catarrh will disappear like magic. We do not say never to return, because you may cure a severe cold in three months catch another equally bad, so with catarrh and bronchial troubles. Exposure may bring it on again. We learned more about treating catarrh from the wrapper around a bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment than we ever knew. Certainly this good old medicine deserves to be called "A universal family remedy." No matter how well you know this medicine it will pay you to send to I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass., for a pamphlet free, just to learn how to use the liniment economically. A teaspoonful properly used will often do more good than a half bottle as some people use it.