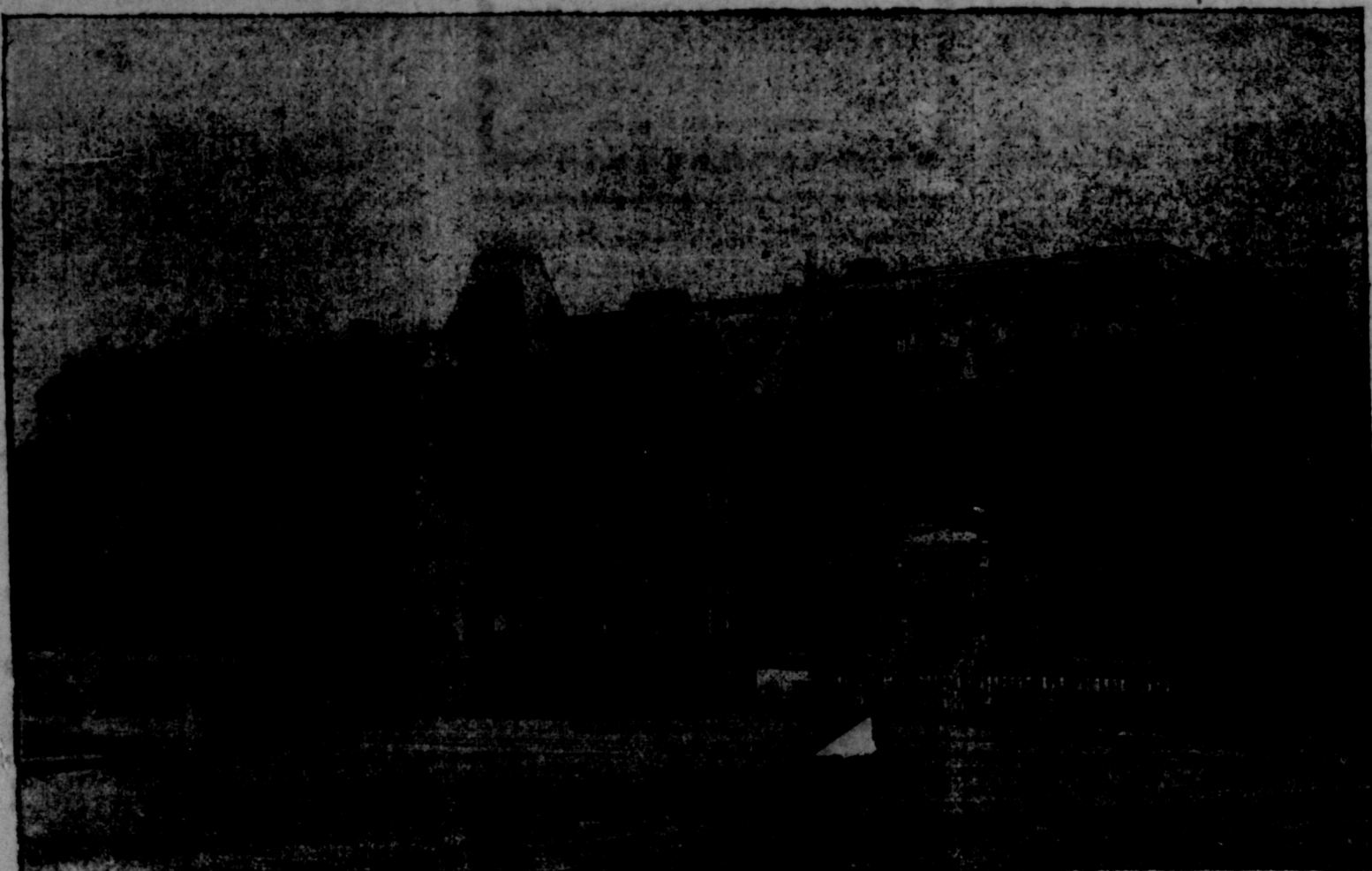


# The Carleton Sentinel.

VOL. 55.—No. 27.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1903.

WHOLE No. 2945.



## Closing Exercises of the Halifax School for the Blind

The 32nd annual closing exercises of the Maritime School for the Blind took place at Halifax on June 22nd, 1892. The school is open to all blind children of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland, and while the closing was very creditable to all the pupils, especial mention should be made of J. Hollis Lindsay of Woodstock, N. B., who graduated at the head of his class and received two first-class certificates, one as a teacher of the pipe organ and piano, the other as a first-class tuner. The Halifax Mail, in speaking of the closing, said: "The quartette, 'Abide with me,' which was arranged by Mr. Lindsay, was a splendid thing." Dr. Fraser during the closing, took occasion to say that of all the pupils that had come under his care, Hollis Lindsay took front rank, which would be throwing no discredit on Chisholm, Warren or Campbell, and the time would come when he would be heard from in the musical world.

In looking back over the 31 years that the school has been under the management of Dr. C. F. Fraser, great things have been done. When the Doctor first took charge of the school there were only five pupils and one rented piano, in a small building. In a very short time, Mr. C. F. Fraser gave evidence of his teaching and executive ability, and the building then used became too small, and an addition called the East wing was built, which, in a very

few years, was also crowded. In 1897 the West wing was added, giving a building 172x55 feet, with three stories and basement. It was then thought that there would be room for many years; but Dr. Fraser had only begun to develop the possibilities for the education of the blind, and thanks to Hon. Mr. Blair, the then leader of the Government, the school was opened to the blind of New Brunswick.

Last year Dr. Fraser found himself cramped for room that another building had to be undertaken. The board of management laid their needs before the Government of Nova Scotia, and the Legislature of that province granted the generous sum of \$20,000 toward the needed new building, with the condition that Dr. Fraser would raise an equal amount.

Dr. Fraser immediately accepted the terms and selecting the best pupils of the school he started to give concerts in the different provinces to show the people what was being done for the education of the blind, and up to the closing had secured nearly \$16,000 of the amount to be collected by him. Dr. Fraser went to St. John's, Nfld., with a party of pupils in June to lay the claims and needs of the school before the people of that province.

Some information with regard to the new building will now be in order. The building is 130x71 feet, four stories, of brick, on a granite

basement; the trimmings are free stone; sub-basement will contain furnace, storerooms, swimming baths for the boys, bath rooms for the girls, and large lavatories for boys and girls. In the South end will be two large gymnasiums, 30x60, and 20 feet high. On the main floor eight school rooms, 20x30; on two floors above are 32 music rooms 8 x 8, and four dormitories 10x10. The assembly hall will be 40x80 feet, 31 feet ceiling, and a gallery on two sides will be used for closing and exhibition exercises and seat about 800; the organ loft at the end of the hall will be 14x14; a corridor 14 feet wide will connect the old and new buildings—the old one will be used for residence purposes only. Heating will be by hot water. The inmates of the school for 1903 were: 73 boys, 49 girls, 18 teachers, 12 domestics, total 151.

The musical, literary, tuning and industrial advantages of this school, are second to none in America, and the cost per pupil is less than any other school of the same class.

With the opening of the next term a new plan will be adopted, viz., grading—there will be five grades, and two ungraded classes into which the new pupils, and those who fall to grade, will be placed; so that the rest of the class may not be kept back for the slow ones. While New Brunswick pupils are one-third of the school, they manage to capture more than one-half of the prizes.

## THE CURING OF HAY.

Since the hay crop is likely to be light this year, it is doubly important that it be handled to the best possible advantage and cut and cured in such a way as to secure the largest amount of nutrients in the most digestible and palatable form.

To this end it is well at this season to bear the following facts in mind:—Early cut hay is relatively richer in flesh forming elements; it is more palatable and digestible; it has a sweeter aroma, but it has the disadvantage of being much more difficult to cure. Grass, as it approaches maturity, gains considerably in weight; part of this increase consists of starch and sugar, which is valuable to the feeder; and part consists of "waste fibre," which decreases digestibility, and renders the hay less palatable. Early cut hay is more valuable per ton than late cut, but a larger amount of digestible nutrients per acre is obtained by later cutting. Late cut hay has also the advantage of being more easily and rapidly cured, thus diminishing not only the labor, but also the risk of loss in harvesting.

Early cut hay is especially valuable for sheep, calves, colts and dairy cattle; while for fattening cattle, late cut hay will give as good results. In experiments conducted by Prof. Sanborn of New Hampshire, and Prof. Henry of Wisconsin, to determine the relative value of early and late cut hay for fattening steers, the advantage was a little in favor of the late cut hay.

Whether hay should be cut early or late will depend, therefore, on the following conditions:—(1) The stock to be kept; at least enough hay should be cut early to supply the dairy cows and young stock. (2) The season; if the weather be "catchy" it is generally wiser to defer the cutting until somewhat later. (3) The acreage to be handled; if the crop be large, it will be necessary to begin cutting earlier.

By earlier cutting is meant cutting at or before the time of full bloom. By late cutting is meant cutting between the time of full bloom and ripening. In any case, however, hay should be cut before it is ripe enough for the seed to shell readily. A crop of mixed clover and timothy hay is at its best if both quality and quantity are to be considered, when from one third to one half of the clover blossoms have turned brown.

Hay should be cured and stored as rapidly as possible after cutting. With this in view, it is better to defer cutting in the morning until most of the dew is off. If 30 tons or more of hay is to be handled in a season, a tedder will be found a good instrument. Care must be exercised to avoid storing hay while at all damp from rain, dew or absorption from the ground. Moisture of this kind will spoil hay much quicker than the water contained in its own sap.

Last year attention was called to the method of curing clover hay practised successfully by Mr. Henry Glendenning, and a number of other prominent and reliable farmers. Mr. Glendenning thus outlines his method: Cut when in full bloom, or when the blossoms contain the most honey. Cut in the morning after the dew has dried off. That cut in the morning may be cocked up in the afternoon. The mower should not be run later than 4 p. m., and all cut that day should be put into cock before the dew falls. This hay should be put into the barn next day and well tramped into the mows. He especially emphasizes the following conditions:—

- (1) Do not cut in the morning until the grass is dry.
- (2) Do not allow fresh cut hay to lie on the ground over night, exposed to dew or rain.
- (3) If any hay should get wet with rain, let it stand in the cocks until thoroughly dry before taking to the barn.

Mr. Glendenning states that his hay came out as green as when it was put in, with the blossoms a beautiful

pink color, which would indicate that it had not heated so much as one would naturally expect.

The advantages of this method are:—(1) The saving of time between cutting and storing, lessening the risk of damage from rain; (2) All leaves and blossoms, the most valuable parts of the plant, are saved; (3) The hay is cleaner and brighter than that cured in the old way.

Of course, hay cannot be cured by rule; conditions vary. A good method of curing on a gravelly upland farm would be quite unsuited to the flatter clay and humus soil.

The length of time for which hay should be exposed in the swath will be determined by its ripeness, by the humidity of the atmosphere, the temperature and moisture of the soil, the presence or absence of wind, etc. So that every man must be, in large measure, a law unto himself, and his practice must be governed by personal experience.

It appears to be a fact, however, that when the conditions are favorable, and the necessary skill and judgment exercised, clover may be stored much greener than was formerly thought possible, and that the very best quality of hay may be secured in this way.

F. W. HODSON,  
Live Stock Commissioner.

The Leroy J. French Peck's Bad Boy Company, that is billed to appear at the Opera House, next Monday (July 6th) night, has played in all the principal cities from St. John, N. B., to the Indian Territory, the past year, and is to play return engagements at them all the coming season. This fact alone shows that we are to have a real "City Show."

Boston claims to have the longest paved street in the world—Washington street—which is seventeen and a half miles in length.

The biggest round tower in Ireland is at Kilmacdnagh, 108 feet high. There are 45 of them in all.

## JOTTINGS.

All the stores in town will be closed July 12th.

Cattle Food, Flour, Sugar, Molasses, Coarse Salt and other Groceries for sale low at Carr's, Hartland.

The service in the Episcopal church, on Wednesday evening, will be a full choral one. Over sixty clergymen will be present.

A steady boy, anxious to learn the printing business, can find steady employment by applying at the SENTINEL office.

Harry Watt, son of J. H. Watt, night agent of the C. P. R. at Canterbury station, left Monday for River de Chute on a fishing trip.

Pure Seed—Farmers wanting pure Timothy and Clover Seed would do well by calling at C. B. Snow's, Main Street, Woodstock, N. B.

Out of a class of fifty-four, who underwent the recent examination for entrance to the high school, twenty-three made the required average.

The Gleaner says that two well known gentlemen in the service of the C. P. R. are expected soon to commit matrimony. One is a Woodstock boy.

Special sale of Dress materials, Carpets, Lace Curtains, Linoleums, etc., our own importations, now on; extremely good values at Carr's, Hartland.

In the Free Baptist Star Bible Class the following young ladies won first class honors: Miss Isabella Smith, Miss Leora M. Harmon and Miss Maud Slipp.

Samuel Arcott, who after a residence of some years in Benton, returned to Ontario a couple of years ago, is back among his friends in this county again.

John Troy, the well known restaurant proprietor, intends enlarging his premises. He has secured the upper flat in the building lately occupied by Saunders Bros.

The Exhibition will be held this year on Sept. 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th. Keep the date in mind. J. Rankin Brown is secretary, and will furnish any information required.

A new street has been laid out in the village of Bath, running from the C. P. R. station, on the eastern side of the railway, north to the main highway at John McCready's.

Rev. J. C. Colman, P. E., Halifax, will preach in the A. M. E. church, Sunday, at 3 and 7 p. m. All are cordially invited. He will also lecture on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Departmental examinations for entrance to Normal School and advance of class will be held at the Grammar school beginning on Tuesday morning at nine o'clock. Inspector Meagher will be in charge.

Considerable asphalt is being laid in various parts of the town, yet we have not seen traces of anything doing in that line from Payson's Corner to the Town Hall. Who is responsible for this neglect?

All interested in the plan for holding a celebration early next month, similar to the grand coronation event of last year, are requested to meet in the Council chamber next Tuesday evening at nine o'clock.

The parish of Wilmet Sunday school convention will hold its next meeting in the Methodist church, Centreville, on Tuesday the 14th of July. All Sunday school workers are invited to attend. E. L. West, Secretary.

J. Frank Tilley, Dairy Superintendent has accepted an invitation from the Maine State Commissioner of Agriculture to attend a meeting of the Maine State dairy instructors and cheese and butter makers, which opens at Augusta on Tuesday, July 7th. Mr. Tilley's assistance is requested in organizing and developing the dairy industry of Maine.

W. S. Saunders of this town has been appointed to the position of Provincial manager of London Life Insurance Co., and he will at once commence to organize the Province of New Brunswick for the above named Co., whose headquarters are in London, Ont., who have been established since 1374. With such an up-to-date Co., we predict for him a large measure of success.

CM Sherwood, Centreville, has just received a fresh stock of Linoleum in three different widths. With this variety of widths, any floor may be covered with but few matchings. While this material costs nearly twice as much as floor oil cloth, it is much cheaper to use, as it will wear many times longer. A few bags of grass seed yet on hand. For a good understanding, wear the McCready Shoe. "C. M." carries them for all classes and ages.

## HYMENEAL.

M'LELLAN—HARRIS.

An interesting event took place at Weston, Carleton County, on Wednesday afternoon, June 24th. One hundred and fifty guests assembled at the residence of W. L. McLellan, to witness his marriage to Georgia A. Harris, of Lindsay. Shortly after five o'clock the officiating clergyman, Rev. Z. L. Fash, M. A., Woodstock, took his place on the lawn in front of the house. The groom escorted the bridesmaid, Idella Harris, of Mars Hill, Me, to the bridal carpet on the green, and the groomsmen, Frederick Kidney, soon followed with the bride. It was a beautiful ceremony with the large number of invited guests surrounding. After the couple were pronounced husband and wife, and congratulations had been given, the company sat down to an elaborate bridal feast. The bride was becomingly dressed in white Indian muslin trimmed with lace and ribbon. She carried a bouquet of white carnations. The presents were very numerous and beautiful, including the ornamental and useful. It was exceedingly appropriate to have the ceremony at the home of the happy couple. Extensive repairs are being made on the house. The young couple are very popular in the community as was shown by the large company and numerous presents.

MAVOR—MILES.

A very pretty wedding took place at high noon, Wednesday, June 24th, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Miles of Muniac, when their daughter, Miss Lulu, was married to Alexander Mavor. Miss Bertie Miles, sister of the bride acted as bridesmaid, while the groom was supported by his nephew, Mr. Frank Taylor. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Anderson of Florenceville, in the presence of about 100 guests. After the ceremony, all partook of a bountiful dinner.

Nothing more clearly indicated the popularity of the young couple, than the very large number of wedding gifts of which they were the recipients.

Amid showers of rice, the happy couple left for St. John and other points, for a two weeks' trip, accompanied by the good wishes of all.

On their return a reception will be held at the home of the groom at Lower Kintore.

## OBITUARY.

JAMES KELMAN.

On Friday evening, June 26th, after a long and painful illness, Mr. James Kelman passed peacefully to eternal life, and, in losing him, Kintore, Victoria County, has lost one of her very best men.

Mr. Kelman was a native of Aberdeenshire, Scotland, came here with the Scottish colonists thirty years ago, and was in the 66th year of his age. A man of sterling character, of a mild and pleasant disposition, with a kindly smile for all, and ever ready to help those who were in sorrow or trouble, and in public affairs his good judgment and abilities were ever recognized and respected; he is missed also in the Presbyterian Church where he gave his musical talents freely as leader of the choir, and will be mourned by a large concourse of relatives and friends, both in this and the old land, Scotland. Mr. Kelman is survived by his widow and son, John Kelman, and daughter, Miss C. Kelman, who have the deepest sympathy of the people in their sorrow. "Oh call it not death! 'Tis a glorious sleep. His precious dust the Lord doth keep. He shall wake again and how satisfied. In the likeness of Him in whom he died; Then cease ye fond mourners, who sadly weep, For happy are they, who in Jesus sleep."

## AN INQUIRY.

To the Editor of Carleton Sentinel:

What has become of the Board of Health Inspector? Hogs are kept in Town in violation of the law in numbers of places, and the squeal of hungry pigs can be heard in the land, not perhaps on Chapel St, but in other places. The inspector will take his salary with a steady hand all the same.

Wedding stationery, latest styles, statements, bill heads, at-home cards, marriage announcements or wedding invitations, menus, dance programmes, visiting cards, anything from a large poster to the smallest card, artistically printed, in quick time and at lowest prices, at the SENTINEL office.

## Grammar School Commencement Exercises.

The closing exercises of Carleton County Grammar School were held in the Opera on Monday evening. A very large number of parents and others were present, and greatly enjoyed the proceedings.

Mr. H. P. Baird, chairman of the Board of School Trustees presided. The members of the graduating class, Mary E. Hipwell, Vita I. Brewer, Mabel E. Glidden, Jennie C. Allingham, Ethel E. Porter, Hattie M. Saunders, Evelyn E. Hale, Katie I. Baird, Leora M. Harmon, C. Donald McCormack, Robert Flemming, Cecil R. Fitzsimmons, had seats on the platform. Following is the program:—

Music—Kirkpatrick's Orchestra.  
Essay—A Woman's Realm, Robert Flemming.  
Piano Solo—Mabel Glidden.  
Quarrel Between Brutus and Cassius—Shakespeare, Mary Hipwell and Leora Harmon.  
Essay—Canada—Its Future, Donald McCormack.  
Music—Kirkpatrick's Orchestra.  
Essay—A Character Sketch, Portia, Vita Brewer.  
Essay—Advantages of New Brunswick for Immigrants, Katie Baird.  
Valedictory—Jennie Allingham.  
Music—Kirkpatrick's Orchestra.  
Presentation of Diplomas and Prizes.  
God Save the King.

The following medals and prizes were awarded:—

Essay Medal, presented by Mr. W. M. Connell—Subjects, "New Brunswick as a Home for Immigrants," won by Miss Katie Baird.

Medal, presented by Mayor Belyea—Grade XI, English Literature and History, won by Donald McCormack.

Medal, presented by Mr. W. W. Hay—Grade X, Mathematics, won by Miss Nan Dibble.

Medal, presented by Mr. W. W. Hay—Grade IX, Latin, won by Miss Maude Smith.

1st prize in Mathematics, Grade IX, presented by Archdeacon Neales—won by Miss Eva Newcomb. 2nd prize in Mathematics, Grade IX, presented by a friend—won by Miss Francis Milmore.

Prize to pupil of the town schools making highest marks in Examination for entrance to Grammar School, presented by the Chairman of the Board—won by Miss Mary McManus.

Prize presented to pupil in Grade VII, in Mr. Thorne's and Miss Harmon's rooms, given by Mr. T. C. L. Ketchum, won by Miss Gertie McManus.

Prize to pupil making highest average in Grade IV, in Mrs. Cupples' room, presented by the chairman of the board, won by Miss Estella McDougall.

Prize to pupil making highest average in Grade II, in Miss McAdam's room, presented by Mr. A. G. Bailey, won by Elizabeth Ketchum.

Prize presented by Mr. A. P. Connolly, for proficiency in bird study, was won by Miss Lillian Currie.

## APPOINTED JUDGE.

Charles Wesley Colter, who is appointed to the county judgeship of Haldimand, Ontario, is a New Brunswicker, son of the late Samuel Colter of Leitrim, Ireland who settled at Sheffield in 1826. Dr. Colter, post office inspector here, is his brother. Judge Colter was born in York Co. in 1846, was educated at Sackville and at the University of New Brunswick, where he graduated with honors in English Literature and Classics. He taught school for a time. In 1879 he was called to the bar of Ontario. In September, 1886, Mr. Colter was elected to the Dominion parliament on the death of the then sitting member, after a hard fight, but did not get his seat, as parliament was dissolved in the January following. At the general election of 1887 he was unsuccessful by one vote only but the seat was vacated by the election court, and in November of that year he again ran, but was again beaten. In a subsequent by-election in January, 1899, he won, but was defeated at the next general election by about seventy votes. He was a sturdy liberal of the class who, in those days, favored the abolition of the Senate and the superannuation of public servants, and opposed railway subsidies. His election opponents in Haldimand were principally, if not wholly, with Dr. Montague, and it was during one of these that the famous manifesto to the Indians was issued by some forger in the name of Queen Victoria. Judge Colter's friends in New Brunswick will be glad to hear of his elevation to the bench.—Globe.

A bogus baron has just been arrested in Berlin for imposing on the 400. As usual, society could not tell the counterfeit baron from the real, until the police were called in.