

The Carleton Sentinel.

VOL. 62. No. 9

WOODSTOCK, N. B., FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1910.

WHOLE No. 3203

Invest in A Diamond

¶ The world's famous woman speculator has large sums invested in Diamonds, not for personal adornment, but for speculative purposes.—Diamonds are going up higher and higher every year.

¶ Not only will you drive profit from the constantly increasing value of the gem, but it will give you an air of prosperity and success that will pay.

¶ The Diamond that you want can probably be found in our stock. If not, we can get it for you in 48 hours.

¶ Come in and talk it over.

Marriage Licenses
and
Wedding Rings.

JEWELER
H.V. Gallinger
30 MAIN ST.
WOODSTOCK, N.B.
— OPTICIAN

KODAKS
and
SUPPLIES.

LADIES!

Let us shoulder the drudgery of Wash Day. Why do you stand over the wash tub and break your back, and then go out to the clothes line and probably catch a bad cold, which means a big Doctor's bill in the end.

Send the wash to us. We do it for 4c per pound, which means that all flat work is ironed and all starched goods are starched and ready to iron.

Drop us a card or telephone 8-11 and we will do the rest.

Woodstock Electric Laundry.

BIG CUT

On All Custom Made Tailored Garments
For 39 Days from Date.

Just to keep the full force of hands busy
during the slack season:

\$18.00	SUITS	FOR	\$16.00
20.00	"	"	18.00
22.00	"	"	19.00
24.00	"	"	21.00
27.00	"	"	24.00
30.00	"	"	26.00

Overcoats and Trousers in like
proportion.

TERMS SPOT CASH.

R. B. JONES Co., Ltd.
Manchester House.

Carvell's Open Letter to Hazen on Valley Ry.

Member for Carleton Makes Clear, Reasonable Statement.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—F B Carvell, M P, has addressed an open letter to Premier Hazen dealing with the Valley railway project. In the course of the letter, which is given here in full, Mr Carvell says that if the local government will guarantee the bonds there will not be the slightest difficulty in securing the construction of the line from Grand Falls to St John, to be operated as a part of the I.C.R. The letter is as follows:

Ottawa, Feb. 23, 1910.

Hon. J D Hazen, Fredericton, N B:
Dear Mr Hazen,—I have been somewhat surprised in reading the report of a speech made by you at the opening of the legislature last Thursday, in which you complain that Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave his answer to the operation of the proposed St John Valley Railway by the Intercolonial through myself and not direct to the local government. I had seen statements of this kind in the papers supporting your government before the opening of the legislature, but considered them as mere idle gossip.

Let me point out to you the history of this matter from the beginning, and I think you will agree with me that the premier took the only course open to him under all the circumstances.

First, some influential gentleman of York and Carleton counties conceived the idea that more railway facilities were necessary for the development of the country, and a meeting was held at the town of Woodstock in which it was agreed to ask your government to guarantee the bonds of a railway, not naming the exact terminals, to the extent of \$25,000 per mile.

This was followed by other meetings at different points along the river, and the day on which your legislature met last year a delegation waited upon you asking that you agree to their proposal. You asked them to see what could be done in Ottawa, and J T Allan Dibble, of Woodstock, wired me to that effect, to which I replied stating that the federal government had already voted subsidies to the extent of \$6,400 per mile from Grand Falls to St John.

You then asked the delegation to give you a fortnight's time for consideration, and when they returned you requested that they should go to Ottawa and see if the federal government would agree to operate the road as a part of the Intercolonial system, and if so you would guarantee the bonds to the amount requested.

Up to this time there was no such thing in existence as the St John Valley Railway Company, although I believe a bill was then pending before the legislature having its creation in view. This delegation consisted of representatives of different bodies, including municipal, town, city, Boards of Trade and other interested parties from Grand Falls to St John. I was invited to go with them as one of their number, and adjourned an important law suit in which I was engaged in St John, and went with the sole purpose of helping them present the case before the government, which I did to the best of my ability, and also introduced all the other speakers representing the different bodies composing the delegation.

So far as I am aware, no communication has ever been addressed by your government or any member thereof to the federal government. Neither has any communication been addressed by the federal government to your government. There has been some correspondence between the Minister of Public Works, who is certainly the proper official so far as the government is concerned, being the minister representing the province in the federal government, with the president and secretary of the railway company; all of which I presume has been forwarded to you. There have also been a number of communications from you to the company which in turn have been forwarded to the minister.

As a member of the delegation I pressed the federal government for a favorable reply at the time, and continued to do so down to about four weeks ago, when I received a letter from Sir Wilfrid Laurier on Monday, the 31st day of January, last. On Thursday of that week I read this letter at a public meeting in Woodstock in the presence of the Hon. Mr Fleming, whom I considered to be the member of your government most directly interested in the proposition, and I can assure you that the document itself was in Mr Fleming's hands for his inspection. The next day I mailed this letter to Mr C Fred Chestnut, the president of the St John Valley Railway Company, with instructions to make whatever use of it he thought best. Now, will you please tell me to whom this letter could have been

sent other than some member of the delegation which waited upon the government? and who would be a more proper member than the spokesman thereof?

I presume that you are aware that the St John Valley Railway Company, as such presented no memorial to the federal government at the time of the interview in April last, and asked nothing excepting as individual members of the delegation.

No written or verbal proposition of any kind has ever been presented to this government by them up to this date, and it seems inconceivable under these circumstances that you should expect a communication from the federal government, much less object to their answer being conveyed to the railway company through one of the members of the delegation. I feel assured on further consideration of this question you will perceive the true state of affairs, and withdraw whatever seeming objection you may have to Sir Wilfrid's course.

In closing, let me assure you of the great anxiety which I entertain regarding this very important undertaking, and I wish to assure you that I will most heartily do anything in my power to bring about the completion of this work. I am satisfied from information which I have received within the last two weeks that with a bond guarantee of \$25,000 per mile and a federal subsidy of \$6,400 per mile, there will not be the slightest difficulty in securing the construction of this great work, and feel that it only requires energetic action on your part to secure the immediate success of the undertaking. Believe me,

Sincerely yours,
F. B. CARVELL.

Laymen's Missionary Movement.

The Laymen's Missionary Movement is planning a series of meetings for the Maritime Provinces from April 3rd to 15th.

Secretary Caskey of the Inter-Denominational Office in Toronto, with several of the Denominational Secretaries, will be in St John, March 12th, and from that time on will give their time exclusively to preparations for the meetings in this section.

They are already in correspondence with the Clergy and Laymen at different points, and anticipate holding meetings at the following centres; provided the Laymen and Clergy at these points desire the meetings:—

April 3, 4, 5, St John.
" 5, 6, St Stephen & Moncton.
" 6, 7, Fredericton & Chatham
" 7, 8, Woodstock & Campbellton
" 10, 11, 12, Halifax.
" 12, 13, Kentville & Truro.
" 13, 14, Amherst & New Glasgow.
" 14, 15, Sydney, N Sydney & Charlottetown.

There will be a two day session at each place, opening with a supper the first night, and a Conference the second day to Methods of Work in the Community and the Individual Congregation.

It is expected that in addition to the Laymen's Secretaries there will be one or more Laymen from both Montreal and Toronto, as well as representatives of the Movement from St John and Halifax, who will assist in the meetings.

It is expected that the points where meetings are not held will arrange to send delegates to the centre that is nearest them, in order to carry the enthusiasm of the meetings back to their own Parish, as has been done all through Ontario and the Western Provinces.

Obituary.

Abraham Brewer an old and respected citizen died at his home, Birdton, York Co. of heart trouble on Tuesday of this week, age 78 years. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife, four sons, William, Birdton George, Cardigan Emmerson, Canon City, Colorado; Abram of this town; four daughters, Mrs Alonzo Jones, Burt's Corner, Keswick; Mrs Chas Oliver, Mrs Thos McLean and Mrs George Lee of this town. The funeral service was on Thursday at Keswick.

Wheat Grinding

Customers from distant points may rest assured that they will get their grists home with them, as our Flour Mill has a capacity of 125 barrels a day, and we run it nights, when necessary to keep the mill clear all the time. Centreville Roller Mills, C M SHERWOOD, Limited, proprietors.

A Few Suggestions to People Interested in Scott Act Work.

Having for some time past (practically since the Scott Act came into effect), been a worker for its interest, I cannot but notice the littleness of the people who say they are in favor of Scott Act Law. For instance: In some of our villages we have men who insist that liquor is a necessity for personal use, and those people have on an average two gallons per week. If the average man can or does drink two gallons per week, he is not fit to attend to business for himself or anybody else, according to medical law; but that is the way they have to clear the law. Two gallons per week for personal use. Now the real and only thing you can figure out is this: A B C chip in together and make up the sum required to buy two gallons of the "Indian Firewater." They carry it to M D, who sends it to St John or some other wholesale point and in due time there arrives, "my jug." He goes and gets the package and delivers the stuff, then they have what they call a good time a "quality drunk." Go up and down the streets, whooping like the ancient Jesse James band. Some of the above A B C D who has an eye to business gently trade a few bottles with some laborer for a few days work, and charge his whiskey up as "tobacco," "mittens" or "merchandise."

If a man is caught and brought to justice, convicted, and for some reason, known only to himself, pays out his fine in jail; then when the bill comes out before the Council, there arises the kick "spending the people's money to keep a man in jail." Let some hungry child steal a loaf of bread to keep life in his little body, or a coat to keep warm, or a pair of shoes for sister's feet on the snow, while the father of both children spend their week's pay for the jug "for personal use," you will find that there has been a warrant issued for the arrest of the thief, and you will hear the officers telephoning all over the country a description of the thief. He is finally caught, tried, convicted to prison for a period of years, perhaps, and the father still sending for his jug "for personal use."

All this expense is charged up to the County. No kick whatever. But to spend money to keep a rumrunner in jail. No sir! Look, you; this same rumrunner is a greater criminal than the child who stole the coat. Does the rumrunner not take the father's money for the stuff, adulterated with drugs and poison until it will kill? Snakes make that stuff which is of no value whatever? Is he not stealing, and that on a large scale? But you must not spend money to stop him, oh, no.

Gentlemen, just think of your present law. You must not spend money to stop the rumrunner, unless you first get it out of our rum cellars and deposit your money in the treasury. If a man is caught on first or second offence and he can get clear with \$50.00 dollars, or sixty days in jail, you are paying him good wages, for the majority when caught, have someone else to take their place who sell out what is on hand, and you will find they always have more in transit. He is getting the people's money. Why not give your officers the power to not only take the man, but the goods as well, and make him pay his fines as well as take a term in jail, and make him do ten hours work on your sewers or sidewalks or some other public work.

Now this jug that comes for personal use (and they say they cannot live without it) let this individual go to a doctor and let the doctor prescribe if he believes the person needs such stuff, but prescribe for a certain quantity, if not, let him go without.

There are men who never drink and live just as long as the "personal use" man. Or let each town have a licensed bar open to the public for certain hours to sell in stated quantities and to sell to no one under eighteen years of age, to have the bar in public view, not down cellar or in the back office. This will stop the personal use man from getting two gallons per week.

Only just the other day I was talking to a man who said "why look here I can prove that liquor saved a man's life." Very good, I can prove that a glass of salts saved a man's life. If you think that it will save your life to drink a glass before breakfast, two before dinner, another before supper, and one going to bed, just try it.

Give some officer authority to board a train at any point and take all liquor that is being shipped to a Scott Act County. By and by the "personal use" man will take a tumble that he is spending too much time and money to stand and see the train leave or come in without getting his personal use jug, and he won't die either.

Yours respectively,
G W GERRY.

Professional.

Dr. A. Pierce Crockett, eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, of St John, will be at the Aberdeen Hotel, Woodstock, (not the Carlisle as formerly) on Friday, March 11th, where he may be consulted professionally.

Asks Americans to Release Kelly.

British Ambassador Takes Up Case of Carleton Co. Man

CARVELL ACTIVE.

Counsel for Convicted Man Forwards Affidavits That New Brunswick Was Not on United States Territory When Arrested and Taken to Portland.

The Woodstock Correspondence to the St John Telegraph—Considering the legal machinery necessary in such cases the abduction case of William Kelly, of Richmond, (N B.) is moving along quite rapidly. Your correspondent has read all correspondence in connection therewith. Kelly's lawyer, F B Carvell, M P, having secured several affidavits from eye witnesses to prove that Kelly was arrested on Canadian territory and forcibly removed to Houlton, (Me.) had them promptly presented to Hon Chas Murphy, secretary of state for Canada who took the matter up with British Ambassador Bryce at Washington.

Mr Bryce's letter to the United States Secretary of State Knox gives the facts of the case, asks that the affidavits be examined and requests that Mr Kelly be released immediately from the federal prison in Atlanta, (Ga.) where, two weeks ago, he was taken to serve a sentence of fourteen years for assault upon Customs Officer Burns. He also states that the question of compensation to Kelly for damages will be taken up later.

The reply of Hon Mr Knox, it is expected, will be received soon.

WASHINGTON LOOKING INTO MATTER.

Washington, Feb 26—About ten days ago the British ambassador, in a communication to the state department, said that representations had been made to him that William Kelly had forcibly been taken by American officers from Canada

across the line into Maine. The ambassador requested the state department to ascertain the facts and acquaint him with them. Pending investigation he made no demand for Kelly's release.

The state department had referred the request to the department of justice, which is now making an enquiry through its special agents. Meanwhile the coast and geodetic survey has supplied a map showing the exact location of the boundary line to assist in their investigation.

SAYS KELLY WAS ARRESTED ON AMERICAN SOIL.

Portland, Feb 27—United States District Attorney Robert T Whitehouse, who conducted the prosecution of William Kelly, the Richmond, N B, man, in whose behalf Ambassador Bryce has made representations to the state department that Kelly was arrested on Canadian soil, said tonight that it could be proven absolutely that the man was taken into custody in Maine.

Kelly was convicted of assault upon Deputy United States Marshal F W and two indictments for smuggling and sentenced to fourteen years in the federal prison at Atlanta, to which he has since been committed.

The question of where he was arrested was not raised at the trial, but Attorney Whitehouse says that the government has maps, photographs and reliable witnesses to show that Kelly was in this country when arrested.

Mr Chas F Gallagher paid St John a visit last week, arriving home on Saturday afternoon.

Mr Clares Jones who has been spending some months with relatives and friends in Boston, Mass, arrived home yesterday.

Harry J Smith of this place leaves today for Vancouver, B C to spend the summer.

Much sympathy is expressed here for the family and relatives of Chalmers W Brittain, of Bristol, who so suddenly met his death at that place yesterday. Mr Brittain was well known here and his many friends regret his untimely death.

Sheriff Tompkins of Woodstock was in the village on Tuesday last.

Andover.

John E Stewart returned on Saturday from a weeks trip to Boston on business. He left again on Monday for Fredericton.

Wm Hetherington died at his home at Aroostook Jct, on Saturday night from tuberculosis. He had been ill for some time. He leaves three children, an aged father, a brother and a married sister, his wife predeceased him about three years ago. The funeral took place on Monday, from the Episcopal Church of which he was a member.

The Hartland Basket Ball team are to play a match game with Andover, Wednesday evening in Beveridges Hall.

Joe E Porter and Alex Henderson returned on Friday from Fredericton, where they attended the Farmer's and Dairyman's Association.

Last Tuesday evening the Book Lover's Club met with Mrs John E Stewart and after the Election of Officers and other business was over a three course supper was served and the Club had a Merry evening. Mrs Kupke was re-elected President; Mrs Spike Secretary.

Mr Meagher, inspector of schools is at Murphy's Hotel.

F B Carvell is a guest at Deonue Hotel while attending Court here.

Mr Wm Hoyt is quite ill with La Grippe. The Ladies of the Baptist Sewing Circle had a very successful food sale at the M S Sutton, hardware store on Saturday afternoon. Something over ten dollars was made.

Miss Isabel Ogilvy and Miss Ida Topham visited the Ogilvy Bros camps on Gulguc returning last Monday.

Mr John Ogilvy spent Sunday at Mrs Wm Johnson's. X Y Z.

Public notice is hereby given through the Sentinel that Mrs Clarence Ryer, of Blaine, Me, only daughter of the Rev C H Orser, is now confined to her bed, and is not expected to live much longer. She has tuberculosis of the lungs. We are sorry to be obliged to send out this notice and hope that our friends will remember us, and pray that we may be reconciled to our present affliction, as allowed by our Heavenly Father. O H ORSER.

Subscribe for the Carleton Sentinel.