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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1932.

THE BATTLE CONTINUES

Public opinion in this section of the province is solidly behind the potato growers and shippers in their fight to have the British embargo against Canadian potatoes removed. The decision of the British ministry last week not to admit Canadian potatoes came as a staggering blow to the people of this section of the province. Up to the time that definite word of the refusal was received it was hoped that our potatoes would be allowed access to the British market where they are solely needed. It was felt that even if no further concessions were granted that the embargo might be removed for a few weeks, until the scarcity in England was relieved, and at least a portion of the surplus in Canada diminished.

The Ministry of Agriculture however decided that it was better to listen to the demands of the English farmers than to the householder who were paying famine prices for a staple article. It was clearly proven that no danger exists of the potato bug following the crop into England at this time of year, and it is a little too much to ask us to believe that fear of its introduction was the chief factor in the British decision.

We have heard a lot lately about trade within the Empire. Trade in the Empire is an excellent thing, especially trade between Canada and England. But if trade between England and Canada is to flourish, then Canada must not be considered as stopping at Montreal. It is quite as important to us in New Brunswick to sell potatoes as it is to the western farmer to sell wheat or the Upper Canadian manufacturer to dispose of his products.

The people of this section have got to rely on agriculture for prosperity. That goes for everybody, as has been clearly demonstrated during the past year. If we can't sell our products in Canada, and we can't sell them in other parts of the Empire, then for our very existence we have got to look to other markets, if necessary securing those markets by treaty and finding a way to get the treaties signed. And who can say how far such a course might lead?

DISARMAMENT

French delegates have astounded the peace conference with a proposition which stated briefly means that all nations shall disarm and that military and naval power shall be vested in an international police force. The other nations treated the matter somewhat lightly, with the evident conviction that the French proposal was not sincere, and was made with the intention of suggesting a change so radical that no action could possibly be taken to bring it to pass.

This proposal, however, is no joke, and the fact that a great military nation has advanced the idea in a formally summoned conference is an encouraging symptom. It cannot now be treated as more than a symptom for it is idle to hope that any speedy action in this direction will be taken. Nevertheless, it shows the trend of the times. The proposal, of course, is not a new one, but it goes farther and has more definite recommendations than any similar suggestions that have gone before.

It is altogether probable that some form of police force as suggested by the French will be the ultimate solution of the armaments question. That force as a governing factor in the affairs must rest finally on force, or the ability to exhibit it if necessary. It would be idle for a nation to enact laws for the safeguarding of life and property if it could not take its law breakers by force and forcibly detain them, for the good of the state and its lawabiding citizens.

You cannot restrain a burglar or a highwayman by public opinion, neither can you keep an outlaw nation within its own boundaries by public opinion. It is this factor more than any other which makes the disarmament question such a difficult one. Fear of aggression by Germany has made France a disturbing factor in world politics. Other examples of a similar nature are not far to seek. If this fear could be removed so would the greatest obstacle to the laying down of arms be removed.

The international force would doubtless be costly, but vastly less so than the individual armaments now supplied by every major nation of the world. Its administration, particularly in time of trouble, would present problems of a difficult and delicate nature. However, if the major nations of the world agree with the principle, there is no question but that a feasible plan could be worked out, and the military burden which is crushing humanity removed.

PROTEST RE CHANGE OF NAME

To The Editor of the Sentinel:
With reference to Woodstock Board of Trade Resolution published last week in which they are asking that the Port of National Revenue, Richmond Road be changed to Woodstock Road. This sounds to us like the Fredericton Board of Trade advertising Fredericton as the gateway to this Province. Woodstock people must remember Richmond had the first Railway Station in the County and practically in the Province. The steel rails for the first lines to Woodstock and Houlton were shipped to Richmond Station which was then one of the historic points on the International Border and the Revenue Port name Richmond Road is quite in order.

When Woodstock grows half way to Richmond it will be time enough to change the Port name to Woodstock Road.

K. F. Dalling
A. F. Carson
Councillors for Parish of Richmond

MEETINGS ARE HELD

(Continued from page one.)

"Whereas, we have a surplus of potatoes in this province of over 100,000 tons, while the British Isles have a shortage of over 400,000 tons as compared with a year ago; and

"Whereas, we have no market for our potatoes and the greater part of them will have to be dumped unless the English market is opened to us; and

"Whereas, it is a matured opinion of this meeting that the existing embargo by Great Britain against our potatoes is absolutely without justification and should be removed immediately; and

"Whereas, these facts have been brought to the attention of the British Government and they refused to lift that embargo, while knowing that our very existence depends on the lifting of same; and

"Whereas, Great Britain is buying large quantities of potatoes from Germany, Poland and other foreign countries, which is in our opinion a deliberate discrimination against our potatoes; and

"Whereas, this refusal is directly opposed to the spirit of Empire trading, the professed policy of the present British Government;

"Therefore be it resolved, that we, farmers, commercial and professional men, here met together, do individually and collectively agree that we will do all possible to discourage the use of goods imported from Great Britain as long as this discrimination is allowed to exist.

MASONS REDUCE K. OF P. CLUB'S LEAD

(Continued from page one.)

W. Winslow 1535.
K. of C. Club No. 2.—J. A. Troy, J. H. Thompson defeated the I. O. O. F. Club No. 4.—A. G. Bailey, F. E. MacDiarmid 679.
K. of P. Club No. 2.—Thos. Nodden, Dr. L. H. Reed defeated the Garrison Club No. 3.—J. D. Winslow, F. Mitchell 1305.
K. of P. Club No. 1.—W. P. Jones R. E. Holyoke defeated the I. O. O. F. Club No. 2.—J. Brody, J. A. Rogers 455.
I. O. O. F. Club No. 2.—Wm. Rudge, E. G. Smith defeated the Garrison Club No. 2.—C. J. Jones, W. B. Manzer 72.
K. of C. Club No. 1.—Dr. R. G. Thompson, A. V. Kearney defeated the K. of P. Club No. 4.—H. W. Cowan, Dr. J. F. L. Brown 1360.
K. of C. Club No. 4.—H. M. Bridge, D. Nardy defeated the Masonic Club No. 4.—W. J. Dibblee, G. W. Slipp 531.

There's only a difference of one vowel between vocation and vacation. A job is something else. It is not closely related to a vacation.

The Leader For 40 Years

"SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

BOWLING

MAROONS 3 RANGERS 1

Maroons came up into a tie with the Canadiens for second place in the league standing last Friday night when they defeated the Rangers and annexed 3 points. D. McCloskey rolled high single 103 and high three 233 for the winners with A. Westall rolling high single 109 and high three 272 for the Rangers.

Lineups and Scores:
Maroons:
K. Estabrooks 101 85 101 287
D. McCloskey 92 103 98 293
P. Colwell 74 78 97 249
N. Connell 86 76 83 245
C. Appleby 95 84 87 266
Totals 448 426 466 1340

Rangers:
A. Westall 92 109 80 272
B. Colpitts 74 88 80 242
W. Chandler 103 84 76 263
R. Rogers 88 83 85 256
W. Oliver 76 92 83 251
Totals 424 456 404 1284

BRUINS 4 FALCONS 0

The up and coming Bruins pushed the Falcons farther into the cellar position in the league Monday night when they took all 4 points. J. Troy rolled 302 and is the first man to roll over the 300 mark this season. C. Stewart rolled high single 91 and H. Hanson high three 257 for the losers with J. Troy also having high single 103 for the winners.

Lineups and Scores:
Bruins:
G. Troy 89 87 96 272
J. Montgomery 68 91 92 251
B. Colpitts 87 85 89 261
A. King 91 90 71 252
J. Troy 103 98 101 302
Totals 439 451 449 1338

Falcons:
H. Hanson 89 88 80 257
J. Stronach 74 77 76 227
A. Stanbridge 78 87 89 254
C. Stewart 78 74 91 243
G. Allan 79 76 84 238
Totals 397 402 420 1215

TWO TEAM MATCHES RESULT IN EVEN SPLIT

Tuesday night two games were rolled between two 2 man teams respectively G. Allan and J. Evans and E. Taylor and G. Clark.

Evans and Allan won the first by a margin of 3 pins. Taylor and Clark taking the second by 13 pins.

First Game
J. Evans 86 101 96 283
G. Allan 106 95 92 293
Total 192 196 188 576
E. Taylor 102 83 89 274
G. Clark 98 96 105 299
Total 200 179 194 573
Second Game
J. Evans 92 103 80 275
G. Allan 86 96 91 273
Total 178 199 171 548
E. Taylor 95 101 91 287
G. Clark 91 85 98 274
Total 186 186 189 561

G. Allan and J. Evans will roll G. Clark and E. Taylor an exhibition match after next Wednesday night's game between the Canadiens and the Blackhaws.

RANGERS 3 CANADIENS 1

Canadiens dropped 3 valuable points in Wednesday's night's game with the Rangers and lost the match by 5 pins. Poor bowling was the order of the evening, only Watson of the losers making a respectable score at all. He rolled high single 102 and high three 281 for the losers with W. Oliver rolling high single 94 and the same player and W. Chandler both tying for high three 253 for the Rangers.

Lineups and Scores:
Rangers:
A. Westall 87 92 71 250
W. Chandler 93 78 82 253
P. Beckwith 73 75 73 221
R. Rogers 84 74 90 249
W. Oliver 77 82 94 253
Totals 414 401 410 1225

Canadiens:
A. Watson 89 102 90 281
F. Baker 85 72 66 223
M. Corbett 81 74 83 239
R. Jones 68 75 85 228
J. Evans 84 72 94 250
Totals 407 395 418 1220

Maroons vs. Blackhaws at 7.45 p. m. tonight.

Below will be found the league standing up till Wednesday night's game.

LEAGUE STANDING

Team	P	W	L	PTS
Blackhaws	8	6	2	22
Bruins	9	5	4	19
Canadiens	9	5	4	19
Maroons	8	5	3	18
Rangers	9	3	6	15
Falcons	9	2	7	10

* These two teams have a point to decide the next time they meet.

COMMITTEE ISSUES CALL

(Continued from page one.)

Mr. E. F. Smith, M. P. (our local Member) wherein the High Commissioner held out practically no hope of the embargo being lifted, and intimated that the High Commissioner had swallowed the British Ministry's argument against lifting the embargo to the effect that their market would not be much use to us any more. Can any one imagine what a blow this was to our people. Can anyone justify the writing of such a letter at such a time or the publishing of it. Probably nothing could have jeopardized our case so much the day before our case was presented. It is conceivable that the publication of this letter ruined our chances for we understand it was a cable to the English papers. Had the High Commissioner availed himself of the statistical information made available through the British Empire Marketing Board, he would have realized that the British market was the finest outlet we could ever hope for, that it has long been the largest potato importing Nation in the world as the following figures of potato importations into the British Isles for the past six years show:—1925, 9,839,000 cwt.; 1926, 6,776,000 cwt.; 1927, 5,322,000 cwt.; 1928, 5,585,000 cwt.; 1929, 4,208,000 cwt.; and 1930, 4,544,000 cwt. During the past three months the importations have vastly increased to the huge monthly figures of 100,700 cwt. per month. The English cwt. is 112 lbs. as you know.

Further figures from the same British source show that England and Wales alone were 360,000 tons short of a year ago as at 1st January last, while at that time New Brunswick had a surplus of over 100,000 tons, so that the poor people of Great Britain are liable to suffer privation through potato shortage and resultant high prices, while the potato growers of the Maritimes are forced with certain ruin and inability to plant another crop, for lacking a market they will have to dump most of their potatoes on hand, whereas free entry to Britain would save both their people and ours.

Our position is that the refusal of the British Ministry to lift the embargo should not be taken seriously until we have exhausted every possible effort and presented a more vigorous appeal.

We must remember that the British Cattle embargo remained in effect for 29 years—most people claim that this was unjustified, and unless we put up a much stronger fight than we have done, the potato embargo will never be lifted and the whole of the Maritimes will be ruined.

If we consider the facts above presented, and also remember that the small nation of Denmark is permitted to ship into Great Britain over \$200,000,000 worth of Potatoes, Butter, Bacon and Eggs annually, while we are exporting almost nothing, when we consider that in the recent British Tariff changes the Mother Country has given us no preference over alien Nations and when we remember that we have always afforded her a substantial preference on all dutiable items, we are bound to feel that either there is something radically wrong with the British sentiment towards Canada or else that we have failed to

press our demands properly. Surely England cannot refuse to consider our position and her own more fairly in the present acute position.

The potatoes remaining in New Brunswick at current English prices after deducting carrying charges would bring \$3,000,000 of outside money into this Province alone, whereas if the embargo is not lifted the greater part of these potatoes cannot be marketed at any price at all.

If the potato industry of this Province is killed in this way, we have no other sizable industry to fall back on, nor have we any other crop which would enable the Farmers to continue.

From the foregoing, you can readily understand the widespread feelings of indignation and bitterness, especially because while we are excluded from this most valuable market, while we are prevented by the operation of this unfair embargo from trading with our Mother Country, Germany and other foreign Nations are setting rich through heavy unrestricted shipments of potatoes into the British Isles.

Notice to All Delinquent Ratepayers of the Several Parishes of the County of Carleton

The failure of a greatly increased number of the ratepayers in the Parishes to pay the taxes assessed against them, finds the County with an overdraft at the Bank up to the extreme limit of the amount the law authorizes. This prevents the County from obtaining money from the Bank with which to pay the bills and expenses for the present year.

The Finance Committee were instructed to look in to the matter, see the Bank Manager and report to Council, and the Council after considering the report of the Committee ordered that the Collectors proceed to collect the delinquent lists using every means provided by law for the purpose unless same are paid forthwith. If at the first of March next the collectors fail to make a good showing in collections the Finance Committee are instructed to procure one or two collectors for the whole County who will collect the taxes now overdue.

Of all of which the delinquent ratepayers will take due notice and severn themselves accordingly.

Dated the 26th day of January, 1932.

J. C. Hartley,
Secretary Treas. County of Carleton.

EAST FLORENCEVILLE W. I.
East Florenceville, Feb. 10.—The monthly meeting of the W. I. was held at the home of Mrs. J. C. Hup. The president, Mrs. Eldon Estey, was in the chair. Nine members and 12 visitors were present. Letters of thanks were read from two families who had received boxes of food and clothing. The committee reported having contributed to two other families also. It was decided to send in the required amount of money for the pooling of railway fares of delegates to the convention. The president invited the members to meet at her home on the following Tuesday to pack a box of food and clothing for a needy family. Encouraging reports were heard from the committee who had been appointed to make an effort to have sidewalks of the village improved. Two new members joined. The program was in the charge of Mrs. F. H. Carle, convener.

Lenten Specials

A Few Special Values in Foods for the Lenten Season

Specials for Week Feb. 15th

Connor's Chicken Haddie 2 cans for 25c

Boneless Codfish
11c lb

Fancy Pink Salmon
2 cans for 25c

Dunbars Shrimps
25c Tin

Brunswick Sardines
6c can

Tomato Soup

3 cans for 25c

New Shelled Walnuts Broken Pieces 34c lb

FREE DELIVERY

G. B. True

MAIN STREET

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NAMES DELEGATE

Perth, Feb. 8.—At a large and representative meeting of the Victoria county Board of Trade held here this afternoon, R. W. Estabrook was appointed as a representative of the board to accompany the delegation to Ottawa, urging immediate action for the removal of the British embargo against Canadian potatoes.

DOMINION STORES

"WHERE QUALITY COUNTS"

Prompt — Courteous — Service

Second-Week of February-Specials

White or Yellow Eye Beans 10 LB. 25c New Cheese 2 LB. 29c

D. S. L. Tea 31c lb.

Surprise Soap 10 bars 45c

Bulk Macaroni All Kinds per lb. 6c

PURE Lard 20 lb Pail \$1.99 BULK LARD 2 lb. 19c

CHOICE Creamery Butter 2 lb. 44c

Bulk-Icing 2 lb 15c Aylmer Beans 2 Tins 15c

Corn Syrup 5 Lb Tin 35c Spaghetti No. 1 Tin 10c

Carnation Milk Tall Tin 12c Catsup Large Bottle 19c

Chicken Haddie 15c tin Fancy Salmon 2 Tins 25c

NO. 1 Hardwheat Flour Per Bag \$2.65

Choice Leg Ham Half or Whole 17c lb Machine Sliced Bacon 19c lb

Choice-Juicy Gr. Fruit 3 for 20c New Jamaica Large and Juicy Oranges 32c doz.

Phone Your Orders—Two Deliveries Daily 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

All Food Prices Greatly Reduced

Dinner 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. 40c

Baked Beans 20c

Bacon and Eggs 35c

Ham and Eggs 35c

Pork Chops 35c

Proportionate Reductions in All Other Lines

McLean's Restaurant

We Offer

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Province of Ontario

5½% Bonds

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Due February 1, 1947

Price: 97 and Accrued Interest to yield 5.80%

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This issue has been heavily oversubscribed and we offer these bonds subject to allotment and confirmation by us.

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