

## Banks' Business College and School of Shorthand. Houlton, Maine.

Students attending this College will here find the advantage of combining any of the special branches with the Business Course without extra charge. Our Shorthand and Typewriting Course is the most up-to-date in the country. Our terms are the lowest that can be maintained with first class instructors. Write for Catalogue.

THE BANKS' BUSINESS COLLEGE,  
HOULTON, MAINE.

**For the Next 30 Days**  
**Goods will be sold Cheaper**  
**than ever to clear.**

TO LET—Tenement House, South side Bridge,  
from first of November.

### BOYER BROS.,

Connell's Brick Block, - - - Main Street.  
Woodstock, October 10, 1901.

## R-I-P-A-N-S TABULES

**Doctors find**  
**A Good**  
**Prescription**  
**For mankind**

WANTED—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R-I-P-A-N-S on the package and accept no substitute. R-I-P-A-N-S, 10 for 5 cents, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce Street, New York.

The Carleton Sentinel \$1.00  
The Montreal  
Daily Herald 3.00

And a Splendid Picture of  
King Edward VII. . . . .5c  
Total . . . \$4.50

**ALL FOR \$1.75**

This is the greatest combination offer ever made by any Canadian journal, and we are proud to secure the exclusive privilege to distribute. The Daily Herald is one of the best of its kind. Published in 1885, it has been the leading Liberal paper of Eastern Canada. It is now a great family newspaper, each day giving full news of the world, and also devoting much space to matters of peculiar interest to the family. Its commercial intelligence is complete and reliable. THE KING'S PORTRAIT is the best ever published in Canada, and will make a handsome addition to the walls of any library. It is produced by a new process, and is not one of the faded colored portraits so common. As the regular price of The Herald is \$5.00 a year, the liberality of our offer is self-evident.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO  
THE SENTINEL, WOODSTOCK, N. B.

### Send For Catalogue

Outlining courses of study which have qualified our students to take and to hold almost every clerical position in St. John worth having, not to mention their successes throughout the length and breadth of Canada and the United States.

FERGUSON & PAGE

Are showing a Big stock of

**Fine Gold Brooches,  
Chains, Rings, Links,**

AND A FULL LINE OF

**JEWELRY.**

Have had large additions to our stock, and you will find it complete.

Do not forget to look it over at

**41 KING STREET.**

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Oct. 24, 1901.

The absence of President Roosevelt and of several members of the cabinet who, like him, have gone to New Haven to help "old Yale" celebrate her two hundredth birthday, has resulted in a little lull in the political arena and the politicians who have remained in Washington are simply casting up accounts and speculating on the future. Mr. Roosevelt is still something of an unknown quantity and while so far as he has dealt with all with a good deal of diplomacy, a good many people are looking over their shoulders whenever they turn away from the White House, for indications of some kind of an explosion.

There are rumors in the air that all is not going well in New York and that there are differences between the President and Senator Platt. The presence of the Senator from New York, on Sunday, and the fact that Governor Odell came to Washington and breakfasted with the President on Monday, were enough to set any number of rumors afloat and, of course, the Democratic correspondents are all reporting "a big split." That something is up is of course to be taken for granted but that it is a quarrel or even any serious difference of opinion, is mere speculation, for the President quietly stole away from Washington and inconsiderately left everyone guessing.

The President did not actually steal away, however, for he was accompanied by Commander Cowles, his brother-in-law, and also his naval aid, in the most resplendent of full uniforms, with magnificent jeweled sword and waving plume. At New Haven he expected to be joined by Colonel Whitney, his military aid, and if he also is in full uniform, the trio will make quite a spectacle. Mr. Roosevelt is the first president, since Grant, to avail himself of the privilege of a military and a naval aid, but he is not averse to military display and has a great liking for the picturesque, so that he will, in all probability, be accompanied by his aids whenever he travels in an official capacity. Since the sad event at Buffalo there is a very general anxiety for the President's safety and it would seem that with two officers as an escort his safety ought to be insured.

General Corbin's statement, in his annual report, that "All in all, the government has never had more satisfactory troops than the volunteers, and these troops are entitled to the gratitude of the people and of the government," comes as a graceful tribute to the boys who left office and workshop to rally round the flag in time of need. For a number of years there has been a decided tendency on the part of the officers of the regular army to belittle the service that volunteers would render in time of war, and General Corbin's statement comes not only as a pleasing refutation of the insinuations, but as an evidence of the wisdom of the American system of maintaining only a small standing army in times of peace and relying on enlisting volunteers in case of necessity.

There is some talk, in view of the recent big stamp robbery in Chicago and of numerous small robberies in various parts of the country, of asking Congress to legislate against the sale of stamps by anyone not authorized to sell them by the government. Such a law would doubtless have a tendency to diminish the number of post office burglaries, but on the other hand it would work a hardship to a great many concerns who now receive numerous small remittances in stamps, unless some system of redemption were provided at post offices and sub-treasuries.

While the telegraph wire and cables brought ample evidence of the sympathy and sorrow which the assassination of the late President excited all over the world the mails are now bringing even more. The State Department has received recently a newspaper from Ceylon, India, containing a very beautifully written editorial, a newspaper from the Isle of Man which devoted the greater part of its front page to a large type announcement of the death, a copy of the New Zealand Times describing the adjournment of both houses of Parliament, both on the day that the news was received and on the day of the funeral, the flying of flags at half mast, the postponement of a ball which was to have been given at the Governor's residence, the firing of a salute of fifty-eight guns by the Pipitea Battery, the closing of all government buildings for one hour on the day of the funeral, in fact almost every testimonial of sorrow that could have been shown by an American citizen. Another paper, the Cape Town Argus, publishes a despatch from Bulawayo, the capital of Rhodesia, describing an open air memorial service attended by over one thousand persons at which the Star Spangled Banner, Nearer My God to Thee, etc., were sung. All

go to prove the extent of the sympathy extended to us even from the most remote portions of the English speaking world.

Rear Admiral Charles O'Neill, Chief of the Naval Bureau of Ordnance, says that any increase in the efficiency of naval guns must come from improvements in projectiles and the material used for their propulsion rather than from any increase in the size of the guns themselves. He expresses his belief that our naval equipment is fully up to that of any foreign nation and says he knows of no guns afloat, or soon to be put afloat, that will equal ours in the amount of energy developed. He argues strongly for the seven inch gun for ordinary use in turrets as distinguished from the six and eight inch weapons.

Among the notable marriages of the season was that of M. Eugene Thiebaut of the French Embassy at Bern Switzerland, which took place Tuesday at the private chapel of Cardinal Martinelli, in Washington, the Cardinal officiating. The bride was the widow of General Julio Rengifo, who, at the time of his marriage was charge d'affaires of the Columbian Legation in this city. Mme. Thiebaut was originally a Miss Barbour an old and well known Washington family. Although now stationed in Switzerland, M. Thiebaut was for a number of years attached to the French embassy in Washington and was well and popularly known both in social and official circles, he having acted as French charge d'affaires on many occasions.

The remains of Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, who was for so many years chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations and who was one of the best posted men in the Senate on international law, were brought to Washington this week and interred in the National Cemetery at Arlington.

### PALE YOUNG GIRLS.

How They May Gain Bright Eyes and Rosy Cheeks.

THE STORY OF A YOUNG GIRL WHO SUFFERED FROM HEADACHES, DIZZINESS AND PAINTING SPELLS—HER HEALTH BECAME SO BAD THAT SHE WAS FORCED TO GIVE UP SCHOOL.

Miss Catherine McLellan is a young lady well known in Charlotte-town, P. E. I., and greatly esteemed among her acquaintances. Like so many other young ladies throughout the land, Miss McLellan fell a victim to anemia, or poorness of the blood, and although several medicines were tried, she found nothing to help her until she began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Miss McLellan tells the story of her illness as follows: "I am now eighteen years of age, and for a considerable time suffered much from anemia. My blood had almost turned to water, and I was very weak and pale; in fact could not undergo the least exertion. My appetite failed me; I suffered from headaches; if I stopped I would become dizzy, and frequently I suffered from fainting spells. I tried several kinds of medicine and doctors prescribed for me, but instead of getting better I was gradually growing weaker, and eventually had to discontinue going to school. About this time I read the testimonial of a girl whose condition was similar to mine, who had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I then decided to try these pills, and have every reason to be gratified that I did so, as they have completely restored my health. Every one of the symptoms that had made my life so miserable, have disappeared, and I am now enjoying as good health as any girl of my age could wish, and I shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Miss McLellan further stated that while she was not desirous of publicity in matters of this kind, she nevertheless felt that her experience if known might be the means of bringing health to some other sufferer, and it is this very praiseworthy motive that has induced her to give the above statement for publication.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make rich, red blood, and give tone to the nerves. It is because of this that they bring bright eyes, rosy cheeks and light footsteps to girls who have been weary, pale and listless and had begun to feel that life was a burden. Pale and anemic girls everywhere should give these pills a fair trial, as they are certain to restore health and strength. See that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all dealers or sent postpaid at 50c. a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

There are thirty light cases of smallpox in the city of Quebec.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. —1744.

### IN CASE OF NERVES.

DON'T GO TO YOUR FRIENDS IF YOU VALUE THEIR FRIENDSHIP.

When in a "state of nerves," it is best not to seek human sympathy.

Likely as not our friends have troubles of their own, and it's altogether too bad to risk breaking the possible weak link of the chain of friendship.

And this is just what lots of us do. When everything is using us awry, we go to see Sue or Kit.

If shown the pale green silk Sue has just bought for a waist, we remind her how ghastly Louise looked in that shade of pale green and furthermore placidly admit that it's color we'd never choose for ourselves.

On the other hand, if we favor (?) Kit with our society we probably give her to understand that we think her children ought to be turned out during the visit, or if she has no children we perhaps suggest that there ought to be a law compelling people to make their maids wear felt soled shoes. Or perhaps it's the dog or the sunshine.

And then, no doubt, we go home and waste time wondering why friends aren't what they used to be. So take that famous piece of advice and "don't."

When the blue devils get you, just fly away to the park unless you can get to the country or the seashore, says the Philadelphia Record.

There you may tell your trials to the trees, with no fear of upsetting them. Their nerves are warranted. They'll murmur any amount of consolation and go right along with their work, caring not one whit whether or no you think their choice of autumn garb is a success.

Or go to the clouds. They'll take on all sorts of shapes for your diversion and still "roll by," none the worse for your attention.

If even the park is out of the question, try it on the dog. He'll listen with the most flattering attention, and if you lay on the agony strong enough he may whimper his sympathy. At any rate, he'll stay by you and sit close until you take a more rosy view of affairs in this vale of tears. And then he'll show his glee most unmistakably. How his tail will fly!

Should none of these be within your reach there's still one solace left. You can surely recall some person much worse off than yourself. In coming over his or her woes you will at least find comparative comfort.

At any rate save your friends. You may need them some day.

### ABOUT THE SKIN.

When the cold weather comes a goodly number of people are troubled by various little ailments affecting the skin. These range from "chaps" to chilblains, and from "cold spots" to winter itch. This last, I need hardly say, has no reference to the disease known as itch. That is caused by the burrowing in the skin of a species of mite, and it is infectious because by contact the mites are conveyed from those who are affected to healthy persons.

The duties of the skin are scarcely appreciated as they ought to be by the majority of people. It is regarded as a mere covering of the body, and there the interest in the skin ends. It is much more than the outer layer of our anatomy. It is an organ of "excretion," that is, it gets rid of so much of that bodily waste which is the result of bodily work. It therefore discharges a companion duty to the lungs and kidneys, with which indeed the skin forms a kind of physiological trio. From the glands of the skin sweat is perpetually given off. We are always perspiring, and it is when our exertion is very great that we become aware of the presence of an increased amount of perspiration.

It is in this way also that the skin becomes a regulator of the bodily temperature. A large amount of blood is always circulating in the skin, and the evaporation of the skin's moisture keeps the temperature of the blood at a certain normal degree. We illustrate this duty of the skin when we fan ourselves by way of inducing relief from heat. We play upon the skin a current of cold air, thereby affecting its blood vessels and reducing the temperature.

These very actions bring the skin into a close relationship to our health. If the skin be limited in its work of getting rid of waste, we tend to produce untoward results. Death has occurred before now from the skin being covered with an impermeable layer—gold leaf, for example, as in case of a child taking part in a procession at Rome—and the mode of death in such a case might very well be compared to a kind of slow suffocation. The waste products being left to accumulate in the blood, so to speak, a fatal result is brought about, very much as in the case of the lungs when their functions are interrupted.

In another way the skin has much

to do with our health. The origin of many colds is to be found in a chill affecting the skin, producing some alteration or other of the conditions which regulate the healthy circulation, and so the cold is produced. The effects conveyed to the head give us cold in the head, otherwise the skin chill affects the lungs, and produces all the characteristic symptoms of a chest cold. I do not say this is the only fashion in which our colds may begin, but a surface chill is certainly one of the most common causes of our winter chest and head troubles.

The lesson we learn here is that of avoiding exposure to cold and chill through care which prevents us passing too rapidly from one degree of temperature to a lower degree. It is possibly something of this kind which also brings about that local inflammation of the skin we call chilblains. It may very well be that the exposure to chill, acting on the skin circulation, exercises the effect we see in producing a kind of local death of part of the skin, with irritation of the under layers thereof. —Dr. Andrew Wilson.

### FRAIL LITTLE ONES.

THEIR HOLD UPON LIFE IS SLIGHT, AND MOTHERS HAVE A GREAT RESPONSIBILITY.

Every baby—every little one—requires constant care and watchfulness, and when a trace of illness is noticeable, the remedy should be promptly applied. The little ones are frail. Their hold upon life is slight. The slightest symptom of trouble should be met by the proper corrective medicine. Baby's Own Tablets have a record surpassing all other medicines for the cure of children's ailments. They are purely vegetable and guaranteed to contain no opiate or poisonous drugs such as form the base of most so-called "soothing" medicines. For sour stomach, colic, simple fever, constipation, all bowel troubles, the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth, sleeplessness and similar symptoms, these Tablets are without an equal. They act directly upon the organs which cause the troubles, and gently but effectively remove the cause and bring back the condition of perfect, hearty health. Every mother who has used these Tablets for her little ones praises them, which is the best evidence of their great worth. Mrs. David Duffield, Ponsonby, Ont., says:—"Baby's Own Tablets are a wonderful medicine. I think they saved my baby's life, and I gratefully recommend them to other mothers. Ask your druggist for Baby's Own Tablets. If he does not keep them, send 25 cents direct to us and we will forward a box pre-paid. We have a valuable little booklet on the care of children and how to treat their minor ailments, which we will send free of charge to any mother who asks for it. The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

### BIG DEFICIT.

The decision of the directors to close the Pan-American exposition on the night of Nov. 2, enables the accountants to make a fairly accurate estimate of the loss which the Pan-American will suffer. It will exceed \$4,000,000. The stockholders will receive back nothing for the \$2,500,000 which they put in. Contractors who built the exposition will lose \$1,000,000 and the issue of \$500,000 second mortgage bonds will be defaulted as well as 20 per cent. of the first mortgage bonds. The banks acting as trustees for the first mortgage bonds have paid 50 per cent. to the holders out of the gate receipts and have on hand enough to pay 30 per cent. more. The contractors mean to fight the division of the money in court and will endeavor to establish liability for the debts on the part of the directors and stockholders. The act incorporating the Pan-American Exposition company specifically states that the directors and stockholders shall not be liable and this, it is contended, is unconstitutional.

### THE ROYAL VISITORS.

New York, Oct. 23.—The Tribune's London correspondent says: The arrangements for the reception of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York are being rapidly completed, but London's civic authorities are finding some difficulty in devising a fitting welcome to their future sovereign and his wife. The King has been consulted on the matter to ascertain whether an organized city welcome would be consistent with His Majesty's desires. No decision has yet been arrived at, but it is not unlikely there will be a banquet and ball at the Guildhall in honor of the royal tourists. The King himself was similarly welcomed on his return from India, a quarter of a century ago.

### STOPS THE COUGH

And Works off the Cold.  
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents. —1744.