

The Review.

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Correspondence on any subject of general interest is invited. Items of news from any place will be thankfully received.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by our correspondents. All communications must be accompanied by the writer's name in confidence to ensure insertion.

S. B. PATERSON, JR., PROPRIETOR.

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RICHIBUCTO, N. B., JUNE 13, 1895.

BOTH MUST GIVE ACCOUNT.

That there must be a federal election not later than March, 1896, is a truism that has been kept well before the public mind and will not be likely to be forgotten. The general election of 1891 was held on 5th March and the full term is five years. We are therefore in the fourth month of the last year of the present parliamentary term, and the passing weeks and months will speedily bring the date when the present Canadian government must give an account of its stewardship to the people at the polls.

But while the early advent of a federal election has been much talked over and widely proclaimed it has almost escaped notice that the provincial government must also make its accounting to the dear people nearly as soon as must the government of Canada. Nearly but not quite. The present legislative assembly was elected in October, 1892 and its term is four years, so that we may in the natural order of events, look for a provincial election some time between the close of the next session of the legislature and the autumn of 1896.

Of course either Sir Mackenzie Bowell or Hon. A. G. Blair, as heads of the respective governments, federal and provincial, may name an earlier date, but neither of them can get away from the inevitable accounting in the year 1896, if they wait so long. How they will fare in the day of reckoning we may leave for time to disclose. Both governments have already had a long term of power. Mr. Blair has been premier continuously since March, 1883, thus enjoying the longest period of any premier since the days of responsible government. The Conservative party, under different leaders, have held power in Canada without a break since October, 1878—now nearly 17 years. These are, in both cases, exceptionally long terms in office. There have been very few instances either in Britain or any of her numerous colonies where one party or leader has so long retained the seals of office, but among these is the extraordinary instance of Sir Oliver Mowat, who has been premier of Ontario since October, 1872—now nearly 23 years. And the Fielding government in Nova Scotia has held power since July, 1884.

These exceptionally long terms of power incline one to think that it has become increasingly hard in these latter days to oust a government once firmly seated in official position. The art of holding on to power seems to have been cultivated and developed to an extent hitherto unknown, and forms a notable feature of our politics in these end-of-the-century times. The new parliaments, federal and provincial, shortly to be elected, if they stand for their full term, will carry us forward to the close of the nineteenth and the beginning of the twentieth century. Doubtless the respective leaders will make a strong effort to hold on to their present honors while passing the great century milestone, but in the meantime, in 1896 at the latest, both the federal and provincial governments must secure another endorsement from the people, or make room for their opponents. If the term of power is to be half a lifetime hereafter, (and things seem to be tending in that direction whether for good or ill), politics will become painfully monotonous in the years to come.

ROSEBERRY'S CHANCES.

In the mother country where changes of government have been so much more frequent than in Canada, the present premier, Lord Roseberry, seems likely soon to be called to give place to a Conservative successor. His small majority, already down to eight or nine, is insignificant in a house of 670 members.

The present parliament first met 4th August, 1892, and its meeting was speedily followed by the retirement of the Salisbury government which had held the seals for a few days over six years. The election of 1892 gave Mr. Gladstone a majority of 82 including the Irish representatives, but the Gladstonian Liberals alone were barely equal in numbers to the Conservatives—270 each. The latter were re-inforced by 46 Liberal Unionists

and three Independent Liberals, making 319 in all. With Mr. Gladstone were 72 Anti-Parnellite and nine Parnellite members, making in all 357. But the Anti-Parnellites proved disloyal, and since the retirement of Mr. Gladstone and the accession of Lord Roseberry to the premiership, the result of the by-elections has further weakened the support of the administration.

The British parliament is elected for seven years, but seldom lasts nearly so long, and there is little chance that the present house will remain undissolved until the end of the term in 1899. Lord Roseberry will probably be forced to appeal to the people or give up to his opponents, in which case the Conservative party would at once ask for a dissolution of parliament. The chances at the moment seem to favor the Conservatives, but speculation is useless. So vast are the affairs of the empire, so manifold the questions which may arise and so quick is the turn of events which in a dense population at once dominates the public mind, that the popular government of today may be swept away tomorrow.

Lord Roseberry in early life announced his double ambition to be premier of Great Britain and to win at the Derby. Both these ambitions have been realized—the Derby twice won, in fact—but it does not follow that the events of the national race track will prove a true augury of what is to happen in politics. Still it may turn out that the young and brilliant leader may secure a continuation of power by an appeal to the people. At present the chances appear to be against him, and his health is not in a satisfactory state. Fortunately for us in Canada the relation of both political parties in the mother country are fair and friendly toward us, and we have nothing to either greatly hope or greatly fear from any political changes that may occur across the Atlantic. Canada has an assured position in the empire at the present time, and the day is past, never to return we trust, when any party in Britain will feel disposed to slight or disregard our wishes, much less to put forward the dangerous doctrine of dismemberment.

ST. JOHN TO HAVE AN EXHIBITION.

After much controversy it has been settled that there will be an exhibition in St. John the coming autumn, aided by grants from the provincial and civic treasuries. A portion of the citizens have been very anxious for some event to bring new life into St. John. The railway and steamboat lines, the hotels and boarding houses, the street-car company, the hack and livery stables all expect a rich harvest at such times, and all these interests in St. John would be glad to see an annual exhibition such as Toronto maintains. But the St. John city council has had a fit of economy of late, and unfortunately, the exhibitions hitherto held there have not been financially very successful, and have sometimes shown a balance on the wrong side of the ledger when all the bills were paid. Then, too, the manufacturers of St. John complain that it costs more to prepare for a competition with outside industries than the results will warrant, while on the other hand they can ill afford to have the western manufacturers overshadow them in a contest of this kind. In previous exhibitions at St. John this has sometimes happened, and hence the feeling that exists. In fact the opposition from various sources was so great as for a time to almost turn the scale against the exhibition of 1895. But now that it has been decided upon it is to be hoped that good weather, good management and a brisk competition may all tend to make the show a success.

Is it not about time that the North Shore was made the site of a provincial exhibition? St. John has many times enjoyed the distinction. Fredericton, Sussex and Moncton have had their innings too. It seems only fair that once in a while—once in a lifetime at least, the tide of travel, the influx of visitors and such other advantages as an exhibition brings, should be centred in one of the thriving towns of this section of the province. It would give variety and new interest, and our bright, sunny skies and attractive scenery would be enjoyed by the assembled multitude, none the less for the absence of the dolorous fog-horn which too frequently lifts its voice over St. John. It is time the North Shore had its turn in the matter of a provincial exhibition.

Bass River.

JUNE 10.—The grass looks well in the vicinity and gives promise of a good crop. A good many are planting some fodder corn as an experiment.

The horn fly has again made its appearance and is only awaiting warmer weather for further developments.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church are talking up another picnic early in July and will meet soon to fix the date. The summer visitors will be around about that time to see the old faces and eat the ever luscious strawberry.

Bark peeling will not flourish as heretofore. The extract Company at Harcourt does not propose to make any advances till the bark is delivered in the yard. The outlook is that a good many hemlock that would otherwise have perished will remain standing.

Buctouche.

JUNE 10.—John Hutchinson, Jr., is very sick with inflammation of the bowels.

Isaac Trenholm still continues dangerously ill.

Frank Cormier is happy. The mother is doing nicely.

A week ago yesterday, Capt. John Smith of the sch. Welcome, arrived from Charlottetown with his two daughters, the Misses Cora and Theresa on board. Since that time he has made two trips to Charlottetown with cargo both ways and arrived in port yesterday morning. He is a hustler.

On Saturday, the M. & B. issued excursion rates to Moncton to enable Buctouche people to attend Sousa's Band Concert. Among those who availed themselves of the privilege were Mrs. Abbott, Miss Maggie Foley and Miss Florence Curran, little Miss Lou Abbott remaining with her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Ross.

The Misses Fannie Girouard, Beatrice Sutton and Mamie O'Leary spent Saturday with Miss Josie Sutton at Notre Dame.

Miss Anna O'Leary, who has been visiting her brother in New York, is expected home this week. She will be accompanied by Miss Ida Roberts, who intends spending the summer months with her sister, Mrs. G. E. Irving.

Geo. E. Irving took a fishing smack load of small oysters to Tracadie, Antigonish, where the fishery department are planting an oyster bed. He is expected home today.

Thos. McManus visited Cocagne on Saturday. A. J. Dysart returned with him on Sunday and spent the day in Buctouche.

Among the commercial travellers in town during the past week were Messrs. B. S. Smith, Ashe, B. A. Trites, J. Fernen V. Gowland, B. Bent and Greer.

Capt. John Smith has opened his new grocery store. It is well fitted up and will no doubt, obtain its share of the custom. The store is in charge of Miss Theresa Smith.

Sch. Ranger of Shediac, is here to go on the slip for repairs.

J. W. Hannagan leaves to-day for a trip to Cape Breton on the schooner Comet, Capt. Brean.

Clovis Chase is building a new house at the foot of the Richibucto Road.

All the children of the Rev. Lewis Jack are holding a reunion here, it being fifty years since he entered the ministry. His son, Rev. Chalmers Jack preached last evening in the Presbyterian church.

Yesterday morning, the pulpit in the Presbyterian church was occupied by Mr. Foote, a student, who is to spend the summer months in Buctouche.

Miss Dolly Sutton visited Miss Hannagan of the Victoria during the past week.

One of those happy events so common during the month of June is to take place on the 19th inst., when one of Moncton's I. C. R. officials will carry away one of the favorite fair ones of Buctouche.

Geo. Proctor, tailor, is spending Sunday at his old home at Moncton.

Mr. Jos. McPhadden and Miss Plume spent last Sunday at her old home on Nicholas River.

Mrs. W. H. Irving and child are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ingalls, of Shediac.

W. H. Irving is building a new barn and with other improvements which he is making, will soon have one of the neatest homes in Buctouche.

Lobsters, so far this year, are more plentiful on an average this year, than to the same date last year.

Both carding mills are now running full time.

Hundreds crowded into Victoria rink in Moncton on Saturday, to hear the continental fanned band, to day dozens crowded around the Victoria Hotel to listen to the sweet music produced by a negro lad from their favorite instrument, the banjo. No doubt both concerts were equally enjoyed.

Jos. Maillet is having a stone foundation placed under the house and shop.

J. H. Powell's new boot and shoe shop is nearly completed.

M. and Mme. Legere, the parents of Mrs. Anthony Grattan, went to Cocagne on Saturday last.

Miss Dunlap, daughter of Jas. Dunlap, of Little River, is now in the employ of Miss Morrison.

The usual Sunday trip to the bar has evidently commenced again. A boat load was there yesterday for the first.

The butter factory here is progressing, the supply of milk is gradually increasing.

Hon. O. J. and Dr. C. O. LeBlanc, of St. Mary, were in town last week.

The country around is beginning to appear in its most beautiful robe. The grass appears good for the time of year and other crops are making their appearance.

Crop reports from places along the Canadian Pacific main and branch lines are unanimous that the crops were never so far advanced at this date in any previous year, and the prospects for an early and abundant harvest prevail throughout the whole of Manitoba and the Northwest territories where cereals are grown.

Sour stomachs sweetened by the use of K. D. C.

The Sunday School Workers

Dear Brethren:

I sent out some time ago blanks to be filled in with figures to show the status of all the Sunday Schools.

It is most desirable that these figures be fully and accurately given, for in this way the actual needs of the field can be made known and work planned accordingly.

Will the Supts. when asked kindly furnish, promptly, a full return sheet? Many progressive Supts. have a full and complete system of records for their whole school. Those who may wish to procure good registers, and thus be up to date, can get them by writing to A. White Esq. Sussex, N. B. I trust that wide-awake teachers, Supts., and secretaries do not forget the importance of careful registration. It is a most effective stimulus to the whole school. The reading of the secretary's minutes each Sunday will put every teacher on her mettle to keep her class record high and will similarly stimulate the scholars.

The work of the Sunday School Association is growing rapidly in all directions and is occupying a field in New Brunswick that has been largely left to take care of itself.

Every church has been strengthened by the association and all Sunday School work has been made more intelligent. The object is to promote the study of the Scriptures and to gather all into the Church.

Those who have kindly aided the association in the past by their labors are respectfully urged to continue steadfast. And let us not forget that every school has the privilege—the high privilege—of sending to H. A. White Esq., Sussex, N. B. a contribution in cash towards the Sunday School work.

The staunch and sturdy standbys will be up to the mark as usual and we trust that when the published report comes out another year there will be no Sunday Schools in our country whose names are absent. It was indeed pleasing to read our last report, but it was a cause of grief to many that all our Sunday Schools did not enjoy the privilege of making a contribution. The following, however, sent in the amounts following— Jardineville, \$2; Cocagne, \$3.30; East Galloway, \$2.20; St. Andrew's Presby'n, \$6.40; Molus River, \$1.72; South Branch, \$2; Main River, \$2; Richibucto Presby'n, \$2.75; Mortimore, \$1.20; Harcourt Presby'n, \$5; West Branch Presby'n \$1.45. At convention and meetings, Richibucto, \$3; Kent Co. Convention, \$4.72.

Subscriptions.—Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. McWilliams, Mrs. Dr. Olloqui, Miss Ostle, Mr. W. Forbes, W. D. Carter, Mr. H. Rass, W. J. Brait each \$1; a friend, per E. B. \$5. Total for county \$51.74.

Our delegates to the last Provincial convention pledged themselves to make an effort to raise \$75 for the work of this present year. This can be done if all will do their share.

If your Sunday School has not already contributed ask your Supt. for one of the little red slips. He will be pleased to give it you. Ask him Sunday. Don't forget this. Then go and collect what you can for this great work.

Yours very truly, F. W. MURRAY, County Sec'y.

Bass River, June 8th. P. S. All returns should be in my hands by the last Sunday of this month.

Heed the Warning.

The common and ever-present warning of kidney trouble, backache and weakness in back, are quickly relieved by Dr. Chase's Pills. The original and only 25 cent Kidney-Liver Pills. When all other remedies fail, they cure.

How to Drive Rats Away Alive.

Somebody who has tried it recommends putting pulverized potash, which soon becomes sticky when exposed to the air, in all the rat holes about the house. The special detestation of the rat is anything which will stick to his silky coat. Some persons find a mixture of equal parts of Cayenne pepper and Scotch snuff sprinkled well into the holes still more efficacious.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Sores, and all Eruptions.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Liver, Stomach and Kidney Troubles, and Cleanses the Blood of all Impurities.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Old Chronic Cases where all other remedies fail. Be sure and ask your Druggist for

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

190, 192, 194 MAIN STREET.

NEW GOODS.

Ladies Blouses.

Scarce goods have arrived. This is the third repeat order this season. We are showing them on second floor. Prices very low. NEW UNDERWEAR, NIGHT GOWNS, LADIES' DRAWERS, CHEMISES, CORSET COVERS.

New Corsets.

Corinne, A la Reine, High Bust, D. & A 208, Encore, Pauline, &c., &c. D. & A. 200, price One Dollar, a great seller. Corsets from 25c. to \$2.00.

NEW KID GLOVES NEW KID GLOVES. Pauline, Josephine, Button and Lace, Brabant, Pig Skin, Chamois, White and Buff, Silk and Lisle Gloves.

HOISERY. HOISERY. HOISERY.

Cotton and Cashmere Hose, size 4 inches to ladies' size. We bought from the manufacturers all their over-production, some hundreds of dozens or cash. Prices the lowest ever quoted.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

An immense stock of all kinds with natural wood handles and fancy handles. No two alike. These are great value prices from 25c. upwards. Come and see the stock. New goods constantly arriving.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

PETER McSWEENEY, Foot of Botsford St., Moncton.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We have now in store and for sale our usual stock of Field and Garden Seeds, comprising fine, bright Quebec Timothy, Northern Red Clover, Long Late Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Field Peas, White Russian Wheat, Beans, Turnips, Carrot Beet, and a large variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.

WALL PAPER.

We have also received a large stock of Wall Paper with Borders to Match, consisting of 3,500 rolls, among which will be found some elegant designs.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

in nearly all the varieties now in use, together with all the different goods usually kept in a first class store.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON.

SEED OATS!

5000 Bush. Ontario White Seed Oats, 1000 Bush. J. E. I. Black Seed Oats, 500 Sugar Cured Hams, 200 Pails Pure Lard, 50 Tubs Butter, choice quality, 50 Bbls. Black Potatoes, 20 Bbls. Short Cut Roll Bacon.

TELEPHONE 260 A. LOWEST PRICES. A. C. SMITH & CO., CARLETON, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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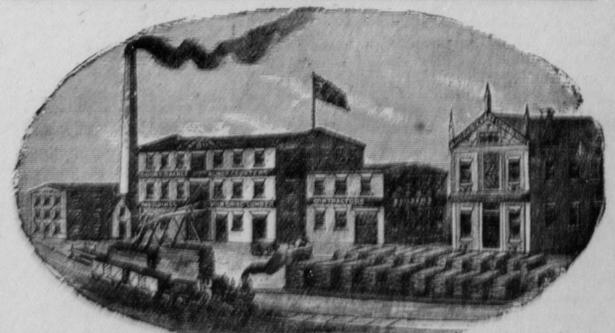
Holiday Goods.

The subscriber has an immense assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS which he will dispose of during the Holiday Season at BOTTOM PRICES.

Buffalo Robes, Melton Cloths, Dress Goods, Cottons, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, a full assortment of Hardware, Teas, Sugar, Flour, Boots and Shoes, and everything usually found in a first-class general store.

Every one making a purchase to the extent of \$1.00 will receive a pound of choice Christmas Mixed Candy FREE.

J. A. IRVING, BUCTOUCHE, N. B.



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Manufacturers & Builders. 1,000,000 FEET OF LUMBER KEPT IN STOCK. Walnut, Cherry, Ash, Birch, Beech, Pine and Whitewood, House Finish, Doors, Sashes, Blind, Wood Mantels, Mouldings, &c. "CABINET" FINISH for Dwellings, Drug Stores, Offices, &c. SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH, and HOUSE FURNITURE, &c. Bricks, Lime Cement, Calumet & Plaster, &c. Manufacturers of all kinds of Builders' Materials. Send for Estimates.