

CONSUMPTION

SO PRONOUNCED
By the Physicians
SEVERE
COUGH
At Night
Spitting Blood
Given Over by the Doctors!
LIFE SAVED BY
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Seven years ago, my wife had a severe attack of lung trouble which the physicians pronounced consumption. The cough was extremely distressing, especially at night, and was frequently attended with the spitting of blood. The doctors being unable to help her, I induced her to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was surprised at the great relief it gave. Before using one whole bottle, she was cured, so that now she is quite strong and healthy. That this medicine saved my wife's life, I have not the least doubt."—K. MORRIS, Memphis, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

CORRESPONDENCE

To the Editor of The Review:

SIR.—As the smelt-fishing season is about over, a few remarks on subjects which seem to be "nobody's business" may not be out of order. What I am about to say is not new. I shall endeavor to confine myself to facts that are indisputable, that is, they are known and have been known to every fisherman for years past. I shall not endeavor to place the blame of the existing state of affairs upon anybody—I shall merely state things as they exist, and as the smelt-fishing seems to be the most important of our winter fisheries I shall give it first place.

That the smelt fishing is a veritable fortune to our people, no one will dispute. Everyone who engages in it doesn't get rich rapidly. Some do not even pay their expenses, but this is no argument against my assertion. Some make a good deal of money and most all make a living out of it. Then it is right that it should be protected, and the government have enacted laws, which, if they were properly carried out would no doubt have the desired effect. But are they carried out? So far as the close season is concerned they are strictly enforced; but in other ways they are woefully overlooked. There is a law forbidding sawdust and other rubbish being put into the river. This law is pretty generally enforced. But fishermen are allowed to fill the river full of brush and everything else that will make wings or barricades to divert the natural course of the fish and drive them into their nets. As a consequence the fish are all frightened out of the deep water and therefore cannot be caught. Eventually, I believe, they will be banished from the river altogether. Now this large amount of brush, etc., going into the river every year will soon fill it full of rubbish and what it is aimed to guard against, is just what is going to happen. And besides the injury to the fisheries, the harbor will soon be so filled up that large vessels cannot enter. Some will dispute this, claiming that all the brush put down for "wings," goes out with the ice in the spring. This is a mere fallacy. The ice mostly all melts before going out of the harbor; at all events, it melts sufficiently to let all the brush and other rubbish sink to the bottom. Near the beaches where the bottom consists wholly of quicksands, brush lying on the bottom, gathers sand until it is wholly covered. This is a fact that can't be disputed. We cannot expect the government to expend thousands of dollars to improve our harbor, when we ourselves are doing all in our power to ruin it. There is another abuse to which I wish to refer, namely, fishing on Sunday. No good ever came of this unchristian practise. Wherever it is allowed, fish soon become extinct. The reason, I need not discuss—leave that to the preachers.

The bass fishing is the next that should receive attention, while there are strict laws for the protection of these fish, they are a dead-letter. More undersized bass have been caught this winter than ever before. Smelt nets are set for them and they are destroyed in tons. So many have been caught this winter that they could not all be sold or used and large quantities are said to have been hauled on the fields and hidden in the woods. There is no overseer on the part of the river where bass are caught, and if the small bass are allowed to be slaughtered this way there will soon be no need of anybody to look after that fishery. According to rumor, the catch of small bass on this river is variously estimated at from 50 to 100 tons.

Eels have been caught in large quantities and a good many lost by soft weather, but I know of no law to prevent catching these fish, and I suppose it is all right to kill as many as possible.

With regard to oysters, they need protection as well as any other fish. But

there is one particular locality where I think the law prohibiting the catching of oysters through the ice, should not be enforced. I mean on the Richibucto river above the Kingston bridge. Here while the oysters are quite numerous, they are of inferior quality, and cannot be sold at any price in the autumn or when good oysters, from P. E. Island and other places are in the market. The only time that these oysters can be sold is in the latter part of the winter when the markets have been rid of all the imported oysters; and at that time no one is allowed to fish them. (Of course some are caught on the sly, but these only amount to a few barrels.) There is a number of poor people who have heretofore depended on the oysters for their food during the winter and spring but these are not now allowed to fish oysters. If there was any benefit to be derived from prohibiting the oyster fishing through the ice, I, for one, would be sorry to see it carried on. But it seems a pity that a lot of poor people should be deprived of their living when there is nothing to be gained to offset their loss. There are many mud-diggers allowed to dig up the beds and any man knows that one mud-digger will do more harm to the oyster beds than one hundred rakes would do. I would not advocate stopping mud-diggers from operating on the beds, for the manure thus obtained largely benefits the farmers; but allowing people to destroy the oyster beds with mud-diggers, while a poor man is prevented from raking a few oysters with which to feed himself and family, seems to be an idiotic inconsistency.

A FISHERMAN.
Kingston, Feb. 14, 1895.

To the Editor of The Review:

I would like to ask Geo. V. McInerney, Allan Haines and John Stevenson, trustees of school district No. 1, why it is that the names of certain people who took an active part in the election of a school trustee at the meeting held in October last, are still on the delinquent list, not having paid their taxes. Some person must have come responsible for the amounts opposite their names before they voted and it is a duty the trustees owe to themselves and the district generally to see these taxes are collected at once. If the case were that of some poor man trying to support ten children on fifty cents per day, he would never be allowed such privileges as voting at a school meeting without paying his taxes, but instead, "Pinkerton" would be after him long ago with an execution.

LABORER.
Richibucto, Feb. 19, 1895.

To the Editor of The Review:

DEAR SIR.—I was greatly interested in a series of articles that lately appeared in the columns of THE REVIEW under the caption of "The second coming of Christ," to the writer of which I think much credit is due for the way in which he dealt with the subject. Truly, it is of prime importance, and we should all be prepared to meet Him when the great day comes. The divine records say, Matthew 24, 6, "But of that day and hour knoweth no man, no, not the angels of heaven, but the Father only." But we learn by the signs of the times that the coming of the Son of Man is not far distant. Christ shall come same as in the days of Noah, for, as in the days before the flood they were eating and drinking and giving in marriage, until the day that Noah entered the ark, and knew not until the flood came and took them all away. There shall be two in the field, one shall be taken and the other left. The sun shall be darkened and the moon shall not give her light, and the stars shall fall from Heaven, and the powers of earth shall be shaken. So likewise, when ye shall see all these things, know ye that it is near, even at your doors. You will please note that Josephus tells us that a time is one year, or seven times that was to pass over Nebuchadnezer was seven years. There are 360 days in a year, hence a time is 360 days and God says I will thee a day for a year, (Ezek. 4, 6,) hence a time is 360 prophetic days or years. A time, times and half a time would be three times and a half or 1260 prophetic days, which is equal to 1260 years. Now, the church was in the wilderness 1260 days (years). It therefore follows that if the church was organized in 1830, was the church coming out of the wilderness? then the church went into the wilderness about 570 A. D. If the time, times and half a time or 1260 years expired in 1830 then the 1260 days of Daniel 12, 11, would have expired in 1860, on or at the time of the reorganization, and the 1290 days may mark that event. If these two dates be correct, what means the statement in the 12th and 13th verses of the 12th chapter of Daniel, where it says, "Blessed is he that waiteth and cometh to the one thousand three hundred and thirty days," or 1905? as a blessing is to be given to those that cometh to that time, live to that time, as Daniel is to rest and stand in his lot at the end of those days. May it not be that 1335 or 1905 have reference to the coming of Christ?

W. H. L.
Kingston, Kent Co., Feb. 8, 1895.

K. D. C. Pills tone and regulate the liver.

Richibucto, 18th Feb., 1895.

Editor of The Review:

DEAR SIR.—As some of my friends are rather industriously circulating the report that I did not ask for an extension of the smelt-fishing season, I ask you for enough space to publish the two following telegrams which I forwarded to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries on the subject:

Richibucto, 9th Feb., 1895.

Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa:
Fishermen unanimously petition for extension of smelt-fishing until first March. Please comply.

GEO. V. MCINERNEY.

Richibucto, 13th Feb., 1895.

Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa:
Owing to severe weather last ten days, smelt-fishermen have been unable to fish and strongly press for extension. If possible, grant it.

GEO. V. MCINERNEY.

On the 14th the minister wired me that the extension could not be granted. I was in favor of extension, tried to obtain it and regret that it was refused.

Yours very truly,
GEO. V. MCINERNEY

CATARH RELIEVED IN 10 TO 60 MINUTES.—One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 60 cents. Sold by W. W. Short.

New Brunswick Legislation.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 15.—Dr. Stockton moved, seconded by Mr. Phinney, his resolution condemning the government for making no provision last year for the sinking fund in connection with the issue of bridge bonds.

Mr. Mitchell moved the following amendment, seconded by Mr. Killam: Strike out the recitals and all after the word resolved, and insert the following: That this House is satisfied with the assurance of the Chief Commissioner, that any apparent omission last year to make provision for the sinking fund in connection with the issue of bridge bonds will be supplied during the current year.

Mr. Mitchell's amendment was carried, the vote being:
Yeas—Blair Mitchell, Emmerson White Dunn, Gogain, Lewis, Harrison, Martin, Russell, Sivewright, Mott, Killam, Flewelling, Scovill, Baird, O'Brien (Northumberland), Robinson, Veniot, Dibblee, McLeod, Wells, Farris, O'Brien (Charlotte)—24.
Nays—Powell, Stockton, Phinney, Shaw, Smith (St. John), Alward, Pitts, Allen, Howe, Atkinson, Perley.—11.

Mr. Blair recommitted a bill respecting the property of married women. Agreed to with amendments.
Mr. Flewelling introduced bills incorporating the Nauwigewauk Hall Company (limited) and the Clifton Hall Company (limited); Mr. Wells, a bill further amending the Pharmaceutical Society and to regulate the sale of drugs and medicines; Mr. Killam, a bill enabling the trustees of the Young Men's Christian Association of Moncton to issue debentures and for other purposes.

Mr. Blair explained to the House that he was in error in regard to a statement he had made as to Mr. Connell's connection with the government.

Dr. Stockton, seconded by Mr. Smith, moved his resolution for the production of all correspondence between the executive government and the government of Canada with respect to the reservation by the lieutenant governor for the significance of the governor general's pleasure of an act respecting the use of tobacco by minors. Dr. Stockton said the resolution raised an important constitutional question. He quoted from an order-in-council passed by the Dominion government in 1892, which declared it to be at variance with the principles of constitutional government for the lieutenant governor to reserve a bill for the pleasure of the governor general.

A debate took place between the Attorney General and Dr. Stockton over the matter, Mr. Blair claiming that Dr. Stockton was confounding the veto power of the crown with the power of reservation. In theory he said, there did reside in the sovereign as to imperial legislation the veto power, though for over 150 years it had never been exercised. There, however, the power to legislate was absolutely unlimited, whereas the powers to the dominion or the provincial legislatures were limited.

The matter was settled for the present by Mr. Blair promising to produce the correspondence.
HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Swells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by W. W. Short.

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THE NEW COLOR FOR GENT'S LIGHT SUITS AND LADIES' DRESSES.

AMERICAN DYE WORKS CO.'Y. OFFICE, SOUTH SIDE KING SQUARE.

WORKS, ELM STREET, NORTH END. SAINT JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Orders from a distance by Express or otherwise promptly attended to.

Interesting Information

FOR ALL READERS OF THE REVIEW.

That Short's Cherry-Chlor is the best all around preparation for Coughs and Colds in the Market, the public of Richibucto are rapidly finding out. We sold considerable the first winter, more the second, and this winter it has become a regular thing in a great many homes, especially where there are small children. The preparation has been in use for thirty (30) years, and this fact speaks more for its merit than words possibly can.

W. W. SHORT, RICHIBUCTO,
Wholesale & Retail Agent.

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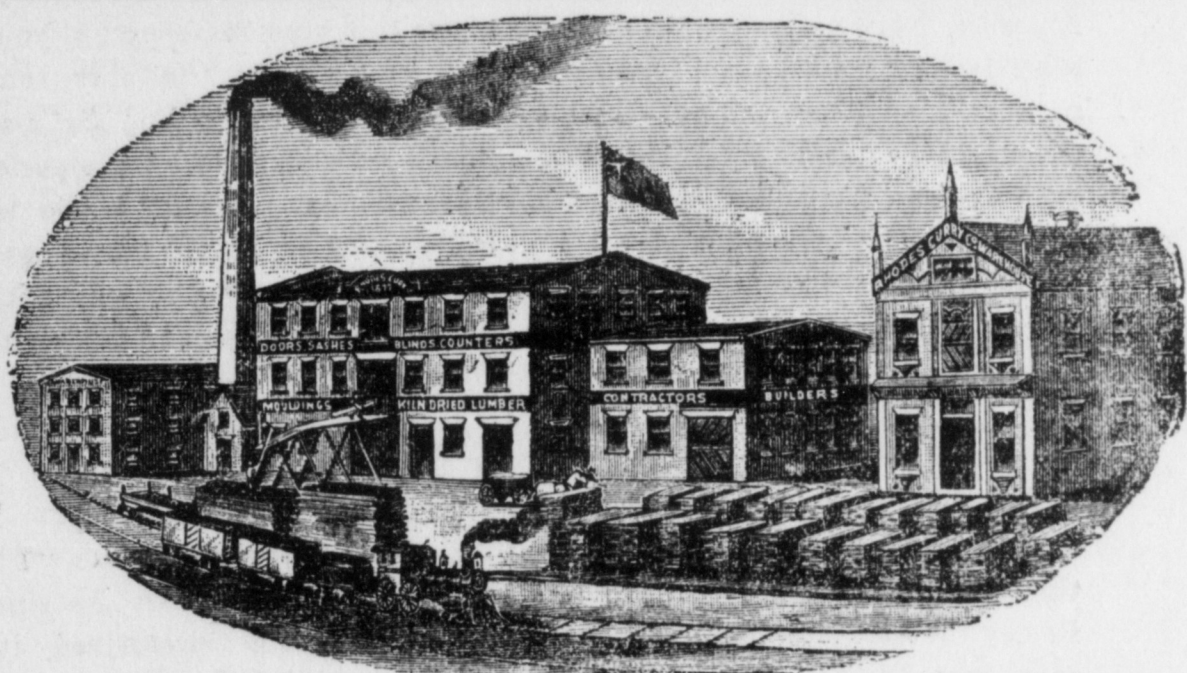
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SEED OATS!

5000 Bush. Ontario White Seed Oats, 1000 Bush. F. E. I. Black Seed Oats, 500 Sugar Cured Hams, 200 Pails Pure Lard, 50 Tubs Butter, choice quality, 50 Bbls. Black Potatoes, 20 Bbls. Short Cut Roll Bacon.

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LAND IN MOLUS RIVER FOR SALE!

I offer for sale a two-thirds int. rest in all that farm and premises on which the late Harrison T. Smith resided at the time of his death, situate at Molus River, Weldford Parish and purchased by him from William Chandler and Holderness and Chilton. The farm is conveniently situated on the Post Road and the road leading down the north side of the river and is a well known and desirable property. ALSO—100 acres near the Kent Northern Railway granted to Bushrod W. Smith.

J. D. PHINNEY.

Richibucto, Sept. 22nd, 1894.

Do you Want Living Seeds?
See our Catalogue or write us... All enquiries answered.

The Steele, Briggs, Marcon Seed Co. (Mention this paper) TORONTO, Ont.

Note—All enterprising merchants in every town in Canada sell our seeds. Get them sure or send direct to us.



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WALTER DOAN, a graduate of both Bus. and S. H. department went to Boston, secured a position at once in spite of hard times, and is now reported to be getting \$18 per week.
THE TELEGRAPH PUB. Co. advertised for an office assistant. S. J. McGowan was the choice of over 50 applicants. Both young men went directly from the school room to those excellent positions. Sources of success—Earnest application; thorough drill; the best courses of study obtainable in Canada. Do you want this kind of training?
Send for Catalogue.

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Odd Fellows' Hall.

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