

THE REVIEW.

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Best Advertising Medium in Northern New Brunswick.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., SEPT. 20, 1894.

POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE.

The rapid growth of the independent element in Canadian politics, as represented more particularly in Ontario and the West by the Patrons of Industry, and the disposition manifested by bodies of electors in many quarters to break away from the old-time political parties, will no doubt introduce a disturbing element into the next election contest throughout the Dominion, which will have an important bearing on the general result. The "Patrons" have already made their influence felt in the elections for the Ontario Legislature and the representatives returned by them for that House have recently effected a formal organization and resolved to stand together, as an independent party prepared to enforce their views by a solid vote whenever the opportunity arrives. The general organization of the body has since the provincial election been pressed forward with increased energy, and hardly a day passes without some announcement of their choice of candidates for the next federal campaign,—at one time in a hitherto strong constituency, at another in a conservative preserve and at another in a riding in which it is conceded the Patron candidate will sweep the field. In a recent contest for the House of Commons in Manitoba, the candidate of the new party defeated the conservative candidate and carried the seat with a majority that surprised the old time party managers.

It is even now conceded that the Patrons will carry seventeen seats at the next Dominion election, and how many more they may bear away it is impossible to foretell, if the organization continues to grow, and the sentiment of independence increases with thoughtful voters as it appears recently to have done. The Independents purpose putting up a candidate to contest the seat in Cardwell, against the conservative nominee, as soon as the Government decide to open that constituency, and because of the doubt which surrounds the issue of that contest, the administration does not now appear anxious to bring on the fight.

The Patrons are extending and strengthening their organization in the Province of Quebec, and although we are not aware of any effort as yet made to establish them in the Maritime Provinces it will be admitted that in the eastern as well as in the western section of the Dominion there is a growing feeling in favour of enlarged political independence in many quarters, and a disposition to break away from the restraints of the old time parties. There is a well-founded conviction that the shameful misappropriation and extravagance in connection with the public expenditure in recent years, both in Dominion and provincial administration, and the increased burdens upon the people are due largely to the influence of the party heelers and hoodlums who too often are found hanging on to the skirts of a government and making their evil influence felt while honest and honorable men who are willing to do honest work for a fair compensation, but are not prepared to contribute so lavishly to the party funds, are pressed aside to make room for these party managers who claim to control the votes. The new organization more particularly represents the farming population and while several of the planks of their platform are not such as we would like to see generally adopted, there are others which are well worthy of careful consideration. Under proper management and judicious control the influence of the new party will we believe prove beneficial to Canadian public and political life. Independence in politics is not now looked upon with such disfavor as it formerly was, and is every where both in Canada and the United States making its influence felt. As a contemporary remarks—"the intellectual aristocracy of a people are now independent in politics." Thoughtful electors who study the signs of the times are growing more and more dissatisfied with the "management" and manipulation which seem to be necessary in grit and tory ranks alike.

FOREST FIRES.

The fearful ravages of the forest fires in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan which have assumed the proportions of a great national calamity, are calculated to again call attention to the serious loss which annually occurs in this Province both on public and private lands, because of wood fires. In too many instances these are caused by gross and wanton carelessness, and unless more energetic steps than have yet been taken are pursued, New Brunswick may yet by a similar wide-spread

disaster be swept of one of its most valuable sources of revenue,—not to speak of the loss of life which may possibly accompany such an occurrence. In the West a wide district has been swept by the fire, a score or more of cities, towns and villages have been totally or partially destroyed, several hundred lives have been lost, and thousands have been rendered homeless and destitute. Wide stretches of valuable timber have been destroyed and the losses will be represented by millions. The destruction of human life is most sad, and is an unusual feature in connection with forest fires. As a rule there is time to escape, but the rapid sweep of the flames shut off all escape, and the victims were either smothered or burned to death.

Along the North shore of New Brunswick, fires almost every year sweep over miles of timber lands and it has been said that fire has caused greater destruction than the axe of the lumberman. How to prevent this wholesale destruction is the important question and one which interests the people of the whole province. The Minneapolis Tribune discussing this feature of the case says:—

"But is there no remedy from the periodical forest fires? There should be. We very rarely hear of any destructive conflagrations in the vast forests of Europe. Why? Because these forests are under Government supervision and are patrolled by a sufficient force of foresters who remove dead trees and dry fallen timber, clean out the underbrush, and watch carefully for the first outbreak of a fire. The blaze is usually checked in its incipency. It may not be possible to place our pine forests under Government supervision, because they are under private ownership; but could not owners be compelled to combine and use precautions similar to those used in Europe? Their forests are a menace to the people, the villages, and the farmers scattered through the timber region, and they owe some duty to the public, if the protection of their own property is not a sufficient motive. A forest patrol would be found cheaper in the end than the annual waste of timber by forest fires."

Buctouche Notes.

SEPT. 17.—A week ago a gathering of about 40 friends and members of the C. E. Society met in their annual social union at the residence of Mr. H. C. Murray. Games of various kinds were enjoyed, the inner man well cared for. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Mr. Watson, when a very enjoyable evening terminated. Mrs. Murray is an exceptional hostess.

Mr. H. Irving has presided the Presbyterian church with the upper Keswick building lot as a site for a manse, which will probably be commenced next year.

Rev. Mr. Watson preaches his farewell sermon next Sunday.

The parsonage has received a fresh coat of paint. The old blacksmith shop alongside has been torn down and a new barn built on the rear of the lot which makes a marked improvement in the appearance.

Conductor B. S. Smith is happy. Both mother and son are doing well.

Judge James' residence will be tonight the scene of a happy gathering. Invitations are out for a social dance.

Yesterday afternoon about 500 persons gathered at the Buctouche Indian reserve to witness the raising of a large cross, 25 feet high and 16 feet across. The ceremony was performed by Father Michaud.

Messrs. Landry, Hannagan, Bourque, LeBlanc and Michaud, a committee of the St. Jean de Baptiste branch of the C. M. B. A. are now making arrangements for a grand entertainment about the middle of November. They certainly deserve and will no doubt receive the encouragement and, if need be, assistance of the Episcopal, Methodist and Presbyterian churches of this place, as they were always ready and willing to lend a helping hand to them in their efforts. It is almost impossible to find another place in New Brunswick where all the churches work in such perfect harmony as they do in Buctouche.

Probably about 100 boats are out fishing oysters this morning.

Mr. Barnes has the outside of one of his new tenement houses nearly completed.

Some of our sporting men are preparing for the opening of the partridge season by going out and shooting crows. It is not known whether they eat crow meat to steady the nerves or not.

Geo. E. Irving, wharf supervisor expects to have the wharf built in about a month. King's mill is now sawing the covering for the wharf.

A. T. Conges has already shipped about 800 cords of bark. He has about 400 cords more awaiting shipment.

Miss Maria Girouard, who is teaching at McLaughlin Road, spent Sunday at home.

Ben. White is sick with fever but is reported as not dangerously ill.

F. McInerney, of Kingston, spent Sunday in Buctouche.

The roofs are on the new buildings of J. H. Powell and Capt. Smith.

crowded nightly.

Rev. Mr. Hackenley preached in the Episcopal church last Wednesday evening.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day. South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. For sale by W. W. Short, druggist, agent for Kent Co.

Cocaine Bar. SEPT. 13.—We have had continued fine weather for a very long spell. Last Sunday we had something of a shower; but since then the weather has been extremely fine.

One morning last week we were surprised to find a heavy frost—ice in some places half an inch thick. Large fields of buckwheat not ripe yet, were completely destroyed. Potatoes were also damaged to some extent.

Mr. Sylvestie Despres is building himself a comfortable house. The work of the construction is under the supervision of Mr. Fidele Melanson, one of our best carpenters. The outside is now almost completely finished except the verandah which Mr. Despres intends making on three sides of the building. It will be one of the finest little cottages in the neighborhood.

Mr. Thomas Despres and sons are also having the inside of their residence repaired. Good prospect for a matrimonial alliance down there!

Our "Marine Officer" had an encounter with oyster poachers some time ago. He made a seizure of the boat and its contents and imposed a fine of \$20.00 for breaking the fishery regulations.

A child of Mr. Simon Melanson had a narrow escape from being run over by a truck waggon, loaded with oats. Luckily only one of the child's arms was caught and the injury was not so serious as it might have been.

We regret the departure of one of our neighbors from this locality—Mr. Thomas Breaux. He intends making his future residence at Shediac, where he has obtained a situation which will give him work all the year round.

Our fishermen are making great ravages among the clams. They are also preparing themselves for the oysters which will be let loose to the public very soon.

Our teacher intends going to the Institute if the weather is favorable.

SEPT. 17.—Mr. Allan Smith, of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, Halifax, N. S., is visiting friends in Kingston.

Mrs. John Cameron is visiting friends in Chatham this week.

Mrs. Farrow, of Worcester, Mass., and Miss Mason of Amherst, N. S., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Ferguson.

Miss Ella McAlmon has returned from a very pleasant trip to Pictou.

Miss Minnie Gifford, who has been visiting friends in Kingston, returned to Boston on Monday.

We are pleased to hear that Miss Skeffington has fully recovered from her late illness.

A party of Kingston folks drove to Chatham last week to visit friends.

Miss Janie Dickinson intends leaving for Boston about the 27th ult.

Harry Wood who passed his examination in telegraphy, is home on a vocation.

The "Opera House" is a great improvement to Kingston.

Miss Kate Tweedie intends leaving for Portland next Thursday.

Restigouche. Mrs. McAllister died at the residence of her son, John McAllister, Esq., M. P., Campbellton, on the 12th inst., aged 81. The remains were conveyed by rail on the 14th inst., to New Mills, accompanied by a large number of sincere friends, and after appropriate religious services in the church were interred in the family burying ground there.

Mrs. Russell, widow of the late Rev. Alex. Russell, for twelve years pastor of the Presbyterian congregation of Dalhousie, died on the 11th inst., at Toronto, aged 78. The remains were conveyed by rail to Dalhousie, accompanied by her son Thomas, and after religious services in the church were interred by the side of her husband's grave on the 15th inst.

Miss Lizzie McMillan, second daughter of the late Wm. McMillan, Black Point, died on the 19th inst., aged 19. The deceased was dearly beloved.

The Teacher's Institute of the County of Restigouche is appointed to meet on the 4th October, in Armstrong's Brook school house. An excellent programme has been arranged. The Superintendent and Inspector are expected to be present. Nearly all the teachers in the County have intimated their intention to be present.

The Presbytery of Miramichi is notified to meet in Campbellton, on the 25th inst. Much important business is to be before the meeting. A full attendance of members is expected.

The B. A. A. G. A. is flourishing, the hall in which the association meets being

K. D. C. cures nervous dyspepsia.

THE EASTERN WAR.

A Great Battle.—The Chinese Routed.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—A Central News despatch from Seoul, dated 6 p. m., Sept. 16, says a great battle has been fought at Ping Yang between the Chinese and Japanese troops, in which the former were utterly routed. On Thursday a Japanese column from Pong Tang made a reconnaissance in force, drawing the fire of the Chinese forts, and thus ascertained their positions. The Chinese have utilized the old defences at Ping Yang and had thrown up new works, making their position an exceptionally strong one.

The battle was opened on Saturday at daybreak by the Japs' cannonade of the Chinese works, which was continued without cessation till the afternoon. The Chinese responding.

About two o'clock a body of infantry was thrown forward by the Japs and maintained a rifle fire upon the enemy until dusk. Throughout the day only the Pong San column was engaged.

The Chinese defences have suffered greatly, but the losses on either side were small, both Chinese and Japs having taken advantage of all the shelter available.

The Japs' troops, however, had gained some advanced positions.

The firing continued at intervals during the night and in the meantime two Japs' flanking columns had formed a cordon around the Chinese.

At three in the morning an attack was made by the Japs' columns simultaneously and with admirable precision. The Chinese lines, which were so strong in front, were found to be weak in rear, and here the attack was a perfect success.

The Chinese were completely taken by surprise and were thrown into panic. Hundreds were cut down and those who escaped death finding themselves surrounded at every point, broke and fled.

Some of Viceroy Li Hung Chang's European drilled troops stood their ground and were cut down to a man. Pong San column swarming over the defences in front completed the rout.

Half an hour after the attack was opened the positions at Ping Yang were in possession of the Japanese. It is estimated 20,000 Chinese soldiers were engaged in the battle.

The Japanese captured immense stores of provisions, munition of war, and hundreds of colors. The Chinese loss is estimated at 16,000 killed, wounded and taken prisoners.

Among those captured by the Japanese are several of the Chinese commanding officers, including General Tso Fung, commander-in-chief of the Manchurian army, who was severely wounded.

The Japs' loss is only thirty killed and 200 wounded, including 11 officers. Most of the casualties among the Japs occurred during the first day's fighting and very few were the result of the night's attack.

The Japs' force are in active pursuit of the fugitives, who have thrown away their arms and ready to yield themselves prisoners.

A desultory war may be carried on for some time to come, but unless China shall succeed in getting another army into the peninsula Korea will undoubtedly remain in possession of the Japanese.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Advices from Yokohama say that despatches from the Japs' headquarters at Hiroshima confirm the report of the Japs' victory at Ping Yang.

HAWKER'S BALSAM OF TOLU AND WILD CHERRY is the safest, surest and best known remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. The Children's Favorite. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

DIED.

GLENDENNING.—At 10.30 a. m. house of her son-in-law Mr. Robert Little, on the 12th inst. Janet, widow of the late Mr. John Glendinning, aged 83 years and 10 months.

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ON ACCOUNT OF RHEUMATISM

P. H. FORD

—OF—

Quachita City, La.,

After

TWO YEARS

Suffering

IS CURED

—BY—

THE USE OF

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"For fully two years, I suffered from rheumatism, and was frequently in such a condition that I could hardly walk. I spent some time in Hot Springs, Ark., and the treatment helped me for the time being; but soon the complaint returned and I was as badly afflicted as ever. Ayer's Sarsaparilla being recommended, I resolved to try it, and, after using six bottles, I was completely cured."—P. H. FORD, Quachita City, La.

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AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

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Just Received per S. S. Chickahominy.

19 CASES AND 10 BALES FROM LONDON, MANCHESTER AND GLASGOW.

Including Ladies', Misses' and Children's Jackets, Ulsters, Wraps and Capes, Table Damasks, Napkins, Towels and Towellings, and in Millinery all the latest London and Parisian styles in Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers and Ornaments.

Also, just received from the Manufacturers 250 doz., or 3,000 pairs of Ladies', Children's and Boys' Cashmere and Wool Hose. All sizes from 4 to 11 inches. These goods were bought for less than half price and will be put on our counters at prices which were never equalled before in this city.

PETER MCSWEENEY,

190, 192, 194 MAIN STREET

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We have now in store and for sale our usual stock of Field and Garden Seeds, comprising fine, bright Quebec Timothy, Northern Red Clover, Long Late Red Clover, Al-ike Clover, Field Peas, White Russian Wheat, Beans, Turnips, Carrot Beet, and a large variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.

WALL PAPER.

We have also received a large stock of Wall Paper with Borders to Match, consisting of 3,500 rolls, among which will be found some elegant designs.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

in nearly all the varieties now in use, together with all the different goods usually kept in a first class store.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON.

HAWKER'S BALSAM OF TOLU and Wild Cherry. A POPULAR AND NEVER FAILING REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA BRONCHITIS. AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. SAFE AND PLEASANT. SURE TO TAKE. SURE TO CURE. PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS. MANUFACTURED BY THE HAWKER MEDICINE CO., LTD. ST. JOHN, N.B.

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GOING TO BUSINESS COLLEGE?

Now is an Excellent time to enter, so think we and the large number who have entered lately. If you are interested send for circular to

FOR SALE!

My Dwelling House and Premises on Queen Street, now occupied by Dr. Burk and adjoining the residence of Henry O'Leary. The lot has a large frontage on the street, and affords room for the erection of a store or office.

J. D. PHINNEY, Richibucto, July 31, 1893.

Advertise in The Review

Teacher Wanted

A second-class female teacher wanted to take charge of the school at Trout Brook. Apply to JAMES STARRAK, Secretary to Trustees, Trout Brook, Weldford, Kent Co., Sept. 10th, 1894.

I Always Smoke THE SOMETHING GOOD CIGAR. It is Really Equal to any Imported. Take my Advice and Insist on getting this 10 Cent Smoke for 5 CENTS. Advertisement for cigars.