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THE REVIEW

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VOL. 5.

RICHIBUCTO, NEW BRUNSWICK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1893.

NO. 10

Sterling Soap! WINTER SASHES

To the Lady sending us the most "Sterling" wrappers from August 1st, 1893, to August 1st, 1894, we offer the following Cash Premiums, viz:

- FIRST, - \$50.00 in GOLD.
SECOND, - 25.00 " "
THIRD, - 15.00 " "
FOURTH, - 10.00 " "

Don't wait till end of year, but send in wrappers and we will acknowledge and credit you with number sent.

WM. LOGAN, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WILL KEEP YOUR HOUSE WARM THIS WINTER AND SAVE A LARGE AMOUNT OF FUEL. SEND YOUR ORDER TO US AND HAVE THEM PROPERLY MADE AND GLAZED.

A. CHRISTIE WOOD WORKING CO., CITY ROAD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

20th CENTURY KANDY KITCHEN,

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\$50 A YEAR FOR LIFE.

Substantial Rewards for Those Whose Answers are Correct.

A man once entered a prison where was confined a condemned criminal. On making a request to be conducted into the presence of the doomed man, the visitor was informed that none but relatives were permitted to see the prisoner. The visitor said: "Brothers and sisters have I none, but this man's (the prisoner's) father is my father's son."

He was at once taken to the prisoner. Now, what relation was the prisoner to the visitor?

The Agricultural Publishing Company will give \$50 a year for life to the person sending the first correct answer; \$500 the second; 3rd, \$250; 4th, \$100; 5th, \$50, and over 10,000 other rewards, consisting of pianos, organs, ladies' and gentlemen's gold and silver watches, silver services, diamond rings, etc.

To the person sending the last correct answer will be given a high-toned piano, to the next to the last a beautiful organ, and the next 5,000 will receive valuable prizes of silverware, etc.

RULES.—(1) All answers must be sent by mail, and bear postmark not later than Dec. 31, 1893. (2) There will be no charge whatever to enter this competition, but all who compete are expected to send one dollar for six months subscription to either THE LADIES' HOME MAGAZINE or THE CANADIAN AGRICULTURIST—two of the choicest illustrated periodicals of the day. (3) All prize winners will be expected to assist us in extending our circulation. (4) The first correct answer received (sender's postmark taken in all cases as date of receipt, so as to give every one an equal chance, no matter where he or she may reside,) will secure the first prize; the second, the next prize, and so on.

THE AGRICULTURIST is an old established concern, and possesses ample means to enable it to carry out all its promises. (Send for printed list of former prize winners.)

JUDGES.—The following well-known gentlemen have consented to act as judges, and will see that the prizes are fairly awarded: Commodore Calcutt (proprietor Calcutt's Line of Steamers), Peterborough, and Mr. W. Robertson, President, Times Printing Company, Peterborough. Register all money letters. Address, AGRICULTURIST PUB. CO., (LTD.), Peterborough, Canada.

A Professional Opinion.

Rev. F. Gunner, M. D., of Listowel, Ont., says regarding B. B. B.:—"I have used your excellent Burdock Compound in practice and in my family since 1884, and hold it No. 1 on my list of sanative remedies. Your three busy B's never sting, weaken, or worry."

Odds and Ends.

Giotta, the artist, was a peasant's son. Coal was first used in England as fuel in 1350.

The strongest fortress in the world is Gibraltar.

The largest mammoth tusk yet discovered was 16 feet.

To find fault with our government is to blame ourselves.

Subtlety may deceive you. Integrity never will.—Cromwell.

The lungs of the average man contain about five quarts of air.

Botanists say that there are upward of 50,000 varieties of plants.

There are in British India 10,147 shops licensed for the sale of opium.

The standing army of Hawaii consists of 64 men, three of whom are generals.

The gratitude of place to expectants is a lively sense of future favors.—Walpole.

Eighty of the towers in Great Britain supply the necessities of 100,000 in this country.

A shoemaker at Lynn, Mass., repairs free every eleven pair of shoes left to be fixed.

There are 11,000,000 kangaroos in Australia. What if they were all to jump at once?

At the beginning of the Christian era the relative values of gold and silver were as 9 to 1.

The average weight of the male infant at birth is seven pounds; of the female six and a half.

Try a tallow candle cut in pieces and wrapped in brown paper to keep moths from furs.

Diphtheria, pneumonia, yellow and scarlet fever are unknown in Chulabangkora's kingdom of Siam.

C. C. C.

The park policemen of San Francisco use the lariat to stop runaway horses, and all are experts with the rope.

Put salt on the clunkers in your stove or range while they are hot after raking down the fire, and it will remove them.

Sailors who sham illness as a means of shirking work and weather are said to be afflicted with "Cape Horn fever."

Too many follow example rather than precept, but it is safer to learn rather than precept than example.—Warwick.

If there is a streak of rank vulgarity in our society, it is glaringly shown by the display of the money cost of things.

The steam engines of the world represent the work of 1,000,000,000 men, or more than double the working population of the earth.

The best quality of dynamite is a mixture of 75 per cent. of nitroglycerin and 25 per cent. of a silicious earth known as kieselguhr.

Hepparchion, 100 years B. C., counted 1,012 stars with the naked eye and Holoernus 1,022. The telescope now counts 100,000,000.

Spots on the wood of furniture may often be removed by rubbing vigorously with turpentine and sweet oil, and then renewing the polish by brisk rubbing.

After Effects of La Grippe.

PARRY SOUND, Oct. 16.—In the year 1891, Miss Ida I. Hicock of this place, suffered from a severe attack of "La Grippe." Her life was saved but, as is too often the case, the victim of this dread disease did not escape cost free. Ever since her illness Miss Hicock has suffered from nervous prostration and insomnia. Nothing in the way of medicine did her any good until she recently began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. She had just finished the second box of the pills, and the result has been a delightful surprise to herself and her friends. She is rapidly recovering and no longer suffers from insomnia, but enjoys refreshing sleep. Here is another case in which an unsuspected kidney affection entailed much suffering and many months of misery.

Many other people are doubtless unconscious sufferers from kidney trouble. Fortunately this remedy is within easy reach of them, if they will avail themselves of it.

Lothario (tenderly)—"Smile upon me, dearest!"

Vassar Damsel—"Really, I can't; but I'll smile with you if you've got your flask handy."

HAWKER'S LIVER PILLS cure all stomach ills. They assist digestion, regulate the bowels and liver, tone the stomach and purify the blood.

Wife (passionately)—"Darling, are you going to leave me for the whole long day without kissing me 'good-bye'?"

Husband (who knows the symptoms)—"I swear, on my honor, I haven't a twenty about me, love."

Itch Mange and Scratches of every kind, by human or animal, cured in 30 minutes on Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. For sale by W. W. Short, agent for Kent County.

"Sir, this is an insult!" exclaimed the aiderman who had been offered \$200 as a bribe.

"That's all right," replied the briber. "Pocket the insult."

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Loathing of Food, Dyspepsia, or Biliousness, take HAWKER'S LIVER PILLS. They will cure you. Recommended by leading Physicians as a most reliable medicine.

He—"What makes this room so infernally hot?"

She—"I have just been burning up your old love-letters, dear."

REALER IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves a retention of water and pain in passing, it almost immediately cures. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by W. W. Short, druggist.

landlady—"That Miss Biberack has just eaten enough for three men, and yet she is always complaining that she has no more appetite than a bird."

Husband—"She probably refers to the ostrich, my dear."

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THE GREAT NORTH SHORE ROUTE!

The Best, Surest, Safest, Quickest Route by which to reach purchasers in the North Shore Counties of New Brunswick, is via

THE REVIEW.

The regular news express to the homes of all the people, and most direct line to the pocketbooks of buyers everywhere.

See that your Advertisement is ticketed via THE REVIEW.

My Girl's Mouth.

She had a mouth like the lid of a pie, And you never saw the like before, And when you saw her sitting in a room You would mistake that mouth for the door.

She dearly loves to smile upon me And when that smile gets clear around It's about ten inches in diameter And will weigh well onto a pound.

Her mouth is not too big for her voice; In fact, it's a pretty good fit, And when she ever whispers her love, The next town hears every word of it.

She hasn't any trouble to eat mince-pie, For her appetite fits it quite, And a mince-pie doesn't stand a show at all For he can take it all at a bite.

But, oh, isn't that a mouth to kiss! Such a corn-fed kiss it is, indeed, That one is sufficient to last a man a day, And is rather more than one man would need.

The other day the dentist fixed up her teeth, And he said he got along tip-top, For he never had such facilities for work Nor such a commodious shop.

When she sighs her love in a sentimental way, As very often she will do, Her sighs are overpowering to one of my size And a fellow only wishes for a few.

Her mouth is so large that to carry it around Is something you'd care to see; Indeed, that mouth is as large as a south-ern room of the Louvre Gallery.

She thinks a good deal of the singer of this song, And when she speaks of my lightest praise, That praise amounts to a very great deal And would last a man all his days.

Unless this girl swallows herself before, Next month I'll make her Mrs. Brown; We'll put shelves in her mouth for a millinery store, With the biggest fall opening in town.

Newfoundland Notes.

"Ye Anciente Colonie" is just now in throes of a fierce election contest. The present house expires by limitation, and the people have no less volens to choose another one. The date of the polling is fixed for Nov. 6th, and, as a matter of course, the best efforts of both parties are being put forth. What these efforts are a perusal of the organs of the parties will pretty clearly indicate. While in other countries principles and politics usually take a first place and personal character and social standing the second, in "Ye Anciente Colonie" it is the reverse. The man himself, not his politics, is most apt to be discussed. As a consequence of this the papers on both sides—but more par-

ticularly the Telegram, organ of the present government—devotes almost all their efforts to smirching the personal reputation of their opponents, and private life and the most sacred precepts of the home is dragged into the arena of politics. The writer has many times wondered why Hawke and McDougall, of Moncton, did not seek a place on some of these sheets. However, this must not be understood to mean that all the papers of the old colony are of this type.

The leader of the government is Sir William Whiteway, and his lieutenant, Hon. R. Bond, is the hero of the famous Bond-Blaine treaty, in which Newfoundland yielded everything and the United States nothing; and the country only escaped a terrible disaster through the interference of Canada. The appeals made to the electors are suggestive to a Canadian from more than one standpoint. The topics are largely those of our own anti-confederation days. The evils of the truck system, the oppression of the fishermen by the merchants, and the establishment of public works as giving employment to the laborers are the great topics discussed. Both parties appear to be committed to a socialistic policy of fixing the price of wages—by law a most dangerous tendency only possible in a country where general education is in a neglected state. This is a question neither side seem desirous of touching. Here we have sectarianism gone mad. The three bodies of Roman Catholics, Episcopalians and Methodists are nearly all equal with the wealthiest people of the island colony to the Presbyterians. Each church has its own system, with the consequence that there is no system at all. Those favoring sectarian schools should see them work here. But, however, the clergy of all the bodies are in its favor, and the long suffering ignorant people have small hopes of a change. And the wealthy folk send their children to Canada or England and care little for the schools of the country.

While Whiteway and Bond hold the fort the opposition storming party is led by Munroe and Griene, two wealthy merchants. The brains, however, are furnished by Marine, a Canadian, who stands head and shoulders above any of the politicians of the island, and is, in fact, a very clever man.

The work on the Hall Bay railway is being pushed forward with great energy. This road will open up a good section of country. It will not, however, be able to make a link with the Canadian system of any value, as it diverges too much. It was intended to kill two birds with one stone, but will kill neither, but hit both slightly; yet not enough to secure them.

A curious fact is that while some of the politicians seem to use confederation with Canada as a bugbear, they have given a Canadian all the lands with anything in the colony. Mines, minerals and forests all go into the possession of one, responsible in no way to public opinion, and who will in effect, in a few years, own Newfoundland.

The fishery, while not a failure, has been far from good. A good many people will lose a large proportion of their venture, as they call a voyage here. The advent of the cholera in so many of the fish markets of the world is also a serious matter. Revolution in South America adds its disturbing influences. Add to this the comparative failure of her crops and Newfoundland's prospects are not bright for the coming winter. The young men and women, however, who are coming back from the States give a sad picture of life there from a workman's standpoint. Well may our Canadian people congratulate themselves on the conservative cautious policy of our people, when they think of the terrible consequences of the policy pursued by the States in selfishly attempt-

ing to grasp all the good things of the world and hold them from the rest of mankind. The boldest of the little clique of annexationists in Canada must have serious doubts as to the wisdom of now confiding the destinies of his country to the politicians of the States. The effect of the manner in which the Dominion weathered the gale that laid on her beam ends the Republican bark has greatly stimulated the feeling for union with the Dominion in the hearts of the people of Newfoundland. Don't let Canada think, however, that she gets a prize in getting Newfoundland. While from sentimental and geographical reasons it would no doubt be a most desirable thing that the great fisheries of the Atlantic should be under one control, yet it is an obvious fact that the completion of the Hall Bay line will leave Newfoundland with a very heavy debt and no paving assets to show for it. The road will have to be run at a loss, as the most sanguine only anticipated a tri-weekly train over a road of some 450 miles, through a very rough country. The interest of the public debt will probably absorb forty per cent., if not more, of the revenues of the island. Should, however, the dispute with France be adjusted in a fair manner, the impetus given to her trade would be very great, and a different state of affairs would soon declare themselves.

The great need at present of the people of Newfoundland is for a better system of mails. Twice as it happened this summer that there was only one mail in three weeks from Canada and the States. The mails will not average more than one a fortnight, and this in a country that imports and exports more per capital than any part of America. A steamer plying between Sydney, C. B., and Placentia, N. F., could give easily a tri-weekly mail, but this is impossible owing to the jealousy of St. John's, N. F., and Halifax, N. S. In conversation with some of the most successful seal killers of the Bay, the writer heard the opinion freely expressed that the best place from which to start with a sealing steamer is Shippegan, N. B. A steamer going out from that place would almost certainly meet the seals, and would secure an early cargo and be ready for a second voyage. Why should not some of our enterprising New Brunswickers investigate this. As a sealer sometimes clears a quarter of a million in a single voyage, it should be worth while.

Canadians here are very clamorous, and occupy some responsible positions. The de facto leader of the opposition is a Canadian. So is Bishop McDonald, of Harbor Grace, a most talented and estimable gentleman, who is especially popular with the Protestants of the island, as well as among his own people. The manager of the Munn glue factory and the founder and owner of the shoe factory are both Canadians. Mr. King, of St. John, N. B., Mr. Archibald, of Truro, N. S., Rev. Mr. Noble, of Harbor Grace, and several other clergymen, are also of the same nationality. It must also be confessed with shame that Bowers of the Tribune, a paper that is famous for its abuse of the public men of Canada, and that is known as the champion liar of the island, is also from the land we are so proud of calling our own.

The two dentists of the island—for here they have good teeth—are both from Canada. Dr. Hallett resides in St. John's and Dr. Leber in Harbor Grace. The latter is credited with having married the most beautiful woman in Newfoundland—so much for Canadian good fortune and good taste. As to immigration, while the work of rebuilding the city of St. John's and the construction of the Hall Bay railway has created an abnormal demand for labor, yet the writer found the people strongly disposed to go to Canada and engage in farming instead of the dangerous and uncertain life they now lead. About 35 families began preparations to go this fall, but were advised to wait till spring, which they will do. Only gross mismanagement on the part of the Department can prevent an influx of from 1000 to 3000 people into our Northwest during the coming year.

C. C. C.