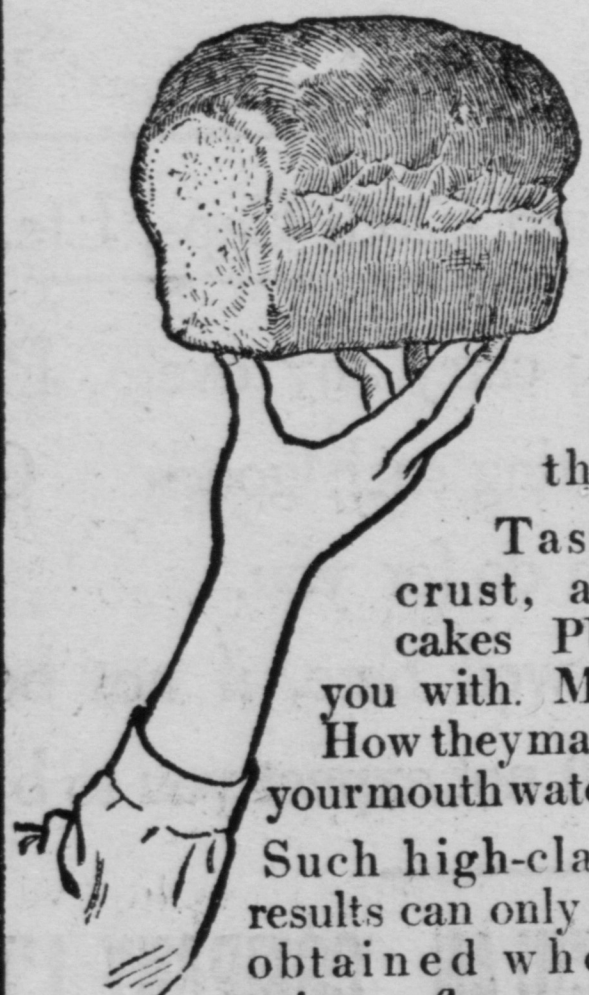


## Be Fair. Buy a sack or barrel before judging PURITY FLOUR

SOME people have attempted to judge PURITY FLOUR before knowing the facts about it—before using it. So we ask you to be fair and to buy a sack or barrel of PURITY FLOUR and give it a thorough try-out before attempting to arrive at a judgment.

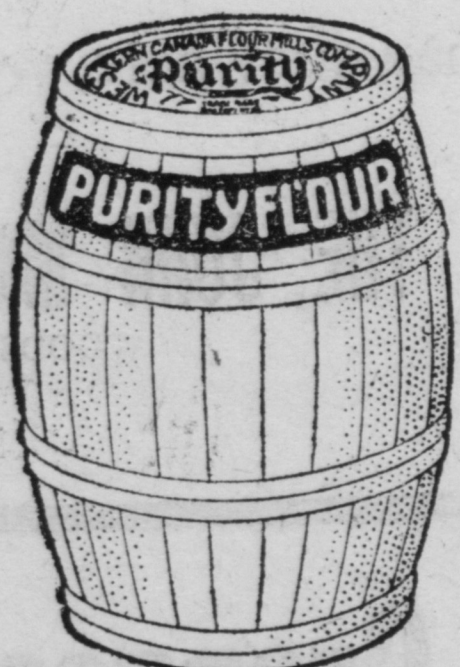


Look at the beauty and loftiness of the golden-crust, snowy-crumbed loaves, fit for a king. Count them and see how many more of them PURITY yields to the barrel than ordinary flour does.

Taste the creamy, flaky pie crust, and the deliciously light cakes PURITY FLOUR rewards you with. My! How they make your mouth water!

Such high-class results can only be obtained when using a flour consisting exclusively of the high-grade portions of the best Western hard wheat berries.

And remember, that, on account of its extra strength and extra quality, PURITY FLOUR requires more water when making bread and more shortening when making pastry, than you are accustomed to use with ordinary flour.



## PURITY FLOUR

"More bread and better bread"

Buy a bag or barrel of PURITY FLOUR. Test it for a week. Then pass judgment.

Add PURITY FLOUR to the grocery list right now.

### COUNTY COUNCIL

(Continued from page two.)

As a compromise Mr. Bloodworth was named collector, and Hamilton Gray, parish clerk.

This met with the approval of the whole council.

The following bill was read: Dr. McIntosh, to visiting one Crouse and certificate of insanity, \$10.00.

Upon motion that the bill be paid, Coun. Lamont wanted to know what the details of the bill were.

Coun. Perry—I know the doctor traveled far enough to make up the bill.

Coun. Melville moved that the bill be paid at \$4 and the mileage equal to \$5.20 when attested.

Coun. Lamont seconded the resolution which was carried.

Coun. Melville said that a representation had been made to him that certain lights could be installed in the court house which would effect a great saving in the light, by an expenditure of some \$80.00.

A motion was passed leaving the matter in the hands of the Building Committee.

Coun. Montgomery moved that a bill of \$47.25 balance due the Scott Act Inspector be paid. This was seconded by Coun. Fleming and carried.

Upon motion of Coun. Britton \$4.00 was ordered refunded Smith Page. Also that \$4.00 be paid parish clerk for services of a constable on Halloween night and charged to Brighton.

A delegation from the Hospital was heard:

Rev. Father McMurray, chairman of the Board addressed the council in eloquent terms. We now, he said, come before the council feeling they are our friends. He alluded to the generosity of Mr. Fisher's gift of his magnificent residence. We ask from you now that you give not only your usual grant, but that you increase your contribution. It must be borne in mind that while we have a grand building, it will cost something like \$1000 more to run it. While the people in this county are properly economical they are not mean when it comes for providing for the alleviation of human misery. He referred to one little child who had been at the hospital and who was cared for although she had no well-to-do relations, and through this institution was looked for while she lived and died a peaceful death. We know the many calls you have, but we ask you to be as generous as you can be. It is our duty to the care of those who cannot care for themselves. Let us hope that this institution donated by Mr. Fisher will be so conducted that it will bring a benediction on the community.

Generous applause followed Father McMurray's address.

Dr. Sprague addressing the Board said that he had only to second the plea made by Father McMurray. He was also here to support a resolution passed by the N. B. Medical Society and entrusted to a committee of three: Dr. Brown, Prescott and himself. His particular plea was for a grant towards the establishment of a home for tuberculosis patients in the advanced stages. We have had cases in this hospital. We had one who died not many years ago from this cause. He would like the Council to look at this matter favorably for there are cases where patients cannot be taken care of home, and in the interests of the community they should be looked after.

The Warden—These are two distinct

appeals. I would like the Council to deal with the Hospital first.

Mr. W. B. Belyea—We were getting along in the old building under small conditions. Things have changed with the taking over of the new building. It has cost between \$8000 and \$7000 to fit up this building using up all our surplus. One free patient has almost eaten up the county grant for the year. We are in debt and I wish the Council would give us a sum out and out and an increased annual grant. If this is not done we must go to the financial men and borrow money. I hope the Council will see their way clear to help us out. Mr. Leonard Cronkrite, an ex-warden of this county, had unsolicited sent a cheque for \$100 towards the Hospital. He thought the Council might donate \$1000 to paying off the debt and increase the annual grant to \$1000.

Coun. Tompkins spoke of the rules of the doctors attending the hospital. I learn that doctors in the country could not come in and have anything to say, unless the patient had a private ward like certain prescribed doctors in the town.

Mr. Belyea—We advertised in the paper quite recently that all the doctors have the right to go to the hospital with their patients. The doctors in town are divided in groups and take charge of the free patients at different periods.

Coun. Williams—Can the doctors outside treat the free patients?

Mr. Belyea—Oh yes, I am sure of that.

Coun. Tracy—In regard to free and paid patients, how do the doctors charge? Is it a fixed rate by the hospital or by Woodstock?

Mr. Belyea—A free patient pays nothing. As far as any charges of the medical board that is fixed by the doctors.

Coun. Melville—The report is out that the medical men charge more here than they do in Montreal, and that a patient can pay his way to Montreal and have the work done more reasonably. It is being used as a canvass against an extra grant to the hospital.

Mr. Belyea—The doctors can answer to that.

Coun. Montgomery—What steps must you take to get a poor patient into the hospital?

Mr. Belyea—On a doctor's certificate, who is a free patient.

The doctors decide that.

Coun. Lamont—If a doctor up river sends a free patient, do the town doctors attend him free?

Mr. Belyea—Yes.

Coun. Lamont drew attention to the case of a man who was brought down here as a free patient, but they would not take him in until another man became responsible for the pay.

Coun. Perry—Would the doctors in the county be allowed to come in and take their turns in treating the free patients. I believe they would appreciate that.

Mr. Belyea—They can come and I am sure would be welcome.

Coun. Lamont—I know it is very easy for the Board of the Hospital to be imposed on. I am not objecting to the Board, if they can do so, getting anyone to become good for a patient's care.

Coun. Perry—How about emergency patients in cases of an accident and so forth?

Mr. Belyea—The practice is to admit them at once when brought to the Hospital.

Coun. Britton said this was one case in which our money is spent well. I move that we increase the annual grant to \$1000.

Coun. Gallagher (Kent) seconded the motion.

The motion carried unanimously.

Coun. Williams moved that the revisors' fees be \$10. Carried.

The following bill was presented: The Dispatch ..... \$14.50 (to be paid when attested.)

Coun. Stevens said he was requesting the building committee or some committee should visit Houlton gaol and then make an estimate of the cost. The Houlton gaol is said to be very good.

Coun. Burr—I would like to see to undertake heavy expense unless we had the entire co-operation of the council.

Coun. Lamont—This is a heavy undertaking. I would like to see a safe gaol built. Let the building committee consult with experts and get an estimate of the cost, with all information and submit to this council in June next.

Coun. Melville—I would favor Coun. Lamont's proposition. It is going to cost some money.—Will we assess or hire the money?

Coun. Lamont moved that the Building Committee be instructed to proceed and consult with expert builders in regard to repairing the gaol and furnish estimates to make it a good safe job.

Coun. Montgomery seconded the motion, Coun. Stevens withdrawing his motion.

Coun. Perry spoke of the wretched condition of the gaol which is a laughing stock to the Province. A boy with a jack-knife can get out. Yet we employed an expert when it was built. The building committee should gather information and get ideas of their own, and not rely on experts altogether. I don't think they should wait for the June session.

Coun. Melville—When we built this Court House the architect who put up the gaol told us that the council of that time would not pay enough for a good gaol.

Coun. Shaw—In justification of the old council which built the gaol, when we built it, we thought we were getting a first class prison. Speaking of experts we had an expert on the building committee. We were deceived by the architect. The architect assured us that the gaol would be a thoroughly up-to-date prison. Members of the Building Committee might get all the information they could get in six months time or a shorter time, only they have business of their own to attend to.

Coun. Tompkins—What Coun. Shaw said is correct. I am tired of patching up the old gaol. I believe they had better get some architect to consult with them. I favor the committee visiting Houlton and other places to get pointers. I am not afraid to leave it in their hands.

Coun. Phillips favored the motion. He blamed the architect for the (Continued on page five.)

A WINDSOR LADY'S APPEAL To All Women: I will send free, with full instructions, my home treatment which positively cures Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular Periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or growths, also Hot Flashes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head, Back, Bowels, Kidney and Bladder troubles where caused by weakness peculiar to our sex. You can continue treatment at home at a cost of only about 12 cents a week. My book, "Woman's Own Medical Adviser," also sent free on request. Write to-day. Address Mrs. M. Summers, Box 884 Windsor, Ont.

DOCTORS HAD GIVEN UP ALL HOPE "Fruit-a-lives" saved my Life RIVER & PIERRE, Q., May 9, 1910. "I look upon my recovery as nothing short of a miracle. I was for eleven years, constantly suffering from Chronic Dyspepsia and Indigestion. I was treated by several doctors and they simply did me no good. During the latter part of my illness, I was so thin that I weighed only 60 pounds, and I vomited everything I ate. The doctors gave me up to die as the stomach trouble produced heart weakness and I was frequently unconscious. I received the Last Rites of The Church. At this time, a lady strongly urged me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. When I had taken one box, I was much better and after three boxes, I was practically well again, and had gained 20 pounds. I have taken 13 boxes in all and now weigh 150 pounds and am well." Madame ARTHUR TOURANGEAU. "Fruit-a-lives" is the only medicine in the world made of intensified fruit juices and always cures Indigestion. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

ed on behalf of the Board of Trade to ask from the Council the use of the Court room for the occasion of the horticultural lecture next Wednesday. He moved that the request be granted. Seconded and carried.

Coun. Stevens brought up the question of the County gaol which needed so much repair. This question was brought before him as Warden by the Grand Jury and the Judge. He thought this council should put the county gaol in a fit and proper condition. He moved that the building committee be authorized to take steps to put the gaol in safe and proper condition.

Coun. Brittain seconded the resolution.

Coun. Estey—This is going to be an expense and I would like to have a discussion on the matter.

Coun. Phillips—We were instructed to go ahead last year. We made a start. In the meantime a number of prisoners escaped and we did not think we had authority to go ahead and make the expensive repairs that were demanded. The Council should give the instructions to the committee.

Coun. Tracey—It seems to me we have no gaol but walls. Except that, it is all gone. No doubt the inside is the worst. We must make a complete job when we get at it. Either

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