

SIR WILFRID'S JERSEY VISIT

Toronto, Ont., August 16.—An Evening Telegraph's special London cable says: "Sir Wilfrid Laurier's visit to the Island of Jersey, was marked by an enthusiastic welcome from the people and the municipality and by a vicious attack upon the Premier by a Paris newspaper."

Before the welcome was read to Sir Wilfrid he was asked what language he desired to be addressed in. He replied that he wished to be welcomed in French. A more enthusiastic reception could not have been tendered the distinguished visitor.

The Patrie of Paris, referring to Sir Wilfrid's visit to Jersey, indulges in some scathing comments. Sir Wilfrid is described as a renegade. "He is more English than Pitt," continues the Patrie, "more Imperialistic than Chamberlain. He owes his success to the clever way in which he panders to British vanity by vaunting his French origin, while loudly proclaiming himself a Briton and Imperialist. Furthermore, the Patrie charges that Sir Wilfrid has inoculated the virus of pan-Britannism in old historic Canada and has desecrated the memories of Quebec and Montreal with anti-patriotic doctrines."

CANADA'S FOREIGN TRADE.

A statement of Canada's trade, by countries, has been prepared by the Customs Department. There is an increased trade of the Dominion with all the principal countries with which we deal. A feature of the statement is the steady growth in business with Britain. It will also be noticed that there is a big increase in trade with Germany, Canada's third best customer, notwithstanding the adverse treatment extended to us by the German Empire. The total imports for consumption in the fiscal year, up to June 30, amounted to \$202,791,595, as against \$181,237,988 in the corresponding period of 1901. Following were some of the principal imports for consumption:—

	1902.	1901.
United States	\$120,809,956	\$110,455,008
Britain	49,215,693	43,018,164
France	6,670,778	5,398,021
Germany	10,814,929	7,921,405
Italy	724,682	327,361
Belgium	1,700,697	3,528,450
Newfoundland	1,125,426	625,568

EXPORTS.

The exports of Canadian produce amounted to \$196,019,763 in the last fiscal year, as against \$177,443,439 in 1901. Some of the principal items in this total were as follows:—

	1902.	1901.
United States	\$71,196,505	\$67,995,726
Britain	109,348,245	92,857,525
France	1,388,848	1,436,628
Germany	2,692,535	1,374,716
Belgium	2,444,490	1,728,484
Newfoundland	2,381,367	2,142,877
Australia	2,574,789	2,297,521
West Indies	1,967,089	1,598,262

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

A London, G. B., despatch of Aug. 11th says:—

"The final meeting of the Colonial Conference was held to-day. Consideration of the commercial relations of the Empire including preferential tariffs and the general fiscal policy was continued and a resolution on this subject finally was agreed to."

"Another resolution adopted provides for the use of the metric system of weights and measures throughout the Empire."

"The conference closed with a vote of thanks to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain. The proceedings of the conference will not be published, but the resolutions adopted will be issued shortly in a parliamentary paper."

"The Conference makes a recommendation to the Parliaments of the Empire in favor of Imperial preferential trade in whatever direction this is possible."

"An agreement was reached in favor of giving preference to British and Colonial tenders against foreign tenders in the allotment of public contracts. It was also agreed that the Australian contributions to the British Navy should be largely increased on condition that certain vessels of the new navy be officered and manned entirely by Australians at the local rates of pay which are about 50 per cent. higher than those prevailing in the British Navy."

A SACK OF FLEAS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 14.—Postmaster Grier of Allegheny has sent to V. J. Bradley, manager of the railway mail service in New York, a telegraphic request for an investigation and an immediate punishment of the clerk who is guilty of a joke played on the Allegheny post office. A "tie sack" from New York was opened in the post office today, and immediately thousands of fleas jumped out. All the clerks began to scratch themselves and the women clerks fled to the dressing room and would not go back to work for two hours.

The American apple crop this year will be one of the best since the record-breaking yield of 1896, when 69,000,000 barrels were gathered. The yield may reach 40,000,000 barrels, representing a market value of \$34,500,000.

SAN JOSE SCALE.

Toronto, August 16.—The publishing committee of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association held a meeting in the secretary's office, Parliament Buildings, yesterday afternoon, arranging matters for the forthcoming issue of their official organ the *Horticulturist*. Mr Geo E Fisher, provincial San Jose scale inspector, attended the meeting and exhibited a large glass jar filled with peaches, plums, pears and apples, all so badly infected with the dreaded scale as to be quite spoiled for use. He reported that the scale is very prevalent in the St Catherine's fruit district. Many orchards are practically ruined. Not only are the trees themselves attacked, but the fruit itself is so injured by the ravages of the microscopic pest as to be absolutely worthless. This is an absolutely severe type of the disease which commonly only attacks the bark of the trees. Mr Fisher reported that he had been very successful in destroying the scale by spraying with sulphur and lime solutions. He had, however, found it extraordinarily difficult to awaken the farmers to the necessity of taking active steps to fight this disastrous plague. As a result of this apathy the ravages of the San Jose scale are rapidly increasing much to the detriment of Ontario's great fruit producing districts.

FROM DEATH'S DOOR.

The Timely Rescue of a Bright Little Girl.

WAS ON THE VERGE OF COMPLETE NERVOUS PROSTRATION AND HER PARENTS THOUGHT DEATH WOULD CLAIM HER.

When growing girls or boys are ailing, too many parents experiment with doubtful medicines, which only touch upon the symptoms of the trouble, leaving it to return later in a more aggravated form. When you use Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, you are not experimenting—they go directly to the root of the trouble by making new rich, red blood, and building up weak nerves—in this way they cure, and the trouble does not return. It is because these Pills always cure when given a fair trial, that they have the largest sale of any medicine in the world. They are not an experiment most other medicines are.

Mrs Wilson Johnson, Hemford, N. S., gives the following strong corroboration. She says: "At the age of nine, our daughter, Alberta, began to decline in health. The color left her cheeks; her appetite failed, and she complained of headaches and a weakness of the limbs. Her health grew so bad that we were forced to take her from school. We tried several remedies, but they did not help her, and she kept growing weaker all the time. She was very pale, had almost constant headaches, and was on the verge of complete nervous prostration. In fact we feared that death would take her from us. One day I saw an account in a newspaper of a girl who had been cured of a similar trouble through the use of Dr Williams' Pink Pills. We decided to try these, and before three boxes were used, there was a decided improvement in Alberta's condition. We continued giving her the pills for probably two months, by which time she was as healthy as any girl of her age. Her appetite had returned, the headaches had disappeared, and her cheeks had regained their rosy color. It is now nearly two years since she took the pills and she has not had a sick day since. We are very grateful for what Dr Williams' Pink Pills have done for her, and would advise all parents whose daughters are ailing to give them a fair trial and not experiment with other medicines."

Dr Williams' Pink Pills will cure all troubles that arise from poverty of the blood or weak nerves. Among such troubles may be classed anemia, headache, neuralgia, erysipelas, rheumatism, heart ailments, dyspepsia, partial paralysis, St Vitus dance and the ailments that render miserable the lives of so many women. Be sure you get the genuine with the full name "Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers, or sent by mail, post paid, at 50c per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by writing direct to the Dr Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

LENA GETS TWO YEARS.

(Special to the Sun.)

Amherst, Aug 15.—The racial war between Armenians and Syrians living here developed some interesting complications to-day. Lena Adams, the English servant who stole one hundred dollars from her Armenian mistress, was arrested in Fredericton, was convicted by Judge Morse and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. When asked if she had anything to say, she made the statement that Habia Korry had induced her to steal the money and that she had given him half of it. Korry, who was then awaiting trial on a charge of assaulting Mrs Abouda, Lena Adams' employer, was arrested for receiving money, knowing it to be stolen, and was examined by the magistrate this afternoon. Lena Adams being the principal witness. According to her story the morals of the Armenian and other foreign residents here are in need of attention, drinking and loose conduct of all kinds being common among them.

When you want Job Printing of any kind, call at the SENTINEL office.

Itching Skin

Distress by day and night—That's the complaint of those who are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with Eczema or Salt Rheum—and outward applications do not cure. They can't.

The source of the trouble is in the blood—make that pure and this itching, burning, itching skin disease will disappear.

"I was taken with an itching on my arms which proved very disagreeable. I concluded it was salt rheum and bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. In two days after I began taking it I felt better and it was not long before I was cured. Have never had any skin disease since." Mrs. I. E. WARD, Cove Point, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla rids the blood of all impurities and cures all eruptions.

TAKE TIME TO REST.

Take time to rest. Pursuing novelty we lose contentment.

Take time to rest. The resting spots are close at hand, in every-day life, on every side, but the trouble is we are looking too far away to see them.

We use a telescope instead of the clear and naked eye.

The world thinks that sleep is rest; so it is, but there is a better rest, the rest to the soul, through the inspiration from a picture, from a book, from the face of a friend, from the quiet of night and the sky studded with stars, from the frost upon the window, from home, from the old easy chair and its memories and dreams, from the cry of the child, from the song of the kettle on the stormy day.

I have stood in the quiet of the winter's night, and watching the twinkling stars above, I have been rested and resolved anew. I have stood by a simple picture, of a simple face, in a simple home, and have been rested there.

I have seized a thought from the gaiety of the theatre, from the solemnity of the church, from the Bible, from a novel, and have rested on them for a time.

Take time to rest. I have seized contentment from the mere purr of the cat as she sings to the gruff, from the song of the canary as he, though confined, welcomes the sun to its narrow home.

The world is full of restful thoughts and restful spots, if we only look about to see them.

When the doctor comes, and shakes his head, and says "Telegraph his relatives," gold don't weigh much, position seems mighty small, rank seems rotten, society seems hollow. If the world would see the duty it owes itself to rest, the pill-pounders would cease their pounding.—*Charlie Churner, in Toronto Star.*

World's Largest Harvester.

The largest automobile in the world, and the largest combined harvester, as well, is now at work on a big ranch in Central California, where it is being used in cutting 10,000 acres of barley.

The big machine consists of a traction engine, capable of handling 50 tons, and which takes the place of 70 horses; a header or mowing machine, all complete. The threshing machine and header are run by a 30-horse power engine entirely separate from the traction machine, save that they both get steam from the same boiler.

The apparatus moves over the ground at different speeds, according to the thickness of the crop, while all the time the header and thrasher are going at full speed, whether the grain be thick or thin.

The average speed made is three and a half miles an hour and 100 acres a day can be threshed by the machine.

The drive wheels of this monster traction engine are eight ft. in diameter and have tires 48 in. wide, on which are ridges an inch and a half high.

Eight men are employed on the thrasher. Half a minute after the header starts to work the threshed grain begins to fall into the sacks on the other side from where it is cut, while the straw falls into a cart behind.

The heads are carried away from the header into a draper, or moving belt 48 inches wide. They are carried through a colander, which breaks the beard from the barley and shells it at the same time, then by a narrow belt through two cleaners and finally to a bin, from which it is sacked. The sacks are sewed and set aside as fast as filled.

When 12 sacks have been filled they are allowed to slide off the cart on which they are stacked to the ground. Likewise when the straw cart is full it is dumped.

This giant automobile is 66 ft. long and half as wide weighing over 100 tons.

It uses oil as fuel, necessitating the use of four horses to haul oil and the water for the boiler as it travels around large areas.

ST. JOHN EXHIBITION.

In Amusement Features as in other directions, the St. John Exhibition opening August 30th, will certainly lack nothing.

With regard to Amusements, however, the Exhibition Association certainly deserves congratulation; the galaxy of high-class, keen entertainment that will be provided, could only have been secured through the means adopted by the Association; the services of a well known Amusement Manager were enlisted, and that gentleman was instructed to tour Canada and the United States, with the object of engaging such of the latest, novel attractions as had been most thoroughly successful. The result has been very satisfactory.

Here are a few of the features secured:—

The Original Cycle Whirl, which is justly described as "The Greatest Sensation of the day." Some faint conception of it may be gathered from the fact that the track is only sixteen feet diameter at the base and twenty-two feet diameter at the top. It stands seven feet high, and is banked to an angle of 75 degrees. While circling this miniature track, the bodies of the riders lie parallel with the ground, thus apparently defying all laws of gravitation.

A race on such an erection flavors of hair-raising; yet racing takes place, and the riders will be of no mean order, as may be judged from the following names:—Frank Lawrence, Champion quarter mile, Western Canada; Will Greenough, Champion half mile, Western States and George Larsen, Australian Champion.

Then comes the Monto Myro Troupe of European Eccentrics. Pantomimists, with their varied, clever performances which have won a deserved popularity in so many great centres.

White & LeMart, the contortionists; with their eccentric tumbling, hand balancing, burlesque decapitating and laughter provoking frolic, will also be there; and lots of other splendid attractions. Altogether the Amusement features this year will surpass anything previously seen in the Maritime Provinces.

A GRUESOME FIND.

Ottawa, Aug. 16.—A gruesome story comes from the wilds of the Gatinou region, where an old man named Samuel Napier was found dead in a shanty, with his body partly eaten by a dog. It appears that Napier, who formerly was a member of the Provincial Legislature of New Brunswick, had been sent to one of Gilmour & Hughson's shanties, about a hundred miles from Desert, to look after the supply of grain and other provisions that was stored there. He was sent in about May 1, and was entirely alone, with the exception of a dog as his companion. During the month of June he was visited by some of the firm's employees, who found everything all right. Napier was living his solitary life in comparative happiness. Since that time no one has been to see him until last week, when men were sent in to inspect the premises and search for the old man. To their horror they found his dead and badly decomposed body in a sitting position beside the table. The most sickening feature was that a large portion of the body had been eaten by the dog, which doubtless had become ravenous from starvation. The body was brought to Desert, and interred there this week. Napier was a married man, whose aged wife lives in Bathurst, N. B.

Exit of the Steam Locomotive.

The proposal of the New York Central Railway to convert their system from steam to electricity in New York marks one of the greatest developments in the electrical world that have taken place for years. It is proposed to abolish steam as motor power and to substitute electricity therefor, not only in the city of New York itself, but within a radius of thirty miles. This is a step and a long one, towards the electrification of the company's whole system. It is by introducing this stupendous change that the company proposes to make the recurrence of another tunnel accident impossible. The project will evolve an outlay of over \$14,000,000. Some idea of the colossal nature of the traction project may be gained from the statement of Vice-President Brown, who said that several power stations to generate 100,000 h. p. each would be built to furnish power that will be needed for the entire system. The third rail will be used to carry the power, thereby avoiding all danger from overhead wires. Steam will be abolished everywhere, electricity being employed for switching, for signalling and for every operation incident to the movement of the trains. The New York Central has apparently come to the conclusion that the locomotive with its noise and dirt, must give place, in cities at least, to the cleaner, quieter and swifter electric motor. It is said the work at New York will be completed in two years.

DON'T TALK HARD TIMES.

I never knew a man to be successful who was always talking about business being bad. Never allow yourself to dwell on the dark side of anything. You should refuse to talk of depressed markets or hard times. Learn to talk up, not down. Many business men become chronic grumblers or fault finders. Times are always hard with them. Other men get into a pessimistic rut, and never see brightness or success in anything. It is impossible for such people to prosper. Success is a delicate plant, and requires encouragement and sunshine.

Regard yourself as superior to the evils which surround you. Learn to dominate your environments; to rise above depressing influences. Look for the bright side of things, not the dark and gloomy side.

The world likes sunny, hopeful, buoyant characters; it shuns lugubrious prophets, who see only failure and disaster everywhere. The hopeful, cheerful men and women who see success and longevity in their callings, are the ones who are sought after. It is natural to try to avoid disagreeable, unpleasant people, as it is to try to escape from the clouds and shadows into the sunlight.

Hailstorm at Alberton, P. E. I.

An Alberton, P. E. I., despatch of the 15th inst says:—

A terrific hail and rain storm swept over Alberton South this afternoon. The hail measured from one to one and three-quarter inches in length, and heaped in places a foot deep.

G. R. Montgomery lost about all his crop, which is a heavy one, and many windows are broken throughout the neighborhood. The extent of the storm was about a half mile square.

During the past thirty years 4,000 miles of railway have been laid in Japan.

The amount of merchandise transported by rail in the United States is double that of all the other nations of the earth together.

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get your stomach and liver into proper condition by using this renowned old family remedy

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

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Engrave It Free

and return by next mail or express. You can buy just as well from us by mail; the prices are right—the Goods are right—and the Engraving is right—not scratched with a darning needle, but hand engraved.

The Coronation

SOUVENIR SPOON—have you seen it? Buy one now and send to your friend abroad.

W. B. JEWETT, = Jeweler,

Jewett's Corner, Woodstock, N. B., and Houlton, Me.

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RETURNING RATE, \$18.00.

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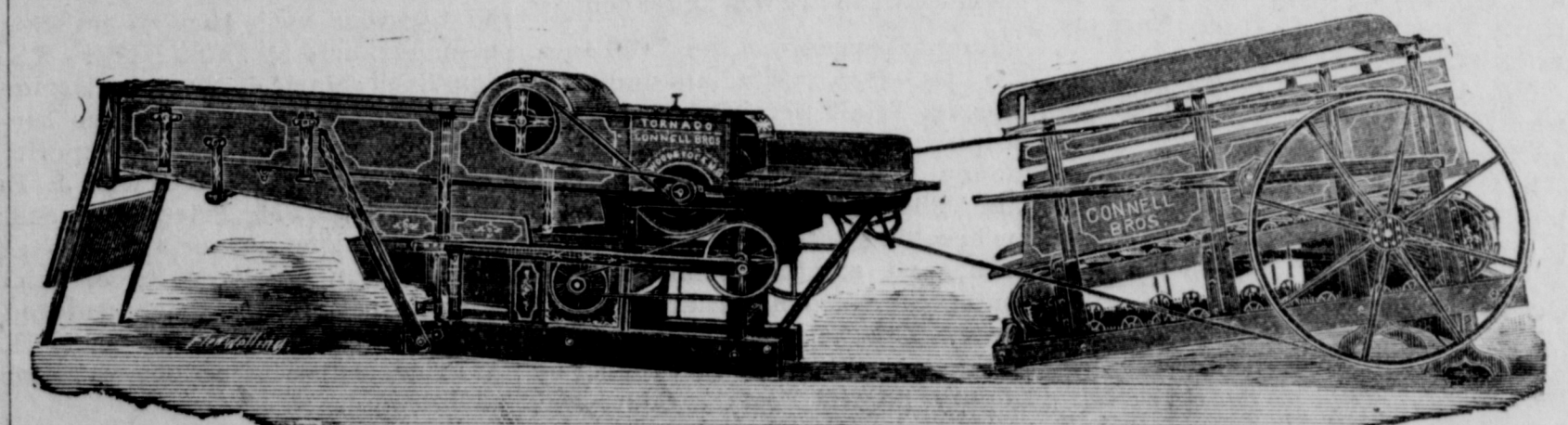
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