

THE REVIEW.

Subscriptions \$1.00 per annum; six months 60 cents, invariably in advance. Advertising Rates: 75 cents per inch 1st insertion; 25 cents per inch each continuation. Yearly rates made known on application. Professional Cards \$5.00 per year. Yearly advertising payable quarterly. Transient advertising payable in advance. Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Verses accompanying death notices will be charged for at regular rates. Correspondence on any subject of general interest is invited. Items of news from any place will be thankfully received. We do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by our correspondents.

Best Advertising Medium in Northern New Brunswick.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., JULY 5, 1894.

THE DEAF AND DUMB.

The public closing exercises of the Deaf and Dumb Institute at Fredericton, presided over by Superintendent Woodbridge, were held last Wednesday, and were of the usual interesting character. To one in possession of all his senses it is really surprising to observe the high intelligence of the pupils, the extent of the knowledge they have acquired and the facility with which they receive and communicate ideas by means of the "sign language." Deprived of the power of hearing and speech, all the work of education must be done through the eye, and unlimited patience and great perseverance are required both on the part of pupils and teachers. The word to be explained is first written on the blackboard, and the object or action shown in connection with the word. After a fair vocabulary of nouns has been learned, the adjectives are taken up, and then the verbs and their meaning. After the language has been learned well enough, geography, arithmetic, history and drawing are taught as well as other subjects. Some of the drawings were unusually good. During the year thirty seven pupils were in attendance. Of this number seven came from Kent, four from Westmorland, two from Restigouche, and one Northumberland. The names of those hailing from Kent are M. Leander Bleakney, Nellie Bleakney, Laura B. Bleakney, (Kent Junction), David Clarence Marsh, Annie Marsh, Minnie Marsh, (Bass River,) and Carrie Whelan, (Molies River.) One of these (Annie Marsh), having in the opinion of her parents completed her education, has been removed. Minnie Marsh and David Marsh were among the prize winners.

From Westmorland the pupils were Milborne D'Orsay, (Memramcook,) Humphrey R. Lutes, (Moncton,) Warren Allen, (Cape Tormentine,) Alice May Gaddis, (Moncton,)—from Restigouche, Martha Eva Dickie, (Black Point,) Collingwood Winton, (Jaquet River,)—from Northumberland, Stafford Martin, (Chatham). The Institution is doing good work, and deserves to be generously supported. It now receives a provincial grant of fifteen hundred dollars, and a considerable amount from subscriptions from generous friends throughout the province. In addition to this, under the act of 1892, the counties from which the pupils come are required to contribute the sum of six dollars per capita. The charge upon Kent County for this purpose for the present year therefore, amounts to four hundred and twenty dollars. The charge on the County for the support of blind pupils at the Institute in Halifax, under the same act is seventy five dollars per pupil.

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

During the month of June the closing examinations and exercises of the various schools, academies and colleges of the Province have taken place, and the pupils who have finished their course at these institutions have been sent out, presumably equipped so far as school and college education can go, for their life work. These young people will however, no doubt, find that there is much yet left for them to learn and that success can only be achieved by hard work and diligent application. There is we fear, much in connection with present educational systems that is not calculated to properly fit the boys and girls for the practical duties of life. There is apparently an effort to crowd an unlimited number of subjects into the curriculum, and to compel an amount of cram for the purpose of passing the dreaded examinations which is not conducive to either mental or physical vigor. The written examinations at all these institutions,—College, Normal School and Parish Schools are year after year becoming more severe until it is not an uncommon thing to find pupils breaking down physically from the overwork, which ambition and a natural desire to secure high marks, compel them to undertake. The Principal of one of the leading educational institutions of the province is reported to have remarked that he has never known of so much breaking down with boys and girls and teachers as this year and that "something would have to be done."

These forced examinations at the end of the school year should not be necessary as a test of the student's knowledge and literary standing. Many pupils are kept by them in a state of nervous excitement and unrest which are highly injurious and which not infrequently prevent them from taking the standing that they otherwise would. Proper application and satisfac-

tory progress as shown by the regular work during the term are what should more particularly count in fixing the pupils standing, and an intelligent teacher who has carefully noted the course of his students in these respects should be able to pronounce upon their standing without the necessity of days of special written and oral examinations.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. It allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWANER'S Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swaner & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Dominion Day.

Monday, the second, was a favorable day for holding the various sports announced in the posters. The wind was rather light at first, but towards noon a nice breeze from the east sprang up, and put courage and hope in the hearts of both spectators and boatmen. The aquatic portion of the programme was held at the Public Wharf, and consequently there the people assembled. The suburbs of Richibucto were well represented both in numbers and in the variety and gaiety of costumes. The "ever genial Charlie" had his refreshment wagon on the wharf, and attended in a suitable manner to the wants of the thirsty people. Flags were flying from the conspicuous buildings of the town, and gave Richibucto a good appearance. On account of the lack of wind, the rowing match was first started.

Only three boats had entered, namely "Broncho," manned by Geo. Ameraux, and Dan O'Leary; "Ashton," manned by Philip Thompson and Geo. Finnigan; "Clio," manned by Thos. Jardine and Gus Fraser. The two first named boats made a very exciting race. The "Clio" stopped when the half of the course was over. The "Broncho" led from the start till a few yards from the finish, when from some unfortunate circumstances they stopped rowing, and the "Ashton" which was only a few feet behind, had sufficient impetus to pass the imaginary line half a length to the good.

After the close of this race, the sailing match took place. The start was beautiful as the boats were well together, and they continued so till they rounded the first picket. The beat to windward down the river was very exciting for some of the boats. Loggie's sloop, "Sea Foam," was never headed, although at times it seemed as if the "Sagwa" would beat her. But the great amount of sail on the sloop had the desired effect, and she turned jib-sheet buoy one minute ahead of "Sagwa," and in the run home, she increased her lead to three minutes. "Sagwa" was second, "Viking" third, and the remaining boats were strung out the whole length of the river. Some dispute arose as to whether the sloop had turned the picket, but the judges decided she was entitled to first money.

The base ball match drew the majority of the crowd to the field. To say that the game was slow would be telling what is true and fair, but that was not due to bad playing of any of the players. Ameraux and Bell were the battery of the winning team. Some good playing was done by Storer, Sayre and Caie. The battery for the losers was Wheten and Jardine. They lost the game on account of the passed balls and errors of outfield Richard. Hains and Jardine were conspicuous by their superior playing. The score was 12 to 10. This ended the day's fun, and everybody was well pleased. Special credit must be attributed to Messrs. Sayre and Forbes for the care and attention given to the numerous sports. Mr. Wheten was an efficient judge and his decisions were well taken. The sports, taken all around, were sufficiently successful to ensure a good day's sport when the boys next attempt to give our people good amusement.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by W. W. Short.

Buctouche.

Dear Editor: JULY 2.—You act as central office and call up St. Louis. I want to talk with him for a few minutes. I have no sympathy with Old Bachs but still I must uphold them when in the right, as they are very seldom in that vicinity. I believe if I remember rightly Old Bach said that one pound of butter was made the first day from about 21 pounds of milk and Young Bach from St. Louis thinks him an awful blow, I will give the figures. The first day Buctouche Butter Factory was in operation was June 16th. That day they received 3165 pounds of milk and it made 149 pounds of butter. Now, I am not an expert at figures but running it over roughly (St. Louis will please excuse me if I make a mistake as I am poor at figures and if I am wrong pray forgive) I make the following result: one pound of butter from 21.2416107382617449664 and a

WORMS FOR the removal of worms of all kinds from children or adults, use Dr. SMITH'S GERMAN WORM LOZENGES. Always prompt, reliable, safe and pleasant, requiring no after medicine. Never failing. Leave no bad after effects. Price, 25 cents per box.

fraction of 34-149 pounds of milk. Now that is about 21 pounds but I suppose if Old Bach had the exact figures he would have said about 21 1/4 pounds of milk. I will give more figures: the greatest number of pounds of milk received in one day was 8165, the greatest number of pounds churned at once was 403 1/4 pounds although both amounts will be greater to-day. I will try and get them before I finish this letter. Perhaps Old Bach is finding out his faults when he was young, perhaps he was like Young Bach, he was too exacting and he is just finding out that that was the reason he is to-day an Old Bach. Now with me I realized at the beginning that marriage was one of the errors of life and I concluded that the sooner I did it the sooner it would be done and now I am satisfied. I am no hand for news, that is the beauty of having a wife, I leave all the gossip to her and she does it better justice than I could ever hope to do it. The tug "Alice" went out this morning with a raft to the Point. The train leaves here early on Monday mornings now. It leaves at 6.30 and it comes in late on Saturday night. Miss C. Bourque left on Thursday for New Bedford to spend her vacation with her parents. Miss M. Bourque leaves for Boston on Thursday next to spend her vacation. Joe, her brother, intends to accompany her. Mr. Kitchen, of Fredericton, is here with a crew of men to repair the highway bridge. This afternoon the Methodists are holding a picnic on Father Michaud's grounds. The Moncton fireman are to be here on the 10th to picnic at Ryan's Crossing. J. A. Irving and R. Doherty left this morning for the Island. I suppose Jack will bring a flyer back with him. Adam Coates is getting his scow ready for the tan bark. I will let you know about the picnic this evening, also the milk of this morning. There was 8765 pounds of milk to-day. The picnic was a success. Nothing the matter with Buctouche boys, I'll cheer for the whole of Kent but give a tiger for Buctouche. In the meantime the Old and Young Bachs are missing a lot of life's enjoyment, you should all become a BENEDICT.

The greatest flesh and blood maker in existence and a life-saver to consumptives is Miller's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, "the kind that cures" bronchitis, coughs, colds and all lung troubles. Every bottle warranted. No oily taste like others. In big bottles, 50c. and \$1.00, at druggists.

County Court.

The July term of the Kent County Court opened here Tuesday, Judge Wells presiding. The following jurors were in attendance, viz:—Abram Dickinson, Maxime D. Cormier, George B. Coates, William H. Warman, Clement M. Cormier, Richard Poirier, William Wheten, Richard O'Leary, Fred A. Girouard, Anthony Gratian, John Dysart and Anthony Johnson. The following is the docket:— Hugh M. Ferguson, vs. John R. Reid, executor of Joseph Reid, deceased. C. Richardson for plaintiff; H. H. James for defendant.

John H. Wheten, vs. John Cail, Edward Pine, John Leet, Richard Peters and William Leet. Phinney & Carter for plaintiff; C. J. Sayre for defendant. George N. Clarke and George A. Lounsbery, vs. Thomas Johnson administrator of James Johnson, deceased. H. H. James for plaintiff; Phinney & Carter for defendant.

James Woods, vs. John Campbell, James McCray. Phinney & Carter for plaintiff; C. J. Sayre for defendant. William H. Irving vs. Lorang LeBlanc. H. H. James for plaintiff; Phinney & Carter for defendant.

Aime Maillet vs. Abraham Pineau. C. J. Sayre moves for new trial; Phinney & Carter contra.

The case of Ferguson vs. Reid was first tried. This was an action brought by plaintiff against defendant as executor de son tort for a suit of clothes sold and delivered to Joseph Reid deceased father of defendant. The jury disagreed. Clark & Lounsbery vs. Johnson was the next case taken up. It is now before the court.

TOOTHACHE that bane of humanity, is instantly relieved, by rubbing freely on the gum around the diseased tooth, Dr. Manning's German remedy, the universal pain cure. Sold by all druggists.

St. Marys.

JUNE 25.—The St. Marys cheese factory commenced operations on the 18th with 1657 lbs. milk, during the week increased to 3000 lbs. and turned out 1500 lbs. cheese with the expectation of an increase in milk of 5000 lbs. This factory has just started in time to encourage almost discouraged farmers who have sown oats in the spring

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR MILLER'S EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES & LIME & SODA. Palatable as cream. No oily taste like others. In big bottles, 50c. and \$1.00.

and waited for a crop that brought no large returns, owing to the run out condition of their land. Much praise should be given to the Rev. Fr. Ouillette and Hon. O. J. LeBlanc for their energy and enterprise in starting that which cannot help but prove a great boon to the people of this parish. By the way there is only two or three of the enterprising farmers from each district delivering milk as yet, the remainder are waiting to see how it will "pan" out, "or waiting for the mill to grind with the water that is past."

HAWKER'S BALSAM OF TOLU AND WILD CHERRY is the safest, surest and best known remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. The Children's Favorite. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

The Carnots in France.

An American exchange reminds its readers that one hundred years ago on Tuesday, the army of the first French republic gained its first victory over the Austrians under the Prince of Coburg, at Fleurus, a town in Belgium only a few miles south of Waterloo. This battle may be regarded as the beginning of that amazing period of French military glory and success which lasted for twenty-one years through the Directory and the Napoleonic era, ending in Belgium almost at the spot where it had begun.

The anniversary is peculiarly interesting. The immediate commander of the republican troops which fought at Fleurus was Gen. Jourdan, but the army which defeated the Austrians, like the other thirteen armies of the nation, was the creation of the genius, patriotism, and marvellous executive ability of Lazare Nicolas Marguerite Carnot, the "organizer of victory" for the republican France. The Reign of Terror was still in progress. Robespierre was within a month of his downfall. Carnot had no part in the politics and horrors of that period. As a member of the Committee of Safety he was his country's defender against foreign enemies and domestic insurrection. Out of unspeakable chaos he organized military power. The greatness then dawning for France was primarily the work of Carnot.

The son of the son of the Carnot of 1794, President of another French republic a hundred years after the battle of Fleurus, died on Monday morning by the hand of an Anarchist assassin who was animated by precisely the same sentiments which made the Reign of Terror.—EX.

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Loathing of Food, Dyspepsia or Biliousness, take HAWKER'S LIVER PILLS. They will cure you. Recommended by leading Physicians as a most reliable medicine.

The Colonial Conference.

OTTAWA, June 28.—The colonial conference was formally opened this morning. The following delegates were present: New South Wales—Hon. F. B. Sutter. Cape Colony—Sir Henry de Villiers, Sir Charles Mills, Mr. J. H. Hofmeyier. South Australia—Hon. Thos. Playford. N. Zealand—Albert Lee Smith. Victoria—Sir Henry Wrixton, Hon. N. Fitzgerald, Hon. Simon Fraser. Queensland—A. J. Thynne, Hon. Wm. Forest.

Honolulu Chamber of Commerce—Theodore H. Davis. Great Britain—The Earl of Jersey. The Canadian delegates are Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Sir Adolphe Caron, Hon. Geo. E. Foster and Mr. Sanford Fleming.

Protestants and Mgr. Tache.

The Manitoba Methodist conference now in session in Winnipeg, passed the following resolutions on Archbishop Tache's death: "That as a conference we express our profound sympathy with that portion of our fellow-citizens now made to mourn because of the death of Archbishop Tache, which took place yesterday.

COULD HARDLY WALK ON ACCOUNT OF RHEUMATISM P. H. FORD —OF— Quachita City, La., After TWO YEARS Suffering IS CURED —BY— THE USE OF Ayer's Sarsaparilla "For fully two years, I suffered from rheumatism, and was frequently in such a condition that I could hardly walk. I spent some time in Hot Springs, Ark., and the treatment helped me for the time being; but soon the complaint returned and I was as badly afflicted as ever. Ayer's Sarsaparilla being recommended, I resolved to try it, and, after using six bottles, I was completely cured."—P. H. FORD, Quachita City, La.

GREAT SALE OF Grey and White Cottons.

WE will inaugurate this week and the coming weeks the Greatest Sale of COTTONS ever held in Moncton. Grey and White Cottons are lower now than at any time for 15 years. Somebody is losing money, but we are not. Read what "The Daily Telegraph" of May 18th says about the Cotton Combine:—

"The Cotton Combine and the St. John Mills."

"The movements of the cotton combine men at the present time are somewhat mysterious. For the past three years all their mills have been working up to their full capacity, and stock has been piled up so that there is a surplus of cotton goods far beyond the needs of the country. Prices were, however, fairly well maintained up to the 6th of April, when a cut of 10 per cent. was made. This did not appear to have the effect intended, and on Saturday last the combine announced another cut of 15 per cent. This brings the price of cotton cloth down to from 13 to 16 cents per pound, according to quality, an unprecedentedly low figure. The significance of these two cuts will be better understood by the reader if he places the matter in the form of a little arithmetical calculation. Let us suppose that the combine had on hand prior to the 6th of April last, a stock of cottons worth \$1,000,000, and this we understand is very much below the true figure, these goods would now be worth only \$750,000. Thus the combine would have lost, in the brief space of six weeks, \$250,000 as a result of their own action in cutting the price. Now, why have these two cuts been made? If the object was to sell off their stock more rapidly it has not been accomplished, because the sales have not increased to any appreciable extent. If the object was to permanently close the two cotton mills in this city, which are not in the combine, that does not seem likely to be accomplished either. It is true that the St. John mills cannot make cotton with profit at present prices, but neither can the mills in the combine. With raw cotton at 9 cents the price of cloth, as made by the present cut, is below cost, and as the combine mills make 20 times as much cotton as the St. John mills, their loss in selling cotton at such a low rate will be 20 times as great. As a matter of fact the St. John mills have no surplus stock, and are therefore not suffering any loss except such as arises from the mill being temporarily closed down. In the meantime people are wondering whether some person is not squeezing the combine and compelling them to unload their goods at an enormous sacrifice."

Prices we will guarantee are the lowest ever quoted in Moncton. Sale commences at 8 o'clock in the morning and ends at 6 o'clock standard.

PETER MCSWEENEY, MONCTON, N. B. SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We have now in store and for sale our usual stock of Field and Garden Seeds, comprising fine, bright Quebec Timothy, Northern Red Clover, Long Late Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Field Peas, White Russian Wheat, Beans, Turnips, Carrot Beet, and a large variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.

WALL PAPER.

We have also received a large stock of Wall Paper with Borders to Match, consisting of 3,500 rolls, among which will be found some elegant designs.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

in nearly all the varieties now in use, together with all the different goods usually kept in a first class store.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON.

CLIMATIC TEMPERATURE.

Weather Bureau shows Temperature decidedly high. Dry Goods Barometer, opposite the market shows that never in the history of New Brunswick did prices reach such low figures. We have come to this central point to keep the public posted in prices of Dry Goods. Cottons are low just now, we quote a yard wide for 3 cents. A decided advance is expected shortly. 3 pairs Ladies' Black Fashionable Hose for a quarter. Seventy dozen sold last week. Prints, Flannelettes, Shirts and Gingham only 5c. a yard. Dress Goods are moving rapidly.

J. FLANAGAN 90 MAIN STREET, MONCTON, N. B.

LC AND HOLERA MORBUS ALWAYS PROMPTLY CURED BY PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER.

terlay. A great man, and one whose name and life work are closely connected with the history and development of Manitoba and the Northwest, has been taken from our midst, and under the influence of our common christianity, we mourn with those who mourn." In the Protestant churches in Winnipeg Sunday there were feeling pulpit references to his grace's death. K. D. C. cures sick headache.

DR. MANNING'S German Remedy The Greatest Rheumatic and Neuralgia Cure Of the Age A VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY AND PAIN CURE (BOTH INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL) PRICE 50 CENTS MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE HAWKER MEDICINE COY LTD ST JOHN, N. B.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION. LIMITED, OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK. Capital Stock: \$150,000.

INCORPORATED TO PROMOTE ART. This company will distribute among its subscribers on the 31st Day of July, 1894. 3432 Works of Art, aggregating in value \$65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance. The Grand Prize is a group of Works of Art valued at \$18,750. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price \$1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others. Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank cheque or draft to THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd. ST. JOHN, N. B. Circulars and full information mailed free or can be had by applying at the Galleries of the Company, 60 & 62 Prince William Street, St. John. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. NOTICE! All persons are requested not to tie or leave their horses on the sidewalk or put any incumbrance on the street in the district of Kingston, otherwise they will be dealt with as the law directs. WILLIAM BEATTIE, Commissioner. Kingston, June 19, 1894.