

The Review.

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Best Advertising Medium in North-western New Brunswick.

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RICHIBUCTO, N. B., MAY 2, 1895.

THE REPORT AGAINST PROHIBITION.

There will be general and heart-felt regret among thousands of excellent people throughout the Dominion on learning that the majority of the great prohibition commission have reported squarely against the enactment of a prohibitory law for Canada. Not a few will suspect the motives of the commissioners and many prohibitionists will conclude that Rev. Dr. McLeod, the author of the minority report is the only wise and disinterested member of the commission. Yet such a conclusion would be unwise and hasty. Not that the evils of the liquor traffic have not proved appalling in both ancient and modern times and in almost every land under the sun. What vice has swallowed up so much of hope and happiness as intemperance? The extent and gravity of the evil are admitted. It is as to the remedy that opinions chiefly differ, and here there are grounds for honest differences of judgment.

The prohibitionists desire at once to make an end of the particular evil of intemperance. We do not wonder that after long and patient work, persuasion and organization they desire to see their labors crowned with decision and final victory. But it is not given to man to make an end of evil in this world, nor to wholly remove temptation from his own or his neighbor's pathway. It is a condition of things in this mundane sphere, we know not why, that tares shall grow among the wheat until the final harvest day. Children sometimes ask, why does God not kill the devil? That would seem a consummation devoutly to be wished, yet it is otherwise ordered. Man in his fallen state—we speak after the manner of orthodoxy—cannot hope to be freed from temptation for there was one forbidden tree even in Eden.

The most conspicuous instance of the attempted prohibition of the liquor traffic is that of Maine, close by the New Brunswick border. For more than forty years the importation, sale and manufacture of intoxicants have been strictly interdicted in that state. The Maine law has been much praised on the one hand for its great success, and much blamed on the other hand for its failures. Probably a sound judgment must decide midway between these extremes. After forty-five years of prohibition on one side of the line and a like period of the license system on the other, the province need fear no comparison with the state in the matter of morals or of manners. It is quite safe to say that we have less of crime, fewer murders, burglaries, arsons, aggravated assaults than has Maine. Our people are more law-abiding; the family relation is on a more permanent basis; there are vastly fewer divorces; there is less profanity, more respect for the Sabbath and generally a higher standard of social morals in New Brunswick than in Maine. It would doubtless be too much to claim that the license system on this side is to be credited with our better moral and social conditions or that prohibition on the other side is chargeable with the greater prevalence of crime and immorality there. But what is apparent is that prohibition, after long trial, has not wrought that measure of moral and social regeneration in the state which its promoters confidently expected. It has, in fact, proved a disappointment, and has considerably shaken the faith of prohibitionist advocates elsewhere. Hence it is that with a community in Canada, two-thirds of whom would gladly see the liquor traffic wholly suppressed, there are strong doubts as to the merits and moral efficacy of prohibitory laws. This attitude of doubt and hesitancy is the main hindrance to the adoption of a stringent prohibitory law in Canada. Our representatives in parliament would pass such a law if once satisfied that the settled conviction of the large majority of the electorate was in its favor.

There is again the question of revenue. Some eight millions of dollars are annually derived in Canada from the customs and excise duties on spirits, wines and malt liquors. These eight millions are now contributed by the drinking

minority of the people. If prohibition were adopted the loss of revenue must be made good by new duties on other articles of consumption, and the already high rate of taxation must be by so much increased. The experience of Maine has shown that the saving by the decrease of crime and insanity, and the lessened cost of the administration of justice would be very small if any. Would the temperance taxpayer willingly bear the new burden of taxation which prohibition would render necessary? Doubtless many of them would, but others might object.

For the present, at least, the report of the commission may be held to have postponed any early steps toward the adoption of a prohibitory law. Nothing short of a strong vote in a Dominion plebiscite on the question can force the issue before parliament, and to this course the opposition are committed when they attain to power. In the meantime the good work of moral suasion will go on, and the influence of our churches, temperance societies, etc., will still be fruitful in preventing as far as may be the formation of intemperate appetites. This is important and necessary, whether or not we are to have a prohibitory law, for such a law can only be enforced when there is an overwhelming force of public sentiment behind it.

THE SESSION.

So far the parliamentary session at Ottawa has developed no sensations. The sittings day by day have been short and the adjournment each evening has come early. The opposition shows no disposition to be aggressive, but they may develop their fighting tactics at a later stage. The budget speech is promised for an early day, and when it is delivered we shall probably be told whether the pretty large deficit is to be met by new taxes or by a reduction of expenditure. We are glad to notice that it is not the intention of the government to make any large vote for subsidy to the Hudson's Bay railway. That is a project which can well be permitted to wait until the Dominion treasury is more flourishing than at present.

We shall not be surprised to find that Mr. Foster has resolved to hold the purse strings tightly against all new demands for railway subsidies and public works for the present, and we believe the country will sustain this course. Our public debt should not be further increased until our population has grown at least another million.

A hopeful indication of the session is that neither party seems disposed to make the Manitoba school question a party-political issue. But as the time is now near when the Manitoba Legislature is to meet again, and the province will be expected to make some answer to the remedial order new interest will be awakened in it and new complications may arise. The trouble is not yet over. Should Premier Greenway dissolve the Manitoba Legislature and appeal to the people there is little doubt that he would be sustained by a majority in resisting the order from Ottawa. It is hardly to be expected, therefore, that the present calm in the political sky can be very long continued.

Mr. Trainor Banquetted.

Mr. John Trainor acting Manager of the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, was last evening entertained to an oyster supper at McEwan's Restaurant by members of the C. M. B. A., who took the opportunity of, in this way, manifesting their esteem and regret at his departure for Kingston, N. B. Upwards of forty members were present. President F. J. Sweeney occupied the chair in his usual able manner and after justice had been done the spread which was of high order Mr. Sweeney, on behalf of the association, said that the association individually as well as generally regretted exceedingly the departure of Mr. Trainor but trusted that the time will come when he shall return to our branch. The worthy president spoke at length wishing the guest of the evening success and prosperity in his new home.

Mr. J. M. Lyons and Dr. L. N. Bourque also made a few remarks.

Honoring toasts was then proceeded with.

"The Queen." "The Church"—Responded to by Rev. H. A. Meahan.

"Our Guest"—Mr. John Trainor.

"Ladies"—H. H. McInauson, J. Hamilton, J. Corcoran, A. Bourque M. Maher, Z. M. Leger, J. Geary, T. A. Comeau, W. R. Croke.

"The married men"—J. M. Lyons, J. J. Bourgeois, W. Babin, Dr. L. N. Bourque, J. Moore, J. Trainor.

A parting toast was then a drink to the guest of the evening.

Mr. Trainor will leave for his new field of labor on Saturday next.—Transcript, 27th.

C. Donnelly, prop. of the popular and well-known Windsor Hotel, Alliston, Ont. was troubled for years with Itching Piles. He was persuaded by Jas. McGravey Alliston livery man, to use Chase's Ointment, which he did, was cured, has had no return of them and highly recommends this Ointment as a sovereign cure for Piles.

K. D. C. Pills tone and regulate the bowels.

A Young Girl's Trials.

HER PARENTS HAD ALMOST GIVEN UP HOPE OF HER RECOVERY.

Pale and Emaciated, Subject to Severe Headaches, She was thought to be Going into a Decline—Now the Picture of Health and Beauty—How Her Restoration was Brought About.

There are few people, especially among the agriculturists of Kent Co., who do not know Mr. H. H. Warman, the popular agent for agricultural machinery of Molus River. A REVIEW representative was in conversation with Mr. Warman recently, when the subject of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills was incidentally touched upon. Mr. Warman said he was a staunch believer in their curative properties, and to justify his opinion related the cure of his sister, Miss Jessie Warman, aged 15, who he said had been almost wrested from the grave by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Miss Warman had been suffering for nearly a year with troubles incident to girlhood. She suffered from severe and almost constant headaches, dizziness, heart palpitation, and was pale and bloodless, and eventually became so weak and emaciated that her parents thought that she was in consumption, and had all but given up hope of her recovery. Her father, Mr. Richard Warman, who is a well-to-do farmer, spared no expense to procure relief for the poor sufferer. The best available medical aid was employed, but no relief came, and although the parents were almost in despair they still strove to find the means of restoring their loved one to health. Mr. Warman, like everybody else who reads the newspapers, had read of the many marvellous cures effected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but like some others looked upon these stories as mere patent medicine advertisements. However, as everything else had failed he determined that Pink Pills should be given a trial, with a result no less marvellous than that of many other cases related through the press. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have completely cured the young lady, so that in a few months, from a helpless and supposedly dying girl, she has become a picture of health and activity. The Warman family is so well known in this part of the country that no one would think of disputing any statement made by any of its members. Mr. H. H. Warman, on account of his business as salesman for agricultural machinery is personally acquainted with nearly everybody in the county, and we feel assured that any enquiries made of him, concerning the statements made above will be readily answered.

The gratifying results following the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, in the case of Miss Warman, proves that they are unequalled as a blood builder and nerve tonic. In the case of young girls who are pale or sallow, listless, troubled with a fluttering or palpitation of the heart weak and easily tired, no time should be lost in taking a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which will speedily enrich the blood, and bring a rosy glow of health to the cheeks. They are a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company at either address.

Kouchibouguac.

Muddy streets. The drives are nearly all in the boom. What are sidewalks for, are they to walk on or are they to pile wood on? The street commissioner should get a "wriggle on" and have this nuisance removed.

We don't hear anything about the Yellow Road railway now, those rumors are now as dead as free trade and will be till next election.

William Betts' house and contents were burnt last week. No insurance.

Grogan's big scow will soon be ready for the caulkers. Foreman Ryan is a buster.

Local sportsmen predict good trout fishing this summer. These enthusiastic devotees of the rod and reel are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the speckled beauties.

LOYALIST.

CHURCH SERVICES AND MEETINGS.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. Wm. Hamilton, pastor. The following services will be held on Sabbath first, viz:—Communion service in Chalmers' Church, Richibucto, at 11 o'clock a. m., and regular service in Kingston at 3 o'clock p. m.

Mr. W. E. Robinson will preach in Kouchibouguac Presbyterian church on Sabbath first at 11 o'clock a. m., and 6 o'clock p. m.

Rev. J. S. Allen will preach at Mill Creek on Thursday at 7 p. m.; Sunday, Molus River at 10.30 a. m.; Kingston at 3 p. m.; Richibucto at 7 p. m.

Buctouche Notes.

APRIL 29.—Stream-driving is getting along O. K. on the Buctouche and the branches. Messrs. J. D. Irving, Foley, King and Coates have succeeded in getting their drives, comprising about 8,000,000 feet down into safe water. J. D. Irving has about 5,000,000. John McKee, of the Little Buctouche, has all his drive in, comprising half a million feet. McKee's Mill is fitted with a gang saw run by water power. The mill is now cutting about 22,000 per day. McKee & Sons have also bought all the logs along the line of railway between Cutler's and Meadow Brook, about 20 cars. As the lumber is being sawn it is loaded right on cars placed on the bridge over the dam. The lumber is raised by a fall, it is 46 feet on a level with the rails, it takes 46 fathoms of rope. Four men can take the lumber from the saws and load two cars in one day. The quality is No. 1. They have loaded the schooner "Lochiel," and are now loading the Hattie. E. P. King's Mill is running full time and the Comet is loading at the King Mill wharf.

The first schooner to sail out of the Buctouche harbor was the "Minnow," in ballast for Shediac on Saturday last.

N. J. Ross and W. D. Johnson were both in town over Sunday. They are getting their traps set, and the Ocean Bride is to sail at once for bait.

Robt. Boyer, engineer on the M. & B., has been recalled to the Central as it has been opened. Bob has gained many friends during his winter in Buctouche. Gid. Smith is now driving and his many friends would be glad to hear that his advance was permanent.

A. J. Gorman, manager of the Terrace Hotel, Amherst, formerly manager of the Bay View, was in town last Wednesday. Andy was warmly welcomed by his many friends. He has just returned from a six week's visit to Uncle Sam.

P. Allen, of the Bay View, has returned from a week's visit to Bayfield.

R. S. Chesnut, of St. Anthony, spent Sunday in Buctouche.

The bicycles have made their appearance on our streets. Collector of Customs, LeBlanc is becoming quite an expert. There are four in Buctouche, and before fall there will be several more.

R. A. Irving and H. McCullough drove to Richibucto on Thursday.

The Ocean Bride was launched this morning from Irving's new slip. Everything worked well. The tug Alice, will be launched immediately.

Mr. Biting, Baptist, of McLaughlin Road, preached to a large congregation in Barnes' Hall, yesterday afternoon. He intends holding service there every three weeks.

B. S. Smith was in Buctouche during the past week.

Mrs. A. T. Coates is in Moncton nursing her brother. Thos. Johnson, who is lying sick at his niece's, Mrs. Smith.

A. T. Coates was in Moncton during past week.

A. Grattan is getting his buildings painted. The work is being done by Adolphe Robichaud.

On the 17th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Miss Minnie, daughter of Jas. McNair, of Mill Creek, was united in marriage to M. Snelgrove, by Rev. Mr. Ramsay. They immediately departed for their future home in Maine.

Joseph Andrews, on Saturday afternoon was found near Cartier, Ont., by James McIntosh, who also found the wounded man had been shot through the head. When Andrews recovered enough, he made a deposition, stating that Jules Sauve had shot him purposely when they were returning from a hunt. Sauve has been arrested and Andrews will probably die.

When fevers and other epidemics are around, safety lies in fortifying the system with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A person having thin and impure blood, is in the most favorable condition to "catch" whatever disease may be floating in the air. Be wise in time.

It is reported a French syndicate has bought the island of Anticosti, in the St. Lawrence, from the liquidator of the old company.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla. Cures Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Sores, and all Eruptions.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla. Cures Liver, Stomach and Kidney Troubles, and Cleanses the Blood of all Impurities.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla. Cures Old Chronic Cases where all other remedies fail. Be sure and ask your Druggist for

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla.

Now then for Clothing!

Our Mr. Gorham when in Toronto lately, purchased largely of the stock of A. R. THOMPSON, 141 King Street, TORONTO.

These goods were sold at Auction, and we were amongst the largest buyers. The stock consisted of CLOTHING, CLOTHS and MEN'S FURNISHINGS. Also some of the undelivered and unsold goods of the Robert Darling & Co.'s Salvagers Stock Goods slightly smoked at one of the recent great fires that have taken place at TORONTO. Also a large consignment of general

DRY GOODS, &C.,

Consisting of Table Cloths, Linen Gloves, Top Shirts, Seleacias, Ribbons, Silks, Hemp Carpets, Dress Goods, Ladies' Vests, Corsets, Lace Curtains, Hosiery, White and Grey Cottons, Gingham, Flanellettes, Shirtings, Jeans, Seleacias, Towels, Towellings, Muslin checks and plain, with a large stock of SPRING MILLINERY in Straws of all kinds. Flowers, Feathers, Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, an immense stock.

Our Miss Brandt is now in New York picking up the largest ideas in Millinery Styles.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Butterick's Patterns, a full stock on hand. Sale commences TUESDAY, 12th inst., at 8 o'clock. Close at 6 p. m.

PETER McSWEENEY,

190, 192, 194 MAIN STREET.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We have now in store and for sale our usual stock of Field and Garden Seeds, comprising fine, bright Quebec Timothy, Northern Red Clover, Long Late Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Field Peas, White Russian Wheat, Beans, Turnips, Carrot Beet, and a large variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.

WALL PAPER.

We have also received a large stock of Wall Paper with Borders to Match, consisting of 3,500 rolls, among which will be found some elegant designs.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

in nearly all the varieties now in use, together with all the different goods usually kept in a first class store.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON.

SEED OATS!

5000 Bush. Ontario White Seed Oats, 1000 Bush. J. E. I. Black Seed Oats, 500 Sugar Cured Hams, 200 Pails Pure Lard, 50 Tubs Butter, choice quality, 50 Bbls. Black Potatoes, 20 Bbls. Short Cut Roll Bacon.

TELEPHONE 260 A. LOWEST PRICES

A. C. SMITH & CO.,

CARLETON, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. PRODUCE BOUGHT FOR CASH, OR SOLD ON COMMISSION.

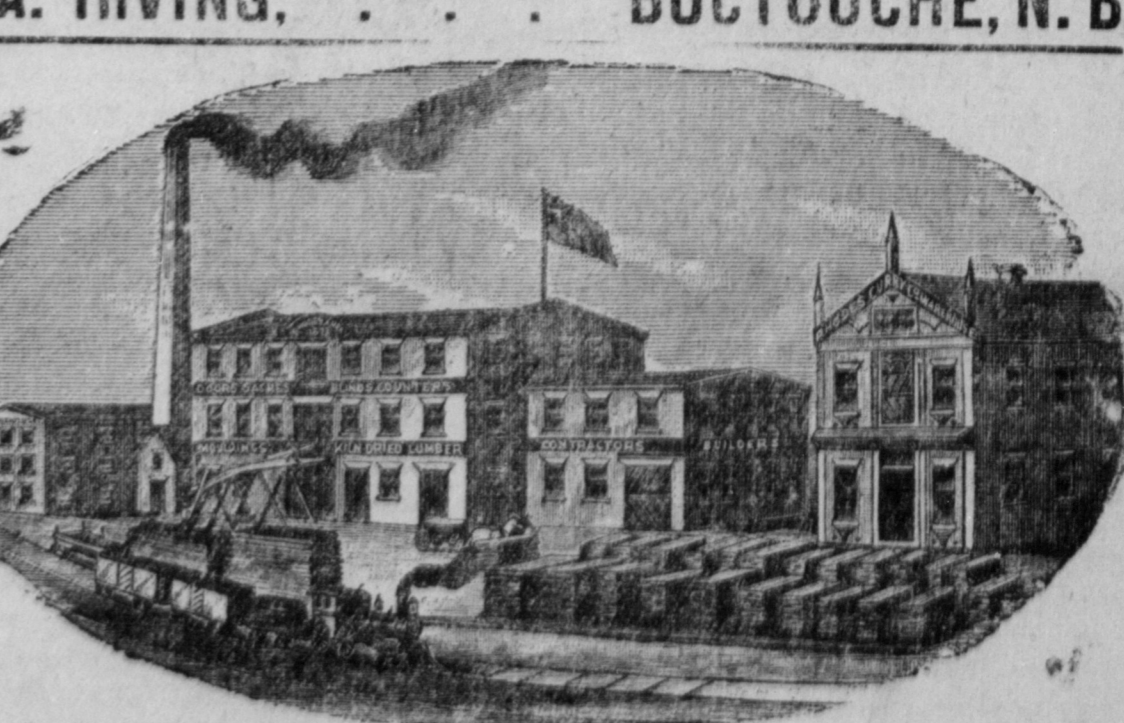
Holiday Goods.

The subscriber has an immense assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS which he will dispose of during the Holiday Season at BOTTOM PRICES.

Buffalo Robes, Melton Cloths, Dress Goods, Cottons, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, a full assortment of Hardware, Teas, Sugar, Flour, Boots and Shoes, and everything usually found in a first-class general store.

Every one making a purchase to the extent of \$1.00 will receive a pound of choice Christmas Mixed Candy FREE.

J. A. IRVING, BUCTOUCHE, N. B.



RHODES, CURRY & CO., Amherst, N. S.

Manufacturers & Builders. 1,000,000 FEET OF LUMBER KEPT IN STOCK.

Walnut, Cherry, Ash, Birch, Beech, Pine and Whitewood, House Finish, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Wood Mantels, Mouldings, &c. "CABINET TRIM FINISH" for Dwellings, Drug Stores, Offices, &c. SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH, and HOUSE FURNITURE, &c. Bricks, Lime, Cement, Calumet, Plaster, &c. Manufacturers of all kinds of Builders' Materials. Send for Estimates.