

The Carleton Sentinel.

VOL. 56.—No. 16.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1904.

WHOLE No. 2986

1903 SEEDS

FOR

1904 Planting

It is said that seeds have been found in Egyptian tombs which though thousands of years old still preserved their vitality.

However, in planting for profit, it is wiser to demand seeds of a later crop.

Seeds can't be too fresh, which means that you must have those grown last year. There is one grower you can depend upon to supply them, this is

EWING & CO.

You can buy them with confidence, knowing they are true to name and perfect in every way.

SEED SAVING.

In buying seeds in bulk of us you save about 50 per cent. in comparison with the cost of package seeds. You are apt to make another saving because you will get fresh seeds—this we guarantee. We have everything you will want. Drop in and see the line.

TWENTIETH CENTURY COMPOUNDING.

Our drugs and equipment enable us to give prescription service of rare excellence. Charges are just as reasonable as the service is fine.

GARDEN BROS.

DRUGGISTS.

Main Street, Opposite Queen,
Woodstock, N. B.

GO SLOW.

The people of Woodstock are largely interested in manufactures. The welfare of the community would be seriously disturbed if one of the leading plants should be taken to another town. The Woollen Mill employs a large number of hands, is in a flourishing condition, and bids fair to increase its capacity. It is the only industry of its kind in the town, and as such is deserving of special consideration at the hands of the town fathers. Other industries are being granted exemption from taxation for a long period in addition to a twenty five per cent bonus. The town council will leave itself open to the charge of favoritism if it discriminates against the Woollen Mill in the matter of exemptions. What makes the matter all the worse is the fact that more than one outside locality is ready to grant exceptionally good terms in the event of the removal of the plant. Those who are trying to crowd the Woollen Mill will have themselves to blame if their shortsighted policy results in the loss of an important industry.

The Ice Runs Out.

Early Sunday forenoon the ice ran out the Meduxnakeag from Moore's interval. The next day the whole thing came tearing down and was watched by large crowds. The same day signs of something doing were observed in the river. There was a slight run that afternoon, and on Tuesday things started in good shape.

Too Much Drunkenness.

The attention of the SENTINEL has been of late frequently called to the altogether too prevalent outbreak of intoxication witnessed on our streets, particularly on Saturday nights, and on the Sabbath. The bars are supposed to be closed. The drug stores and hotels are certainly not evading the law to any great extent. In certain quarters where it was once easy enough to obtain liquor, now even the case of life and death would not be sufficient to tempt the proprietors to dispense the ardent. Yet in spite of these facts there is altogether too much drinking in evidence. The Scott Act is rigidly enforced yet liquor is dispensed from some quarter. The sooner a remedy is found the better. Conditions are not so bad as last year, but there is still room for improvement.

Addresses Wanted.

The New Brunswick Tourist Association will be glad to receive the address of all former New Brunswickers and friends who may now be residing in United States or Canada, that invitations may be sent them to attend the Champlain Ter Centenary and Old Home Celebration in June. Special literature has been carefully prepared and will be sent free of charge to all addresses, and the Secretary at 85 Prince William Street, will be glad to send the matter forward. No Province has contributed more largely of her sons and daughters to build up other countries than has New Brunswick, and let us now extend a hearty invitation and welcome them home.

TOWN COUNCIL.

On Friday evening of last week, the council meeting was attended by Mayor Lindsay, Couns. Jones, Stevens, Fisher, Burt and Dibblee.

Treasurer Bourne reported that for three months the receipts were \$1,095.48, and the expenditures \$236.63. Marshal Kelly reported \$69.10 as tax collections for March.

The mayor said that by an oversight at last meeting a committee was not appointed to wait upon Mr. Hay of the Imperial Packing Co. Personally he (the mayor) saw Mr. Hay who informed him that the company was acting within its right under the bonus, in doing custom sawing of lumber.

Coun. Jones thought the matter should not drop but a committee should be appointed immediately.

On motion Coun. Burt, seconded Coun. Fisher, the mayor appointed the following committee to wait upon Mr. Hay: Couns. Jones, Burt, Dibblee.

A lengthy discussion took place on the light question, upon the mayor stating that no contract had been signed by the engineer, Mr. Phillips, who said he would not sign it when presented unless it suited him.

On motion Coun. Dibblee, seconded Coun. Stevens, Supt. Munro and the clerk will prepare a contract to be signed by Mr. Phillips.

On motion Coun. Stevens, seconded Coun. Dibblee, the report of the auditor will be given to the newspapers for publication as a matter of news.

Gideon Fields was heard before the board. He had been appointed building inspector three years ago, and in that time, while he had no written report for the board, he had inspected the roller and ice rinks, and any other building that appeared dangerous to the people was examined by him. His bill amounted to \$49.48.

On motion Coun. Dibblee, seconded Coun. Burt, the further services of a building inspector were discontinued.

The clerk said his interpretation of the resolution passed in 1902 was that only one construction could be taken from it and that was that the exemption from taxes for 10 years applied to the woollen mill then started, and would not apply to any other mill. If the council at that time had a different opinion, the resolution would have read: "All companies hereafter established will be exempted for ten years." The exemption would cover all property used by the mill for mill purposes, storerooms, etc., but would not apply, for instance, to the case of the purchase of a dwelling house for the manager.

The mayor said that the marshal called on the owners of the company for its taxes and they point-blank refused to pay. The question is will the town enforce its rights or allow the mill to have its own way?

Mayor Lindsay—On the 3d May a school bond comes due, and another on the 6th June, \$2350 in all. It is the intention to take up the school bonds by ordinary bonds. Some arrangements should be made to have the bonds printed.

On motion Coun. Stevens, seconded Coun. Dibblee, the clerk was instructed to have the bonds printed.

On motion Coun. Burt, seconded Coun. Jones, Messrs. Neill McKinnon, Daniel McIntosh and James Woolverton were appointed special constables.

On motion the salaries due were ordered paid.

Coun. Stevens pointed out that the amount of bills unpaid for this year was \$1083.30. A large amount of last year's taxes were uncollected and the defaulters' list did not contain all poor men either.

The mayor stated that this year's assessment would be in the hands of the treasurer on April 15th.

Coun. Dibblee said the water works committee was buying a large quantity of wood and it would have to depend upon the prompt payment of the water tax to pay the bills. The sum of \$800 was due on last year.

On motion Coun. Burt, seconded Coun. Dibblee, Supt. Munro was instructed to request the payment of water rates every six months up to the 1st May, and if payment is not made the water will be shut-off on June 1st.

On motion Coun. Jones, seconded Coun. Stevens, the superintendent of streets was instructed to prepare an estimate of the cost for an asphalt sidewalk, including curbing, from the corner of Connell to the corner of Chapel streets.

Beef and pork must be higher in value or corn and other grains must be lower. Present values are out of balance and cannot long so remain.

REPORT OF AUDITORS.

WOODSTOCK, N. B. 4th April, 1904
To His Worship The Mayor and Councilors of the Town of Woodstock.

GENTLEMEN.—We beg to herewith submit our report as Auditors of the Town Treasurer account for the year ending 12th January 1904.

As the Treasurer did not make up any account we examined the Books, Vouchers etc. etc. and find the receipts and expenditures thus:

RECEIPTS.

Taxes years 1896, 1899, 1900, 1901.....\$ 1014 02
Taxes years 1902..... 1882 32
" " 1903..... 1835 35

Received not entered in

Cash Book..... 331 02
Sale Debentures..... 2000 00
From Health..... 1335 03
" Rent Engine House..... 48 00
" Licenses..... 332 75
" Fines..... 47 00
" Poor Farm..... 389 60
" Scales..... 91 00
" Sewers..... 563 78
" Scott Act..... 894 00
" Town Hall..... 52 00
" Water Works..... 5769 03

Total Receipts..... 33221 00

EXPENDITURES.

Assessors..... 150 00
Bridge Piers..... 595 84
Debentures paid..... 2000 00
Electric Light..... 1438 05
Fire..... 1730 41
Fuel..... 1712 02
Town Hall..... 53 02
Town Hall repairs..... 1927 88
Interest coupon..... 5783 50
Interest Bank..... 460 05
Miscellaneous..... 1133 33
Municipality..... 2403 61
New Services..... 67 07
Police..... 923 20
Poor..... 1136 41
Printing..... 7 25
Public Health..... 119 85
Salaries..... 262 50
Scales..... 4 75
Schools..... 6725 00
Scott Act..... 445 34
Sewers..... 1442 93
Streets..... 1432 91
Team..... 625 20
Water Works Exp..... 3710 20

Total..... \$36291 11

RECAPITULATION 1903.

Expenditures..... \$36,291 11

Receipts..... 33,221 00

Debit, 1903..... 3,070 11

" 1902..... 5,254 00

Checks paid 1903, Orders charged 1902..... 59 12

Debit balance, 1903..... \$8,384 19

BANK ACCOUNT.

Receipts..... \$33,221 00

Deposits in Bank..... \$33,201 42

19 58

\$33,221 00 \$33,221 00

INDEBTEDNESS.

Consolidated Deb. 4 1/2%..... \$ 80,000 00

Sewer " 4%..... 22,200 00

Ordinary " 4 1/2%..... 5,700 00

" " 4%..... 5,400 00

Stand Pipe " 4%..... 9,000 00

Bonus " 4%..... 5,000 00

School " 6%..... 2,350 00

" " 4%..... 3,200 00

Coupon Interest for 1903 unpaid..... 160 50

Bank debit balance..... 8,384 19

Total..... \$141,304 09

COUPON INTEREST FOR 1903 UNPAID.

Ordinary Coupon..... \$ 28 00

Stand Pipe "..... 20 00

Consolidated Coupon 1, 36, 38, 60 and 60..... 112 50

Total..... \$100 50

The shortage of \$2.75 as reported by auditor for 1902 has not been entered up in books. We also find a shortage of \$19.58 in Treasurer's deposits in Bank for 1903. The Treasurer has deposited in the Bank \$22.33 to cover above amounts which will appear in account of 1904.

We find a number of changes made in different assessments after the assessment book was placed in the Treasurer's hands. We do not think the brief memo made in the book opposite these changes is a sufficient voucher. We would suggest that the Council make some regulation when the Treasurer would get a voucher for any change.

Respectfully Submitted,

JOHN S. LEIGHTON,

T. C. L. KETCHUM

Auditors for 1903.

In hay fever the lining membrane of the nose is irritated at first, and this irritation after a time may extend into the chest and so produce an attack of asthma. The fact that this form of asthma is prevalent at a certain period of the year serves to distinguish it from ordinary asthma.

When you want Job Printing of any kind, call at the SENTINEL office.

RECENT DEATHS.

MRS. JAMES HULL.

Mrs. James Hull died early Sunday morning, of consumption. She was the daughter of Stanley Street, who is now a resident of the West. A husband, four brothers and three sisters survive. The funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Doctor Chapman. Within a short time Mr. Hull has been so unfortunate as to lose his wife and three children.

MR. PETER RYAN.

The SENTINEL last week briefly referred to the death of Mr. Peter Ryan, which occurred on April 1st, at the home of his son M. Ryan, in this town. As he was one of the earliest residents in Woodstock, a more extended notice will be read with interest.

Peter Ryan, son of Peter Ryan, Sr., was born in St. John, July 1st, 1819. His father came to Woodstock in 1830, remained a short time, and returned to St. John. In 1832, he again arrived here accompanied by his son, who was thirteen years of age. The father sometime later went to the United States where he died. When Peter Ryan arrived, the town contained but few buildings, and these chiefly south of the Meduxnakead creek. The first Catholic church was erected on the present site, soon after he came to Woodstock, by Father McSweeney from Fredericton, acting on the instructions of the R. C. Bishop.

Mr. Ryan's first schoolmaster was James Upton, son of Squire Upton, and the school house was situated at the corner of the Houlton road; he continued his education under Mr. McCauslin, whose school was just opposite where Connell's Foundry now stands.

In 1835, while yet a school boy, he joined an artillery company under Capt. Wetmore. This was at the time of the second trouble, over the Aroostook boundary, with the United States, and 30 or 40 men were enrolled as artillerymen. A company of cavalry and a company of infantry were enrolled at the same time. After drilling twelve years he retired from the ranks. His services were later, during the Fenian scare, when he was made Lieutenant of a militia company.

He was married here by Father Vereker, in 1852 at the age of 33, to Miss Mary McGrath of Mangerville, who died many years ago. Surrounded by his relatives, who anticipated his every wish, Peter Ryan closed his long life, revered and lamented by all.

At a meeting of Woodstock Division No. 1, A. O. H., held on Wednesday evening of last week, the following resolution was passed by a standing vote:—

Whereas—God in His all-wise providence has removed from this earth the father of our esteemed brother, Marcellus Ryan; and

Whereas—The late Peter Ryan has been a resident of this town for seventy two of the eighty five years of his life, being one of our most respected citizens whose death is sincerely mourned by all, and whose life will be a model to guide all to a blissful life above; be it therefore

Resolved—That Woodstock Division, A. O. H., place on record its appreciation of the virtues of the late Mr. Ryan, and its heartfelt sympathy with his brother in the irreparable loss he has sustained; and further

Resolved—That this resolution be spread on the minutes of the meeting, as a mark of respect to Bro. Ryan on the death of his estimable father.

"Sloyd" at the World's Fair.

New York Educators Make a Splendid Exhibit of This Important Branch.

BY THE COUNTESS DE MONTAIGU.

St. Louis, April 5th.

At the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is an exhibit of sloyd from the New York State Institution for Feeble minded Children most comprehensive and instructive. When one realizes the fact that so great an array of neatly and even artistically made objects are the work of partially developed minds, it is certain to arouse an interest in the subject.

It has been discovered that manual training does much to awaken the sluggish intellect of a child and is extraordinarily successful in the case of mental development for feeble minded children. It is being explained that "Sloyd" is a sort of light carpentering work not too exacting on the strength of growing children and calculated to interest rather than tax them. The name signifies manual dexterity.

The story of how a woman by pluck and energy managed to amass sufficient funds to sail from America to

Sweden and pay her expenses while mastering the industry, will be of interest to everyone. This plucky woman felt that she was made for something better than becoming a needlewoman or a shop girl. She had aspirations above these occupations, and determined to lift herself from her environment. She found that she had a genius for teaching, and determined to master the sloyd system.

Perhaps her skill with her needle was an assistance, for manual dexterity in one line helps in another. Miss Ada Widdrington finally obtained enough money to go to Naas, Sweden, where there is a celebrated school. She went to work with a will.

When Miss Widdrington returned to her native land, she was fully equipped for what she had determined should be her future career.

At first no position was open to her. Quite by chance she found that the management of the New York institution for Feeble Minded Children, hearing of the virtues of sloyd instruction, had decided to introduce the system in their institution. Miss Widdrington was at once installed. After the work had been going on a year, the state board of charities reported that sloyd had done more to awaken the dormant intellect of the boys than anything tried before.

It must not be imagined that sloyd was destined alone for the instruction of the feeble minded, for it has been tried with great success on normal children. At the college for the training of teachers in New York, a course in sloyd is embraced in certain branches. As this is a school for girls it will be perceived that it presumably had a beneficial effect on the training of girls as well as boys, and many of them have done admirable work.

The exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is a valuable object lesson, and thousands of teachers who have but a vague idea of the meaning of "Sloyd" will be enabled to benefit by the examination of the work accomplished by these young unfortunates.

The methods will be intelligently explained. The first rule is that each student make a working drawing of his model before commencing on the mechanical work. From this he makes the completed piece. In the New York institution two hours are given over to sloyd and to many who abhor mental exertion the manual labor seems a recreation to which they look forward with unalloyed pleasure. The tools employed are these in use in light carpentering and cabinet making. They include a work-bench, a vice, knife, spoke shave, marking gauge, slip-board for drawings, bench-hooks, saw, jack-plane, paper block and brush. There are besides bits, braces, clamps and special carving tools.

Easton Centre.

There is considerable moving going on here this spring. Theodore McBride of Littleton has moved his family up to their new home (the Hibbard farm); Mrs. Racelle and daughter, Elva, are moving to Caribou; J. W. McBride has bought the Pipes place.

The schools here closed Friday for a two weeks vacation.

Our pastor, Rev. C. E. Jones, is attending the Eastern Maine Conference at Pittsfield.

Miss Blanche Wass, the high school teacher at Sprague's Mills, spent Saturday and Sunday at the Centre the guest of Mrs. Norman Hibbard.

John McBride gave a party Friday evening in honor of his cousins, Misses Vina Campbell of Richmond and Alice McBride of Littleton, who are visiting there. About thirty were present and the evening was spent with games, music and recitations. All report a good time.

George Gartley has sold his farm to Martin Towle.

Gustin Davis has been laid up for a week with a cold.

Leighton Cronkrite of Centerville, who for the past few months has been in the employ of C. W. Garey, is stopping now with John McBride.

About 11.30 o'clock last Monday evening fire broke out in the hay shed at Easton station used by Mr. Wheeler, and swept away four potato houses; the loss was very heavy.

On the following night the F. B. parsonage was burned to the ground. Part of the furniture was saved.

Potatoes still keep up in price ranging from \$2.25 to \$3 per bbl.

James McBride was at Mars Hill one day last week.

The gypsy moth in Massachusetts, San Jose scale in New York, cotton-boll worm in Texas, grape root worm in the grape belt and the chinch-bug in the grain states! Verily Maine is a favored land.