

Board Work Office

THE REVIEW

VOL. 6.

RICHIBUCTO, NEW BRUNSWICK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1895.

NO 21

THE GREAT NORTH SHORE ROUTE!

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Kent County Council.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 9th, 1895.

Full board present.

Council called to order at 10 o'clock a. m.

Coun. Bernard moved that minutes of last meeting be read.

Minutes read and approved.

The Warden read a resolution passed at a meeting held in the court house on Saturday, 22nd Dec. last, in regard to the lighting of the streets of Richibucto town and asking the council to take steps to procure legislation at the next sitting of legislature to authorize the assessment of the town for that purpose.

Coun. F. M. Richard moved that no appointment be made or fees be paid to county officials before finance committee make its report. Carried.

Mr. John T. Caie, inspector of liquor licenses read his report. \$950.00 had been received for licenses and \$5.00 fine, making a total of \$955.00.

Inspector Caie then read applications for the following persons:

WHOLESALE.	
John O'Leary	Buctouche.
Augustine D. Cormier	"
Thomas Flanagan	Richibucto.
HOTELS.	
Moise P. Gallant,	Grand Digue.
John P. Leger,	Buctouche.
Isaac Trenholm,	"
Maxime L. D. Cormier,	"
Andrew Hanigan,	"
James D. Woods,	Harcourt.
James W. McDermott,	"
Frank McInerney,	Kingston.
James Conway,	"
Richard Hebert,	"
John N. Elliot,	Cocagne.
Albert J. Dysart,	"
Geo. A. Living,	Richibucto.
Stephen O'Donnell,	"
Mrs. Mary Hannay,	"
James E. Thompson,	"

Mr. Caie recommended the granting of licenses to all these applicants except James E. Thompson, whose application he would neither favor or oppose. Coun. Murphy here stated that the council had no power to grant a license to any person against whom any fine had been imposed for the infringement of the liquor law for the space of three years. As a fine has been standing against Mr. Thompson for some time, it is impossible to grant him license. During the day, Mr. John O'Leary, wholesale liquor dealer of Buctouche, was heard in regard to granting a wholesale license to A. D. Cormier. Mr. O'Leary said that there was not half enough business in Buctouche to maintain one house in the business, and if Mr. Cormier were given a license, he (O'Leary) would go out of the business. He, however, claimed the right to the preference on account of his long established business, should one license only be granted.

Mr. Caie's report showed a complete knowledge of everything connected with his business.

Moved by Coun. F. M. Richard, seconded by Coun. Johnson that the inspector's report be accepted.

Coun. McAlmon gave notice that he would move at 10 o'clock to-morrow that the council ask the local legislature at their next session for power to assess the town of Richibucto for lighting the streets.

Coun. Borgeois gave notice that he would move at 10 o'clock to-morrow a resolution to abolish one of the polling districts in the parish of Acadieville.

Coun. Murphy gave notice that he would move at 10 o'clock to-morrow that council petition the local legislature to empower the council to borrow money from the Merchant's Bank of Halifax, with which to cash county school warrants.

Coun. McAlmon moved that finance committee go into session. Carried.

The following bills were brought before the finance committee and acted upon:—

A bill of John Davids for keeping a pauper, Mrs. Gallant, Council ordered that Mr. Davids be paid \$39.84. Considerable discussion, not of the most friendly nature took place between Mr. Davids and Mr. Keady O'Leary, overseer of the poor for Richibucto. Mr. Davids seemed to have the interests of Mr. Davids at heart, and Mr. O'Leary seemed inspired with the very laudable desire of protecting the rate-payers.

K. B. Forbes' bill of \$1.66 for stationery was ordered to be paid in full.

Dochtee D. Richard's bill of \$4.00 for keeping Placide Brien, a pauper, was ordered to be paid.

Dr. I. W. Doherty's bill of \$8.25 for attendance to Mary Wade was ordered to be paid.

James Murray's bill of \$2.00 for attendance as constable at the municipal elections in Richibucto in 1892 and 1893 was ordered to be paid.

Dr. Bourque's bill of \$26.75 for holding inquest on the body of Herbert Stuart, drowned in Richibucto river last summer was ordered to be paid.

It was moved and seconded that James R. Mundle's bill of \$5.50 for a refund of taxes be ordered paid and that the amount be added to the next Richibucto parish warrant.

Report of overseers of the poor of Acadieville was received and passed.

Report of overseers of the poor, parish of St. Mary's received and passed.

Dr. Olloqui's bill of \$20.00 for medical attendance on Peter Myers and Larry Chamberlain was presented. Coun. McAlmon moved that the bill be referred to the overseers of the poor.

Luke Richard's bill of \$2.55 for witness fees and mileage in the case of his own son whom he accused of larceny was presented. Coun. Murray moved that bill be thrown out. Carried.

Returns of Bye-road commissioner Vital Richard of St. Louis passed.

Returns of Mariner Price, bye-road commissioner passed.

Collectors' returns parish St. Louis, passed.

Returns of overseers of the poor, St. Louis, passed.

Returns of Thos. Delaney, parish of Harcourt passed. \$5.83 due Mr. Delaney.

Returns of overseers of the poor district No. 2 Richibucto passed. Adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Coun. Johnson submitted report of the public wharf committee to the effect that the wharf had been sold for \$45.00 for which two notes had been given. One note had been paid and the other for half the amount due Jan. 1st past was yet unpaid. Councillors Murphy, McAlmon, and F. M. Richard discussed the condition of the wharf and recommended some needed repairs. Report accepted.

Coun. F. M. Richard read report of the jail committees. \$24.00 had been expended in repairing the jail. Report accepted.

Mr. F. S. Sayre, registrar, was heard in regard to the dilapidated condition of the registry office, and asked the jail committee to visit that building. Mr. Sayre favored the building of a new registry office.

Coun. Murphy moved, seconded by Coun. F. M. Richard that THE REVIEW be paid \$25.00 for reporting and publishing full report of the proceedings of council. Carried.

Coun. F. M. Richard read report of the committee appointed to meet in July be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Bernard that the matter of licenses be taken up at 3 p. m. Friday.

Coun. F. M. Richard spoke of the difficulties under which the committee who met in July worked. He said that they had much power and no power. Councillors McAlmon and Atkinson discussed the matter and the latter moved that the committee assisted by the Clerk of the Peace, be authorized to make such changes and regulations as the carrying out of their duties required. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Bernard that the committee report at 2 o'clock Friday. Carried.

Coun. Murphy's resolution with regard to borrowing money to meet the school warrants, was discussed by Councillors Johnson, Murphy, Atkinson and the Warden, Coun. Johnson making an eloquent speech. Coun. McAlmon was appointed to confer with Mr. Abbott and report to-morrow.

Adjourned.

THURSDAY, Jan. 10th, 1895.

Council called to order at 10 o'clock a. m.

Minutes of previous session read and approved.

Coun. Bernard asked that Inspector Caie be heard in explanation of report read yesterday.

Coun. McAlmon submitted report of his conference with Mr. Abbott who was willing to advance the funds to cash school warrants on the same terms and upon the same bonds as were given last year.

Coun. Murphy moved, seconded by Coun. Bernard that this council memorialize the local legislature at its next session to grant such legislation as will enable the council to borrow money from the banks such sums of money as may be required to cash school warrants as they fall due, such sum not to exceed four thousand dollars yearly. On motion being put the council divided as follows:—Yeas: McAlmon, Murphy, Gilbert Richard, Atkinson, McMaster, Daigle, Coats, Bernard, Borgeois, (Dundas,) Poirier, Borgeois, (St. Paul,) Barribeau, Girouard; nays: F. M. Richard, R. I. Richard, Johnson.

Coun. Bernard introduced the following resolution:—

Resolved, that no trotting be allowed by any parties on public and church holidays, from the chapel in St. Paul's Parish, down to Mark Borgeois' residence, and on the other side from said chapel up to the corner of the road leading in to Bellevue's.

Any one committing a breach of this regulation shall be liable to a fine of one dollar for each offence, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace in the Parish of St. Pauls, on complaint of any Ratepayer in said Parish, and in event of conviction and non-payment of fine so imposed, together with cost of prosecution, the offending party may be committed to the county jail for a period not exceeding four days at the discretion of the acting justice. Fine when collected to be paid to the overseers of the poor. All expenses incurred in enforcing this law to be a charge in the Parish of St. Paul. Carried.

Coun. McAlmon asked to postpone time for offering resolution in regard to lighting the streets of Richibucto till Friday at 10 o'clock a. m. Granted.

Coun. Borgeois moved polling district No. 2, Acadieville, be abolished for municipal purposes and the polling place be at or near Bazil Barribeau's. Carried.

Coun. Girouard gave notice that he would move tomorrow at 10 o'clock a. m. that a side boom be made at St. Mary's lumber boom in Big Buctouche River.

List of Parish Officers for St. Louis read and approved.

Parish Officers' list for St. Paul read and approved. Coun. Bernard moved that John J. Sherwood's name be added to the list as surveyor of roads. Carried.

Coun. McAlmon moved that council adjourn and finance committee go into session. Carried.

Finance Committee Room.

A bill of Dr. C. O. LeBlanc for \$11.00 for medical attendance on Olivier Thomas LeBlanc. Coun. Girouard moved that \$5.00 be paid Dr. LeBlanc. Carried.

A bill from Dr. LeBlanc for medical attendance on Jaddus Williams. Ordered that \$1.00 be paid Dr. LeBlanc by overseers of the poor, Wellington.

A bill from Mrs. Powell, of Richibucto, for Richard Power, a deaf mute, \$112.000 was presented. Mr. Richardson, auditor, explained the law on the subject and asked the council to provide for Power's maintenance. The matter was allowed to stand over.

A bill from Sheriff Leger of \$3.40 for repairs, etc. to jail. Ordered paid.

A bill from Dr. King for holding inquest on the body of Onery Richard \$15.50. Ordered to be paid.

A bill from Dr. Olloqui for \$2.00 for certificate of insanity to Mrs. Myres, Lower Village. Ordered to be paid.

Report of overseers of the poor for St. Paul's Parish, passed.

Report of commissioners and surveyors of roads, Parish of St. Mary's, passed.

Return of commissioners and surveyors, Parish of Dundas, passed.

Collectors' returns, Parish of Dundas, passed.

Returns of commissioners and surveyors of roads, Weldford, passed.

Collectors returns, Parish of Richibucto, passed.

Coun. Murphy was heard in regard to valuator's remuneration.

A bill was presented from John P. Leger, valuator, for \$10.80 for holding court in re Jude Finnagan's property, Richibucto. Matter referred to a full board.

Returns of commissioners and surveyors of roads, Acadieville, passed.

Collectors returns, Acadieville, passed.

Returns of overseer of poor for district No. 3, Richibucto, passed.

Returns of commissioners and surveyors of roads, district Nos. 1 and 3, Richibucto, passed.

Returns of overseers of poor, Carleton, passed.

Returns of commissioners and surveyors of roads, Carleton, passed.

Returns of overseers of the poor, Dundas, passed.

A bill of \$8.00 from D. A. Borgeois, board of health, ordered to be paid. Recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council called to order at 2 p. m.

Coun. Atkinson gave notice that he would move at 10 o'clock tomorrow, that council appoint lumber surveyors for Kent County. Also, that he would move for an adoption of a bye law to prevent any person from provoking another to a breach of the peace.

Coun. Atkinson offered the following resolution, seconded by Coun. F. M. Richard:—

Resolved, that the legislature be memorialized to pass such legislation as will confer the power and authority upon the acting chairman of any committee that may be appointed by a vote of the municipality of Kent, to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths to any witness and enforce the production of all documents necessary to the proper determination of any question that may be the subject of investigation.

Moved by Coun. F. M. Richard, seconded by Coun. Bernard, that valuator's accounts be laid on the table till tomorrow at 10 o'clock, a. m. Carried.

Moved and seconded that H. M. Ferguson, Esq., J. P. be heard in re delinquent ratepayers. Mr. Ferguson explained the difficulties in collecting delinquent rates. He said that out of a large amount placed in his hands for collection he had been able to collect a very small amount. Coun. Atkinson said he felt pleased with Mr. Ferguson's report, and was much surprised that he had been able to collect any at all. Mr. Ferguson's report was accepted by a unanimous vote.

Some discussion took place with regard to Bazil S. Myers' taxes. Moved by Coun. McAlmon, seconded by Coun. Bernard, that the matter be referred back to the assessors. Carried.

Mr. F. S. Sayre's bill of \$41.00 for fuel, etc., including a bill from J. & A. McMillan for stationary for the registry office was discussed, Mr. Sayre being heard in the matter. Coun. Murphy moved, seconded by Coun. Bernard that bill be paid. Carried.

Dr. Bourque, chairman board of health, read report and recommended that the sum of \$15.00 be voted for the use of the board of health. Report accepted.

Coun. F. M. Richard moved that Dr. Bourque's suggestion that \$15.00 be voted for the use of the board of health be handed to the finance committee. Carried.

List of Parish Officers, St. Mary's, read and approved.

Coun. Atkinson moved, seconded by Coun. Girouard that a committee be appointed to visit registry office and report on same at 10 o'clock tomorrow. Couns. Murphy, Johnson and Borgeois appointed committee.

Moved that council adjourn till 10 o'clock tomorrow and finance committee go into session. Carried.

Finance Committee Room.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Returns of commissioner of bye roads, No. 1, Dundas, passed.

(Continued on Page 7.)

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. For sale by W. W. Short, druggist, agent for Kent Co. *

Carnival at Canada's Capital.

Ottawa's Carnival week, for January 21st to 26th next bids fair to eclipse all Winter Carnivals. Last year Quebec, evidently thinking that Montreal should not have a monopoly of the good things, and profiting by the experience of the Metropolis, admittedly out-did the latter. It was universally agreed that Quebec carried off the palm. The Carnival fever is evidently contagious like influenza, and now Ottawa is in the throes of mighty preparations, which bid fair to outdo both the quaint old city of Quebec, and beat the best that Montreal has done. The people are worked up to a high pitch of enthusiasm, and the money keeps steadily pouring in to defray the expenses. Ice castles, forts of ice to be defended by the militia, Indian encampment, horse-trotting on ice, hockey matches, snow-shoe races, skating races, fancy skating tournament, curling bonspiel, tobogganing and bob-sleighing, carnival drive, allegorical cars, tandem sleigh driving, snow-shoe club concert, ball, lumbermen's shanties, and a host of other attractions too numerous to mention are being quickly arranged. People talk nothing but Carnival. It seems to be in the air. There is but one idea, that is to make the week from January 21st to 26th; one to be long remembered in the annals of Ottawa's history.

WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION COLUMN.

All Communications to this Column Should be Addressed to Mrs. J. Stevenson, Secretary W. C. T. U. Richibucto.

Women's Christian Temperance Union Richibucto, will meet every fortnight at the residence of Miss Ostle. Meetings on Thursday at 3 p. m. Mothers' meetings will be held every fortnight on alternate Wednesdays, at the same place and hour. Mothers are requested to attend.

"Rise up ye women that are at ease."—Isa. 32, 9.

"Many days and years shall ye be troubled ye careless women."—10.

"Tremble ye women that are at ease."—11.

Eleven Reasons Why Women Want to Vote.

FROM ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

(Continued.)

7. Because women want to protect their business interests. As farmers need votes in order that they may represent the farming interests, and manufacturers in order that they may represent the interests of the home. For instance: A few years ago the mayor of Louisville made an effort to enforce the city ordinances against gambling-houses. He was met by a petition from leading citizens, lawyers, doctors, and merchants, begging him to desist, on the ground that his action would injure the business interests of the city. Men who came to Louisville to trade expected to have a "good spree" after transacting their business. If they could not do this in Louisville, trade would go elsewhere. Not long after, the mayor of St. Paul made an effort to enforce the city ordinances against houses of ill-fame, and he was met with a similar petition from prominent citizens, protesting on the same ground—that it would injure the business interests of the city. How many of the wives of those prominent citizens do you suppose you could have got to sign such a petition? Probably most of the men who signed it were not themselves gamblers, or patrons of the other places. But they were business men, their minds were fixed on making money, and they looked mainly at the money side of the question. The mothers, too, were in business. Their business was bringing up the boys and girls to be good men and women. They knew that the gambling-houses and similar places interfered with their business—which is really the most important business of all, and the one for the sake of which all the others exist. And every mother of them would have supported the mayor—if she could. But every gambler, every loafer, every man who is absorbed in material interests to the exclusion of moral interests, has a vote with which to intimidate a mayor who tries to do his duty. The good wives and mothers have no votes with which to sustain him. Is it any wonder that city officials so often wink at violations of law, when it is not the shops or factories of a city that are endangered, but only its homes?

8. Women want to vote because politics are so corrupt. For years good men have been trying in vain, unassisted, to purify them. They need the help and cooperation of women. The corruption of public life sets a bad example to every woman's husband; it assails the morals of her son as soon as he steps across her threshold; it takes the tax money contributed by women, and refuses to apply it to purposes which women think most useful and desirable, such as police matrons, and squanders it lavishly for things which women regard as useless or even harmful, such as great quantities of champagne at inauguration balls. It is idle to say that the political world is too corrupt for women to touch it, when it inevitably touches women at so many points. It is as if a man, in a mistaken spirit of chivalry, should refuse to let his wife lift a hand to do any housecleaning, on the ground that the house was too dirty for her to touch it, and at the same time should expect her to go on living in that same dirty house. When she saw her husband and children suffering from the effects of dirt, she would be sure to ask to be allowed to clean things up. And to fancy that a woman can purify politics better by abstract moral disapprobation than by voting for good men and against bad ones, is like fancying that she could cleanse her house more effectually by frowning at the dirt than by taking a broom in her hand.

9. Because, in the laws now upon our statute books, the reasonable wishes of women are not adequately represented. Witness the laws which license the sale of intoxicating liquor; the laws in relation to the age of consent, which regard a little

girl as mature enough to consent to her own ruin at fourteen years; the law by which a married mother has no right to her own children as long as she lives with her husband; the law by which the husband can, by will, bequeath the custody and guardianship of the children away from their mother. These laws were not enacted because men meant to be unjust or unkind to women, but because they looked at things simply from their own point of view. That is human nature. If women alone had made the laws, no doubt the laws would have been just as one-sided as they are now, only in the opposite direction. As we need two eyes to get a correct perspective, so we need to have both the masculine and feminine points of view represented in legislation in order to reach a just result.

10. Because it is a maxim in war, "Always do the thing to which your enemy particularly objects." The Brewster's Convention at Chicago passed this resolution by a unanimous vote:

Resolved, That we are opposed to woman suffrage everywhere and always; for when woman has the ballot, she will vote solid for prohibition; and woman's vote is the last hope of the Prohibitionists.

You may persuade a church member that the majority of mothers would vote for draughtshops; but you will never make the liquor interest believe it. "The children of darkness are wiser in their generation than the children of light."

11. Because we are more and more coming to realize the truth of Frances Willard's emphatic assertion, "The Ten Commandments and the Sermon on the Mount are voted up or voted down upon election day." When such interests are trembling in the balance, every woman must long to cast a vote into the scale that represents purity, sobriety, and honor.

FREEMAN'S CASE.

One Particularly Interesting to Woman as it Deals with Their Troubles.

LEAMINGTON Jan. 7.—It has been a cause of wonder to many people why women will neglect the first symptoms, and continue to suffer from ill health, and from debility, when the means of relief can so readily be obtained. Before a cure can be effected the work of the kidneys must be renewed, the blood cleansed of poisonous material, and the ligaments and muscles strengthened and invigorated. The history of the case of Miss Nettie Freeman, of this village, whose life was saved by Dodd's Kidney Pills, has had one beneficial effect in that it has aroused scores of other women in this locality from the false modesty they were manifesting and as a result the sales of Dodd's Kidney Pills have been enormous, and the resultant good commensurate therewith.

Whence Comes the Diamond?

Theories concerning the origin of the diamond have been both numerous and curious. Some mineralogists have suggested that it is the residue of carbon vapors dissipated by heat during that indefinite epoch known as the "coal period." Newton says that in his opinion it is "a coagulated unctuous substance, probably of vegetable origin." Haynes and Faure are both of the opinion that no diamond was ever formed on or within the surface of our earth, and that all such gems are brought to this planet by meteoric stones from some far-away world. Sir David Brewster, the eminent British philosopher (born 1781, died in 1868), entertained ideas concerning the diamond's origin, which, while similar to those of Newton, were different in some respects. In his estimation such gems were once masses of gum, exuded from certain species of extinct trees or plants, which had subsequently "petrified" and assumed the crystalline form! According to Dana, the greatest living authority, they may have been produced by slow decomposition of vegetable or even animal matter.—St. Louis Republic.

Let The Women Speak.

Mrs. A. Sampson, 208 Bennington St., East Boston, writes: "I had been afflicted with dyspepsia for the last four years, was so bad that I did not dare to eat as it caused me terrible pain. Hearing of K. D. C. I procured a package. It gave me almost immediate relief. One package cured me. I have not been so well for a number of years. I cheerfully recommend it, and feel justified in saying that dyspeptics who can get this medicine have no excuse for suffering."

Writs of attachment against the Newfoundland government for non-payment of amounts due have been obtained by several creditors from the Supreme Court.

Prevent Dyspepsia by using K. D. C.