D. minion Parliament.

OTTAWA. March 27 .- Mr. Edgar's bill to amend the electoral franchise act by providing for a residential qualification of all voters was read a first time.

In answer to Mr. Davies, the Premier said that letters patent had been issued granting a superannuation allowance to Judge Palmer.

Hon. Mr. Foster was warmly received on rising to make his budget statement. lie began by pointing out that the gross revenue in the fixal year ending 30th June last amounted to 38 million dollars, which was \$168,608 more than estimated, and \$1,246,737 more than the revenue of

the previous year. The chief items of in-	
crease in the import duties were:	
Breadstuffs	\$ 20,495
Cement	17.797
Copper and manufactures of	12,023
Cotton	181,418
Fancy Goods	26,252
Flax, hemp and jute and manufa	
tures of	18,810
Furs and manufactures of	7,181
Gloves and mitts	7,113
Gold and silver and manufactur	
of	10,684
Hats, caps and bonnets	30,728
Iron and steel and manufactures	
of	86,280
Leather	28,166
Oils, coal and kerosene and pr	-0-
ducts of	30,874
Silk and manufactures of	92,138
Spirits and wines	164,918
Tobacco and manufactures of	21,075
Wool	213,819
All leather dutiable	41,159
The items of decrease were:	
Ale, beer and porter	\$ 21,071
Animals, living	16,113
Carriages	25,187
Carpets and squares, N E S	12,445
Coal and coke	7,150
Earthenware and China	11,593
Fruits and nuts	16,558
Fruits (green)	38,681
Jewelry	7,407
Musical instruments	12,281
Paper and manufactures of	9,902
Provisions, viz., butter, cheese,	
lard and meats	107.647
Sugar of all kinds	47,693
Molasses	6,466

Wood and manufactures of Coming to the expenditure he said the estimate for last year was \$36,500,000 and the actual expenditure was \$36,814,052, an excess of \$314,000; so that the total expenditures taken from the total revenue left what had been a pleasant and recurring experience in the administration of the present government,

Vegetables

A VERY TIDY SURPLUS

of \$1,354,553 to be carried to capital account. (Applause) He read statistics of the imports to show that the home markets had served farmers well since the national policy was introduced. That policy had benefited the farmers. The exports of farmers' products totalled \$59,-235,106 last year as against \$49,145,590 in the preceding year. Of this \$6.020,992 went to the United States as against \$6,-643,019 the previous year; to Great Britain \$40,420,682 as against \$36,869,595 the previous year. (Applause.) He then announced the new tariff. The following is a comparative list of the principal changes. There is no change in the duties on molasses:

OLD RATE, NEW RATE ARTICLES, Molasses or spirits, 111 per cent malt. 2c per lb. 25 Live hogs, 2c per lb Fresh mutton, Meats, not elsewhere

specified, includ-Mixed 25 per cent ing canned, 20 Live animals, 21 pelb 25 Pork in barrels, 3c per lb 25 Lard, 1c per lb 20 Tallow, Mixed 10 Beeswax, 5c per lb 4c per lb Candle wax, Soap, common and 1½c per lb 1c per lb laundry. Mixed 35 per cent All other soaps, 30 р с 25 Glue,

Condensed milk and coffee and milk Mixed food 17½ p c 4-10 cents Rice, uncleaned, lac per lb le per lb Rice, cleaned, Rice and sago flour 2c per lb 25 per cent Mixed 25 per cent Biscuits, Maccaroni and Ver-2c per lb. 25 per cent micelli " lac per lb.

Starch Various 35 per cent Pickles 15 Mustard, cike Compressed Yeast 4c & 8c 3c & 6c and Cakes Trees, apple, cherry Various 3c each Grape vines, gooseberry bushes, shade trees Mixed Black berries & small Mixed 2c per lb Apples, dried rais-

ins, dates, figs & Mixed 25 per cent prunes Other Fruits 3c per lb 2c per lb Jelly, Jams Coffee, green, when

not imported di-10 per cent Coffee, roasted 3c per lb 2c per lb Nothing 3c per lb Tea when not imported direct 10 p c Cocoa paste and el o-

5c per lb 4c per lb Books and papers, books printed, various Advertis'g pamph-1 20 p c and } same. lets, etc.,

e 62 per lb. various. 35 p c Wall papers, 3c per lb 20 p c Sand paper, Mixed 25 per cent Paint colors Turpentime for manufacturing 10 p c

Ear henware, etc, C ma and porcel inware and earthenware Various

3c per gal. 2c per gal. Gas bottles, etc. Mixed 30 per cent Gaysboro county. But that Mr. Forbes

Lamis, headlights, shades Mixed Plate glass not more

than 12 feet 6 cents square 4 cents 20 per cent Spectacles Mixed 35 show cases Roofing slates and 20 per cent Mixed school slates Leather scheduled boot and shoe 20 per cent counters

upper leather, Various 15 per cent 221 Japanned leather 25 p c Belting, not else-Harness, saddlery, 35 p c where specified 25 p c 20 p c 20 p c Whips 25 p c Indian rubber cloth-

Belting, sole leather

Rubber belting Mixed 35 p c Metals scrap iron \$ 2 p t'n Bar iron \$13 p t'n Steel nails and

horseshoes; and nails and spikes 11c per lb 20 p c 1½c per 16 30 pe Wire nails Iron and steel nuts 1clb & 25pc 1clb & 20 pc House furnishings,

and builders and cabinet makers 30 & 35 pc 22½ pc fornishings Shovels and spades mixed 35 p c Surgical and dental instruments 20 рс 15 рс Steam engines, boilers and machin-

30 pc 27½ pc Agricultural implements Pumps and wind-35 p c mills 30 pc Barbed wire fenc-1½c per lb ¾c per lb Brass and copper 10 p c wire . 15 p c Manufactures of

iron and steel not especially enumerated 30 p c 27½ pc Gas and electric light fixtures 30 p c 27½ p c Stamped tinware and galvanized 30 p c 25 p c ironware Farm wagons. democrats, etc Mixed 25 p c All other carriages Nothing 35 pc

35 p c Mixed Raw sugar up to No. 16 Dutch standard is made free as in the United States. It was before free up to 14 only. The duty on refined sugar is reduced from 8-10ths of a cent per pound to 6-10ths of a cent per pound, a reduction of about 30 per

Mixed

Mixed

Pipe organs

30 pc

25 pc

The duty on sugar candy is reduced to

In cottons, cotton batting and sheet wadding, the duty on which is mixed, it is made 22½ per cent. On cotton warps and yarns, dyed or undyed, which at present have a mixed duty, it is made 25 per cent. Gray unbleached cotton, which is now I cent a yard and 15 per cent., is made 32½ per cent. advalorem only, the change being in the line of reduction. White or unbleached cotton, which is now 2 cents a yard and 15 per cent, is reduced to 25 per cent. advalorem. Cotton, cent. All cotton articles are brought under one or other of these schedules.

The duty on collars, which is now 24 cents per dozen and 30 per cent. advalorem is made 24 cents a dozen and 15 per cent. only; that it should be so adjusted to make On cuffs, which are now 5 cents a pair and 30 per cent. the duty is made 4 cents and 25 per cent. Shirts costing less than \$3 are placed at an advalorem of 25c. They were formerly \$1 per dozen and 30 per

Cotton clothing and all manufactures to 321

12½ per cent.

All woolens and worsteds, which are now 10 cents per pound and 20 per cent. exodus there may have been in other years, advalorem have been reduced to 271 per cent, advalorem, and all fabrics manufactured of wool have been placed at thirty | States into Canada they were going the

been of mixed duty, are all put at 35 per

Carpets are all put under one item at

Floor oil cloth is reduced to 30 per cent. 20 per cent per cent., hats and caps to 30 per cent., were in favor of agricultural protection umbrellas and parasols to 35 per cent.

Timber, hewed or sawed, and used for spars and building of wharves, railway ties, logs, laths, shingles, staves and wood of all kinds not manufactured have been put on the free list as a concession to

Manitoba and the Northwest. The duty on barley and cornmeal remains the same, but a clause is added admitting these articles free from any country which imposes no import duty on these articles when imported from Canada. This same provision is made for buck wheat, rye, rye-flour, potatoes, apples

and vegetables. The duty on coal oil is the same, but 40 cents to 20 cents each.

The bounty of \$2 a ton on pig iron and the import duty of \$4 a ton remain the

OTTAWA, March 28. - In the House this

afternoon Hon. Mr. Tupper introduced a bill amending the seamen's act. Sir John Thompson replying to D. C. Fraser said J. G. Forbes had no general the debate and the house adjourned at authority to promise public works in eleven o'clock.

was pressing on the Government the necessity of certain public works which recommendations the Government were considering.

Mr. Tupper replying to Mr. Davies, said Samuel Cunard Campbell had been dismissed and refused superannuation for improper interference in Victoria, N. S., county politics.

Sir John Thompson replying to Sir Richard Cartwright, said there were seven vacancies in the Senate, which the government intended to shortly fill. No member in the House of Commons had the promise of a seat in the Senate or of the Collectorship of Customs at Montreal.

BUDGET DEBATE. The budget debate was resumed by Sir Richard Cartwright, who spoke up to recess, still retaining the floor. He declared that the national policy had taken from \$40 per ton the Canadian consumers one thousand Puddled bariron \$ 8 p t'n \$ 5 per ton millions of dollars over and above the amount paid as revenue; that it had reduced the value of farm lands at least ten dollars an acre and that it had deprived Canada of about two millions of population. He dwelt at great length on the exodus and said that the finance minister was guilty of mendacity in asserting that the country was presperous. The condition of affairs in New Brunswick, especially in Kings county, showed that men were decaying while wealth was not increasing. He denounced protection as the twin sister of political corruption. The new tariff showed that this partnership still continued in Canada and had protection in every line of it. Minor thieves, such as makers of binder twine and barbed wire had been slightly hit but all the larger plunderers had been left unhurt. What Canada wanted was something more than a sham revision like this, a thorough vision that would not leave protection

any kind in the tariff. In his opinion we needed above everything else free access to the markets of the United States and could not become prosperous without this. He declared that the policy of the opposition was to destroy absolutely the principle of protection in the tariff. In order to do this he was ready to adopt free trade, go in for Commercial union with the United States or do anything else that might prove effectual. He concluded by moving the following amendment:

That all the words after that be struck out and the following inserted in place thereof: While recognizing in the reduction proposed an admission to that extent of the evils inflicted on the people by the system of high protective duties, this house is nevertheless of the opinion that the amendments suggested being based on the principles of protection and not solely on the requirements of the service, are inadequate to afford satisfactory relief from the burdens of excessive and unfair taxation; that the highest interests of Canada demand the adoption of a sound fiscal policy which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote foreign and domestic trade and hasten the return of prosperity to our people; that to that end the tariff should be reduced to the needs of printed duck, or colored is made 30 per honest, reconomical and efficient government and should have eliminated from it the principle of protection to particular industries at the expense of the community at large and should be imposed for revenue free or bear as lightly as possible on the necessaries of life and to promote freer trade with the whole world, particularly with Great Britain and the United States.

Hon. Mr. Haggart called attention to the fact that Sir Richard Cartwright had met the numerous and conclusive eviof clothing are reduced from 35 per cent. dences which the Finance Minister had cited of the country's prosperity with Binder twine remains at the same rate, nothing but declamations founded on the alleged exodus which he assumed to be proved by the last census. Whatever there was none now. In fact there were far more people coming from the United other way. (Cheers.) As to the charge of Hosiery and knitted goods, which have the Government getting large contributions from the manufacturers for election purposes, it was an impudent slander. All the contributions from all the manu-80 per cent., which is a slight increase in facturers of Cauada to Conservative campaign funds since 1878 would not pay for the campaign literature in one election. Ready-made clothing is reduced to 321 Nine out of every ten farmers in Canada and when they learned what the opposition policy meant they would do for the Liberal party what they did for it when they discovered what the Wiman policy really

OTTAWA, March 29.-D. C. Fraser got an order for a return showing the amount expended in Nova Scotia since 1878 by counties on railways, break waters, wharves and ali other public works.

Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. McMullen abolishing superannuation from this date forward.

In answer to Mr Hughes, the minister of militia said that the militia department had bought 9000 stand of arms of the the duty on the barrels is reduced from Martini-Medford rifles for the use of the Canadian militia.

sumed by Hon. Clarke Wallace. Mr. Charlton followed, arguing in favor of unrestricted reciprocity.

After recess Mr. Charlton concluded his speech. He was folled by Hon. Mr. Wood in a brief speech. Mr. McMullen followed.

Mr. Hazen moved the adjournment of Continued on Page 7.

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