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DIRECT IMPORTERS OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN GOODS,

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

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FLOUR, CORNMEAL, OATMEAL, COFFEE TEA, SUGAR, TOBACCO,

COARSE SALT, in bulk and bags, DAIRY SALT,

Molasses, Biscuits, Cheese, PORK AND BEEF, HAMS, OATS, BRAN AND SHORTS.

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Ready-Made Clothing, Scotch Horse Collars, IRON, CHAIN, ANCHORS, ROPE, NAILS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, LIME.

English House Coal. Blacksmith's Coal

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A very complete stock of General Goods, cheap for Cash or Trade, at OUR MORTIMORE STORE.

Parliament.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 6.—The report of commission of enquiry, into the charge against Sir A. Caron, came down to-day as a message from the Governor General and will be submitted at once. Only the evidence taken is submitted. The commission not being authorized to make any finding.

The law costs in connection with the Manitoba school question have already reached over \$13,000, but Sir John assured the House to-day that the Government would not pay the expenses of the hearing of the recent appeal of the Manitoba minority before the Privy Council.

Hon. Mr. Foster said the report of the Temperance commission would be printed as soon as received, which he expected would be during the recess.

In reply to Devlin the minister of public works said that Nova Scotia coal was used to some extent in the public buildings in this city. No American or English bituminous coal was used now.

The debate of the afternoon grew out of Col. Tisdale's motion for copies of all correspondence, papers and documents not already before the house in reference to negotiations and communications between this government and the United States in reference to reciprocity, canal tolls and wrecking and towing.

When Mr. Foster said he would bring down all the papers possible consistent with the interests of the state, the opposition orators demanded that he produce the official report of the conference he held two years ago with Blaine and General Foster at Washington; and when Sir John Thompson remarked that he had already applied to the home government for permission to lay the papers before the house, they claimed it was a monstrous doctrine to assert that it was necessary to obtain England's consent to officially state what Foster had in substance told the press long ago. Sir John quietly reminded them that Canada did not yet possess the right to make treaties in her own behalf. The house adjourned at six o'clock.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7.—The liberals held their first caucus this morning and had a long debate on the tariff question. They did not attempt to formulate a fiscal policy, but contented themselves with accepting the policy laid down by Laurier in his recent Hamilton speech.

The Senate has adjourned till the 21st. Mr. Boyd of Marquette took his seat to-day.

On the item in supply for sessional clerks and employes of the House, Mr. Hazen called attention to the injustice that had been done New Brunswick in the in the appointment of employes among the provinces in proportion to population. These appointments are made by the Speaker and not by the government.

Charlton made a lively speech this afternoon in defence of his loyalty and that of his political associates. He admitted visiting Washington and consulting with prominent politicians about Canadian affairs and telling them in effect that they had been discourteously treated by the Conservative Government, but that when his party came into power a free trade policy would prevail and things would be more pleasant between the two countries.

Mr. Hazen, of St. John, and Mr. Frazer of Guysboro, were the only maritime province members taking part in the debate. The house spent the balance of the session committee of supply and passed in a large number of items.

Hon. Mr. Foster announced to-night that he would deliver the budget speech some time next week.

OTTAWA, Feb. 8.—Private motions and resolutions took precedence of government business this afternoon, and the time up to six o'clock was given over to talking to the country on the part of many members.

Mr. Pope moved his resolution to abolish the duty on corn and was supported therein by McMullen, of Huron, and Nicholas Flood Davin, the poet orator of the house.

Dr. Sproule opposed the change as calculated to bring about the old condition of things in Ontario, when their grain growers were driven to the wall by free corn from the United States.

Dr. Cameron, of Inverness, put himself clearly on record as an uncompromising protectionist and as flatly opposed to taking the duty off binder twine, corn or kerosene.

Hon. Mr. Foster asked the House to await the Budget before dealing with any tariff item. He had been much interested in the facts brought out in the debate, facts demonstrated that to take the duty off of corn would work differently in different sections. He assured the members that the government would continue as they had since 1878 to so frame their fiscal policy as to do the greatest good to the greatest number and they were wedded to no other policy. This announcement was received with prolonged applause.

Mr. Laurier said a few words in reply and the House separated till eight o'clock without having reached a division.

OTTAWA, Feb. 9.—In reply to Grieve Hon. Mr. Costigan after the House opened this afternoon said the voters' lists would be revised during the present year, which some think gives color to the rumor current in the Capital this session that a general election may be expected before parliament meets again.

Amyot's bill to make voting compulsory

found few supporters and was rejected without the formality of a division.

The free binder twine and free corn resolution and the resolution to prohibit the importation of adulterated lard were stood over at the government's request.

Prof. Weidon's bill to disfranchise electors found guilty of taking bribes received its second reading, after the promoter had fully explained its provisions and made an eloquent plea for the purification of the ballot, and the protection of state against the monstrous evil of corruption.

Sir John Thompson asked the house to let the subject stand till the tariff measures came down.

The resolution to place coal oil on the free list was moved by Cleveland, of Drummond and Wolf, in a brief speech.

Mr. Moncrieff, who represents the coal oil industry in the house, asked serious consideration of the subject. He dwelt on the importance of the oil industry from a national standpoint and pointed out that while the present workings were confined to the county of Lambton there was coal oil in the Gaspereaux Basin and that there was in Arthabaska an oil region larger in area than that of all the oil producing regions of the world put together. He referred to the attacks made on the oil refiners on the platform and in the press, and in reply stated that they were supplying the country with good oil and could furnish all that was wanted and were giving their customers oil at a cheap rate.

Mr. Moncrieff talked till six o'clock when the house adjourned till to-morrow. OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 10.—Hon. Mr. Foster announced in the house this afternoon that he would deliver his budget speech next Tuesday and Sir John Thompson announced that the vacancy on the supreme court bench would be filled before the next meeting of that tribunal.

Hon. Mr. Haggart laid on the table the annual report of the department of Railways and Canals and Hon. Mr. Foster said the immigration report would be along in a few days.

Mr. Davies interrogated the premier about the alleged incapacity of Judge McDonald of the Nova Scotia bench to do any work for the past 3 years and was informed that the department had no official information to that effect, nor had he any complaints from the bar or suitors in this connection.

Hon. Mr. Foster's resolution to amend the civil service superannuation act passed the house.

Hon. Mr. Laurier gave notice that when this bill comes up he would move an amendment thereto.

In reply to Col. O'Brien, who drew the government's attention to the propriety of sending assistance to their fellow colonists in Queensland who were suffering from the effects of unprecedented floods, Sir John Thompson said they expected details from Sir Charles Tupper at an early date and would then consider the matter promptly. He regretted the great calamity that had befallen the people of that colony. The house adjourned at 10 o'clock.

(Continued on next page.)

This is Meant for You.

It has been truly said that half the world does not know how the other half lives. Comparatively few of us have perfect health, owing to the impure condition of our blood. But we rub along from day to day, with scarcely a thought, unless forced to our attention, of the thousands all about us who are suffering from scrofula, salt rheum and other serious blood disorders, and whose agonies can only be imagined. The marked success of Hood's Sarsaparilla for these troubles, as shown in our advertising columns frequently, certainly seems to justify urging the use of this excellent medicine by all who know that their blood is disordered. Every claim in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla is fully backed up by what the medicine has done and is still doing, and when its proprietors urge its merits and its use upon all who suffer from impure blood, in great or small degrees, they certainly mean to include you.

No Man can Tell

Why the sale of St. Jacobs Oil is greater than that of any other medicine, and ten times greater than that of all other liniments and embrocations combined. Yet the question is easily answered—it is because of the actual merit which the Oil possesses, together with the fact that the proprietors advertise it to cure only such diseases and ailments as it will actually cure. St. Jacobs Oil conquers pain; it acts like magic; it is wholly an outward application. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Sciatica, Sprains and Soreness.

Worth Ten Dollars a Bottle.

Any person who has used Polson's Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost ten dollars a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy in the world for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica, headache, toothache, earache, neuralgia, and all pains just as quickly. It is a one-day cure. Large bottles 25 cents, sold by all druggists and country dealers. Use Polson's nerve pain cure—Nerviline.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY The Great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, and Diphtheria have for 50 YEARS yielded to Perry Davis' Pain Killer

Buy Big 25¢ Bottle

For Sale at SHORT'S DRUG STORE.

Always Insure Your Property

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INSURANCE COMPANY,

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HARTFORD, CONN.

Why?

Because of its strength, loss-paying power, and record for fair and honorable dealing.

Statement January 1st, 1890—

Cash Capital \$2,000,000 00 Reserve for Unadjusted Losses 254,523 43 Reserve for Re-insurance 1,749,245 41 NET SURPLUS 1,801,238 39

Total Assets, \$5,305,004 23

J. D. PHINNEY,

Agent, Richibucto.

DRS. SOMERS & DOHERTY,



DENTISTS.

Office—Y. M. C. A. building, Moncton. References—New York College of Dental Surgery, and University of Pennsylvania.

Visits will be made to Kent County every month. Weldford on 16th, 17th and 18th. Kingston on 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd. Richibucto on 23rd and 24th. Buctouche 26th and 27th.

A NEW DEPARTURE IN

BENT WOOD CHAIRS

Heretofore the great bulk of these chairs was imported entirely from Austria or United States. Now they are being made in Canada and sold at almost half the price of the imported ones. They are finished in light and dark 16th Century and Oak. They are the Cheapest Dining Chair now in the market.

TO MEET A LONG FELT WANT I AM MAKING UP AND SELLING

A GOOD TAPESTRY LOUNGE FOR \$6.00.

STUDENT CHAIRS FROM \$3.35 UP.

An immense variety of all the higher grades of Furniture. Call and examine the stock.

JOHN WHITE.

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Marble Works,

T. F. SHERARD & SON,

Dealers in Monuments, Tablets, Headstones. Cemetery work of every description neatly executed. Orders promptly filled.

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ALMOST FREE. Send one

postage stamp and we will send, post paid, one of our Illustrated Albums, containing a number of reproductions of famous pictures with an interesting description of the same. The list includes Military, Secular, and Religious Pictures. Albums will be ready for mailing November 1st. Send at once as the number is limited. Address, GORBELL'S 207 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

Thos. L. Bourke,

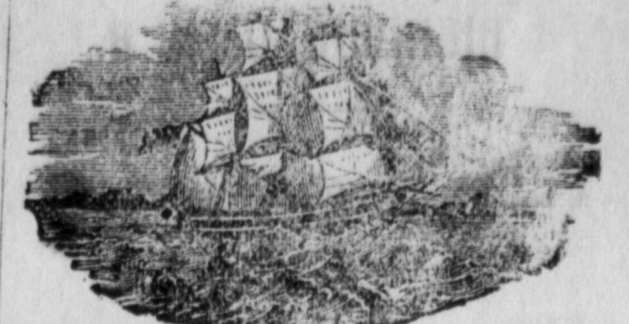
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C. P. CURTIS & CO.

176 Atlantic Ave.,

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Solicit consignments of all kinds of

Produce, Canned Goods,

FRESH SALMON

AND

EGGS,

A SPECIALTY.

Since Last September

I have not spent one day without intense suffering until I obtained a bottle of

SCOTT'S CURE

—FOR—

RHEUMATISM.

I have used part of my second bottle, and consider it the best remedy for RHEUMATISM ever discovered. I would recommend any one to try it who suffers as I did—I was unable to work, or even walk, and now enjoy better health than I have for years.

Yours truly,

E. B. GREEN,

City Road, St. John.

Scott's Cure is prepared in Canada only

by W. C. RUDMAN ALLAN,

Chemist and Druggist,

King Street (West), St. John, N. B.

For sale by all Retail Druggists.

Price 50 cents a bottle; 6 bottles \$2.50.

Wholesale by Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons and S. McDiarmid, St. John, N. B.

Messrs. Brown & Webb, Simons Bros. & Co., Forsythe, Sutcliffe & Co., Halifax, N. S.

Messrs. Kerry, Watson & Co., Montreal; T. Milburn & Co., Lyman Bros. & Co., Toronto; London Drug Co., London, Ont.

Daily Mail

And Passenger Stage leaves Weldford Station, I. C. R., for Richibucto, via Bass River and Kingston, on arrival of the St. John, Halifax and Quebec express trains, Saturdays excepted.

Returning—leaves Richibucto at 4.00 p. m., local, and arrives at Weldford Station in time to connect with night express trains going North and South.

Fare, \$1.50.

Good Livery Stable in connection.

L. J. WATHEM,

King St., Weldford, I. C. R., Kent County

BUCTOUCHE AND MONCTON RAILWAY.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

In Effect Monday, October 24th, 1891

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

Leave Buctouche 7.45 Arrive Moncton 10.00 Leave Moncton 12.00 Arrive Buctouche 17.15

Train connects with I. C. R. Express for Halifax and accommodation for Capreolton, leaving Moncton at 10.25 and 10.30 respectively. Also with I. C. R. express from Halifax and accommodation from Capreolton due at Humphrey's at 14.55 and Moncton at 14.40 respectively. Express for St. John arrives in Moncton 10.20 and leaves Moncton for St. John at 15.10.

E. G. EVANS, Superintendent.

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 21st, 1892.

NOTICE!

NOTICE is hereby given that the Moncton and Prince Edward Island Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an amendment to the Act incorporating said Company to the following effect: namely to increase the Capital Stock to \$1,000,000 and to give the Company power to issue Bonds to the extent of \$1,500,000, such Bonds to be issued on the Railway, Ferry, Boats and all the property of the Company if the Company see fit so to issue the same or \$1,000,000 of the Bonds may be issued on the Ferry, Boats and property connected with the Ferry and \$500,000 may be issued on the Railway of the Company as the Company may see fit. Also to extend the time for the payment of fifteen per centum of capital stock, and for the commencement and completion of the railways and ferry which the company is authorized to construct within the times mentioned in the Railway Act, and to empower the company to build its railway from its junction with the Buctouche and Moncton Railway to Richibucto Cape by such routes as the company may deem best, with power in the company to connect its line of railway with any other in the County of Kent; with power also to purchase and maintain any other railway in the counties of Kent and Westmorland, and connected with the Intercolonial Railway, and to enable the company to build a bridge over the Richibucto River.

C. N. SKINNER,

Dec. 16, 1892

FOR SALE!

A set of Bob sleds, steel sled, with shafts and chains complete. Also one light Sled with box. For sale cheap as the owner has no use for them.

H. M. FERGUSON,

KINGSTON.