

## Scrofula

What is commonly inherited is not scrofula but the scrofulous disposition.

This is generally and chiefly indicated by cutaneous eruptions; sometimes by pale-ness, nervousness and general debility.

The disease afflicted Mrs. K. T. Snyder, Union St., Troy, Ohio, when she was eighteen years old, manifesting itself by a bunch in her neck, which caused great pain, was lanced, and became a running sore.

It afflicted the daughter of Mrs. J. H. Jones, Parker City, Ind., when 15 years old, and developed so rapidly that when she was 18 she had eleven running sores on her neck and about her ears.

These sufferers were not benefited by professional treatment, but, as they voluntarily say, were completely cured by

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

This peculiar medicine positively corrects the scrofulous disposition and radically and permanently cures the disease.

## A GREAT FIGHTING FACTOR.

"Do you know it's a mighty risky thing to deprive soldiers of their tobacco?" said a man who was in the volunteer ranks during the Santiago campaign. "Any other kind of physical discomfort—hunger, thirst, wounds, cold—is more than apt to make a fighting man mad. He wants to take it out of somebody, and, as the enemy is primarily the responsible party, he will sail into the fray with all the ferocity of a fellow who has a bitter personal grievance to redress. You will understand, of course, that I don't advocate this treatment for putting mettle into troops; what I say is that it doesn't necessarily rob them of it; but the loss of their tobacco will sap their fighting spirit every time. It does it by turning them into the worst kind of pessimists."

"That was strikingly illustrated by our experience in the trenches before Santiago. There was a tobacco famine from the first, but it wasn't until after the first two big engagements, when we settled down to see things out, that its effects began to make themselves felt. At that time our boys were suffering from about as many different kinds of discomfort as could be gathered together in one heap."

"They were half starved, terribly exhausted, wet, cold and dirty. They were without shelter or a place where they could lie down, except in the muddy trenches, where nobody dared light a fire for fear of attracting the sharpshooters, and you would naturally suppose that all these things would furnish abundant material for grumbling. But they didn't. They were scarcely mentioned. The only subject that was generally discussed was the chance of getting a smoke and, when that chance was finally recognized as zero plus nothing, the whole company settled down to deep gloom. Up to that time our men had been perfectly confident of taking Santiago and licking the Spaniards in their boots, but the longer they remained without tobacco the more doubtful they became, and all sorts of sinister forebodings were indulged in. In fact things looked as if it would go hard with us, until word came that a large quantity of the weed was being distributed among the men. And to see the change that came over these gloomy looking fighting men when they were handed their portion of tobacco. Why go further? You all know the result of that terrific encounter, which, I am certain, would have been disastrous to us were it not for the timely arrival of the weed."

## EASING THE CHEST.

It is the cold on the chest that scares people and makes them sick and sore. The cough that accompanies the chest cold is racking. When the cold is a hard one and the cough correspondingly severe, every coughing spell strains the whole system. We feel sure that if we could only stop coughing for a day or so we could get over the cold, but we try everything we know of or can hear of in the shape of medicine. We take big doses of quinine until the head buzzes and roars; we try to sweat it out; we take big draughts of whiskey, but the thing that has its grip on the chest hangs on, and won't be shaken loose.

If the irritation that makes us cough could be stopped, we would get better promptly, and it is because Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam is so soothing and healing to the inflamed throat that it is so efficient a remedy for coughs and colds. This really great medicine is a very simple preparation, made of extracts of barks and gums of trees, and it never deceives. It heals the throat and desire to cough is gone. When the cough goes the work of cure is almost complete. All druggists sell Adamson's Balsam, 25 cents. Try this famous Balsam for your sore chest and you will find prompt relief.

## The King's Travels.

King Edward's travels on purely private and personal affairs concern us less save for our interest in the well-being. The regular visits to the healing waters of Bomburg and Marienbad are but the penalties that advancing years impose upon most mortal men. Of these Bomburg, the pretty village on the lower slopes of the Taunus that has sprung up into fame, has, perhaps, been his chief favorite for years. Like his august and much lamented mother,

the King has always had a tender regard for the French Riviera, and has made lengthened sojourns at one or other of its charming resorts. Cap Martin is a very favorite residence, and the kingly approval has been shared by other crowned heads such as the Empress Eugenia and the ill-fated Empress of Austria. Of late Cannes has been the point to which the King has most constantly turned, for he loves the sport of yachting, and here it can be perhaps most easily enjoyed. It can hardly be called a great journey to the Isle of Wight, but the King's travels will certainly extend often to Osborne, as they have done heretofore to Cowes, where he was always a prominent member of the Royal Yacht Squadron, and showed the deepest interest in its affairs. Smooth water yachting he has found still nearer, on the Thames, and now from Windsor his steam launch will, no doubt, be seen often on the beautiful reaches between Bray and Henley. But except to accept formal invitations from brother Kings, or to pay informal visits to the crowned members of his family, His Majesty will go little abroad. Not that he is very contented to stay at home and leave the business of travel to his heir. The story goes that he was not at all pleased to find that, when the Duke of Cornwall's tour, which he largely planned, was finished, the distance travelled would be greater than that he himself had accomplished in the past. The King may take heart of grace both from the shrinkage of the world and the extension of British influence to its outermost poles.—Cassell's Magazine.

## She's as White as a Ghost.

As pale as a lily. A matter of pride? Certainly not. Strength! Color! Endurance! That's what every woman wants. Good digestion, perfect assimilation. Buoyancy and vim is the right of every woman. She need not lack these if she will only use Ferrozone. It makes blood, gives appetite, gives strength to the nerves, color to the cheeks and brightness to the eyes. A box of Ferrozone tablets is at once transmittable into health, beauty and strength. There is power in Ferrozone. Try it and see if it is not so. Sold only by Garden Bros., druggists, Woodstock, N. B.

## Northwestern Prospects.

Not long ago British Columbia figured merely as a sea of mountains, but already its development is very marked, though people there say it has hardly commenced. It is now known that the finest wheat can be grown there, and cattle and sheep of undoubted quality reared; besides, it is the finest mineral territory in the Dominion, abounding in gold, silver, copper, lead and coal. The mineral yield is already very valuable, although the surface has been scarcely scratched.

New enterprises, however, are now in the air which are bound to give a great impetus to the development of British Columbia. Prominent among these is the construction of a second transcontinental line north of the Canadian Pacific. The basis for this railway is the Pacific River road, which runs from Port Arthur to Winnipeg, and thence west and north through the Dauphin district. Following the Mackenzie surveys for the Canadian Pacific it will make across to Edmonton and thence will run through the mountains, terminating on the Pacific coast opposite the northern part of Vancouver island. This railway the British Columbia government is ready to facilitate the completion of to the Pacific, for it believes such a railway would open up a tremendous undeveloped territory in the far western province and would bring new mineral wealth within reach.

The proposed railway would do much for the Northwest also. The northern steppes there are very rich from an agricultural point of view, but, at present, settlement there is impossible. With a through line crossing them there would be great inducement to colonize there. The Canadian Pacific has lands in these northern sections, and this new railway would bring them into the market, thus benefitting the line which has already done so much towards the development of the West.

A still larger and wider view may be taken of the proposed railroad—it would add to the population and to the productive area of the Territories, and could not fail to increase the value of the West to all who trade there. With the Canadian Pacific contributing its quota to the national plant, and the Canadian Northern virtually annexing new territory, the progress of the whole Dominion, and particularly of the Northwest, must be very considerable in the near future. Already the progress of the Northwest has been so great that it has made a demand that it be accorded full provincial powers—a demand which it will be impossible to withhold much longer. The progress already made by the Territories, during the short period they have been

## Parsons Pills

Doctors recommend them for Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, all Liver and Bowel Complaints. They cleanse the blood of all impurities. Mild in their action. Of great benefit to delicate women. One pill is a dose. Thirty pills in a bottle enclosed in wood—25 cents; six bottles, \$1.00. Sold everywhere or sent post-paid. L. S. JOHNSON & COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

open for settlement, has inspired a feeling in Canadians of both pride and hope, and Canadians may well feel proud of that section of their country itself—of its fertility and richness. The North-West will yet sustain millions, and as it develops so will the East.—Scottish American Journal.

## HERE ARE SOME PROOFS.

WONDERFUL RESULTS FOLLOW THE USE OF DR. CLARKE'S LITTLE RED PILLS.

To the Editor of Carleton Sentinel:

Sir—We make the following proposal to the readers of the Carleton Sentinel: To any one who is a subject of rheumatism (no matter how long standing) or any blood disease, as enumerated below, and will give Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills a fair trial and impartial trial and do not find a perfect cure, we will refund the money paid for the pills. If no substantial improvement is observed we will in addition pay \$10 in cash on satisfactory evidence being supplied us to this effect. We have yet to know of a single case where these wonderful pills have not been almost entirely successful in effecting a cure. CANADA CHEMICAL CO., Peterborough, Ont.

They cured me of rheumatism after I had been given up.—Andrew Closkey, Victoria, B. C.

Ex. Ald. Bailey, St. Johns, writes: I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Clarke's Wonderful Little Red Pills. They worked a miracle in my case and cured me after many years of suffering. I do not think their equal is to be obtained.

Nothing like Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills for the cure of heart trouble, weakness and blood diseases. Have used them everywhere with success.—Dr. E. F. Mann, late of H. M. forces, South Africa.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills permanently cured me of backache. I suffered for years and only took two boxes. That is a year ago. I have not had a symptom since.—James R. Jackson, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.

I do not believe there is a medicine to compare with Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills. They cured me of indigestion and catarrh of the stomach, after nine years' suffering.—H. S. MacDonald, G.T.R. shops, Montreal.

Dr. Clarke's Little Red Pills is a certain cure for la grippe, rheumatism, asthma, paralysis, catarrh, eczema, coughs, backache, indigestion, all stomach and liver troubles, female complaints, even when the diseases have been standing for many years. Price 50 cents per box. For sale by I. E. Sheasgreen, Charles McKee, Baird Company, Garden Bros. The Canada Chemical Company will refund \$10 for any case that these pills do not help.

Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Catarrh and Dr. Clarke's Sure Cure for Eczema, same price. \$100 will be paid for any case they will not cure.

## A Great Institution.

The British parliament is a great institution surely. One day its members are grappling with the war in South Africa, another day Chinese indemnities, another day Russian intrigues to gain a stronger foothold in the East, and then as a kind of relief there is a turn to local affairs. Just now fashionable milliners throughout England are alarmed over the proposed introduction in parliament of a bill to forbid the use for decorative purposes of the feathers of the osprey, the bird of paradise, the humming bird, the kittiwake, the kingfisher and the imperial pheasant. Should the bill become law it will give power to the police to stop women on the streets found wearing the forbidden feathers, and take their addresses, with a view to issuing summonses against them. On conviction of a first offence a heavy fine will be inflicted, while for a second the offender will be sent to prison without the option of a fine. By the terms of the bill all hats and bonnets in which the proscribed feathers are found will be confiscated. The bill is promised most influential backing both in the House of Commons and the House of Lords. It is the result of long agitation, born of the general opinion that it is imperative to stop the ruthless slaughter of beautiful birds constantly going on merely for the gratification of the whims of fashion.

Lord Salisbury states that the King's title will probably be: "Edward the Seventh, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of British Dominions beyond the Sea, King, Defender of the Faith, and Emperor of India."

Reports to the Pennsylvania Board of Health show that there are now 2,000 cases of small-pox in the State. The Board has requested the Auditor-General of the State to give it \$30,000 from the emergency fund for use in the suppression of the disease.

## THEY LACK PERCEPTION.

Want of perception is the rock upon which many carefully constructed plans go to pieces. A nicely adjusted discrimination as to "what is what" is invaluable in every walk of life, but particularly is it essential to social aspirants, to whom it is just the quality above all others that will insure their success. It is very odd how many people seem totally lacking in such perception. They will choose the wrong people as acquaintances and, despite their anxiety to do the right thing, will provoke criticism by doing precisely the wrong one. This quality must either be inborn or acquired by long association and early education. It is quite hopeless for an adult who has neither ability to see wherein he lacks or to avoid the pitfalls which are already spread for the unwary. Perception and tact are quite different, although they are nearly allied. It goes without saying that a tactful person has perception; he could not be tactful without it. But perception does not always imply tact. It is simply a knowledge of cause and effect, says the *New York Tribune*. How that knowledge is to be applied is another matter. A person who has perception is never vulgar or even what is called common; neither could he be guilty of any obvious snobbery. It has as much saving virtue as a sense of humor, which also is an invulnerable admonisher to its possessor. We have all of us felt the sense of hopelessness over people who do the wrong thing and who never do and never will know it. The feeling in either great or little things is equally tormenting whether it is Mr. James' American lady who feels a wild rage that the duchess will never, never know that she herself is badly gowned and that the former is perfectly dressed or a valued friend or relative whom we hopelessly feel must "dree their weird" all for the want of a little insight, which we are helpless to give them. It is almost needlessly aggravating because we realize that an individual afflicted with a want of perception will never become conscious of his infirmity.

## A THOUSAND MILES AT SEA.

The question has been asked, is it possible to sail 1,000 miles from land? This can be done at several points. By leaving San Francisco and sailing northwestward into the North Pacific, a spot is reached where there is no land—not even an islet—for 1,000 miles in any direction. So, too, sailing from the southern point of Kamchatka, southeastward, ships reach a point equally distant from land of any kind, the nearest to the north being the Aleutian Islands, and to the south the outlying members of the Sandwich group. In the southern Indian Ocean it is possible to sail 1,000 miles out from the southern points of Australia and New Zealand and still be as far from any other land, and the same may be done in a westerly direction from Cape Horn. Indeed, from this point a much longer distance may be reached, for the southern Pacific, between the Horn and New Zealand, covers a space of 80 degrees of longitude and 40 of latitude of absolutely unbroken sea, making its central point over 1,200 miles from anywhere.

## SHE PATIENTLY BORE DISGRACE

A Sad Letter From a Lady Whose Husband Was Dissipated.

How She Cured Him With a Secret Remedy.



"I had for years patiently borne the disgrace, suffering, misery and privations due to my husband's drinking habits. Hearing of your marvelous remedy for the cure of drunkenness, which I could give my husband secretly, I decided to try it. I procured a package and mixed it in his food and coffee, and, as the remedy was colorless and tasteless, he did not know what it was that so quickly relieved his craving for liquor. He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, he stuck to his work regularly, and we now have a happy home. After he was completely cured I told him what I had done, when he acknowledged that it had been his saving, as he had not the resolution to break off of his own accord. I heartily advise all women afflicted as I was to give your remedy a trial."

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials, correspondence, and confidential address. THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 23 Jordan street, Toronto, Canada. For Sale by all Druggists.

## (TWINSOLE)



BAILEY BROS., LOCAL AGENTS.

The "King Quality" ladies' shoe with the "Twin turn sole" is the ideal of comfort and appearance.

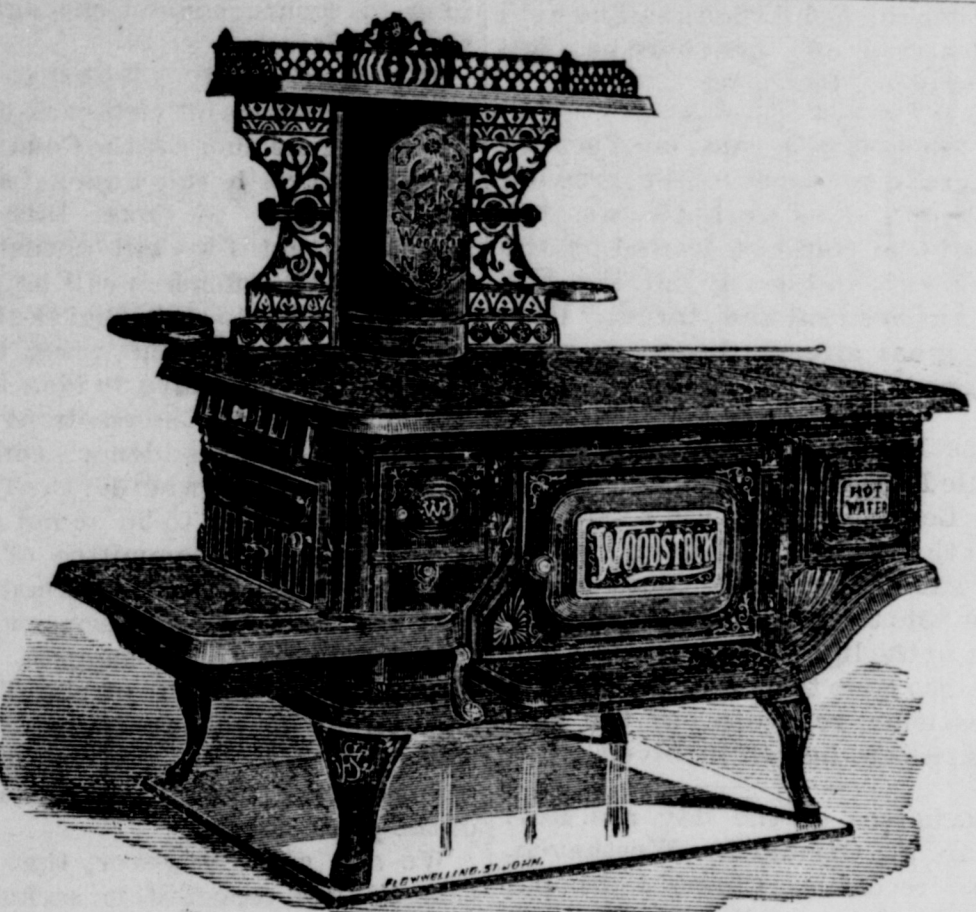
Twin Turn soles are just as flexible as your finest dress-shoe soles, but they are twice as thick.

Invented, patented and controlled by the makers of "King Quality." Can be got in no other shoe.

No tacks or threads under the foot, no squeak—greater wear, more comfort, handsome appearance.

Gold medal, Paris Exposition.

\$4.00. All dealers. Made by The J. D. King Co., Limited, Toronto.



## UP-TO-DATE RANGE!

The above cut shows the very latest and UP-TO-DATE RANGE in the market. Made with or without Reservoir, or with or without High Shelf. Has a Towel Rail and Teapot Swing.

Small & Fisher Company, L'td

## RIPAN'S TABLETS

Doctors find  
A Good  
Prescription  
For mankind

WANTED—A case of bad health that RIPAN'S will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives accept no substitute. RIPAN'S, 10 for 1 cent, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents, forwarded to the Ripan Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce Street, New York.

## W. B. NICHOLSON, Merchant Tailor,

Cor. King and Main Sts.,  
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

Having taken over the entire **TEA BUSINESS** of GEO. S. DE FOREST & SONS, I am prepared to meet all the requirements of the Tea Trade; my business will be in

## TEA EXCLUSIVELY.

And if this reaches the eye of a Greener who wants anything in Tea I shall be pleased to hear from him.

HARRY W. deFOREST, 1 & 3 MARKET SQUARE, St. John, N. B.  
DIRECT IMPORTER AND TEA BLENDER. Proprietor of UNION BLEND TEA.