

# The Carleton Sentinel.

VOL 70 No 18

WOODSTOCK, N. B., FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1918

WHOLE No 3597

## Black Front Jewelry Store

### Good Sight Means Efficiency



In every line of endeavor. If your eyes are not as good as they should be have them attended to at once. Poor sight never grows better without aid. Come and have your eyes examined expertly and have us supply glasses that will add to your physical and mental comfort.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To

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WOODSTOCK, N. B.

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Marriage Licenses and Wedding Rings

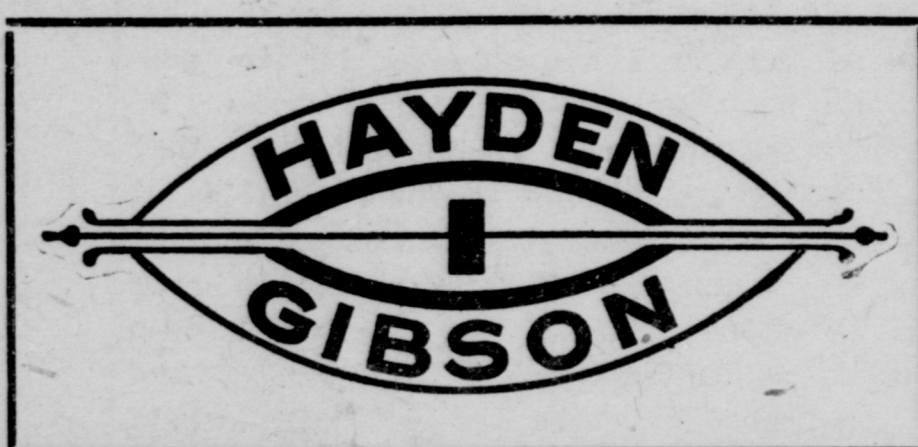
## All-Wool Carpets At Before The War Prices

375 yds. All-Wool Carpet from 75c to \$1.20  
Brusselo Art Squares, 2 1-2 x 3 yards \$ 7.50  
" " " 3 x 3 1-2 " 10.50  
" " " 3 x 4 " 12.00

## A. Henderson Furniture Co. Ltd.

QUEEN STREET

WOODSTOCK



CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG  
and her own company present

## "THE MARIONETTES"

A thrilling story gorgeously produced, and with a superb cast

FRIDAY, MAY 3RD

## REX BEACH'S "THE BARRIER"

The greatest of all great Alaska pictures. Such scenes as depicted in "THE BARRIER" have never before been seen in film drama. The love story is of unusual beauty and charm. Daring, dangerous situations arise at every turn. The fights are real fights. The terrific struggle on the desolate banks of the Yukon is a fight classic. A red-blooded man's size story.

MONDAY, MAY 6th

# CARVELL'S CHALLENGE TO CANADIAN PEOPLE

## JACK MULHERIN SENT UP FOR TRIAL

Committed for Unlawfully Wounding Lee McIntyre—Large Number of Witnesses Heard—Evidence of Fight, But No Weapons Used.

The preliminary examination of John Mulherin charged with murdering Lee McIntyre, was held Monday afternoon before Police Magistrate Holyoke. The hearing was in the town hall and a very large number attended. Twelve witnesses were examined and at times the proceedings were very interesting. R. L. Sims represented the crown and T. M. Jones appeared for the accused. Mulherin was evidently deeply interested in the proceedings and as the evidence developed and no serious facts were brought out against him he appeared to be quite at his ease.

William Cummings, restaurant keeper was the first witness and knew both McIntyre and Mulherin. McIntyre came into his restaurant on the evening of April 22nd. Mulherin came in and asked for a match—he also asked McIntyre for a match and McIntyre replied "I'm a match for you anyway." They both went out. "I went to the door and saw them jumping around on the street, but I saw no blows struck. I would say they were trying to fight and had got near Bailey's store. I did not see accused strike McIntyre. I heard Mulherin say go away and leave me alone. I heard threats—saw no weapons used. Both had their coats off. I saw no violence. When fight was over McIntyre came back to my shop. He was wounded and bleeding when he came in. I looked at the cut. There was a hole in his shirt about three quarters of an inch long. I did not see Mulherin after the fight. McIntyre did not stay long. Myles Diamond came in and he went out with him.

To Mr. Jones—I would say McIntyre was drinking some. McIntyre said to Mulherin I can match you anyway. Don't remember Mulherin saying I know you are after me and I will get someone to take charge of you. They struck at each other. Mulherin was backing up saying "Go away and leave me alone." I saw McIntyre strike at accused after he asked him to go away and leave him alone.

To the Magistrate—When they went out I concluded they went out to engage in a fight.

Harry Bell was the next witness and saw the fracas on Main street. Heard Mulherin say "I dare you to hit me" and McIntyre said who do you mean, me? Mulherin replied "I mean anybody. McIntyre came closer and kicked Mulherin and struck him. Mulherin kept backing up all the time with McIntyre chasing quite hard. Mulherin said go away and leave me alone or I will have you arrested, and McIntyre said "No you won't have anyone arrested." Near Burt's store McIntyre kicked at Mulherin who hit him once in the breast. Some were trying to get McIntyre away and they all got back to Bailey's store. Jap Wise tried to get McIntyre away and Charlie Wright tried to get Mulherin away. McIntyre said "leave Johnny alone—We're all right if you leave us alone. During this McIntyre kept working up closer and hit Mulherin again, who jumped back and said "that's the way you do it, is it?" They had further scuffle. I saw a man fall but don't know who as the crowd was so thick I could not see. Myles Diamond came along and parted them.

To Mr. Jones—I didn't see a knife. If knife had been in sight I certainly would have seen it. Mulherin seemed to be very anxious that McIntyre leave him alone. He repeated several times "go away". Would say if Mulherin was going to stay there he would have to defend himself. He would have to get away quickly as McIntyre was very aggressive. I did not interfere. Thought Mulherin was taking a lot of punishment but seemed to stand it well. I saw no knife.

Henry Wilson, sworn—Heard Mulherin say go away and leave me alone. When I got closer I saw Mulherin

## Men and Food Must be Provided; Would Conscript the Loafers; Are we to Act as Sane and Courageous People or go on With Present Inadequate Methods; Evasion of Duty Not Confined to Quebec.

IN THE DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS LAST THURSDAY ON THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT, THREE MINISTERS MADE SPEECHES, SIR R. L. BORDEN, HON. N. W. ROWELL AND HON. F. B. CARVELL. THE TORONTO NEWS' OTTAWA CORRESPONDENT WROTE TO HIS PAPER:

IN SOME WAYS THE MOST IMPRESSIVE OF THE THREE WAS THAT OF HON. FRANK B. CARVELL. IT WAS A SPEECH DELIVERED WITH HIS USUAL BLUNT FRANKNESS, BUT NO MAN WHO LISTENED TO HIM DOUBTED THAT HE WAS SPEAKING WITH ALL THE INTENSE EARNESTNESS OF HIS VIGOROUS NATURE.

HE WAS GREETED WITH A STORM OF APPLAUSE IN A COURAGEOUS DECLARATION OF HIS OWN PERSONAL BELIEF AS TO THE METHODS WHICH SHOULD BE ADOPTED TO MEET THE AGRICULTURAL LABOR SITUATION.

(Hansard.)

Hon. F. B. CARVELL (Minister of the Public Works): Mr. Speaker, on rising to address the House this evening on what I consider the most momentous question which has been discussed in a Canadian parliament, I shall try to confine my few remarks to what I consider the very gist of the question, and in doing so I wish not to hurt the feelings of any person, and yet I must declare the principles which, in my judgment, have actuated the Government in passing this Order in Council and proposing it to Parliament; and when that is done I consider I have performed my duty. I have listened to my right hon. friend the leader of the Opposition (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) in the very reasonable criticism which he offered to this proposal this afternoon, and I listened also to the argument of my hon. friend from Provencher (Mr. Molloy) who has moved the amendment to the proposed resolution. My right hon. friend claimed, in the first place, that the Government was departing from all the well-recognized principles of constitutional government in Canada in passing an Order in Council of such tremendous importance as the present one when Parliament was in session. With that statement I have not the faintest quarrel in the world. I realize that such a course has never been adopted in Canada before. I realize that, were this proposal made in peace time, no government would be justified in adopting it. But I could not help thinking all the time my right hon. friend was discussing this matter that he was forgetting the real situation and the real reason why this Order in Council has been passed. He was forgetting the fact that the civilization of the world and there is nothing in this world which will save the situation in France and Flanders except men. My right hon. friend talks about the Prussian militarism of the Government in passing a law to provide—because that is what it amounts to—

## FOR PROTECTION OF BIRDS

Clever Boys Build Cozy Bird Houses—Exhibition Most Interesting and Creditable.

A most unique and interesting exhibition was held in the Manual Training Department on Saturday. The public was invited to inspect the bird houses, built by the pupils, under the competent direction of their teacher, Miss Smith. There were two villages, Martintown and Robiaville, in which some seventy houses were constructed.

Martintown boasted a fine hotel, known as "Martin Lodge," the rest of the town was composed of eight houses. This work was done by pupils of Grade 8 Broadway. Robiaville was divided into two parts—"Robin Red Breast Avenue" running through the centre of the town. The C.P.R. also entered this town, and the N.B. Telephone office was located here. This work was done by Grade 8 Fisher Memorial. The whole exhibition was certainly most creditable to all concerned, the predominant feature being the protection of the birds. The committee appointed to pass on the merits of the work awarded prizes to:

Glenn Adney	Grade 10
Crichton Balmaln	" 9
Edward Clark	" 8
Eldon Brewer	" 7
Ray DeLong	" 6

The prizes were donated by Messrs E. W. Mair, A. E. Jones, C. O. McDonald, J. R. Brown, Hon. W. P. Jones.

between the House of Commons voting upon a principle of this kind once, and voting on it four or five or six times. That is all it means. Under the ordinary methods of procedure as outlined by my right hon. friend this afternoon, a Bill gets its first reading, its second reading, goes into Committee and comes back for third reading. If then goes to the Senate and goes through the same procedure there, and we know that, even if we apply closure at every step we take, which the rules of Parliament provide for, it is doubtful if the Bill could become law in three weeks, and it might take four weeks. In the meantime the Canadian Army Corps may be cut to pieces. "But," they say, "you cannot get the men there for four months." If you lose one month it will be five months before you get them there. Therefore, as a member of the House of some years standing, as a man who, I think, knows something of constitutional rights and privileges, and one who holds them as dear as any man in Canada, I make no apology, and I have every justification for the course we are pursuing in taking the opinion of the Parliament of Canada at the earliest possible moment, and getting the men to the front as soon as we can. Therefore, I do not wish to discuss this any longer. I lay down the principle that the first and only duty of this Government and Parliament is to stand by the men at the front and to see that they are reinforced and supported in every possible way.

Now we come to the real question at issue, and that is whether or not we are justified in forcibly taking men from the ordinary avocations of life and putting them in the army. We fought out this question a year ago. We spent over two months in this Parliament discussing it, and the Parliament as then constituted declared by a very substantial majority in favour of the principle, and the people of Canada by an overwhelming majority declared in favour of the same principle when the question was submitted to them a few months later. Therefore, I say that constitutionally this Government has all the justification and all the majority which any Government requires to go ahead and produce the necessary recruits in the most effective and expeditious manner. But my hon. friend from Provencher (Mr. Molloy) comes in with an amendment, the substance of which is that instead of passing this Order in Council, we should amend it so as to provide that exemption be granted to practically every person

## N. B. LEGISLATURE PROROGUED

Fredericton, N. B., April 26—The second session of the seventh legislative assembly of New Brunswick is at an end. The house prorogued this evening and many of the members were able to catch trains tonight to take them to their homes. By tomorrow the remainder will be away and quietness will reign over the assembly chamber for another year.

In many ways the session has been a memorable one. It has continued for seven weeks and two days, making it one of the longest on record. More notable, however, is the amount of work which has been accomplished in these seven weeks. It is doubtful if any session has seen so much new and advanced legislation introduced and adopted, or so many bills of such importance to the province at large. While getting through so large an amount of work the members have found time to make longer speeches and more of them than usual and the official report of the proceedings will be a bulky volume this year.

The session had been an eminently satisfactory one to the supporters of the Government. The administration has fully justified its pre-election promises by presenting accounts and reports for the first year in office showing that the affairs of the province had been administered in an efficient and businesslike manner. That the Government is able and willing to cope with problems which confront the province was proved by the progress of legislation adopted and the plans made for the future which will bring the province into line with other advanced communities. Opposition criticisms have shown a striking lack of material to criticize and those which have been offered have been satisfactorily and effectively answered. On the other hand their year in office has revealed to the government serious irregularities in the conduct of the affairs of the province by their predecessors and questions have been asked which the opposition members have refused to answer to justify their stewardship while in office.

(Continued on page Five.)

(Continued on page Two.)