

THE REVIEW.

Subscription: \$1.00 per annum; six months 50 cents; three months 25 cents. In advance.
 Advertising Rates: 75 cents per inch 1st insertion; 50 cents per inch each continuation. Yearly rates made known on application.
 Professional Cards \$5.00 per year.
 Yearly advertising payable in advance.
 Transient advertising payable in advance.
 Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Verbal accompanying death notices will be charged for at regular rates.
 Correspondence on any subject of general interest is invited.
 Items of news from any place will be thankfully received.
 We do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by our correspondents.

Best Advertising Medium in North-west New Brunswick.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., AUGUST 2, 1894.

NEWFOUNDLAND POLITICS.

Judgment was given in the Trinity Newfoundland contested election case last week, and Sir Richard Whiteway, the late premier, and his late colonial secretary Sir R. Bond, were unseated and disqualified. The Goodridge government has now a majority of the members elected of the Assembly, and can proceed to call the legislature together and pass the supply bill. At the last session the new government labored under the disadvantage of being in a very decided minority, but the courts have since been busy unseating and disqualifying right and left until scarcely a dozen Whiteway supporters remain their seats. The capture of a seat in the Bay de Verde district has further strengthened the government party by giving it a quorum in the house. The legislature will probably be called together at once and the ordinary business proceeded with. The bye-elections will be watched with interest. At the general election last winter the Whitewayites had large majorities in many of the constituencies. Whether this was due to wholesale bribery and corruption, or to a confidence on the part of the electors in the old government, remains to be seen. The result in Bay de Verde, where the government succeeded in winning a seat in the face of a hostile majority of over four hundred a few months before would seem to indicate that the success of the government in the general election was not altogether due to its popularity. The government has certainly all to win and nothing to lose in the contest. It has the support of thirteen members elected and with the influence that can be used legitimately by the party in power, will go into the fight much stronger than when its members were in opposition. The disqualification of all the leading men in the opposition will also give the government a further advantage. The new candidates whom it will be necessary to bring into the field to replace the disqualified members, will be no match for the men who have shown so much tact in driving out a government supported by two-thirds of the members of the house. Altogether it looks as if the rout of the Whitewayite party is complete.

POLITICS IN NORTHERMBERLAND.

Rumors of an early Dominion election have evidently stirred the politicians of Northernumberland to action. It has been reported that Hon. M. Adams will not seek re-election and an effort is being made to bring Hon. L. J. Tweedie to the front as the next Conservative candidate. The Advance whose editor is Mr. Tweedie's right hand man publishes the report of a meeting held at Tabusintac, where it is alleged the people were loud in their expressions of a desire to see Mr. Tweedie represent Northernumberland in the House of Commons. Recognizing the fact however that Mr. Adams has still many friends in the county, and may have decided objections to being pushed aside by Mr. Tweedie, the reporter takes care to state that those present "expressed their fears that were Mr. (Mr. Tweedie) to abandon his present position at Fredericton to go to the House of Commons, the county might not continue to be as efficiently and influentially represented at Fredericton." This evidently means that Mr. Tweedie desires the Conservative nomination for Northernumberland at the next Dominion election. It is just possible, however, that Mr. Adams may prove too strong for the Surveyor General, and if so Mr. Tweedie is willing to continue to serve his county in his present position. Mr. Adams has not been in the best of health for some time, but so far he has given no intimation of his desire to give way for Mr. Tweedie or anybody else. On the contrary he and his friends have made it clear to the public that his intention is to lead the party in the next contest unless he is convinced that the men who supported him in the past no longer desire his services. It will, perhaps be difficult to convince him that it is his duty to stand aside for Mr. Tweedie or that the latter gentleman could more successfully represent the county at Ottawa, notwithstanding the expressed desire of the Tabusintac people "to have Mr. Tweedie in both places." Then again Hon. Peter Mitchell does not appear disposed to let the Conservatives have it all their own way. He has figured in every contest in Northernumberland since confederation, and will no doubt take a hand in the next fight. At the opening of the County Court in Newcastle last week, Judge Wilkinson took occasion to make some complimentary remarks concerning him, or as the Advance puts it, to give him

tally. Mr. Mitchell seized the opportunity to make a speech in reply. The Advance does not appear to fear any serious results from this unusual method of procedure but dislikes the precedent established which it declares will make the Court "the Mecca of some, at least, of future political devotees, who realising the mellow ripeness of his honor's sympathies for "those who, tho' struggling and deserving to attain have failed thro' fortune's frowns to reach the goal," may, in the sweet nothings garlanded and festooned with the flowers and draperies of judicial rhetoric, find consolation for the loss of more substantial reward."

THE LATEST WAR.

The announcement that war has actually been declared between China and Japan gives an interest never before possessed to despatches from the Orient. The main causes of the trouble are well known. Japan is seeking to relieve Corea of that Chinese influence which has always operated so detrimentally to any advance in civilization by the state in question. She demands the renouement of the rights of suzerainty claimed by China and the recognition of Corea as an independent state. The present contest possesses interest to outside countries apart from the bearing it is likely to have on the great European powers whose interests clash with those of the conflicting nations. It is a struggle between the new civilization of Japan and the old civilization of China. While the former has been adopting western forms of government, western ideas of dress and western manners of living the latter has been hugging more jealously year by year the manners and customs of her fathers. Now the time has come to prove which of the two forms of civilization—that of the West or that of the Orient—is most suited to the somewhat peculiar conditions of life which prevail in the far East.

As far as ability to carry on the war goes the two nations are more evenly matched than is generally supposed. China, it is true, has vast resources of men and money, but it is very doubtful if she could bring them all into play in time to be of any use in settling the present trouble. The army and navy of Japan are both in a high state of preparation, officered largely by Europeans and Americans or by natives trained in the military schools of the West, and full of confidence in their ability to whip their big neighbor out of Corea. It is the custom to represent the navy of Japan as much superior to that of China but this is not the case; the disparity, if any exists, is in favor of China. There are four squadrons in the Chinese navy. The best one consists of four barrette sea-going ironclads, 2 of 7,280 tons and 2 of 2,850 tons; 1 turret ship of 2,320 tons, 3 deck-protected cruisers of 2,300 and 2,500 tons, 4 torpedo cruisers and 11 gunboats. There are several armoured ships in the other squadrons. The fleet of Japan includes six steel deck-protected ships of 2,000 to 4,300 tons, some built in Japan and some in England. Six have been obtained since the beginning of 1890 and all these are over 4000. The best of these ships are the same pattern of English men-of-war of the same size. It will be seen, therefore, that Japan's best plan will be to push on the war as speedily as possible before the somewhat unwieldy resources of her great antagonist can be brought to bear upon her which, as a matter of fact, she seems inclined to do. Indeed, considering the comparative unimportance of the issue at stake it seems somewhat strange that Japan should be willing to risk all the advantages of her newly-acquired institutions in such a hazardous struggle with her powerful neighbor.

A CRUISE IN A SMALL CRAFT

A Week on Board—Richibucto Boats, Boatmen and Shoals.

The little sloop yacht Oriana returned Thursday evening from a very pleasant week's cruise. She left on Friday, and was anchored off Burnt Church in the big thunder storm that night. She went out the main channel Saturday, behind the Minnie Scott and another schooner, and returned with them to the anchorage under Portage Island in consequence of meeting a strong easterly wind. It was thick and threatening outside, but this storm was not so severe as it threatened to be, and the wind changed north west in the afternoon, with rain. After visiting Mr. Morrison's fishing camp on the island, in Euthrope Savoy's canoe, sail was made for Neguac, and the yacht was moored at the pier at 4 o'clock. The rosy, round and smiling face of ex-Warden Adams greeted the cruisers, and they spent the evening on shore. Sunday morning brought sunshine, the first that had been seen on the cruise, and the yacht was fanned out the Gully about 7 o'clock by a light northerly air. Topsail and balloon jib were set and a straight course steered for Escuminac Point, which was rounded at 11. Half way from the Point to Sapin there was a calm, little progress being made for two hours, and then a brisk southeasterly breeze sprang up. The balloon was replaced by the working jib, sheets flattened down, and a long leg made into Kouchibougué Bay, after which the yacht stood off and on, it being a dead beat, reaching Richibucto bar at 6

ASTHMA,
Distressing Cough,
SORE JOINTS
—AND—
MUSCLES.
Despaired
OF RELIEF.
CURED BY
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

"Some time since, I had a severe attack of asthma, accompanied with a distressing cough and a general soreness of the joints and muscles. I consulted physicians and tried various remedies, but without getting any relief, until I took Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a very short time, was entirely cured. I can, therefore, cordially and confidently commend this medicine to all."—J. ROSELLS, Victoria, Texas.

"My wife had a very troublesome cough. She used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and procured immediate relief."—G. H. FODRICK, Humphreys, Ga.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
 Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

o'clock. Buoys were picked up, the snake like channel threaded and Richibucto reached at 8 with the last breath of the dying breeze. The wharf was lined with people trying to make out the black little craft that was gliding up in the gathering gloom, and the cruisers were cordially greeted by Sheriff Wheten and other old acquaintances. After supper, the preparation of which had been postponed until port was reached, the Kent Hotel was visited and other acquaintances met and made. On Monday the yacht, with some Richibucto guests, visited Kingston. On returning she was invited to sail over a course with a fleet of Richibucto's famous trap boats, and the gentleman who had acted as pilot in the trip to Kingston was given the tiller. The course was all practically across the wind, with the exception of about a mile, which was a close haul and with lifted sheets the Richibucto boats are flyers. They are about 23 ft. water line and 8 ft. beam, and all carry mainsail, foresail and jib. They are not schooner rigged, however, as the foresail is the largest sail. Their sails are well made, and the boats are handled by men who race each other out and in between the port and the fishing grounds every day of the season. It requires no more than five minutes notice to get up a race whenever any of them are in port with nothing to do, and they are so evenly matched that their races are very interesting. The fleet that raced over the course on Monday, in honor of Oriana's visit, made a very pretty picture. Richibucto harbor is divided by a middle ground, and it is better than a play to see how the boats hug the edge of the shoal to avoid the strong current when they are running against the tide. They follow all its sinuosities, and their wake at times looks like serpentine braid on a gown. The one that gets ahead necessarily stays there, as there is no such thing as getting past, there being no water inside and too strong a tide outside of her. The Oriana was sailed over the course by a local gentleman who had never sailed a boat of her class before, after his own fashion. He ran her aground on a lump, hard and fast, and it took two or three minutes to get her off. She climbed past the leaders in a mile of close hauled work after getting afloat, but the one she turned the mark with got the lead by going between her and the shoal in the run home, finishing a length ahead. She was the U and I, Capt. Len Haines. With lifted sheets the Richibucto trap boats are equal to any yachts of their size, even on unobstructed courses but in windward work they would not be in it with such craft as the Miramichi Yacht Club's fleet. The day and evening were spent pleasantly. The voyagers met Mr. Carter, Mr. McInerney, M. P., Mr. Forbes, Mr. Short, Mr. Martin Flanagan, Mr. Sayre, Mr. Phil Wood, Mr. Weeks and several other gentlemen who are well known in Chatham, and could have spent the week there very pleasantly. On Tuesday morning the Oriana sailed with the intention of heading for Summerside, but gave it up on meeting head wind at the bar. She beat down to Richibucto Cape, where there was a picnic to which her crew had been invited, but it was not thought prudent to anchor in so exposed a place in a rising south east wind that might soon make it unsafe for her, and she stood off for West Point. After skirting the coast for two or three miles the yacht was put before the wind for Escuminac Point, with her balloon jib winged out to starboard, topsail set over double-reefed mainsail, and storm jib ready for hoisting. She bowled along at a rattling pace, passed the Point at 6.30, kept straight on to Neguac Beach and anchored outside to try for mackerel. It was a pretty rough night, but everything was in readiness for making sail on a storm basis if the anchors dragged, and the yacht rode it out. Wednesday morning, under short sail, the yacht beat across the bay to the ship channel, and reached across from the entrance to Church Point, Prospect Place was visited, and a party of ladies went out for a sail. Thursday was spent in trout fishing at New

Neuralgia
ATTACKS THE EYES
Makes
THE LIGHT
Unbearable.
PERMANENTLY CURED
BY USING
Ayer's Pills

"My husband was subject to severe attacks of neuralgia which caused him great pain and suffering. The pains were principally about his eyes, and he often had to remain in a darkened room, not being able to stand the light. Ayer's Pills being recommended, he tried them, using one before each meal. They very soon afforded relief, followed by permanent cure. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of Ayer's Pills, and would not be without them for ten times their cost."—Mrs. M. E. DEBAT, Liberty, Tex.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for forty years, and regard them as the very best."—Uncle MARTIN HANCOCK, Lake City, Fla.

AYER'S PILLS
 Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

July, Mr. Stewart and Mr. Noonan, each fifteen small ones, and then sail a mile for Chatham. It was a reach up with a light top-sail breeze, only one half mile to windward being required and Middle Island was abeam in just three days. And thus ended a delightful trip. —World.

McNair.
 JULY 27.—Once more the click of the sewing machine is to be heard. Hay is fairly good crop. Morning after morning the ponderous wheel is to be seen moving along loaded with milk for the St. Mary factory. Wm. Johnson of Maple Green farm says he will take about 400 out of the factory this year, and next year will increase to two hundred as he has such a large crop. He has sowed oats, vetches, peas and linseed for fodder, and intends keeping twenty or thirty cows.

Neil A. McEachern has about completed his cottage on Alpine farm and intends moving shortly.

Jas. Johnson's new house on Prospect Terrace, will soon be ready to occupy, and no expense has been spared to make it a fine country residence.

John McNair is building a fine dwelling on his farm at Mill's Hollow.

The residents of this district are about commencing to build the church, Mr. Angus Cameron kindly offering to donate the land.

Rev. Mr. Watson is with us this summer, and the members who congregate to listen to his eloquent addresses attest to his ability as a preacher.

Miss Gifford of Boston, Mrs. Gifford and Miss Gunn of Moncton, are the guests of Mrs. Wm. McNair, of Cedar Cliff.

Miss Annie McEachern, of Quincy, Mass. is visiting her brothers and sisters of Sweetland Place.

Miss May H. Johnson and her niece Thyra Johnson, have gone to visit her sister Mrs. R. Nelson, of Cropond, P. E. I.

Miss Annie McNair, of Portland, is visiting her brothers and sisters of Rosemead Farm.

Mrs. Wm. Speer, and her little son are visiting her father at Fairview Point.

West Branch Gatherings.

JULY 26.—West Branch folks were delighted at having a visit from Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Morton from the Junction and Mrs. M. McKinnon, of Richibucto. Miss Lilly and part of L. T. Joudery's family of Moncton, and Mr. and Mrs. M. Morton and son, of Acadiaville, also paid us a visit. We can exclaim in the words of a famous hero, "And still they come."

James English has arrived home from Boston after quite a long absence. I have the pleasure of informing those interested that the Red, White and Blue has returned to—

The crops are looking fine.

We hope that the young man who recently met with a very severe disappointment will soon regain his former cheerfulness and try, try again, which we all know is a useful old maxim when used discreetly.

We have had a meat merchant around. We hope he will widen his circuit next time and give us all a chance for a fresh roast.

Egg merchants are not so numerous as usual, but D. L. is still on the track, hot or miss.

Business is not very flourishing, the only items in demand are sugar and tea. We are all waiting impatiently for a slice of cheese and hope it will be like "David's slice of milk."

I am no prophet but I predict a surprise for our young folks in the near future.

Mrs. Thurrot has arrived and her many friends are pleased to see her.

Our fashionable dressmaker has returned from Kent Junction and her numerous patrons were more than glad to have her back.

Mr. J. Hannah is getting along nicely. A picnic is on the tapis. He it will not vanish in expectation.

Hope to hear from Zephyr soon.

ONE OF THE THREE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

For the midsummer trade—Every item represents the best value in the city.

WOMEN'S BLOUSES, CHEMISETTES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, UNDERWEAR AND CORSETS.
MEN'S CLOTHING, NECKWEAR, SHIRTS, GLOVES, SUMMER UNDERWEAR. Boys' Clothing; Elegantly Trimmed Millinery Ladies' Jackets; New Embroideries.

Special values in Moire Ribbons, Black Silk Lace, Cream Point Lace, Butter Color Lace.

PRINTED COTTON FABRICS.

We have done a tremendous run on Cotton Goods of all kinds. We opened the season with 1000 pieces and we have had to repeat several lines. Everybody is buying them. Prices are down to the lowest notch, and qualities how up better than ever. Now is your chance if you want a bargain. There may be enough of these to last the week, but the best way is to shop as early as possible.

28 inch Check Maslins in Fancy Stripes and Check, 10 and 12 1/2.
 28 inch Wool Challies. Low prices.
 32 inch Belfast Lawns in a variety of grounds, 12 and 15c.
 32 inch French Satens, usual price 40c., our prices 20 and 25c.
 28 inch English print, 13c.
 32 inch Canadian Print, 6c.
 32 inch Canadian Print, 6c.

Every want is served as promptly and as satisfactorily during the summer months as at any time during the year. We believe in early closing. The Dry Goods and Shoe people close early and in time the other branches in trade will follow.

PETER MCSWEENEY, MONCTON, N. B.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We have now in store and for sale our usual stock of Field and Garden Seeds, comprising fine, bright Quebec Timothy, Northern Red Clover, Long Late Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Field Peas, White Russian Wheat, Beans, Turnips, Carrot Beet, and a large variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.

WALL PAPER.

We have also received a large stock of Wall Paper with Borders to Match, consisting of 3,500 rolls, among which will be found some elegant designs.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

in nearly all the varieties now in use, together with all the different goods usually kept in a first class store.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON.

TRADE BULLETIN, Central Dry Goods Store.

Trade last month quite active. Sales more numerous than ever; volume and extent larger. City trade very active; country slow but sure. Last Saturday's business in number of customers and amount of receipts exceeded all previous records. Stock replenished last week. Having the central store we mean to make it the centre of attraction for the city and outside trade. We mean to excel in qualities of materials offered as well as unequalled prices. Shop early. Store close at six.

J. FLANAGAN

90 MAIN STREET, MONCTON, N. B.

WILLIS H. ROGERS.

WHOLESALE COMMISSION FISH DEALER.
 106 PULTON MARKET.

Bank Reference furnished when desired.
 Commission, a Retail.

DR. MANNING'S
German Remedy
The Greatest Rheumatic and Neuralgia Cure Of the Age
 A VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY AND PAIN CURE
 (BOTH INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL)
 PRICE 50 CENTS
 MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE HAWKER MEDICINE CO. LTD.
 ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, LIMITED.

OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.
 Capital Stock: \$150,000.

INCORPORATED TO PROMOTE ART.

This company will distribute among its subscribers on the

31st Day of July, 1894.

2432 Works of Art, aggregating in value \$65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance.

The Grand Prize is a group of Works of Art valued at \$18,750. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price \$1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank cheque or draft to

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd.
 ST. JOHN, N. B.

Circulars and full information mailed free, or can be had by applying at the Galleries of the Company, 60 & 62 Prince William Street, St. John.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

David D. Johnston,
 Blacksmith and General Worker in Iron.

Having secured the services of Mr. William Taylor, late of Petitcodiac, is prepared to make, repair, and paint in first-class style Carriages, Sleighs, Sleds, etc.

PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

Workshops and factory in the buildings formerly occupied by Bastard Bros. HARBOR, WEST COUNTY, N. B.