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Custom Boot and Shoe Maker  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.  
Job Work done promptly and at reasonable rates.  
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**W. C. PITFIELD & CO.,**  
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF  
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**Dry Goods,**  
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TOILET SOAPS, SPICES, PIPES,  
HAND MIRRORS, BRUSHES, ETC.,  
IN VARIETY.

**FRUIT AND CONFECTIONERY.**  
Prescriptions carefully prepared.  
A large assortment of Patent Medicine constantly on hand.  
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Agents wanted.

**INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.**

1891 -- SUMMER ARRANGEMENT -- 1891

On and after Monday, June 22nd, 1891, the trains will be run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE KENT JUNCTION.  
Express for Moncton and St. John, 13.15  
Express for Campbellton, 13.15

WILL LEAVE WELDFORD.  
Express for St. John and Halifax, (Monday excepted), 4.02  
Express for Campbellton, 12.55  
Express for Moncton and St. John, 13.30  
Express for Quebec Montreal and Chicago, 20.58

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.  
D. POTTINGER,  
Chief Superintendent.  
Railway Offices,  
Moncton, N. B., June 19th, 1891.

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The subscriber invites attention to his large and well-assorted stock of

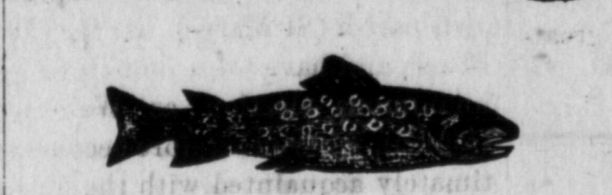
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**WINDOW GLASS,**  
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**Silverware, Glassware,**  
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85 GERMAIN STREET,  
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Also Trunks, Bags and Valises.

**Lumber!**  
**Lumber!**

I have on hand at my Mill, situated within a few yards of the Intercolonial Railway, a quantity of

**Pine, Spruce and Hemlock**  
BOARDS AND SCANTLING,  
SHINGLES.

Dimension Lumber cut to order, selling cheap for Cash, or in exchange for Produce.

**THOMAS ATKINSON,**  
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**C. P. Curtis & Co.,**  
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176 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

Consignments solicited of all kinds of Fish in their season. Smelts and Eels a specialty. Also Spruce Gum.

**\$**  
**IT COSTS YOU NOTHING.**

It is with pleasure we announce that we have made arrangements with that popular, illustrated magazine, the **AMERICAN FARMER**, published at Cleveland, Ohio, and read by farmers in all parts of the U. S. and Canada, by which that great publication will be mailed direct, FREE, to the address of any of our subscribers who will pay up all arrearsages on subscriptions and one year in advance from date, and to any new subscribers who will pay one year in advance. This is a grand opportunity to obtain a first-class farm journal free. The **AMERICAN FARMER** is a 16-page illustrated journal, of national circulation, which ranks among the leading agricultural papers. Its highest purpose is the elevation and ennobling of Agriculture through the higher and broader education of men and women engaged in its pursuits. The regular subscription price of the **AMERICAN FARMER** is \$1.00 per year. **IT COSTS YOU NOTHING.** From any one number ideas can be obtained that will be worth thrice the subscription to you or members of your household. **YET YOU GET IT FREE.** Call and see sample copy.

**THE REVIEW**  
—AND—  
**THE AMERICAN FARMER,**

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**Two Papers for the Price of One.**

This extraordinary offer will only hold good for a short time.

In view of the disclosures lately made public in regard to the way in which the Province of Quebec spends its money, Liberals and Conservatives who desire good government and who have committed themselves to this increased subsidy, may fairly consider whether they will continue to give the plan their future support. Of course, if the public money is to be wasted as it has been wasted by the Ottawa administration in the interests of contractors, and by corrupt members of the civil service, many persons may feel that the Provincial government may as well get an increased share of what is going whether it is spent improperly or not. But it is not very likely that this idea will prevail. It is more than likely that the people of the country as one result of the scandalous revelations which have been made public, will make an effort to secure an honest administration of public affairs at Ottawa, and this cannot but have its effect at the capitals of the Provinces. The administrations at Quebec, since Confederation, have been extravagant to a degree entirely unwarranted by the Provincial resources. The only exception was the comparatively short-lived government led by Mr. Joly. That Province, in twenty-four years, has created a debt of at least twenty-five millions of dollars. In other words it has gone behind hand at the rate of a million dollars a year every year since Confederation. Of course, this is nothing compared to the way in which the Dominion itself has plunged into debt. But Quebec with her comparatively limited resources has no justification for her large expenditures. Ontario has been prudently governed; and, besides, her municipalities have borne much expenditure for services which in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces are paid for out of the provincial treasury. The Maritime Provinces really need a larger revenue, and that is a reason why the people on both sides of politics have been disposed to accept the financial proposals of the late conference at Quebec. But the new revelations must have an influence on the mind of the honest thinker. No matter how the money is raised it is the tax-payer who must in the end provide for it. If the Provincial subsidies are raised indirectly by the government at Ottawa and handed back to the provincial treasurers it is the people who pay them in the end. Money raised directly by the people is apt to be more closely watched in its expenditure by those who raise it. If this view would be accepted by the tax-payer there could be no need to press the demand for increased subsidies. Certainly, if the extravagance which prevails at Quebec is to continue, honest men of both parties will refuse to support the additional subsidies to the Provinces upon general principles—Globe.

**A GASTLY FIND.**  
**Discovery of the Bones of Thirteen Men in Virginia.**

A Norfolk and Western railroad contractor, of Pocahontas county, W. V., tells of a most ghastly and horrible discovery which was made near the line of that road some days since. He says that one night in the early part of last week three mules belonging to the contractor broke loose from the stablemen and ran away. The next morning two negroes were started in search of the runaways. After trailing the mules over the hills until late in the day, the men found themselves in a very desolate portion of the mountains, and far from human habitation. In following the mules the trail led up a deep gorge, bounded on both sides by huge rocks, and backing into the very depths of the mountains. After following the gorge several miles they came to where it forked. Something like half a mile off the right hand gorge rises an overhanging precipice upwards of 150 feet in height. From the top edge of this ledge trickles a small stream of water.

At the base of this ridge lie great masses of jagged rocks, concealed by a thick growth of shrubbery and nettles. It was at the base of this precipice that the negroes made a most awful discovery. A heap of human bones, grinning skulls, fractured as though by heavy blows, broken thigh and arm bones, skeletons of feet and hands were thrown over the rough ground. The bones were in different stages of decomposition, and represented not less than a baker's dozen of human beings when in a line. One body which time had not as yet caused to lose all semblance to a human being was discovered. Shreds of flesh were yet clinging to the grinning skeleton, which showed signs of having served as a feast for a wild beast, possibly a bear, as they were known to be quite plentiful in that vicinity.

The negroes were so horrified over their discovery as to forget the original purpose of their journey, and fled toward camp. They were so frightened on reaching camp as to be unable to give intelligent answers to queries. Many theories are rife as to the origin of the bones. How they came there, is a question that now bothers the brains of residents thereabout, and no one seems to know or can give a plausible theory.

That they are bones of murdered human beings no one doubts; but who are the murderers and who are the victims is yet a mystery which will try the skill of the best detectives. Every effort is now being made by the county authorities to unravel the darkness surrounding the find, which promises to equal if not surpass anything in the history of West Virginia. Since the find many theories are rife concerning the locality. The bones were buried where found, one grave serving as a last resting place for the murdered dead.

A lawyer named Patrick McHugh was thoroughly horsewhipped under the judge's nose in Chicago by a woman whom he had insulted. The woman's husband followed up the proceedings by blacking the lawyer's eyes. The feeling in court was against the lawyer and the judge refused to fine the couple.

**THE WORLD OVER.**

At a meeting of the government at Fredericton, Friday night, Messrs. Chas. Burpee, of Sheffield, John A. Campbell, of Kingsclear, and James E. Fairweather, of Hampton, were selected to purchase the government stock in the upper provinces. S. U. McCully has been appointed police magistrate of Chatham; Andrew G. Crookshank, deputy registrar, St. John, and A. E. McIntyre, of St. John, provincial assayer.

Peaches are so abundant in Maryland and Delaware that adequate means of transportation for the supply cannot be found, and they have been selling for fifteen cents a bushel. The supply of other fruits is almost equally abundant in other sections of the country, and in New England the farmers would not know what to do with all their apples were it not for the cider presses. It is a great fruit year everywhere, and the juice will tax the capacity of the cider barrels.

A scheme to settle six thousand immigrants from Scotland on Vancouver Island, British Columbia, has assumed practical shape. The British Government is directly interested, as these Highland crofters are members of the British royal naval reserve, and it is thought desirable to have them convenient in case of emergency on the Pacific coast. A naval contest with Russia on that coast is among the possibilities. In the meantime a gigantic English syndicate is being formed in British Columbia to develop the deep sea fisheries there, and the coming immigrants will find employment in this work.—Ex.

A good tale is told of the American Exhibition commissioners, which shows that the slow-witted Britisher is sometimes a match even for his American cousins. The commissioners had arrived at one of the great London termini and was engaged with the assistance of Sir Trueman Wood who had been deputed to meet them, in sorting their luggage from the pile upon the platform. The task was not an easy one, and commissioners waxed impatient under the infliction. At length one of them, turning to Sir Thomas Wood, said: "Sir, in my country you can travel 4,000 miles and never be troubled about your baggage from beginning to end of the journey. How is it you can't do it here?" "Because we haven't got 4,000 miles to travel," replied Sir Trueman promptly, to the amusement of the bystanders and the evident discomfort of the questioner.

A careful estimate of the wheat crop in France shows that it will not supply more than half the needs of the population of that country. Russia raises large crops of wheat and the other nations every year consume more than they produce. The prohibition of the exports of rye will increase the value of Russian wheat in a corresponding degree. If the peasant cannot sell their rye for foreign export they can consume it at home and export their wheat at an advanced price. Rye is dearer in Amsterdam and Berlin than wheat at the present moment and the price is advancing at a rapid rate. Much depends upon the weather in Europe during the next two weeks. Good weather will materially aid in advancing the harvests and bad weather will have an opposite effect. If the weather is unpropitious America will control the markets of Europe. A greatly increased demand will enhance the price of grain both at home and abroad.

Francis A. Walker, an eminent American statistician, who had the charge of taking the United States census of 1879 and 1880 has written a paper in the August number of the Forum in which he shows that the decrease in percentage of the increase of population in the United States came at periods in which there was the largest immigration. The lowest decennial census increase in the United States since 1790 was between the years 1880 and 1890, the immigration in this decennium being over five and a quarter millions, the total numerical increase of population in the United States in the same period being not quite twelve and a half millions. He further shows that the largest increase of population in the United States was during the forty years ended in 1830, that aggregate increase being 227 per cent. In the decennium—1830—40 the immigration has commenced to be very large and has gone on since increasing until the figures above stated of five and a quarter millions in ten years were reached.

The Charlottetown Guardian of Tuesday has the following facts in relation to the man Shaw recently found dead near Campbellton: We have been making enquiries relative to James Shaw, the man whose body was found in the river at Campbellton, N. B., and we have ascertained that the deceased was a brother of Mr. John Shaw of Brackley Point. He left the Island about twenty years ago. He was on his way from Chicago to visit his aged mother, who lives on the homestead at Brackley Point with her son John. Another brother of the deceased is Mr. Muncan Shaw, of Tignish. A sister, Mrs. Daniel Murray, lives at North Bedeque, and another brother, William, resides at Manitou Springs, Colorado. It was this brother's wife who wrote the deceased asking him to take a trip to the Island to visit his aged mother. The members of the family on the Island were looking forward with pleasure to the visit of the long absent son and brother, and the news of his sad end, especially when so near his destination, must have come with a great shock to them all.

**CLARKE, KERR & THORNE**  
GENERAL HARDWARE  
PAINTS, OILS AND CLASS  
Silver Plate & Fancy Goods  
60 and 62 Prince Wm. St.  
Saint John, N. B.

**REMOVAL.**

The subscriber is now comfortably located in the Hutchinson building, further down Queen Street, to which he has removed from the old Desbrisay Store.  
He begs to return thanks for the fair share of trade given him whilst at the latter stand, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.  
In addition to his usual supply of Flour, Meal, Provisions, &c., he will keep constantly on hand which he can afford to sell as cheaply as any one a pretty full line of Groceries, such as Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Kerosene, etc., etc. Also, Sole Leather, and a very nice assortment of Chinaware, Crockery and Earthenware.

J. W. HARNETT.

**J. H. CARNALL,**  
Taxidermist and Naturalist,

38 King Square, (south side) St. John, N. B.

Birds and Animals mounted in the best style of the art.  
Moose and Caribou Heads mounted in the best style.  
Furs of all kinds dressed. Good collection on hand for sale.  
Skins tanned and made into mats.  
Rare birds bought and fair prices paid. Arctic Owls particularly required.  
I guarantee that no moths will appear in my work.

**JUST RECEIVED:**  
**Eight Cases and Five Boxes,**  
—CONTAINING—

Lime Juice in bottles and bulk, Eno's Fruit Salts, Sarsaparilla, Quinine Wine, Nestle's Food, Cream Tartar, Tooth Powder, Florida Water, Carter's Pills, Insect Powder, Sponges, Baking Soda, Tooth Brushes, Old Brown Windsor Soap, Enema Syringes, Castoria, Extract Malt, Root Beer, also,  
Chloride of Lime, Carbolic Acid and Ammonia for disinfecting.  
A fresh supply of Confectionery on hand, and Ice-cold Soda Water.

**RICHIBUCTO DRUGSTORE,**  
W. A. MACLAREN, Proprietor.

**JAS. S. MAY & SON,**  
MERCHANT

**TAILORS,**  
Domville Building,  
**SAINT JOHN, N. B.**

**DRS. SOMERS & DOHERTY,**

**DENTISTS.**  
Office—Y. M. C. A. building, Moncton.  
References—New York College of Dental Surgery, and University of Pennsylvania.  
Visits will be made to Kent County every second month, viz: January, March, May, July, September, November. Weldford on 16th, 17th and 18th. Kingston on 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd. Richibucto on 23rd and 24th. Buctouche 26th and 27th.

**WANTED.**  
**500 GIRLS.**  
To learn the Kellogg French Tailor System of Dress Cutting. The only system in America which cuts Worth's French Dress, front, back, sleeve, and skirts without refitting. No paste-board chart, model or machine patterned off on you as a tailor system of dress cutting, but a genuine Tailor's Square, Dart and Sleeve Rule.  
No re-fitting—no re-basting.  
Lessons not limited.  
Full instructions given in fitting and basting.  
Address or call on  
M. MACDOUGALL,  
P. O. Box 399, Weldford St., Moncton.  
General Agent for New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.  
Agents Wanted.

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Agents Wanted.

**Sheriff's Sale.**

To be sold at Public Auction in front of the Court House in Richibucto, on Saturday, the 3rd day of October next, between the hours of eleven o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon of that day.  
All the right, title, and interest, property claim and demand, either at law or in equity, of, in, and to, all that certain lot, piece, and parcel of land situate, lying and being in the town of Richibucto, in the County of Kent. Bounded on the east by Queen Street, on the north by the McDermott property, on the west by land deeded to Robert Richardson, on the south by the Carey property, being the lot of land occupied by Thomas G. Richardson, the same having been seized and taken by virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of Kent at the suit of Dosithe Richard against the said Caleb Richardson.

WM. WHETEN,  
Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Richibucto.  
June 30th, 1891.

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