

F. B. CARVELL M. P.

(Continued from page five.)
and country that at that time he was wrong, that no emergency existed, that he did not know what he was talking about but was only trying to get away from the position he had taken eight or nine months before, and, therefore, we must not blame the Minister of Public Works (Mr. Monk) for differing with him, that the Minister of Public Works was nearer right than he. Such is the position to which the leader of the government of Canada is reduced I suppose that, a year from now, he will say he was wrong in issuing his manifesto in September, 1911. In that manifesto he said:

"I hold that the plan of the government contemplates the creation of a naval force that will be absolutely useless in time of war, and therefore of no practical benefit to Canada or to the empire. It will cost immense sums of money to build, equip and maintain. It will probably result in time of war in the useless sacrifice of many valuable lives, and it will not add one iota to the fighting strength of the empire. The more it is considered, the more does it become evident that the whole naval plan of the government is an unfortunate blunder."

I hope that my hon. friend, within the next year will come forward and say he was wrong then. It may be asking too much, but it is just possible that he may come to his senses and recall all these statements, and do what I have already said to be the manly thing, that is, to start in to build our navy for ourselves. But can he do this with the present Minister of Public Works in his government? Can he do this so long as he is under the control of the Nationalist party of Quebec? I submit that it is impossible for him to do it. His own common sense must have shown him by this time that it was not reasonable to ask for a contribution towards the imperial navy, because he admits that there was no emergency. He tells us that he has mailed his colours to the mast, that he cannot take the Liberal policy and build a navy because it would be a useless waste of money, and might lead to the useless sacrifice of lives. What then is he going to do? If he listens to the Nationalists of Quebec he will do just what we have always told him he would do—nothing. That is what he is driven to. And that is why I object to the inclusion of these gentlemen in his government; that is why the Liberal party object, and why, I believe, the loyal people of Canada will object, to the inclusion of these men in the Prime Minister's government—because the end will be that nothing will be done.

I had the pleasure of discussing this matter with people of all shades of politics in the old country last summer. While I admit that I was not able to discuss it with every politician, yet I met many of them

both Unionist and Liberal; and I must say I did not meet a single Unionist who did not tell me that the policy that Canada ought to adopt was the very policy that we had decided upon. It is true, many of them said we should have gone further. That is my own opinion. Had I had my own way in its entirety, our policy would have gone further, and would have included a Dreadnought or a complete fleet unit. But the difference is only a matter of degree. My idea was, as the Minister of Trade and Commerce (Mr. Foster) said that we should start by obtaining training ships, and so the government of Canada is reduced to the position to which the leader of the government of Canada is reduced I suppose that, a year from now, he will say he was wrong in issuing his manifesto in September, 1911. In that manifesto he said:

"I hold that the plan of the government contemplates the creation of a naval force that will be absolutely useless in time of war, and therefore of no practical benefit to Canada or to the empire. It will cost immense sums of money to build, equip and maintain. It will probably result in time of war in the useless sacrifice of many valuable lives, and it will not add one iota to the fighting strength of the empire. The more it is considered, the more does it become evident that the whole naval plan of the government is an unfortunate blunder."

The hon. gentleman (Hon. R. L. Borden) intimates that we will have a plebiscite. But think of handing over a great matter of policy such as this to a plebiscite which may mean nothing, and which certainly will not bring out one-half, even if it brings out one-quarter of the vote

of Canada. My hon. friend knows that the scheme is unworkable. He knows he will not satisfy the people of this country in this way. He knows that he will place Canada in a position of humiliation in which she never need be placed. It is a scheme which, I believe he will regard, on full consideration, as ill advised, and, therefore, not to be carried out.

For my part, I am a firm believer in the policy adopted by the right hon. gentleman (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) who leads the opposition, and by the Liberal party, the policy of building our own navy. I believe we have reached the time in our history when it is our duty to adopt whatever means may be necessary to protect ourselves and to render to the mother country in time of danger whatever assistance it may be possible for us to render. We know that it is possible to do something in the way of training soldiers on short notice, for we have had experience of that in the past. But we know also that such a course is impossible in the case of naval defence. We know that naval defence involves the employment of trained, technical officers and seamen. A horde of untrained men on board a man-of-war would be worse than useless. Therefore, if we are going to do anything, we must commence somewhere, and I do not think we can commence a day too soon.

There is another side to the question—the moral effect which the building of a navy by ourselves will have upon the rest of the world. This is worth more to us than all the millions of dollars we should contribute even if we were to adopt the policy of contributing \$25,000,000 now and \$25,000,000 two or three years hence. The sending out of a few thousand men to South Africa to take part in the war there brought about results that will outlast the life of any man in this building. By that course we placed Canada in a position which no money contribution could have secured for us. We not only increased our national spirit, but we compelled the admiration of the people of the empire generally. Even considering it on the low basis of money value alone, we have got back in the last ten years a hundredfold what it cost us.

By pursuing that course with respect to the navy, we will place ourselves in a much better position than we occupy at the present time. In my opinion, the amendment of the leader of the opposition is well advised, and I hope the leader of the government and his friends will take this matter to heart, and will accept the amendment, and that we may then go on our way in the development of the policy inaugurated by the late government, taking the manly course of making a start, building a navy, so that if the need ever arises, we may be in a position to do our share in the defence of Canada and the defence of the empire.

An English Chemist has Discovered How to Grow Hair

In England the ladies have entirely abandoned wearing hats, which is due entirely to this new discovery.

It has been proven that Henna leaves contain the ingredients that will positively grow hair. That they contain this long-looked-for article is proven every day.

The Americans are now placing on the market a preparation containing the extract from Henna leaves, which is having a phenomenal sale. This preparation is called SALVIA, and is being sold with a guarantee to cure dandruff and to grow hair in abundance. Being daintily perfumed, SALVIA makes a most pleasant hair dressing. The Medical Hall your druggist, is the first to import this preparation into Woodstock, and a large generous bottle can be purchased for 50c.

China's new Cabinet is said to be a mixed affair, including "several curious appointments." In that respect Premier Yuan Shih Kai and Premier R. L. Borden are on a par.

THIN HAIR ON TOP

If Parisian Sage, the hair grower that E. W. Mair guarantees, will not cause that to grow where the hair is thinning out, nothing on this earth will.

And we say to everybody, you can have your money back if Parisian Sage isn't the best hair grower, hair saver, hair beautifier and dandruff cure on the market to-day.

It stops itching scalp and falling hair and makes hair grow thick and abundantly, or money back. Fifty cents for a large bottle. Parisian Sage makes the hair soft and brilliant and promotes growth.

FAULTLESS IN PREPARATION.—Unlike any other stomach regulator or Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of long study of vegetable compounds calculated to stimulate the stomachic functions and maintain them at the normal condition. Years of use have proved their faultless character and established their excellent reputation. And this reputation they have maintained for years and will continue to maintain, for these pills must always stand, at the head of the list of standard preparations.

If one be troubled with corns and warts, he will find in Holloway's Corn Cure an application that will entirely relieve suffering.

Dr. Schmidt of Cologne, Germany, has applied for the Italian Marconi prize of \$20,000 offered to the one who would discover a cure for cancer. Dr. Schmidt claims that he can prove that he has been successful in curing forty cases by means of his remedy.

When going away from home, or at any change of habitat, he is a wise man who numbers among his belongings a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. Change of food and water in some strange place where there are no doctors may bring on an attack of dysentery. He then has a standard remedy at hand with which to cope with the disorder, and, forearmed he can successfully fight the ailment and subdue it.

Wm. J. Cummins, recent directing head of the Carnegie Trust Company, was on Monday found guilty at New York, of theft of \$150,000 from the Nineteenth Ward Bank.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THEY PREFER NEW BRUNSWICK

Bishop Richardson's remarks in his address at the recent missionary congress with reference to the desertion of the farm lands in this province and the lack of enthusiasm and enterprise on the part of New Brunswick farmers caused considerable discussion among the delegates, and nearly all expressed hearty approval of his views. Two young men who have spent some years in other parts of Canada and have made agriculture their life work were particularly enthusiastic regarding what his lordship said of neglected opportunities.

Bedford Hartt, registered from Jacksonville, Carleton county, with his father runs a big farm in that locality. Some years ago he went west and homesteaded a quarter section, making good his claim to the 160 acres. Then he rented the new farm and returned to New Brunswick and this is his testimony: "I am glad that I am running my New Brunswick farm this year," he said, "rather than my quarter section in Alberta for I believe my crops will be worth more in this province. Last year in what is considered the most fruitful part of Alberta south of the Bow river, there was not a bushel of oats raised in the whole township in which my land is situated, all killed by drought. This year in Northern Alberta, in the Hardisty section, Charles Richardson and family who went out from Newburg Junction, Carleton county, had all their wheat frozen on July 17, and the large acreage of grain was so absolutely useless that the farmers set fire to it in the stalk and burned off their fields.

"These are some of the things which must be counted when one is considering making one's home in the West."

John Woods, from Welsford, Queens county, and for a time he was superintendent of a fruit farm in the Niagara district, following a course in the Ontario Agricultural College. He has been back in New Brunswick now for more than two years and is looking about for a suitable place to purchase. He has great faith in the fruit raising possibilities of the province believing that with the absence of pests and with the weather conditions to be relied upon, parts of this province cannot be surpassed.

"It is not very encouraging for a beginner in the Niagara peninsula," he said, "to be asked from \$20,000 to \$40,000 for a moderate sized farm and not less than \$100 an acre for uncleared, undrained land. There is no better life for a young man than for him to start on a farm in New Brunswick, within reasonable distance of transportation facilities and markets."

Mr. Hartt pointed out what the

BEWARE OF BLOOD-POISON

ZAM-BUK IS A SURE CURE.

Mr. Jas. Davey, of 786 Ellice Ave., Winnipeg, says:—"A few months since I was cured of a poisoned finger through the timely use of Zam-Buk."

"I cut a deep gash across the knuckle on the first finger on my right hand in opening a lobster can. I suffered at the time with the soreness and pain, but had no idea it would become a serious wound. However, in about two days I was greatly alarmed; as my whole hand and arm to the elbow became suddenly inflamed, and the finger was much discolored, showing signs of blood poisoning. The pain was dreadful and I was forced to leave off my work and go home."

"The wound on the knuckle had been poisoned by dust and dirt getting into it. I then decided to start the Zam-Buk treatment, and having first bathed the cut, I applied the healing balm. It soothed the pain almost instantly, and by next day there was a great improvement. "In a week's time, through perseverance with this wonderful preparation, a complete cure was brought about."

Zam-Buk is just as good for eczema, ulcers, scalp sores, abscesses, piles, ringworm, boils, varicose ulcers, running sores, cold sores, chapped hands, etc. It draws all poisonous foulness from a wound or sore and then heals. Use it, too, for cuts, burns, bruises and all skin injuries. Zam-Buk Soap should be used in conjunction to the balm for washing wounds and sore places. Excellent too for baby's bath. All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c box and Zam-Buk Soap at 25c. tablet. Post free upon receipt of price from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Be Fair. Buy a sack or barrel before judging PURITY FLOUR

SOME people have attempted to judge PURITY FLOUR before knowing the facts about it—before using it. So we ask you to be fair and to buy a sack or barrel of PURITY FLOUR and give it a thorough try-out before attempting to arrive at a judgment.

Look at the beauty and loftiness of the golden-crusted, snowy-crumbed loaves, fit for a king. Count them and see how many more of them PURITY yields to the barrel than ordinary flour does.

Taste the creamy, flaky pie crust, and the deliciously light cakes PURITY FLOUR rewards you with. My!

How they make your mouthwater!

Such high-class results can only be obtained when using a flour consisting exclusively of the high-grade portions of the best Western hard wheat berries.

And remember, that, on account of its extra strength and extra quality, PURITY FLOUR requires more water when making bread and more shortening when making pastry, than you are accustomed to use with ordinary flour.

PURITY FLOUR

"More bread and better bread"

Buy a bag or barrel of PURITY FLOUR. Test it for a week. Then pass judgment.

Add PURITY FLOUR to the grocery list right now.

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Concrete Sidewalks are Safe, Sightly and Everlasting

LUMBER used in damp places and on wet ground—as, for instance, in walks—has a very short life. It requires almost constant repairing and, in a few years, needs replacing.

Concrete, on the other hand, improves with age, and the very dampness which destroys lumber calls out the best qualities of the cement by making it harder and harder—until neither time nor traffic can affect it.

The best of wooden walks keep getting out of repair, and are a continual menace to life and limb. They are also a frequent source of expensive doctor bills and lost time. Then again, they are likely to eat up the original cost in repairs before they are replaced.

Concrete walks are sightly, everlasting and safe. They cost less to build and need no repairing nor painting.

Write for our free book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

It tells in plain, simple language, how you can save money on farm construction by using cement for Barns, Dairies, Foundations, Fence Posts, Troughs, Feeding Floors, Hitching Posts, Stalls, Silos, Stairs, and so forth. The Book is well illustrated with photographs, plans and diagrams. Fill out the coupon or send a postal to-day.

Simply address it to

You may send me a copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

Name.....

Address.....

Canada Cement Co. Limited
51-60 National Bank Building
Montreal

Carleton county farmers are losing by the defeat of the reciprocity agreement. I have figured as closely as I could," he said, "on my crop this year at prices paid by American buyers and at the prices offered by our local concerns, and find that I am losing not less than \$300. It was very amusing to me during the recent campaign to see some men shouting 'let well enough alone,' when their sons had left them to make a better living in Maine and in the West and they themselves had been spring out land with the object of bettering their conditions. Our one consolation is that these men, since the agreement has been defeated, are suffering with the best of us."

Letters received in the city from people who have moved recently to a Western town indicate a very distressing condition of affairs in that much-boomed city. Coal, it is reported, is so scarce that many families are suffering and in order to save as much as possible, two or more families are making common cause, cooking and keeping warm with the same fire.

If some effort was made to collect information along these lines and send it out as an antidote to the "lying pamphlets" mentioned by the bishop, it is more than likely that the population of New Brunswick would increase more than 10,000 in ten years.—Telegraph.

Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd.

Gentlemen,—In July 1905 I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept. 1906 Mr. Wm. Outridge of Lachute urged me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I did with the most satisfactory results and to-day I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours sincerely,

his
MATTHEW x BAINES.
mark

A large increase is shown in the production of silver in Ontario.

SIMPLE REMEDY

FOR BACKACHE AND KIDNEY TROUBLE

The simplest and most effective remedy for sick kidneys is Booth's Kidney Pills. If there is weakness, congestion, inflammation or soreness, Booth's Kidney Pills quickly relieve it.

They gently stimulate, tone and strengthen sick kidneys, drive away backache, rheumatic pain and dizziness, clear up and regulate the urine, and restore a perfect filtering of the blood. Best of all, this relief is permanent.

All druggists sell and guarantee Booth's Kidney Pills, 50c box. Money back if they fail to relieve. Write to The R. T. Booth Co. Ltd, Fort Erie, Ont. for a free trial. "Sold and guaranteed in Woodstock by E. W. Mair."

The J. R. Booth Lumber Company of Ottawa has refused an offer of thirteen million dollars for the business.

IT IS IN DEMAND.—So great the demand for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that a large factory is kept continually busy making and bottling it. To be in demand shows popular appreciation of this preparation, which stands at the head of proprietary compounds as the leading Oil in the market, and it is generally admitted that it is deserving of the lead.

It is announced that Sarah Bernhardt, the famous actress, is shortly to be married to Lou Tellegen, a Flemish actor, only 26 years old.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, the best remedy of the kind that can be had.