

The Carleton Sentinel.

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WOODSTOCK, N. B., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1910

WHOLE No. 3238

The Blue Front Jewelry Store.

November Birthstone

"Who comes to this world below
With drear November's fog and snow,
Should prize the Topaz' amber hue—
Emblem of friends and lovers true."

¶ The modern Topaz was known to the ancients by some other name, but that it was employed by them as a gem stone is evident from Greek intagli of a very early period, which have come down to the present day.

The origin of the word topaz has been ascribed to topaza, signifying "to guess."

¶ The topez of commerce generally is of an amber color, but is known to mineralogists as being found in many colors. A white species from Brazil has often been sold for diamond.

¶ Chrysanthemum is the November flower.

Marriage Licenses
and
Wedding Rings.

JEWELER
H. V. Balling
30 MAIN ST.
WOODSTOCK, N.B.
— OPTICIAN

KODAKS
and
SUPPLIES.

Vacuum Cleaner to Rent

An excellent way to Clean Carpets in the Fall, thus saving the necessity of taking them off the floors. Apply at the

Woodstock Electric Laundry.

Underwear At a Bargain

We have a few odd lines of MEN'S SHIRTS and DRAWERS which we offer at LESS THAN COST to clear. These lines were

Regular \$1.00 to \$1.65 BARGAIN PRICE 72c Per Garment.

In the broken lines of sizes in SUITS, SWEATERS and CAPS, the Price is CUT IN HALF

BOYS' BRACES 19c. Buy them—Try them.

Merchant
Tailoring.

R. B. JONES CO., Ltd.
MANCHESTER HOUSE

Buttons
Covered

OUR AIMS ARE IN EXTENSION TO ALL.

DRUMMOND-ARTHABASKA.

The by-election in Drummond-Arthabaska, which has resulted in the success of the Nationalist candidate after a campaign of unusual violence and one calculated to cause men to ponder anew several of the issues involved. In the first place, the strident cries of triumph from certain Conservative journals are without warrant, for this is in no sense a Conservative victory, and if it were, these eager gentlemen should remember that one such swallow would not by any means make a Conservative summer. Our Conservative friends have been so long without any crumb of political comfort that it was to be expected an event of this character would cause them to become somewhat hysterical. That they are more hysterical than the event could possibly warrant is also not unexpected, for that is their habit.

As between Liberals and Conservatives the defeat of the government candidate in Drummond-Arthabaska is of no such significance as Conservative newspapers are attempting to attach to it; for there was no Conservative candidate in the field, and no Conservative orator or newspaper of respectable standing in this country dared during the campaign, or will not dare, to sanction the utterances of the Nationalist candidate who has been elected, or of the madmen who sought to elect him by playing upon the prejudice of a majority of the electors in that constituency in a fashion so disgraceful, so cruel, and so unpatriotic, as to give offence to all truth-loving and loyal Canadians of whatever creed or race.

Whatever excuse there may be for Conservative rejoicing in this loss of a single seat to the government, the campaign must have made it clear that Mr. Borden could not afford to continue an alliance with Mr. Monk. His Quebec lieutenant, let alone with Mr. Bourassa whose campaign represents a studied attempt to drive a dangerous wedge into united Canada. As between Liberals and Conservatives, again, the by-election does not foreshadow any change in Quebec in the next general election. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has lost a seat, but when Quebec, in a general contest, is called upon to choose between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Monk, or Mr. Bourassa, there will be no uncertainty in its verdict. There is, in fact, little reason to believe today that the Opposition will be able to carry more seats in Quebec in the next general contest than it carried in the last.

What most men will be asking as a result of this by-election is how far the Nationalist movement is to be carried, and how much strength Mr. Bourassa will develop during the next few years. It must be said that in some respects this is rather a grave question. For if it should become evident in the near future, or in years to come, that Mr. Bourassa could build up in Quebec a formidable party committed to such opinions and such strivings as those to which he gave a violent voice in Drummond-Arthabaska of late, undoubtedly there would spring up in Canada, spontaneously, an overwhelming electorate determined to check or to crush any such movement by whatever means might seem to be necessary. And it would be a most lamentable thing if matters should ever come to pass in Canada.

From Confederation down, peace and unity have only been retained through willingness on all sides to give and to take, through the leadership of men of broad and liberal views, through the general patriotic desire that Canadians should be a united people working out a glorious destiny in an Empire of freemen. Mr. Bourassa faces toward the past. Those who have opposed him look to the rising sun. And one by-election, whatever it may be thought to mean by some, cannot mean this one thing of all others—that a progressive country is about to become reactionary, that Canadians are willing to resurrect the old idols of the Ultramontanes and the Bourbons, the able are willing to follow any leader however eloquent or talented

who rides toward the sunset instead of toward the glowing political east. In Drummond-Arthabaska's prejudice has done its worst; but it by no means follows that prejudice can continue to repeat the performance in a country of enlightened people, or that in Quebec province Mr. Monk through his unholy alliance with Mr. Bourassa, can turn the hands of the clock backward. The enlightened sentiment of the whole country will revolt against any such idea, and that enlightened sentiment finds a voice and a leader in Sir Wilfrid Laurier, admirably adapted for dealing with the situation of this kind in Quebec, delicate as it may be and fraught to some extent with danger to the public welfare. It is to Mr. Borden's discredit that he did not seize an early opportunity to repudiate Mr. Monk when he recognized that his lieutenant was stirring the fires of racial and religious hatred in Quebec. It is to his discredit that he has not openly repudiated the doings and the sayings of Mr. Bourassa. It is to his discredit that he has suffered his party, even indirectly, to profit by such a debauch of passion as these leaders produced in the constituency from which the country has just heard so astonishing a pronouncement. It may be claimed for Mr. Borden, perhaps, that he should derive a sort of negative credit because he has not openly endorsed the firebrand views of either Mr. Monk or Mr. Bourassa in this instance; but if he is to command the respect of the country he must during the coming session make it clear that his Canadianism and his Imperialism are of a type too honorable to take advantage of any gain that might accrue from such guerrilla warfare as Messrs. Monk and Bourassa have carried on during the last few weeks.

It is the fashion in some quarters to predict darkly of Quebec. They do the French-Canadians an injustice and they are forgetful of Canadian history, who now imagine that Mr. Bourassa can lead these people into deep waters as the prophets have in mind. Even more mad are those Conservative prophets who are building a victory for Mr. Borden upon the sad and diminutive structure formed by the result of this by-election. If the political signs of the times are read coolly by unprejudiced men they will be seen to foreshadow more surely than anything else an overwhelming victory for Sir Wilfrid Laurier when next he goes to the country.—Telegraph.

GENERAL BOARD OF MISSIONS OF THE METHODIST CHURCH

We are greatly indebted to Rev. Dr. Creighton, editor of the Christian Guardian, who so kindly at the suggestion of the Board sent us an advance copy of the proceedings as they will appear in The Guardian.

Our space will not allow us to publish it in full, but we give the substance of what has not already appeared in our Columns, and what of our reported figures need correction.

The Board was in session from Oct. 13th to 19th, both inclusive. It is composed of 5 members, of whom 6 are corresponding members. Only 6 were absent and the deliberations were of an unusually interesting and important character.

The Board voted in all the sum of \$718,230 for the mission work of the church for the coming year, which sum was divided up among the departments as follows:—

For the Home Work.....	\$268,288
For the Foreign Work.....	293,440
For the Young People's Forward Movement	15,500
For Miscellaneous projects	80,802
For the Home Department.....	40,000
For the Foreign Department.....	19,700
Additional Appropriation	19,700

Total

\$719,210
It has been the custom of the Board for the past few years to appropriate each year about \$50,000 in advance of the income of the previous year. The total income, however, for 1909-10 was \$599,643.95, so that the appropriation for the work of the coming year exceeds the income of the past year by the sum of

Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The Kingship of true manhood, on his brow
Is written large. Time's hand has failed to trace
Aught but the noblest on his kindly face;—
So well remembered—ne'er revered as now.

His eyes hold quenchless fires that never fade;
With the prophetic vision of the seer,
He dreams his dream, interpreting it clear;
And smiles, where lesser souls would be afraid.

His voice holds music for the multitude;
His silver speech has all the power to sway,
That ever won for him the triumph-way,
Among the disaccord of Party feud.

As leaders must be—oft misunderstood
He went his way, but kept his soul serene;
And through the years his steadfast aim has been,
His country's welfare and her greatest good.

Before the naked gaze of all the world,
The man in him has played a splendid game;
Well has he won the laurels of his fame,
Beneath the flag he never yet has furled.

He viewed the mighty nations of the earth,
And measured issues with unerring skill;
With broad-gauged judgment he pursued his will,
And nourished vital hope to joyous birth.

Truth lit for him a bright propitious star,
Whose light shines round him that all men may see
How Duty can attain a dignity,
The meaner motives have no power to mar.

Not as the leader of a party creed,
Greet we him now from East to farthest West;
But rather as a welcome, honored guest;—
Each heart can offer him no less a meed.

Let factions fade before the larger thought;—
Here is a man, who, for his country's weal
Has striven to achieve his own ideal,
And in the van has ever fairly fought.

For Canada we claim him as our own,
And lift on high the vintage in the bowl;
Pledging the courage of the stronger soul
That fears and faints not, and can stand alone.

Miss Blanche E. Holt Murison in the Fruit Magazine.

TOWN COUNCIL

Council Orders Writ's to be Issued for Unpaid Taxes.

The regular monthly meeting of the Town Council was held Monday Evening. Mayor Jones occupied the chair and all the members of the council, with Town Clerk Hartley, were present. The monthly financial report showed receipts amounting to \$1533.56 with disbursements of \$2201.99. The Treasurer reported an overdraft at the Bank at the first of the month of \$3470.04 which has since been reduced by \$456.00. The report for the past ten months was also read. This report showed receipts of \$32,547.04 and expenditure of \$34,390.57.

Councillor Watson reported that he had not been able as yet to secure the title for the land which the town was now using as a dump but thought that it would be forthcoming in a short time. Councillor Allingham said that the work on the retaining wall being built on the south side of the creek was now finished and it was necessary that the work of filling in be proceeded with at once. He moved, seconded by Coun. Fisher that tenders be called for the filling and that the committee have power to accept tenders and that the work be done at once. Carried.

Councillor Hagerman drew attention to the bad condition of the crossing and this drew out the information that the town does not own a gravel pit and that at the present moment it is next to impossible to get gravel fit to put on the crossings.

Councillor Hagerman gave notice of a motion to add to the by-laws prohibiting spittings on the streets and in public places.

The accounts for the month were passed and the council adjourned until tonight.

THE WEIGHT OF POTATOES.

The Committee appointed at the meeting of the Agricultural Society waited on Mr. Carvell Tuesday and asked that the influence of Mr. Carvell be used at Ottawa for the reduction of the weight of a barrel of potatoes. Mr. Carvell agreed with the delegation that the weight should be reduced and told them that the matter was before the House last year but had been sidetracked. He hoped however to get it up and satisfactorily settled at the coming session.