

We Will Buy

A 50c. Bottle of Ligozone and Give it to You to Try.

Ligozone is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. It is the only way to end the cause of any germ disease. It is also a vitalizing tonic with which no other product can compare.

It is new in America, and millions who need it don't know of it. For that reason, we make this remarkable offer. We will buy the first bottle and give it to you if you need it. We will do this gladly to let the product itself show you what it can do.

We Paid \$100,000

For the American rights to Ligozone—the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. We did this after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, in this country and others. We paid it because Ligozone does what all the skill in the world cannot do without it. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Every physician knows that medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease.

Not Medicine

Ligozone is the result of a process which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. Its virtues are derived solely from gas, made in large part from the best oxygen producers. By a process requiring immense apparatus and

14 days' time, these gases are made part of the liquid product.

The result is a product that does what oxygen does; and oxygen is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. The effects of Ligozone are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Ligozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetable matter. That is why Ligozone kills every disease germ, and with a product which to the human body is life.

Germ Diseases

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Ligozone kills the germs, wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it invariably ends the disease, and forever.

Asthma—Anemia
Bronchitis—Blood Poison
Bowel Troubles—Bright's Disease
Coughs—Croup
Consumption—Cystitis
Dysentery—Diarrhea
Dandruff—Dropsy
Dyspepsia

Hay Fever—Influenza
Kidney Diseases—La Grippe
Leucorrhea—Liver Troubles
Malaria—Neuralgia
Many Heart Troubles—Piles—Pneumonia
Pleurisy—Quinsy
Rheumatism—Skin Diseases
Syphilis—Stomach Troubles
Throat Troubles

Scarcely—Erysipelas
Fever—Cell Stomach
Gout—Gout
Gonorrhea—Gleet
All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrhs—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisonous blood.
In nervous debility Ligozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c. Bottle Free

If you need Ligozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on your local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Ligozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Ligozone costs 50c. and \$1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON
For this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 455-460 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is _____
Liquified Ozone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it.

Give full address—write plainly
C B

Ligozone was formerly known in Canada as Powley's Liquified Ozone.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

(Continued from third page.)
cial organization of the Empire on the basis of such trade preference.

MR. MORRISON.

Mr Morrison said: In rising to second the resolution I wish to say I feel it is one which I am satisfied will meet with the unanimous approval of the House. I congratulate the honorable mover of the resolution on his most animated, able and eloquent address, in which he fully sustained his reputation. The resolution on preferential trade is one broad and deep. It is pleasant indeed to have such a one before the House and I hope and trust there will be no party division. The resolution is very general in its terms and I feel that there ought to be a general principle in binding together the Empire. I have the greatest admiration towards the great statesman who is advocating this policy and holds a very prominent position in the Empire. Commerce is the life of every nation. They all try to make treaties with other nations to extend their trade. It is the pride of every loyal subject that Great Britain has led the trade of the world and it is the desire of all that she shall continue to do so. The eyes of the mother country have gradually been opened to the colonies as markets for her manufactures but colonial trade has not been carried on as much as it is desirable. Canada imports annually millions of dollars worth of goods from foreign markets which ought to come from English markets. Canada produces annually millions of dollars worth of food and farm products for which a market must be obtained. Great Britain is the natural market for these products. The trade between the colonies and the mother land needs stimulation and Mr Chamberlain's scheme of mutual preference seems to fulfil the demand and meet with general approval. Why should not Great Britain grant her colonies a preference as against foreign powers which are her commercial enemies? The colonies have stood by the Empire in the past and will spend their last man and dollar in case of future trouble. Canada has the soil and climate capable of producing such products as are needed by the Empire. The marvels of the

past shall be exceeded by the progress of the future. Let us all labor to strengthen and consolidate the Empire and make it a grand and united whole.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Hon Mr Pugsley—I join in the applause of the whole House of the able and eloquent remarks of the member for Carleton and also those of the member for Northumberland. There is no one in this House who will not heartily approve of the sentiments contained in the resolution, but in my judgment, it does not go far enough. It is silent with regard to a great forward step which the people of Canada have already taken in reference to inter-imperial trade preference. I should be sorry if we should confine our references to preferential trade to what is taking place in England and fail to recognize what has taken place on this side of the Atlantic. A few years ago the people of Canada unsolicited said we will admit British goods to our markets on more favorable terms than those of foreign nations. At the instance of the government the Dominion parliament passed a bill giving British goods a preference of 25 per cent, which was afterwards increased to 33 per cent. Canada did not bargain in this instance but said we recognize what we owe to the mother country and we desire to show our appreciation of her by granting this proof of our regard as a voluntary act.

This preference has produced the most magnificent results. You have only to take up the trade returns and you will see there that since the preference Canada has purchased more largely from Great Britain than before. But the greatest development has been in the other direction, for our export trade to Great Britain has enormously increased. This has been particularly the case in respect to agricultural products, the export of which has more than doubled. This is a very gratifying result and we would not be doing justice to the Dominion Government if we did not add to this resolution some expression of our approval of what Canada has already done for preferential trade. I therefore move that the resolution be amended by adding to it the following words:—

DR. PUGSLEY'S AMENDMENT.

This House also desires to express its approval of the voluntary action of the government and parliament of Canada in extending a preference to the manufactures and products of the motherland, which was a great step forward along the line of imperial unity and afforded most striking proof of the fact that the people of Canada were heartily in sympathy with the movement in favor of inter-imperial trade preference, which in the opinion of this House will be productive of most beneficial results, not only to the mother country, but to all parts of the Empire.

Hon Mr LaBillois seconded the amendment.

MR. HAZEN.

Mr Hazen—I did not have the slightest intention of taking any part in this discussion, nor would I do so now but for the extraordinary conduct of the leader of the House in endeavoring to give a political turn to a resolution which had no such object. I join most heartily in the congratulations to the member for Carleton and also to the member for Northumberland for their most admirable speeches in support of the resolution. It is practically the same resolution which was passed at the colonial conference and it was intended then that it should have been followed up by similar resolutions which were to be passed by the various public bodies and legislatures of the colonies. It was only proper therefore that this resolution should be passed by this House. It is idle to discuss the question of the benefits which would result from a mutual policy of preferential trade between the colonies and the mother country. That will be quite different from the jug handled policy which gives everything and receives nothing in return. I regret that the Attorney General is trying by his amendment to turn this matter to a party advantage and desires to in-cumber the resolution with an amendment which is intended to support the policy of the Government at Ottawa, from which he expects to get money to assist the embarrassed state of the Province. In his most extraordinary speech he has referred to no facts or figures to support the claim with reference to the advantages of the Canadian preference. He says that our trade with Great Britain has increased and that is true enough; but when he says that the preference did it, to what does he attribute the fact that our trade with the United States has increased to a much greater extent? I would ask him how with a tariff that gives

us no advantage in the British market it can be claimed that the preference has increased our exports. The increase of our exports to Great Britain is due to the improvement in business and to the fact that the Canadian farmers are waking up to their opportunities and to the increased productiveness of the Dominion. It is absurd to say that our increased exports are due to a tariff which gives us no advantage in the British market. Give us an advantage in the markets of Great Britain and the result would be an immensely increased volume of trade and we would soon be in a position to supply the United Kingdom with all the bread stuffs and other food products they would require, without having to depend on the United States and Russia.

MR. OSMAN.

Mr Osman—I must congratulate the members for Carleton and Northumberland on their excellent speeches. I have heard them make eloquent addresses before in the Committee on Public Accounts but none so good as the speeches of today. I am heartily in sympathy with the resolution and also with the amendment. I have followed this question with great interest and have sometimes had my hopes raised and at other times depressed. I feel that Mr Chamberlain has made great sacrifices for the sake of preferential trade, but I think he was moved to do so by the government at Ottawa. I hardly think it would be fair for us who are in sympathy with so great a movement to pass this resolution without expressing our approval of the action of the Dominion Government.

HON. MR. HILL.

Hon Mr Hill—This is a subject in regard to which I differ from many persons. This imperial preference has become mixed up with a movement for a closer political alliance with the mother country, involving larger responsibilities and a greater expenditure for military and naval purposes. I think that our present tie to Great Britain is the best possible, because it is loose and elastic. There was a time when the tie was closer, when the governors sent out from England to the colonies were actual rulers and when the people had very little to say in the government of the country. Then Upper and Lower Canada was seething with rebellion, but now since responsible government has been established, the loyalty and attachment of the colonies to the mother country has been manifested in many ways. Witness the thousands of men sent out by the colonies to assist in the war in South Africa and four times as many could have been had if they had been needed. England can depend on the loyalty of her people across the sea. If there was such a feeling in a small war such as that in South Africa what would it be in a struggle in which Great Britain was really in danger. Every man and every dollar that the colonies possessed would be at her service. We are attached to England by the ties of literature and language as well as of nationality. But I do not look with sympathy on the proposal to tax the food of the British working classes for the benefit of Canada. The margin which they have to live on is very small and if their living was made dearer they would suffer. Why should we wish to tax the British working man? It is for our interest that England shall remain prosperous and continue to be the leading manufacturing nation of the world. What are a few cents on a bushel of wheat to a Manitoba farmer? I do not think there is the slightest prospect of the British people accepting Mr Chamberlain's preferential scheme, but I shall vote for the resolution on account of the excellent amendment which will be attached to it.

MR. LOGGIE.

Mr Loggie—I have listened with interest to the addresses on this resolution but I confess that there is one phase of it which I do not approve, the attempt to divide the House on federal party lines. We were not sent here to discuss the whys and wherefores of legislation at Ottawa and I should hesitate to vote on any resolution that would give a color to my federal beliefs. I differ from the member for Charlotte in his view as to the effects of preferential trade, for while the price of bread might be slightly increased the duties on other necessities of life might be lightened. Here we are dealing with a broad principle that ought to commend itself to the House. I do not agree with the leader of the opposition when he characterized the present preference as one sided. I think that it was a master policy but I also think it is not wise for us to draw

A CURE FOR INSOMNIA.

A Well Known St. John Merchant Tells How He Was Freed From This Terrible Trouble.

One of the best known men in St. John, N. B., is Mr G G Kierstead, grocer and general dealer, 641 Main street. Mr Kierstead has an interesting story to tell of failing health, insomnia, and finally renewed strength, which cannot fail to interest others. He says:—"A few years ago I was all run down and failing in health, no doubt due to overwork and shattered nerves. I was unable to sleep at night and found no rest in bed. My life seemed a burden to me and I found no pleasure in anything. I sought medical aid and the physicians who attended me were unable to give me any relief. The doctors differed in their opinion as to my ailment. Finding that I was growing worse, and almost crazed through loss of sleep, I concluded to give up business and go to the country for a rest. Just when I was at my very worst and had almost no desire to live, my wife urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had lost faith in all medicines, but to please my wife I decided to give the pills a trial. I have had reason to be thankful that I did so. Almost from the outset the pills helped me, and I was able to find sleep. I continued their use until I felt perfectly well again. I could sleep as I did in my childhood; I grew healthy and strong and have never known one hour's trouble from that source since. I have no hesitation in saying that I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life, and will always say a good word for them to any who are troubled with sleeplessness." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills work cures like Mr Kierstead's after doctors and common medicines fail because they actually make new, rich blood, and so strengthen all the organs of the body and brace up the nerves. That is the way they cure indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, nervousness, neuralgia, palpitation of the heart, rheumatism and the special ailments that fill the lives of so many women with misery. The genuine pills always have the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around every box. If in doubt write direct to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

distinct party lines here. I was not sent here to pass on the legislation of the Dominion government.

Hon Mr Pugsley—How does it differ from passing an opinion on what they are doing in Great Britain.

Mr Loggie—In Great Britain they have not passed on preferential trade, they have only talked about it. This is a coalition government and we are a coalition opposition and ought not to stand upon party platforms.

MR. COPP.

Mr Copp—I would not have spoken on this subject but for the remark of the member for Northumberland. He says that this is a party question and therefore I will speak upon it as a party man. I was at a meeting of the Board of Trade where a resolution similar to this was passed and I have noticed that these resolutions all emanate from gentlemen belonging to one political party. I cannot see how the mover of this resolution could have thought that it was possible to discuss it without politics. If we are going to take any part in declaring ourselves in favor of preferential trade, it is only fair that we should give credit where it is due. The present Dominion Government not only gave the mother country a preference but they gave it assistance in the war in South Africa. I feel that the Dominion Government has done great things in bringing about preferential trade and therefore I shall vote for the amendment.

Mr Smith—When I proposed this resolution I did not think it would bring on such a serious debate. I think however, that we can afford to adopt this amendment whatever our political faith may be because the preference given by the Dominion Government is a step in the right direction.

The amendment was then put and carried and the resolution as amended was agreed to unanimously.

DR. W. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcer, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Easter Flowers IN ABUNDANCE.

CHOICE ROSE'S, Carnations, Easter Lilies, Calla Lilies, Lily of the Valley, Tulips, Daffodils, Maracassus, Freesias, Violets, &c.

Also fine potted plants of Easter Lilies, Agapanths, Daffodils, Tulips, Crocus and Primroses in full bloom.

Let me book your orders early.

Telephone and Telegraph orders promptly filled.

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YOUR BOY'S OUTFIT FOR \$6.00 AND A WATCH FREE.

THE OUTFIT IS MADE UP AS FOLLOWS:

Single-breasted All-wool TWEED SUIT,	
Dark Check Pattern,	\$4 00
Extra Pair Knee Trousers,	80
Cloth Cap,	35
One pair Heavy All-wool Stockings,	35
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Cut this advt. out, send it to us—giving name of the paper in which you saw it—and enclose \$6.00, and we will send you by express this boy's outfit, any size from 9 to 17 years, and A WATCH FREE.

After you receive it, if you and your friends do not say it is The Best Boy's Outfit you ever saw, we will refund the money, or if it is not as good as you can get from your local dealer or elsewhere for \$8.00, or if it does not please you in every way, you can return it to us at our expense and we will immediately return your money.

We make this extremely low bargain price merely as an advertisement of our Boy's Clothing Department, for we know if we get your order for this that we will not only secure your business, but that of your friends and neighbors as well.

A Watch Free will also be sent as a present to the boy—a splendid Ingersoll Yankee Watch, in perfect running order and a first-class time-keeper, free of charge, and guaranteed by the maker for one year.

Send \$6.00 at once—to-day—and secure this great bargain.

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King Street, } ST. JOHN, N.B.
corner Germain, }

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FARM FOR SALE.

WE have one of the best Farms in Aroostook County for sale, located on the Woodland Centre road, about 4 or 5 miles from Carleton village, containing 220 acres, with about 125 acres cleared and in good condition for crops, the remainder of which is a good hardwood ridge. The buildings on this farm are commodious and modern, being supplied with water from a large cistern on a hill a short distance from the buildings, which is continually filled with water by a large new wind mill, from one of the best wells in the country. The elevation of the cistern is such that there is sufficient force to throw water clear over the top of the buildings. One barn is 42x80 and is clapboarded and painted, the other barn is smaller in size, being only 30x40. There is a large young orchard on this farm just beginning to bear. This farm is located on R. F. D. Route No. 4, and is only about a mile from a public school. Owing to the fact that taxes are very low in the town of Woodland, and that Carleton is one of the best markets in the County, this farm is one of the most desirable. There is no question but what any shrewd farmer can net \$3000.00 a year from the products of this farm. Farms of the above description, for sale, are very scarce, and it behooves those who wish to purchase this to attend to it at once, for it undoubtedly will remain on the list but a short time. For further particulars enquire of

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THE subscriber offers his farm, in Barville, for sale. Good house and large barn, new granary and store house for machinery, with other outbuildings; all in good repairs. Will be sold at a bargain. Part purchase money can remain on mortgage, if desired. The farm is under good state of cultivation; 60 acres cleared.

ROBERT WALLACE,
Sept. 5th, 1903.—14-37.

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OUR usual time for stock taking is end of January. In order to make this work as light as possible we will, as usual, dispose of many lines, especially WINTER GOODS, at Greatly Reduced Prices:

Fur Coats for Men and Women,
Caps, Boas, Muffs, Caparines, &c.;
Robes and Horse Blankets;
Felt Boots for Men and Women;
Overshoes, Lined Gloves, Mittens,
And a thousand other articles.

We want to clear these Goods out, and Bargains will be given.

JOHN T. G. CARR
HARTLAND.

January 6th, 1904.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

ON and after SUNDAY, OCT. 11th, 1903, Trains will run daily, (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Trains Leave St. John.	
No. 6—Mixed for Moncton	6.30
No. 2—Express for Halifax, Sydney, N. S., and Campbellton	7.00
No. 26—Express for Point du Chene, Halifax and Pictou	12.15
No. 4—Express for Moncton and Point du Chene	13.15
No. 8—Express for Sussex	17.10
No. 134—Express for Quebec & Montreal	18.00
No. 16—Express for Halifax & Sydney	23.25

Trains Arrive at St. John.	
No. 9—Express from Halifax & Sydney	6.30
No. 7—Express from Sussex	9.00
No. 135—Express from Montreal & Quebec	13.50
No. 5—Mixed from Moncton	15.20
No. 3—From Point du Chene and Moncton	16.50
No. 25—Express from Halifax & Pictou and Campbellton	17.40
No. 1—Express from Halifax	18.40
No. 81—Express from Moncton, Sunday only	24.35

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D. POTTINGER,
General Manager,

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 9th, 1903.

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MONTREAL.
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