

Look for the
Hall Mark
on a kitchen range, the
same as you would on a
piece of silver. It is the
name Enterprise.
And the

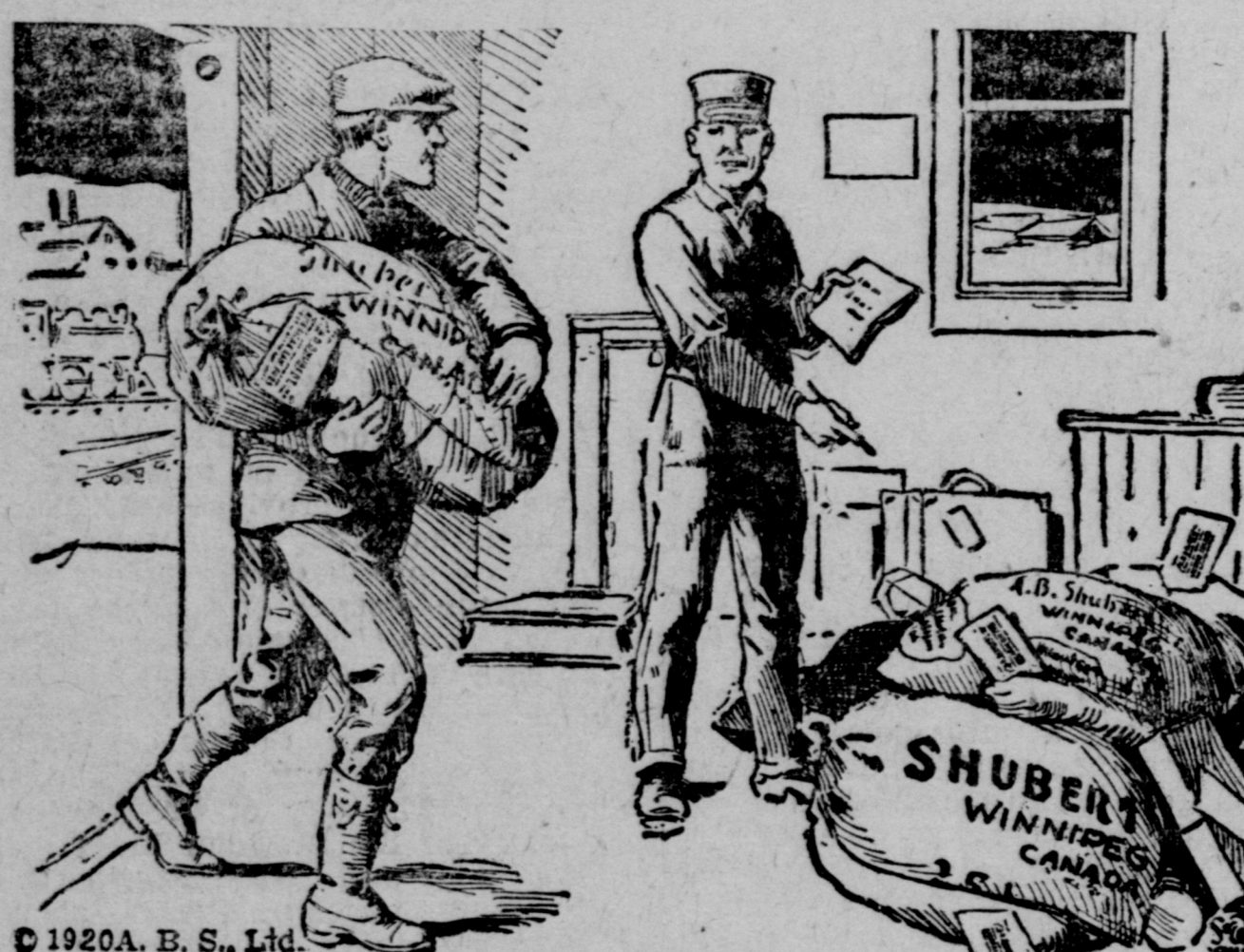


**ENTERPRISE
MONARCH
STEEL RANGE**

is the best kitchen range we know how to make.
See the Enterprise dealer and write us today for our free
illustrated booklet.

The Enterprise Foundry Co., Limited, Sackville, N. B.
Makers of the well-known lines of
Enterprise Stoves, Ranges and Furnaces.

W. F. Dibblee Sons Limited,
Woodstock



"Throw your bundle in that pile—
they're all going to 'SHUBERT.'
The Highest Prices Ever Known
That's What You'll Get from 'SHUBERT'
WE WANT 'EM NOW—AND WILL PAY THE PRICE TO GET 'EM

MINK

	EXTRA LARGE EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 LARGE EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 MEDIUM EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 SMALL EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 2 JUSTO SIZE EQUALITY
Fine, Dark Usual Color	40.00 to 32.00 30.00 to 25.00	28.00 to 22.00 20.00 to 17.00	20.00 to 16.00 15.00 to 13.00	15.00 to 13.00 12.00 to 10.00	15.00 to 8.00 12.00 to 6.00
Pale	22.00 to 16.00 15.00 to 12.00	15.00 to 12.00 10.00 to 8.00	12.00 to 10.00 8.00 to 7.00	8.00 to 7.00 6.00 to 4.00	8.00 to 4.00 6.00 to 4.00

RACCOON

	EXTRA LARGE EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 LARGE EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 MEDIUM EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 SMALL EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 2 JUSTO SIZE EQUALITY
Black, Heavy Fur, Ordinary	30.00 to 25.00 20.00 to 16.00	22.00 to 16.00 14.00 to 12.00	15.00 to 12.00 10.00 to 8.00	10.00 to 8.00 8.00 to 6.00	10.00 to 6.00 8.00 to 5.00
	15.00 to 12.00 10.00 to 8.00	10.00 to 8.00 7.50 to 6.50	7.50 to 6.50 6.00 to 4.50	6.00 to 4.50 4.00 to 3.00	6.00 to 4.00 4.00 to 3.00

WEASEL

	EXTRA LARGE EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 LARGE EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 MEDIUM EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 1 SMALL EXTRA TO AVERAGE	NO. 2 JUSTO SIZE EQUALITY
White Stained	4.00 to 3.00 2.75 to 2.25	2.50 to 2.00 1.75 to 1.50	1.75 to 1.50 1.35 to 1.15	1.35 to 1.15 1.00 to .75	1.25 to .75 1.00 to .50

These extremely high prices for New Brunswick Furs are based on the well-known "SHUBERT" liberal grading and are quoted for immediate shipment. No. 3, No. 4 and otherwise inferior skins at highest market value. Ship your Furs now—when we want 'em. You'll get "more money" and get it "quicker" too.

"SHUBERT" RETURNS WILL MAKE YOU HAPPY
SHIP TODAY—AND KEEP 'EM COMING FAST
SHIP ALL YOUR FURS DIRECT TO

A.B. SHUBERT LIMITED
THE LARGEST HOUSE IN THE WORLD DEALING EXCLUSIVELY IN
NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS
524 Donald St. Dept. 288 Winnipeg, Canada

To the Man of Moderate Income

Our systematic investment plans opens up the
avenue of easy saving and ultimate possession
of good dividend paying stocks and bonds.

Your satisfaction will increase as each pay-
ment is made.

SEND FOR PLAN

J. M. ROBINSON & SONS
ESTABLISHED 1889

MEMBERS MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

St. John, N. B.

FEWFREAKSTYLES

Dignity and Simplicity in Both
Line and Color.

Velvets Much in Evidence for Indoor
Gowns as Well as for the
Street Frock.

It is interesting to note that there
are few freak styles in women's wear-
ing apparel or absurd creations to
catch the attention this season, but
rather a determined effort to express
dignity and simplicity, both in line
and color.

The street frocks and suits, says a
fashion writer, are of somber, neutral
tone, and often trimmed with fur in
harmonizing or contrasting tint. The
fur forms the collar and cuffs, and
when used on the skirt or tunic is
generally put on in patches.

Take, for instance, a smart street
frock of beaver color duvetyne with
its patches of beaver, trimming the
panels that hang from the waistline
at the back and front. The cuffs and
high collar are also of the beaver.
The lower part of the bodice is inset
with a square of embroidery in brown
and dull gold thread. Directly at the
front and back underneath the two
fur-trimmed panels is a larger panel
of the material, decorated at the hem
with cord tucking.

Another extremely smart frock is
of brown velvet, trimmed with nu-
trina. The model is made with a long
tunic, which is slit at the sides and
trimmed at the edges with nutria. The
tunic is set on to a loose-fitting back,
which is drawn in slightly at the waist-
line with a sash, which encircles the
waist, crossing at the front and loosely
at the back, the ends being finished
with tassels. The large collar, cuffs
and the draped toque are of nutria.
Velvets are being used more and
more for indoor gowns, as well as for
the street frock. Many beautiful din-
ner gowns are fashioned from velvet



Fur Cuffs and Collar.

In the softest and most supple of
weaves. These lovely velvets drape,
but do not crush, a rare attribute in
any fabric of this nature.

Often georgette crepe or chiffon is
used in combination with the velvet.
The crepe or chiffon, for instance, may
form the sleeves and part of the bodice
while the velvet is used as a part of
the bodice and skirt. Or the crepe
may form an overture, as in the case
of one lovely model, and the underskirt
of velvet.

USE OF FUR FOR TRIMMING

Stylish Decoration Figures Conspicu-
ously on Majority of Winter
Suits and Wraps.

Almost every suit or wrap this win-
ter has its bit of fur trimming. In
some instances the fur trimming forms
almost half the garment. A lovely
wrap recently seen was of beaver
velours with an enormous beaver col-
lar which when opened formed a cape
effect. A deep band of the beaver
trimmed the coat at the lower part,
extending up one-third of the coat
length.

The accompanying hat was of
beaver decorated with a feather orna-
ment of henna red.

Jaunty little Eton coats of fur often
complete a costume of cloth. An ex-
ample is a costume of soft, warm wool
velours, which has almost the warmth
of a wrap which may be made com-
fortable enough for even average win-
ter weather by the addition of a smart
little coat of fur. Narrow bands of
the fur could be used to trim the frock.

Different Aprons.

There is infinite variety of aprons;
they are either of chiffon embroidered
like the front of the corsage, which
continues in two points around the
waist, or else they are made with a
fichu to match, so as to connect with
the waist.

NOTICE

On Monday evening, April 15, the
Pythian Sisters of Rowena Temple,
No. 7, are celebrating their anniver-
sary by having a social evening to
which the Knights of Pythias and
families are cordially invited.

GIRL WANTED in small family. Ap-
ply to "H" care of Sentinel Office

TOUCHED BY SERVICE FLAG

Youngster on Brink of Disgrace Re-
solved to Be Worthy of Emblem
Displayed in His Honor.

"Why the service flag?" is an old
question, but from one of our middle
West towns comes a new answer.
A wealthy family in an Indiana
town had a son, who had never done
anything to reflect honor on his fam-
ily—a family which was proud of its
famous ancestry. He didn't enlist
when this war broke out, and then
tried to evade the draft, but was com-
pelled to go in a recent call. He en-
tered a training camp a few miles
from his home town.

Rules and a regular life were hard
for him. Smarting under a well-
deserved reproof, he one night decided
to desert. He slipped away from the
camp and, under cover of darkness,
made his way to his home in order to
get his civilian clothes and better ef-
fect his escape.

Just as he was ready to scale the
front veranda of his home he noticed
the service flag in one of the house's
great front windows. There it was—
in the most conspicuous place the
house afforded—a great silk flag with
its one blue star.

"It's for me," the boy thought.

Through his mind passed the mem-
ory of his life—a failure in winning
any of the honors his family had
wanted for him. No college diploma,
not even a high school one, had he re-
ceived—nothing except this one star
in this flag had he ever let his people
claim as his contribution to the family
famous name.

He turned back toward the sidewalk,
"I'll get to keep that honor," he
told himself. "I'll make it bigger, too,"
and he slipped back to camp, elated
to find that his absence had not been
discovered.

WHO CAN RISE TO OCCASION?

Name of Man Capable of Formulating
"Umbrella Regulations" Will
Live in History.

With the passing of each rainy day
it becomes increasingly strange that
no benefactor of the race has been
prodded, goaded or spurred into pre-
paring a "Manual of Umbrellas." Peo-
ple have been carrying some sort of
protection against the rain ever since
anybody can remember, yet the only
thing they have really learned to do
well is to lose umbrellas. No two
persons, not even lovers, can walk un-
der one umbrella without getting wet,
and raincoats probably were first de-
vised by a man who tried to carry an
umbrella over his wife's hat. What
excuse is there for the person who
goes through a crowded street holding
an umbrella before him in a charge-
bayonets fashion? An apology does
not exactly meet the requirements
after the tip of an umbrella rib has
been thrust into some one's eye.
Folded, the umbrella is just as dan-
gerous, when some one comes plung-
ing along the sidewalk holding the
umbrella at an angle of about 45 de-
grees ahead of him, tripping every
one but himself. Then there is the
person who tucks the handle under
the arm, so that an innocent person
may become speared on the sharp end
which sticks out like a 60-foot tele-
phone pole on a 15-foot truck. Fur-
thermore, wet umbrellas never were
intended as partitions between seats,
even at a motion-picture theater.
There is no desire to distract the best
brains of the country from consider-
ation of war problems, but some sort
of umbrella regulations are needed.

Silvery Bark of the Yellow Birch.
The bark of the yellow birch can be
compared with nothing else. The tree
is unique among trees. The yellow
birch, often better called the silvery
birch, has a bark more tinsel-like than
that of any other tree. It seems to
have been made for campers to ad-
mire, or perhaps, in an emergency, to
use to kindle the camp fire, says Ed-
ward F. Bigelow in Boys' Life. But
do not allow the appreciation of the
useful to overcome your appreciation
of the beautiful. It is true that the
bark may thus be used for kindling,
and it is also probably true that the
removal of the loose bark does not in-
jure the tree, but such removal injures
the beauty of the tree, as you then de-
prive it of its chief characteristic. The
manner in which the bark breaks off
of the main trunk, expands and rolls
in ribbonlike curls and strips, which
long remain attached and reveal the
every passing breeze, would not fail to
elicit the admiration of every lover of
the forest.

It is noticeable that on old trees
the character of the bark is rougher
as there it is roughened by platy-like scales.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria

REGAL

The Big Value in
FLOUR
for Bread, Cakes & Pastry

The St. Lawrence Flour Mills Co.
Montreal, P.Q. LIMITED Halifax, N.S.



JAMES P. HULL Shoe Hospital

We do repairing of all kinds—Shoe Packs, Gum Rubbers, Overshoes, Hot Water
Bags, or anything in rubber shoes. We sole shoes with Leather or Neolin—half or
whole soles—nailed or sewed.

RUBBER HEELS—In Black—Tan—White.

SKATES screwed or riveted on shoes.

OUTSIDE CUSTOMERS Send your Shoes and Skates, we will have them
sharpened, put on and Return Promptly.

Having secured the services of another Good Man we are able to cope with all
work that comes to us.

Our work is done on United Shoe Company Machines—there are None Better.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE of Shoe Polish in Pearl Grey, Smoked Grey, Palm
Beach Grey, Palm Beach, Brown, Polar White, White Kid, Champagne, Bronze and
Cleanser for cloth or kid.

DYE YOUR OWN SHOES—Black—Brown—Bronze— This dye has no odor.

2 in 1 Shoe Polish in Black—Ox Blood and Brown. We also carry the Famous
Rose Leather Dressing—will Positively Keep Out Water and make your shoes soft
and wear longer.

HEEL CUSHIONS for men and women, helps to keep your shoes straight and
nails from going up in your heels.

HEEL GRIPPERS for low shoes—prevents slipping in the heels.

We have Radium Corn Cure—A Sure Cure. Shoe Laces—the Best.

All Mail Orders Will Have Prompt Attention.

JAMES P. HULL,

Connell Street - Woodstock, N. B.

Do not forget
to file your

Income Tax Return

on or before the 30th of April, 1920.

Dominion of Canada.



Department of Finance

ALL persons residing in Canada, em-
ployed in Canada, or carrying on
business in Canada, are liable to a tax
on income, as follows:—

1. Every unmarried person, or widow, or
widower, without dependants as defined by the
Act, who during the calendar year 1919 received or
earned \$1,000 or more.

2. All other individuals who during the
calendar year 1919 received or earned \$2,000 or
more.

3. Every corporation and joint stock company
whose profits exceeded \$2,000 during the fiscal
year ended in 1919.

Forms to be used in filing
returns on or before
the 30th of April, 1920.

ALL INDIVIDUALS other than
farmers and ranchers must use
Form T 1.

FARMERS AND RANCHERS
must use Form T 1A.

CORPORATIONS and joint
stock companies must use Form
T 2.

Penalty

Every person required to make a return, who
fails to do so within the time limit, shall be
subject to a penalty of Twenty-five per centum
of the amount of the tax payable.

Any person, whether taxable, or otherwise,
who fails to make a return or provide infor-
mation duly required according to the provision of
the Act, shall be liable on summary conviction
to a penalty of \$100 for each day during
which the default continues. Also any person
making a false statement in any return or in
any information required by the Minister, shall
be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty
not exceeding \$10,000, or to six months' impris-
onment or to both fine and imprisonment.

General Instructions.

Obtain Forms from the Inspectors or
Assistant Inspectors of Taxation or from
Postmasters.

Read carefully all instructions on
Form before filling it in.

Prepay postage on letters and docu-
ments forwarded by mail to Inspectors of
Taxation.

Make your returns promptly and avoid
penalties.

Address INSPECTOR OF TAXATION,
ST. JOHN, N.B.

R. W. BREADNER,
Commissioner of Taxation.

Advertise in the Sentinel