

The Review.

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RICHIBUCTO, N. B., MARCH 28, 1895.

THE COMING SESSION OF PARLIAMENT.

After a long delay in which many were led to believe that a general election was contemplated, the Parliament of Canada has been called to meet at Ottawa on April 18th. This is later than the usual time of meeting, although in 1869, 1872, 1887 and 1891 the date of opening was in April. The delay is therefore not unprecedented, and it has enabled the government to place in definite shape some matters, like the Manitoba school question, which required time for careful deliberation, and which it was desirable should be carefully formulated before the summoning of parliament.

The coming session will be the fifth of the present parliament, which is also somewhat exceptional. The first parliament of Canada was called to meet five times, the second parliament but twice, the third parliament five times, and the fourth, fifth and sixth parliaments but four times each. As the five years term to which the Dominion legislature is limited will expire in March 1896, and as the coming session may be a long one as it certainly will be of great importance, it is extremely probable that our legislators will be called to account for their stewardship to the people at the polls without a sixth session. This fact will tend to prolong the session upon which we are soon to enter. It always happens that in the closing session of a parliament many members desire to place themselves on record on many questions, and to make speeches which shall attract the favorable notice of their constituents. There is also usually in a last session a strong battle between the government and opposition forces, each manœuvring for advantages, all of which tends to prolong the sitting. We may therefore expect that July will find our legislators still busy at Ottawa, and the coming election will be postponed till the fall or winter.

It will be no great disadvantage to prospective candidates who have been already nominated, that they will have some additional months in which to become acquainted with and seek the favor of their constituents. They will also have the privilege of a more full and detailed statement of the public accounts and affairs of the country such as many of the opposition seem especially to desire. The electoral lists, revised to date, will also be ready, so that a few months hence the people of Canada will be as fully ready for an election as they well can be.

In regard to the matter of public policy the record of the party in power is before the country, well defined and well understood. The opposition, too, have their platform. It remains to be seen what attitude they will take upon the Manitoba school question, on which the government have spoken out with no uncertain sound. That question must be faced in parliament by Mr. Laurier and his lieutenants, as fairly as Sir Mackenzie Bowell has met it, and we venture that the difficulty will not be less in the opposition camp than it has been in the government councils. We shall be surprised if Mr. Laurier and his ally Mr. Dalton McCarthy can find themselves in a position to act together in opposition to the announced policy of the government in this matter.

MANITOBA SCHOOLS.

The decision of the Dominion government in the Manitoba school matter will make it the subject of animated discussion in the coming session of parliament and in the elections which are to follow. Generally speaking, the right to make laws respecting education rests exclusively with the provincial legislatures, but the right is subject to some important reservations. The most important of these is that all provincial legislatures are specially restrained from taking away "any right or privilege with respect to denominational schools which any class of persons have by law in the province at the union," or which may afterward have been conferred. These provisions of the constitution are clear and unmistakable.

It is equally clear that in the province of Manitoba in the year 1890, up to the time of the passage of what we may call

the free schools act by the Greenway government, there were Roman Catholic denominational schools in that province. Under our constitution the governor in council, in other words the Dominion government, is clothed with power to disallow any act passed by any provincial legislature, whether in relation to education or any other matter.

The general government did not choose to exercise its power of disallowance in regard to the Manitoba school act. The matter was referred to the courts, and eventually to the court of last resort, the judicial committee of the Privy Council in England. That high court decided that the Manitoba school law of 1890 was constitutional.

There still remained another remedy which is now for the first time in our Dominion history been called into effect, and it is of such vital consequence that we cite its provisions in full as found in subsections 3 and 4 of section 93 of the British North America Act:

3. Where in any province a system of separate or dissentient schools exists by law at the union, or is thereafter established by the legislature of the province, an appeal shall lie to the governor in council from any act or decision of any provincial authority affecting any right or privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic minority of the Queen's subjects in relation to education.
4. In case any provincial law as from time to time seems to the governor general in council requisite for the due execution of the provisions of this section is not made, or in case of any decision of the governor general in council on any appeal under this section is not duly executed by the proper provincial authority in that behalf, then, and in every such case, and as far only as the circumstances of each case require, the parliament of Canada may make remedial laws for the due execution of this section, and of any decision of the governor general under this section.

Under the above provisions of the constitution the Roman Catholic minority appealed to the governor in council, asking substantially that their right to separate denominational schools, as existing in Manitoba at and before the year 1890 be restored to them. This appeal the governor in council has now granted, and an order in council has been passed directing the Manitoba authorities to make the matter right. It is affirmed and believed that the Greenway government, now in power in the prairie province, and which passed the school law which is complained of will refuse to obey the mandate from Ottawa. It will be then in order for the government to introduce legislation at Ottawa, which if adopted, will give effect to the order just now made. Any law to that end passed by the Ottawa parliament must have full force and effect in Manitoba under our constitution.

The situation is an unusual one, and it calls for the exercise of great discretion on the part of our rulers and law makers. Nothing could be more unfortunate in a country whose population is made up of mixed races and creeds, than that social or sectarian strife should be stirred up and excited over this or any other question. But this need not be. Our constitution is based upon the principle of equal rights to all classes and creeds, and the very provision now called into active exercise is as much designed and as necessary and effective for the protection of the Protestant minority in the Province of Quebec as for the Catholic minority in Manitoba.

At the time when Manitoba became a province in 1870 a majority of its people were Roman Catholic. The province was then a small one in its territorial extent, but subsequently its boundaries were greatly enlarged, and as immigration flowed in, chiefly from Ontario, the majority has now become Protestant. But even in Ontario, where the population is three-fourths Protestant, separate schools exist under the constitution, and will no doubt continue to exist for many years to come. This fact will make it more easy for the majority in Manitoba to revert to the system which so long prevailed at Red River, and which they are now called upon to restore.

Acadieville Notes.

March was pretty rough so far but we are having fine weather now.

Mr. Raphael Caisie has again moved to Grand Digue.

Mr. A. Pineau came near losing his horse the other day by taking the road from the train, only for the section men he would have been killed. Mr. Pineau ties his horse now.

Mr. Napoleon Gallant has sold his place to a man from Chatham. Mr. James Desmond has also sold his place to Mr. John Mooney.

Mr. Basil Johnson who wants to be M. P., went around the parish the other day in order to select delegates for the Buctouche convention. If Mr. Johnson is chosen by some of the delegates, I might say chosen by himself, he cannot expect to have the votes of respectable electors of this parish or even of the county.

Messrs. Gogain & Vautour, and Mr. Edward J. Morton have finished hauling their tan bark, and it is said they have made money at it.

Dr. Inch, Chief Superintendent of Schools, and Inspector Smith, were here one day last week on business connected with the schools.

Use K. D. C. for all stomach troubles.

Buctouche Notes.

MARCH 25.—Mr. Fred Butcher of St. John, was in town on Saturday.

W. Brewer spent Sunday in Buctouche, he reported the work nearly completed on the Shediac bridge.

Miss Fannie Girouard returned on Saturday from a lengthy visit in Shediac.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Ferguson of Kingston, were in town on Saturday.

W. D. Carter and J. Stevenson, of Richibucto, were in town on Saturday.

The French convention was largely attended. Geo. V. McInerney, M. P., was present and briefly addressed the electors. Messrs. LeBlanc, Johnson, Gogain and Leger also spoke, the meeting was clearly with Mr. LeBlanc. After speeches were made the hall was cleared of everybody but delegates and a decision was soon reached. The only names brought before the convention were Messrs. LeBlanc and Johnson, the vote stood 47 for LeBlanc and 23 for Johnson. The nomination of the P. J. LeBlanc was then made unanimous. The town was filled with people in from the surrounding country. The meeting was very harmonious.

Philip Landry, Esq., says he intends to be a candidate and no doubt would be as popular as formerly.

Henry Smith intends moving to-day into the Thos. Johnson house.

Jas. Barnes shipped a carload of oysters via Shediac this morning.

Squire Sutton is once more able to be around again after a month's illness.

R. M. Sutton has been sick during the past week.

No news reaches Buctouche concerning the opening of the M. & B. railway. But the road will no doubt be opened before many weeks if the weather remains as it has been during the past few days as the snow would soon melt off.

Warren Vincent of McLaughlan Road, lost his house by fire on Thursday last. Loss partly covered by insurance.

Miss Sutton is visiting her sister Miss Josie at Notre Dame.

Rev. J. D. Murray is visiting at H. C. Murray's.

It is understood that Rev. Mr. Hackenley is to preach his farewell sermon in St. Lawrence Church on Sunday next at 10.30 a. m.

Arch. Allan received a severe fall on Saturday night, caused by a coasting sled coming down Custom house hill.

Since writing the above Fireman Smith of the M. & B. has arrived in Buctouche. He states that a large crew of men are to be put on to-day shoveling and picking up so that the work must necessarily be slow as much ice has been formed.

Another school meeting has been called for to-day by the Inspector in hopes of settling disputes between the two parties in Newell Creek school district. No word as to the outcome has been received in Buctouche.

New furniture for the Superior Department in the Buctouche School is to hand and will probably be placed on Saturday.

People Who Pay.

Name, post-office and date to which subscription has been paid.

- G. Raymond, Kouchibouguac, Aug. 24-95
- Wm. Dickinson, Kingston, Feb. 14-96
- Edward Hannay, " Aug. 7-95
- Geo. R. Collins, Stonehaven, Feb. 25-95
- P. O'Leary, Campbellton, Mar. 3-96
- Thos. Hudson, South Branch, Aug. 24-95
- Andrew Dunn, Harcourt, Sept. 26-95
- Chas. Wallace, Buctouche, June 30-94
- John Rusk, Richibucto, Aug. 20-94
- P. J. Melanson, St. Mary, Jan. 14-95
- S. L. Storer, Brooklyn, Jan. 29-96
- Mrs. P. Harrington, Kouchibouguac, Mar. 8-96
- Hon. Alban Ritchie, Newcastle, Jan. 29-95
- J. G. Robichaud, Richibucto, Sept. 14-95
- Stothart Wright, Portland, Mar. 14-96
- Jas. Conway, Kingston, July 1-95
- Abel Dixon, Richibucto, Dec. 31-95
- W. H. Warman, Molus River, Jan. 2-95
- Mrs. J. Norton, Salmon Beach, Aug. 25-93
- N. McNair, Louison River, Feb. 26-95
- Mrs. J. Bailey, Cambridgeport, Aug. 24-96
- Mrs. S. Lesmond, Newcastle, Feb. 28-96
- I. B. Humphrey, Harcourt, Feb. 24-95
- John Fraser, Chatham, Dec. 19-94
- Thos. A. Williston, Bayside, Mar. 1-95
- Coun. M. Girouard, St. Mary, Jan. 10-96
- Anthony Arseneau, Kingston, Mar. 15-95
- Miss Emma Goguen, Cocagne, Aug. 31-95
- John Leet, Harcourt, July 12-95
- Burton Murray, Kingston, Mar. 18-96
- J. J. Campbell, Berlin Falls, Feb. 29-95
- Alex. Murray, Main River, Aug. 24-95
- Hazen Russ, Kingston, Oct. 30-95
- Robert Main, " Aug. 24-95
- Daniel Dunlay, Bass River, Aug. 24-94
- Robt. Barry, Kingston, April 17-95
- John Sullivan, Harcourt, Aug. 24-92
- E. B. Girouard, St. Pauls, Mar. 14-95
- Miss Minnie Foley, Newville, Feb. 9-95
- Frank Thibideau, Rogersville, Nov. 24-94
- John R. Girvan, Pine Ridge, Aug. 24-95
- John Cameron, Kingston, Sept. 7-95
- Chas. Carr, Cambridge, Aug. 21-95
- Mrs. Agnes Cail, Pine Ridge, Oct. 16-94

Itch Mange and Scratches of every kind by human or animals, cured in 30 minutes on Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. For sale by W. W. Short, agent for Kent County.



HON. O. J. LEBLANC, THE CHOICE OF THE BUCTOUCHE CONVENTION.

Bass River.

MARCH 22nd.—Mrs. D. McKendrick has been quite ill the past few days, but seems better now.

A good many are experiencing an attack of "la grippe."

The most of the lumbermen are still in the woods. They all describe the winter as one of the best in their experience.

Mr. John Walker was in Moncton and Sackville this week.

The Kent Dairy Co. rejoice in the initials of their name K. D. C. They expect to do about what that medicine does, viz:—rejuvenate. The dairy interest in this entire section of the county only wants some pluck, energy and green corn to make it pay. For good pasturage and pure water this county is well to the front. The butter factory has come into the province to stay. The farmer that doesn't patronize it when possible is not as fully alive to his interests as it would pay him to be.

Politics quiet just now. Everybody is weighing the situation, so to speak. When the ladies get the franchise—and we would like to see it to-day—the voice of the prohibitionist will be heard in the land. But in the lamentable absence of the third party man the trade policy comes in for a large share of attention. The class which swings the elections, viz:—the farmers, are beginning to realize that they must press their own claims. The monopolists will not do it for them. The coming politician to-day is the man who makes the farmer's interests his interests. The farmers here will remember this fact most forcibly on election day.

Cocagne.

MARCH 25.—Our fears for some time past that eternal winter had settled in our midst, or that old winter had an indefinite engagement here, have been alleviated by the smiling pleasant face of Spring entering in upon the scene. This is certainly refreshing and may it never give place to such scowls as those of the past winter.

Lieut. Col. Maunsell passed through here some time ago on his way North.

Tom McManus, of Buctouche, spent Sunday here.

Mr. Theophilus Arseneau leaves tomorrow for Waltham, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Connors drove to Buctouche Saturday.

Miss Agnes St. Peter spent Sunday with her parents here.

James Barnes of Buctouche, and Mr. Brewer went to Shediac last night.

As has often been mentioned the past winter was one of the worst ever experienced here in the frequency and severity of its storms. But through it all irrespective of roads or weather, the dauntless driver of our weekly mail, (running north), has not missed a single trip, if our memory serves us. We admire the persistency and courage he exhibits in carrying out this undertaking of all others, and may he ever come out with flying colors. DIXIE.

Kingston.

A spirited political meeting took place at a certain street corner on Monday forenoon. Nearly all the trades and professions were represented. Among the rest could be noticed that veteran pilot, Wm. Irving. Jerry Gould made the speech of the morning. His very convincing arguments compelled contradiction to take a back seat. But for the lack of one slight essential Jerry would be an orator—and it seems rather an odd coincidence that this single requisite always stands as a stumbling block in our undertakings. I refer to the single word ability.

Mr. Geo. W. Wilson left on Tuesday on a business trip to Bathurst.

A good many tickets have been sold for the show in the hall on Thursday evening and a large attendance is expected.

LAUGHLAN.—At Black Point March 16th, of bronchitis, Janet Elizabeth, youngest child of Charles and Jennie Laughlan, aged 13 months.

CONNORS.—At Kempt Road, on the 15th inst., Mary J. Connors, aged 55 years.

CALL.—At Kingston, on the 20th inst., Mrs. Call, widow of the late Geo. Call, of West Branch, aged 72 years.

THOMPSON.—At Jardineville, on the 21st inst., Abram Thompson, aged 65 years, leaving a widow and five children to mourn their loss.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

It was originated in 1870 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, an old fashioned, noble hearted Family Physician, to cure all ailments that are the result of irritation and inflammation, such as asthma, abscesses, bites, burns, bruises, bronchitis, colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, chaps, chilblains, colic, cramps, cholera-morbus, diphtheria and all forms of sore throat, earache, fractures, gout, headache, influenza, in grippe, lame back, lame side, lame neck, mumps, muscular soreness, nervous headache, neuralgia, pimples, pains in chest, stomach or kidneys, ringworm, rheumatism, scalds, stings, strains, sprains, stiff joints, sore lips, sore lungs, toothache, tonsillitis, wind colic and whooping cough. The great vital and muscle nerve.

For INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL Use

Its special province is the treatment of inflammation. Its electric energy everlastingly eradicates inflammation without irritation. It is important everyone should understand the nature and treatment of inflammation. Send us at once your name and address and we will send you free, our new illustrated book, "TREATMENT FOR DISEASES." This book is a very complete treatise in plain language, which every person should have for ready reference.

The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle. If you can't get it send to us. Price 35 cents; six \$2.00. Sold by Druggists. Pamphlet free. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprietors.

Now then for Clothing!

Our Mr. Gorham when in Toronto lately, purchased largely of the stock of A. R. THOMPSON, 141 King Street, TORONTO.

These goods were sold at Auction, and we were amongst the largest buyers. The stock consisted of CLOTHING, CLOTHS and MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Also some of the undelivered and unsold goods of the Robert Darling & Co.'s Salvagers Stock Goods slightly smoked at one of the recent great fires that have taken place at TORONTO. Also a large consignment of general

DRY GOODS, &c.,

Consisting of Table Cloths, Linen Gloves, Top Shirts, Selecias, Ribbons, Silks, Hemp Carpets, Dress Goods, Ladies' Vests, Corsets, Lace Curtains, Hosiery, White and Grey Cottons, Gingham, Planelettes, Shirtings, Jeans, Selecias, Towels, Towellings, Muslins checks and plain, with a large stock of SPRING MILLINERY in Straws of all kinds. Flowers, Feathers, Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, an immense stock.

Our Miss Brandt is now in New York picking up the largest ideas in Millinery Styles.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Butterick's Patterns, a full stock on hand. Sale commences TUESDAY, 12th inst., at 8 o'clock. Close at 6 p. m.

PETER McSWEENEY,

190, 192, 194 MAIN STREET.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We have now in store and for sale our usual stock of Field and Garden Seeds, comprising fine, bright Quebec Timothy, Northern Red Clover, Long Late Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Field Peas, White Russian Wheat, Beans, Turnips, Carrot Beet, and a large variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.

WALL PAPER.

We have also received a large stock of Wall Paper with Borders to Match, consisting of 3,500 rolls, among which will be found some elegant designs.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS

in nearly all the varieties now in use, together with all the different goods usually kept in a first class store.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON.

SEED OATS!

5000 Bush. Ontario White Seed Oats, 1000 Bush. J. E. I. Black Seed Oats, 500 Sugar Cured Hams, 200 Pails Pure Lard, 50 Tubs Butter, choice quality, 50 Bbls. Black Potatoes, 20 Bbls. Short Cut Roll Bacon.

TELEPHONE 260 A. LOWEST PRICES

A. C. SMITH & CO.,

CARLETON, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. PRODUCE BOUGHT FOR CASH, OR SOLD ON COMMISSION. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

Holiday Goods.

The subscriber has an immense assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS which he will dispose of during the Holiday Season at BOTTOM PRICES.

Buffalo Robes, Melton Cloths, Dress Goods, Cottons, Gents' furnishings, Hats, Caps, a full assortment of Hardware, Teas, Sugar, Flour, Boots and Shoes, and everything usually found in a first-class general store.

Every one making a purchase to the extent of \$1.00 will receive a pound of choice Christmas Mixed Candy FREE.

J. A. IRVING, BUCTOUCHE, N. B.