

THE REVIEW.

Subscriptions \$1.00 per annum; six months 60 cents, invariably in advance. Advertising Rates: 75 cents per inch 1st insertion; 25 cents per inch each continuation. Yearly rates made known on application. Professional Cards \$5.00 per year. Yearly advertising payable quarterly. Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Verses accompanying death notices will be charged for at regular rates. Correspondence on any subject of general interest is invited. Items of news from any place will be thankfully received. We do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by our correspondents. S. B. PATERSON, JR., PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

Best Advertising Medium in Northern New Brunswick. RICHIBUCTO, N. B., APRIL 21, 1892.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

As a general rule, reputable newspapers do not care to bandy words with the Chatham Advance. THE REVIEW has hitherto treated it and its billingsgate with silent contempt. When, however, the Advance undertook to insult this town and the people of Kent County generally, THE REVIEW thought it about time to administer a rebuke to the organ of Senator Snowball. The Advance now complains that our attitude towards it is "extremely hostile." We hasten to assure the Advance that it is entirely mistaken. We deemed it our duty to rebuke the editor of the Advance and to show up the unsavory record of his paper, and we did it with the best of intentions. We even went so far as to give him some good advice, and we are not without a hope that it may prove useful to him. Already there is a marked improvement in the Advance. We are glad to see that it has still enough respect for public opinion left to apologize for its misstatements. We accept its apology, and trust that it will in future be more careful in its statements.

In connection with this matter, the Advance has made a wonderful discovery. It has actually discovered that part of the editorial work of THE REVIEW is done in Fredericton. No such accusation can be made against the Advance. Its abusive style is too well known to leave any doubt as to the author of its editorial work. The hand of the editor of the Advance is plainly visible in every sentence. "The trail of the serpent is over it all."

MR. BLAIR'S CORPORATION TAX

Mr. Blair has followed very closely in the footsteps of Mr. Mercier. Indeed, appearances indicate that he has been a very close student of the methods employed by the deposed premier of Quebec. When Mr. Mercier, through his extravagance and corruption, found a depleted treasury, his first step in the direction of direct taxation was to impose a tax on certain commercial corporations. When Mr. Blair found himself in the same situation, he took advantage of his careful study of Mercierism and resorted to the same method of raising a revenue. The Insurance and Finance Chronicle, of Montreal, has the following to say regarding the effect of the tax on commercial enterprises in Quebec:

As our readers, many of them, are painfully aware, one of the legacies left to this Province by the Mercier Government is the iniquitous commercial corporation tax of 1888, which not only exacts from all banks and manufacturing and general corporations a large tribute at the rate of \$1,000 on a million dollars of capital, and from \$250 to \$500 on each additional million, besides \$100 office tax in Montreal and Quebec, but which compels all insurance companies to pay \$500 each as a general tax, and \$200 for the two cities of Montreal and Quebec, besides \$5 for each and every agency in the Province. These levies, it is to be remembered, are entirely in addition to fees paid the Dominion Government, premium tax and the like levied by municipal corporations, and other exactions. We are glad to see that a movement has been inaugurated looking to the repeal of this abominable commercial corporation tax by the present legislature, and we trust that the movement will receive the attention it deserves. The present government professedly represents equity and honesty; and when fully advised of the nature and workings of the obnoxious law can hardly hesitate, it would seem, to repeal or modify it. The boards of trade and other commercial and financial organizations should make common cause with the insurance interests, and insist on relief from this unjust and burdensome exaction. The law has already driven from the Province several insurance companies, and kept out manufacturing and commercial enterprises we can ill afford to lose. Killing the goose that lays the golden egg is not statesmanship.

New Brunswick can ill afford to lose any such enterprises as can Quebec. What the people of this Province want is legislation tending to invite capital and enterprise into the Province, not inequitable and burdensome laws which can only result in driving out the moneyed institutions we already have amongst us. It may well be said that killing the goose that lays the golden egg is not statesmanship.

THE JUDGESHIP.

Le Moniteur Acadien strongly supports Judge Landry for the vacant position in the Supreme Court Bench, filled by the appointment of Hon. D. L. Hanington. It pointed out that the Catholics, who are clearly entitled to at least one seat, had never had a representative on the Supreme Court Bench, and asked that justice be

done them in this respect. On the appointment of Mr. Hanington, several of the Quebec papers complained that the same rights and privileges were not accorded the Catholic minority in New Brunswick as were enjoyed by the Protestant minority in Quebec. And now a correspondent, writing from St. Joseph's to the Moncton Transcript, declares that the rights of the Catholics in this Province have been trampled upon by the government.

Le Moniteur is unquestionably right when it says that the Catholics of this Province are entitled to at least one seat on the Supreme Court Bench, but we do not think the Canadian papers can reasonably complain that the Catholics here are not treated as fairly as are the Protestants in Quebec. It is true that in Quebec there are several English-Protestant judges, while the New Brunswick Supreme Court is without a Catholic representative, but it must be remembered that in Quebec there are many able Protestant lawyers, while the New Brunswick bar has but few Catholic lawyers qualified to occupy a seat on the Supreme Court Bench. Indeed, there is not a Catholic lawyer at the bar of this province whose age, experience, and legal attainments entitle him to a Supreme Court judgeship. No doubt Mr. Lawlor, of Chatham, is a very estimable young man, and will some day rank with the able lawyers of the province, but as yet he is a young man and has not had the experience necessary to qualify him for such a position.

Among the Catholic lawyers at the bar of this province to-day, there is none better qualified for such a position than Mr. George V. McInerney, of this county. He has an excellent education, and ranks as a lawyer as high, if not higher, than Mr. Lawlor. Yet, it is safe to say, Mr. McInerney never thought of himself in connection with such a position. Mr. R. R. Ritchie, Q. C., of St. John, would make a good judge. He has, however, accepted an appointment as police magistrate for the city of St. John, and is evidently satisfied with his position. Then there remains only Judge Landry. He is undoubtedly qualified for the position, but in considering his claims there arises the question of precedent. It appears to be the settled policy of the government not to promote a judge to a higher judicial position. This, we think, is a wise policy. The Parliamentary Companion, speaking of Judge Landry, states that he once refused a Supreme Court judgeship. This information was probably furnished to the Companion by Judge Landry himself, and is no doubt correct. How, then, can the Transcript's correspondent state that the rights of the Catholics of this province have been steadily ignored. The government, by offering such an appointment to Judge Landry, showed that it was quite willing to give to both the Catholics and the Acadians of New Brunswick their rights when an opportunity presented itself. If Judge Landry, knowing the policy of the government concerning the promotion of judges, chose to accept a County Court judgeship he cannot now complain because the government refuses to break through a fixed rule. His friends, however, say that when he was appointed to his present position he was promised that an exception would be made in his case, and that he would be promoted to the Supreme Court Bench when the next vacancy occurred. If such be the case, we think his claims should have been recognized, and he should have received the appointment. But it would have been very difficult for the government to have given him the position when all his co-religionists were opposed to him. The Transcript's correspondent states that the Catholic members from this province were a unit in favor of the appointment of a Catholic. That is not so. If we are correctly informed, every Catholic member from New Brunswick, with one exception, was in favor of the appointment of Mr. Hanington. Messrs Burns and Adams put forward the name of Mr. Lawlor, but it may safely be said they had no expectation of securing his appointment, and in the end were among Mr. Hanington's strongest supporters.

MR. MACKENZIE.

Hon. Alexander McKenzie, ex-Premier of Canada whose death has been daily expected for some time past, has at last passed away. He died last Sunday morning at his home in Toronto. Mr. McKenzie was born in Perthshire, Scotland, in January 1822. His father was an architect and contractor, and managed to give his son a grammar school education. When he was fourteen years of age, his father died, and the future Premier of Canada was obliged to shift for himself. He learned the trade of a stone mason, and worked at it until he came to Canada, at the age of twenty-two. His six brothers followed him to this side of the Atlantic, and they all afterwards occupied prominent positions in Ontario, where they concluded to locate. And one of them occupied a seat in the old parliament of Canada. Mr. McKenzie first entered parliament in 1862, as representative from Lambton. For a number of years before, he had been the political writer of a reform journal published in that constituency. He soon made his mark in the house as a ready and fluent speaker, a good debater, and a man who was well acquainted with the political

wants of the country. He was an enthusiastic advocate of Confederation and was practically leader of the Liberal party from the time when the first Federal parliament met. This was before dual representation had been abolished; and during this time he was also a member of the Ontario legislature, and Provincial Treasurer of that province. In 1872 he resigned his seat in the Ontario legislature and devoted himself exclusively to Dominion politics. In 1873 the Conservative government was defeated on the Pacific Scandal charges, and Hon. Alexander McKenzie became Prime Minister of Canada. In 1878 his government was defeated at the polls, but he continued to lead the party in opposition till 1888, when he turned over that task to Hon. Mr. Blake. He has remained in the house ever since, but for the last few years he has taken little or no part in party affairs, only rising to vote when his name was called.

Whatever may be said of the failings of Mr. McKenzie as a leader, the people of Canada are a unit in acknowledging his honesty and sincerity of purpose. He gave to his country the best years of his life; he sacrificed his health and comfort in the interest of the people of Canada. He has placed upon the statute books of the Dominion, some of its best laws. The Independence of Parliament Act, the Controverted Elections Act, the General Elections Act, the Extradition Act, and many others equally beneficial, were passed when Mr. McKenzie was at the head of affairs. By his death, Canada loses one of her ablest and purest statesmen.

Kingston Notes.

Capt. Wm. Malley and John Barry left on Monday to join the schooner "Maggie Roach," in Chatham. Capt. A. Fraser also left to take command of Mr. Sinclair's vessel the "Samuel Ober." Wm. H. McArthur received a bushel of seed-wheat from Brandon, on Monday. It was sent by his son, who has been in Manitoba a number of years. We wish him a good yield. Mr. David Palmer lost a valuable cow on Saturday of last week.

Mr. Ted. Curran went to P. E. Island on Friday and returned on Monday. He visited John A. McAlmon, (formerly of this place), in Summerside, and reports that his hotel is fitted up in first-class style. Success John. Miss Sarah Scott left on Monday, via K. N. Railway, for St. John.

Mr. John Cameron has fitted up the mill formerly run by Mr. James Kennedy.

Mr. H. M. Ferguson is building an addition to his house in the shape of a fine back kitchen; Mr. Morrison is also fitting on a bay-window to his house.

Teachers' Provincial Institute.

The following is the programme of the N. B. Provincial Institute for 1892:—"The Rights and Duties of Citizenship—how can they best be taught in the Public Schools?" Eldon Mullin, M. A. "The Text-Book as a Factor in Education." Berton C. Foster, M. A. Discussion to be opened by S. C. Wilbur, E. A. "Suggestions how best to carry out a Course of Natural Science, from the Primary to the High School," G. U. Hay, Ph. B., and John Brittain. "Supplementary Reading adapted to the Needs and Acquirements of Pupils from Grade I to VIII." Edward Manning, M. A. "Does the present Course of Study in the Lower Grades meet the Requirements as regards the Practical Education of the Majority of the Children?" W. M. McLean, B. A. "The Question of Grading Pupils," Wm. Brodie, B. A. "Examinations—For entrance of Normal Schools; for entering and leaving High Schools, for Provincial License of the Grammar School Class and other Classes," M. K. Tibbits, B. A., Jas. M. Palmer, M. A., Jas. Vroom, and Wm. H. Parlee.—Educational Review.

Will Abolish the Telephone Girl.

"A new telephone system has been devised which will do away with the famous 'central' office. On the telephone shelf there is to be a row of keys, indicating units, tens, hundreds and thousands, and a release key. The subscriber will tap out the desired number on the keyboard, which registers on an automatic machine, which connects the wire of the subscriber with that of the 'phone he desires to reach. The success of this invention would mean the extinction of the telephone girl.—Northwest Magazine.

Above Suspicion.

"Well, David, you are above suspicion this time," remarked one citizen on meeting another Tuesday morning; "you are clear of this; no one will suspect you of having been in the gang that broke McCulley's windows." "What do you mean?" indignantly asked the one addressed. "I mean that you will not be accused of a share in this, because the clock in the window was not carried away."—Chatham World.

The Sisseton Indian Reservation

In South Dakota will be opened to settlement on or about April 15th, 1892. This reservation comprises some of the choicest lands in Dakota for farming and sheep-raising purposes. For detailed information address W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago, Ill.; or, A. J. Taylor, Canadian Passenger Agent, 4 Palmer House Block, Toronto, Ont.

For Inflammation, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, apply Dr. Kendrick's White Liniment.

BAIRDS BALSAM OF HOREHOUND

Purely Vegetable NATURE'S REMEDY FOR Coughs, Colds, Croup, WHOOPING COUGH, CONGESTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, IRRITATION OF THE THROAT, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. CURES AS IF BY MAGIC. Unprecedented Success proves its reliability. AT ALL DEALERS AND WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. PAXTON BAIRD, PROPRIETOR WOODSTOCK, N. B.

MILLINERY

We have now ready for inspection a large and choice stock of

Spring and Summer Millinery!

Including all the latest novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Toques and Bonnets.

Also, a fine display of Pattern Hats, Toques and Bonnets, direct from Paris, London and New York.

Orders by mail will receive our best attention.

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C. P. CURTIS & CO. 176 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

Solicit consignments of all kinds of Produce, Canned Goods, FISH, FRESH, SALT or FROZEN. —ALSO— SPRUCE GUM.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1891 - WINTER ARRANGEMENT - 1892 On and after Monday, 19th October, 1891, the trains will be run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows: WILL LEAVE KENT JUNCTION. Accommodation for Moncton, 12.51 Accommodation for Campbellton, 13.54 WILL LEAVE HARCOURT. Express for Moncton, Halifax, and St. John, (Monday excepted), 5.05 Accommodation for Campbellton, Moncton, and Chicago, 20.53 All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent. Railway Offices. Moncton, N. B., October 15th, 1891.

DRS. SOMERS & DOHERTY,



Office—Y. M. C. A. building, Moncton. References—New York College of Dental Surgery, and University of Pennsylvania. Visits will be made to Kent County every month. Wedford on 16th, 17th and 18th. Kingston on 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd. Richibucto on 23rd and 24th. Buctouche 26th and 27th.

SCHOONER FOR SALE!

The schooner, Katie Bell, three years old, 13 tons register, carrying capacity under deck, 120 barrels, with her sails, rigging and outfit complete, will be sold at Public Auction on Friday, the 22nd day of April next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, unless sooner disposed of at private sale. For particulars apply to JOHN T. BELL, Richibucto, March 23rd, 1892.

PETER MCSWEENEY

190 Main St., Moncton. SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT. DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Tweeds, Costume Cloths, Flake Checks, Croize Baize, Cheveron Crape, Queensland, Foules, Bedford Cords, Estaminies' Diagonals, Soliel's Fancy Chevots, Tartan's Mohair Figures, etc., Muslins, Fancy Checks and Stripes, Satin Checks, Satin Stripes, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, New Cords. Quite a charm in examining new goods, NEW PRINTS is the story of to-day, English and American, the quality can be depended upon. Some prints suffer a good deal in the washing, these goods are warranted fast colors. Ashton English Prints, 64 cents; New Pattern Prints, 74 and 10 cents; Indigo Blue Prints, 13 cents; Beautiful New Cambrics, 10, 12 1/2; New Satens 12 1/2, 15 and 20 cents. PATTERNS THAT WILL CAPTIVATE. Polka Dots, Sprays, Leaves, Checks, Stripes. Write for samples if you reside out of the city.

MANTLES AND JACKETS DEPARTMENT. Ladies' three-quarter length Capes and Long Jackets are selling rapidly, the better style will go first, of course; Ladies', Misses' and Children's Gossamers from \$1.00 upwards; Hamburgs, Flouncings, and Edgings, Cambric and Swiss Flouncing, India Linen and Cambric Flouncing, Cambric Edging and Swiss Edging. HANDKERCHIEFS! HANDKERCHIEFS! Initial, Handkerchiefs, Embroidered, Scallop-Edged Hemstitched. Black Lace Flouncings, Kid Gloves, Hoisery of every kind and description, Gingham, Flannelettes, etc. WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER! We have now open and ready for inspection a fine lot of Wall Paper, Paper for Parlors, Paper for Dining Rooms, Paper for Halls, Paper for Bed Rooms, Paper for Kitchens, in fact paper of all kinds.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. PETER MCSWEENEY, 190 MAIN STREET, MONCTON.

R. McAFEE. D. E. LOOMER. McAFEE & LOOMER, -IN STOCK-

100 Quintals Pollock, 100 Qtls. Large and Medium Cod. Pickled and Smoked Herring. Pickled Shad in half barrels. Flour, Oatmeal, Cornmeal. Tea, Sugar, Molasses. Choice Woodstock Cheese. And a full line of light Groceries. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. 21 and 22 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

1892. 1892. OUR STORE WILL BE FOUND WELL STOCKED WITH THE FOLLOWING GOODS.

—DRY GOODS— A full line of Dress Goods in all the different shades, Cashmere and Merino, Flannels in union and all wool, Cotton Flannel, Flannelette, Saeque Cloth, Worsted Cloth, Serges, Prints, Shirtings, Sheetting Cotton, Hamburg and Lace Edging, Tailor's Trimmings, English and Canadian Tweeds, Homespun, Men's Ready Made Clothing, Overcoats, Top Shirts, Shirts and Drawers.

—HEAD AND FOOT WEAR— Hats and Caps in variety of styles, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes, Moccasins, Men's Hand Made Long Boots a Specialty.

—HARDWARE— Iron and Steel in all sizes, Chains, Shovels, Bolts, Screws, Iron and Steel Nails, Boat Nails, Shoe Nails, Files, Rasps, Rivets, Washers, Haywire, Axes, Springs, Axles Carriage Furnishings, also a full stock of Ready Mixed Paint, White Lead, Paint Oils, Glass and Putty.

—CROCKERYWARE— Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Crocks, Jugs, Milk Pans, and, in fact, almost everything in this line we keep in stock.

—CARPETS— Tapestry, All Wool and Unions, Hemp and Stair Carpets.

—FLOUR AND MEAL— We still handle the well known Brand of Flour "Tecumseh," also Corn, Oat and Buckwheat Meal.

A full line of Patent Medicines always on hand.

—GROCERIES— Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Coffee, Cheese, Biscuit, Spices, Rice, Beans, Peas, and a full supply of Canned Goods.

—FISH— Mackerel, Herring, and Ling. We cannot particularize nearly all the goods we sell; our customers may ask for any goods they may require, and the probability is we can supply them. Oats bought and sold.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON, KENT CO.

MY SALESMEN ARE NOW OUT -WITH- Fall and Winter Samples,

and it will be to the advantage of all merchants in the Boot and Shoe trade to wait and see them before placing their orders. Our hand-made Boots are much improved this season and several new lines have been added, made of Kangaroo, for ladies' and gentlemen's wear. This leather is fashionable and durable and has other excellent qualities.

Having one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Boots and Shoes in the lower provinces, I am in a position to fill all orders with dispatch, either by mail or taken by our travellers.

JAMES T. HURLEY, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, 23 and 25 Chipman Hill, St. John, N. B.

W. Quinsler, -MANUFACTURER OF-

Sausages, Headcheese, Large and Small Bolognas, LARD, ETC.

PORTLAND BRIDGE, ST. JOHN, N. B. Orders from a distance carefully and promptly filled.

E. W. STEEVES, MANUFACTURER OF

Harness and Collars, 145 MAIN ST., MONCTON, N. B. Customers will find a large selection of seasonable always in stock and at prices that defy competition, quality considered. Light and heavy harness of every description on hand and made to order. Best stock and best mechanics.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Square Dealing.

