

# The Carleton Sentinel Supplement, November 7, 1896.

## ST. JOHN LETTER.

Summer travel and how to promote it—The talk of the day—The markets, etc.

Eight or ten years ago two or three St John newspaper men who had traveled extensively, not only in Canada, but elsewhere on the continent, and knew from observation that New Brunswick possessed natural attractions for summer travel that are rarely met with elsewhere, proposed through their papers and other mediums to acquaint their neighbors in the south and west of the salubrity of our summer climate, the picturesqueness of our scenery and the attractions which the country offered to the sportsman and the naturalist. The proposition was heard with indifference by the men in whose interest it was made, and, of course, the project was abandoned. Meanwhile the newspaper, hotel, steamboat and railway men of Maine worked assiduously in co-operation to make their state known as the tourist resort, par excellence, of the continent, and in consequence it is made several millions of dollars richer every year by its summer visitors. About the same time Nova Scotia made its bid for summer travel. Its railways and steamship lines published attractive booklets, historical and descriptive which they distributed all over the land; they, in conjunction with the hotels invited newspaper men from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago and other western cities, to come down east, without scrip in their purses, spy out the land, and tell their neighbors at home of the Paradise they had found. They came and they wrote of the land of Evangeline, of Cape Breton, of Olus with its quaint Acadian customs and the wonderful beauty of the Tusket lakes, of old Shelburne and Lunenburg and Chester, and in consequence every village and hamlet in the province from July till September has all the visitors it can accommodate, while abroad it is known to comparatively few whether New Brunswick is a city, a town, or a province, or whether it is a corner in Nova Scotia or New Jersey or elsewhere. To make New Brunswick known as a summer resort similar methods must be employed to those that have been employed in Maine and Nova Scotia and he expense will have to be defrayed by those who are to be benefited. To bring tourists travel to New Brunswick we must have hotels, railways and steamers with courteous attendants and officers for its accommodation, newspaper men must be enlisted in the work of disseminating information with regard to its climate, scenery and opportunities for hunting and fishing and well written and well illustrated booklets must be distributed through railway and steamship agencies all over the continent. These booklets should be written by men who from observation are able to write accurately and intelligently, and in a vein that will be likely to make an impression on the memory of the reader and the illustrations should not be mere photographs which are likely in most instances to magnify discordant features of a landscape, but copies of sketches taken by artists who recognise the beautiful wherever they see it and are quick to give it a place in their portfolios. The late Mr De Haas made Grand Manan known all over the world by his pictures of the Southern Cross and other prominent features of the island and the pictures by J C Miles, now of Boston and F H C Miles of this city, of New Brunswick scenery, to a comparatively limited circle, have disclosed the wonderful beauty of our coasts, rivers, and lakes and many forest and pastoral scenes, which are regarded as treasures by their possessors in Great Britain and the United States, as well as in Canada. These artists have in their portfolios sketches to the number of several hundred embracing views along the coast all the way from the St Croix to the head of the Basin of Minas, the St John from its headwaters to the bay, Grand Lake, the Washademoit, the Bellisle, the Kennebecasis, the Miramichi, the Nepisiquit and the Restigouche, and striking pastoral scenes in every county of the province. A booklet written by an appreciative and intelligent hand and illustrated with well executed engravings from some of the most striking of these sketches, which it is presumed the Messrs Miles might be induced to furnish for the purpose would if judiciously distributed, do more than could be done by anything else towards making the Province known abroad and opening it up to summer travel.

There are in port uncolored one steamer, two ships, two barques, one brigantine and 38 schooners.

Sob Aleph B Parker of Tiverton, N S, has to his credit this season over 2,000 quintals of cod and pollock caught by hand line.

The Canadiana Drug Co has been reported for importing and selling whiskey without a license.

The Portland Industrial School has 34 little girl pupils who are instructed in needle work and other feminine accomplishments which it would be impossible for them to acquire at home.

Police officer John Miles was knocked down by an electric car on Thursday and narrowly escaped death. He stepped from a sloven direct'y in front of the car.

It is possible, but not probable, that the car works at Amherst will be re established in St John.

John Stackhouse of Bloomfield who met with an accident on the I C R a few weeks ago, proposes to bring an action for damages.

The Bangor News says that J T Hayden of the Father Murphy Institute in this city, is effecting some remarkable cures of alcoholism and the morphia habit in St Stephen.

The great cold storage building at White Head, Grand Manan, is nearly completed and will be worth thousands of dollars to fishermen in that part of the bay.

A moose was captured in Aroostook last week the antlers of which have 38 points. The Prince of Wales has a pair with 32 points.

During the last week sugars have advanced  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent per pound, and there is some speculation in the commodity in anticipation of an increase in the duty. Some dealers anticipate the imposition of a duty on teas. Raisins of all kinds are higher. Three crowns California loose muscatels are firm at 7 cents; four crowns at eight cents. Rice has advanced  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent per pound. No 1 winter apples are quoted at \$1.50 and \$1.75 per barrel; No 2 \$1 and \$1.25. Mr Cowan, representing George S DeForest & Sons, is visiting the up river counties.

A steamer of the Head line is expected to sail from here for Belfast in December; another of the Franco-Belgian line for Boulogne and Antwerp and another of the Aberdeen line for Aberdeen. EDWARD EDWARDS St John, Nov. 2nd.

## Beechwood Items.

Some of our young men have gone to the lumber woods, and others are getting ready to go.

Mr F E McNally and family went to Florenceville West, one day last week, the home of Mrs McNally's youth, to witness a very pleasant event, a marriage between her sister Miss Annie Taylor and a gentleman from Bay Verte.

Rev S J Perry will labor a part of his time, the coming year with the F C B church in this place. He is a highly respected christian gentleman and is well thought of by all who have made his acquaintance.

Our Sunday School is in a prosperous condition and is well attended in spite of the muddy roads and wet weather.

Our A O F meets on Tuesday evenings and has been a source of great development to our young men and women in their christian experience.

A singing class has been started here, led by Mr Jonas Kearney a thing which has been much needed for some time. It will be the means of utilizing the material we have to the best advantage in our public social and religious meetings. All who are or should be interested, should avail themselves of the opportunity offered through the kindness of Mr Kearney.

We are glad to see our old friend, George Lavein and his son Johnny in our midst for a few days; he and his family have been living in Victoria County for some time past.

We are enjoying lots of rain and mud of late.

## Moncton Items.

Nov 2 '96.

A little boy, by name of Fred Comeau, fell off a wharf here last Monday into the river and was drowned. His body was recovered a few hours after. This is the second drowning accident here this year.

Hon A J Blair, minister of railways, is expected here this week. Hon S Fisher, minister of agriculture, was here last week en route to P E Island, where he attended a banquet given to Hon L H Davies.

The adjourned examination of John Sullivan charged with assaulting Maggie Dutcher with intent to kill, was held Saturday at Dorchester. Maggie Dutcher and Mrs. Sullivan, mother of the accused, are the only remaining witnesses of the crown. Maggie Dutcher is as yet too ill to testify, and, for some reason, Mrs Sullivan did not appear Saturday, so the examination was again adjourned to meet in Moncton next Friday a.m.

Rain has been the order of the day—or rather month—for October. And as a consequence mud is very plentiful. Friday, the street commissioner had the paved portion of the streets washed with the hose and they now present a decent appearance.

The Moncton Y M C A are receiving numerous applications for membership. The winter classes are now in full swing and great interest is being taken in the work.

Many employees of the I O R are moving in cheaper boarding houses and otherwise cutting down expenses. Several have been heard to express the wish that they had been gun to save years ago, and thus be in a position to meet the ordeal of losing without pay for a while. They will find it different from losing with pay, as many have been doing under Tory regime.

MONTREAL, Nov. 2.—Marce Ethier, an advocate here, took carbolic acid yesterday afternoon. He drove to Notre Dame Hospital, and died there at three this morning. His life for four years had been wretched. His wife was one of the intimate friends of the notorious Abbe Guyot, and on the exposure of that disgraceful scandal Ethier separated from her. In Guyot's letters to the lady he often referred to her "Chamers de mari," or "Camel of a husband." Ethier then commenced to drink hard. He broke his leg twice, an amputation being necessary on the second occasion. He had conceived a bitter hatred of the clergy, but he died at last reconciled to the church, having confessed to a priest summoned at the last moment, and received the last sacraments.

## Farmer Laurier.

Premier Laurier takes every opportunity to show his sympathy with the farmers of Canada. At a lunch recently given on board the new Allan steamer "Canada," at Montreal, Mr Laurier said, after referring to the fisheries, forests and mines: But if I am to speak my own mind the farmer is the chief of all, the man who tills old mother Earth, always old but still young, and who never fails to respond to our appeals. Unfortunately the condition of the farmer for fifteen or twenty years has not been as brilliant or prosperous as we might have expected. The condition of the farmer everywhere was once one of exceptional wealth. After the Napoleonic wars the fortunes of the English farmer improved greatly, and after the introduction of free trade this much may be said for England that her fortunes rose in a manner unexampled in the history of the world.

## GRAND

# CLEARANCE SALE!

# \$20,000

—STOCK OF—

# DRY GOODS

## The Greatest Bargains Ever offered the public.

# EVERYTHING

# WILL BE CLOSED OUT

QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE,

# For Cash.

# G. W. VANWART,

20 KING STREET.

## How It's Done.

A. Mowatt of the Restigouche hatchery, and Charles McCluskey of the Grand Falls hatchery, have lately been engaged at St. John, stripping the ova from salmon. The Telegraph tells all about the operation.

"The fish are first placed in a tank from which as required they are taken in a dip net. The dip nets go into the tank and each comes out with a salmon, jumping and struggling to get clear. In another moment a stripper has seized each of the fish and placed it in a trough. This is a wooden box with a tack and two sides, of a size to hold a salmon lying on its back, very much as if it was in a coffin. Over the upper part is tacked a piece of rubber cloth, which conceals the head and upper part of the fish's body. At the lower part are holes in each side of the box through which a bolt is passed over the narrow part of the fish at the tail, thus preventing it from struggling too violently. It lies quietly enough until the trough is placed at an angle and the stripper begins to expel the eggs by a firm and steady downward pressure of one hand. Then the fish squirms as though it had decided objections to the process, and would probably work itself loose in its struggles were it not held firmly by the other hand of the operator. The eggs come out in a steady stream and are received in a pan held close at hand. The ova in the pan is a reddish color, a meeting the shade of stewed tomatoes, and the eggs, each about the size of a duck shot or a common field pea, resemble exaggerated grains of tapioca in a pudding. These are homely similes, but they may give the reader an idea of what the ova looks like.

A salmon is estimated to yield 900 eggs for every pound of its weight. A 10 pound fish would therefore have about 9,000 eggs and a 20 pound fish twice that number. Mr. Mowatt says that he has frequently taken 25,000 eggs from one fish."

## Sons of Temperance.

The 49th annual meeting of the Grand Division, S. of T., met last week in St. John.

The Grand Patriarch, in his report, stated that he had during the year organized 4 new Divisions. He expressed regret that the work for the young, through bands of Loyal Crusaders, this branch was not as flourishing as had been hoped for.

The Grand Scribe reported:—  
Initiated, .... 1002  
Joined by card, .... 18  
Re-initiated, .... 15  
Withdrawn, .... 288  
Suspended, .... 495  
Expelled for violation of pledge, 39  
Expelled for other causes, .... 38  
Deaths, .... 22  
Number of Divisions reporting, 63  
Number of members contributing, 3629  
Non contributing, .... 2862  
Receipts for per capita tax, \$ 788 62  
Division receipts, 3,268 19  
Division expenditures, 2,539 41  
Division cash on hand and invested, 6,398 95

In his report he said:—  
"I have nothing new to say on the burning subject of Prohibition more than we are promised in the near future an opportunity to show by a plebiscite just how strong this sentiment is in Canada."

The following were elected officers for the ensuing term: G W P., J R. Woodburn; G W. A., J Thomson of Sussex; G S., A J Armstrong; G T., W O. Whittaker; G U., Rev Job Shenton; G Oon., G H. Forbes, Moncton; G Sent., E B. Gallop, Kingsclear; G S Y P W, Mrs G H. Forbes. The jubilee will be celebrated in St John next year on the last Wednesday in October. The semi-annual meeting will be held in St. Andrews on the last Wednesday in May.

In the fiscal year ending 30th June last the American farmers sold to foreign nations \$570,000,000 worth of their produce; a gain of \$17,000,000 over the preceding year, while the value of the manufactured products sold abroad during the year was \$44,000,000. Last year this country sold \$406,000,000 worth of merchandise to the English speaking people of Europe, or 46 per cent. of the total exports; and in return bought from them \$170,000,000 worth of goods, or 22 per cent. of the total imports. Great Britain and her colonies bought from this country \$612,000,000 worth of goods, or 58 per cent. of the total exports, and so formed a better customer than all other countries combined. The purchases of the United Kingdom alone showed a gain over 1895, but a falling off as compared with 1894.

At a meeting in New York to welcome some Armenian insurgents, great applause greeted the reading of this cablegram from Mr. Gladstone:—  
To Dr. Talmage:

I rejoice in the rescue of any faction of the Armenians from the fangs of the Great Assassin. So long as the inaction of the powers continues, the situation will be shameful as well as sad, but the deeds are recorded both in heaven and before man, and constantly accumulating horrors may yet work the downfall of that crying iniquity known as the Turkish Empire. GLADSTONE.

Monetary Times:—A lumber transaction which amounts to very large figures, is reported from Ottawa on Tuesday last. The despatch says that one hundred million feet of lumber, the season's cut of deals at the Chaudiere, Ottawa and Hawkesbury mills, has been sold during the past few days.

Ladies, do not fail to supply yourselves with Flannellettes while you have the opportunity to purchase them below cost at B B. Massie's.

(Cheers.) The Canadian farmers were especially situated to take advantage of this. The time came when the produce of England was insufficient to feed her people, and they had to look abroad, so that for fifty years or so the Canadian farmer had almost a monopoly of the British market, but for the last twenty years the conditions have been changed. The farmer on this side has no longer the monopoly of the English market, but has to compete with Argentina, Russia, and even India as well, and the Canadian farmer is so situated that while his competitors are on the seashore his fields are thousands of miles from it. Referring to the Atlantic steamship service, he proceeded: The farmers must have a great deal to say on that question, because the prices of all farm products are determined in the British markets, and every cent paid by the farmer is taken from his products, and it therefore follows that every cent deducted for freight is so much less profit for the farmer.

## Potatoes.

The crop of potatoes in the United States is estimated at 245,400,000 bushels, being fifty millions less than last year.

The Canadian crop is estimated at 55,300,000 bushels a decrease of 13,000,000.

In view of these figures and the smaller crop in Germany and England, the New England Homestead says, the outlook for prices to farmers is certainly better than a year ago. While still low everywhere, many markets report an advancing tendency.

A London despatch, Nov. 3rd, says that the Rt. Rev. Frederick Richards Wynne, Bishop of Killaloe, dropped dead in the street in Dublin to day. He was within a few rods of his residence when he expired. A despatch to the Central News says that Mrs Wynne, the wife of the bishop, was found dead in her bed an hour after her husband's death.