

The Review.

Subscription \$1.00 per annum; if not paid within three months, the \$1.50.
 Advertising Rates: \$1.00 per inch for insertion; 50 cents per line for continuation. Yearly rates made at a 25 per cent. discount.
 Profits at Car's \$5.00 per year.
 Yearly advertising payable quarterly.
 Transient advertising payable in advance.
 Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Verses accompanying death notices will be charged for at regular rates.
 Correspondence on any subject of general interest is invited.
 Items of news from any place will be thankfully received.
 We do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by our correspondents.
 All communications must be accompanied by the writer's name in confidence to ensure insertion.
 S. B. PATERSON, JR., PROPRIETOR.

Best Advertising Medium in Northern New Brunswick.

LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay.
 2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., JAN. 16, 1896.

THE LATE CRISIS AT OTTAWA.

It is difficult to overrate the importance of the political crisis at Ottawa initiated by the sudden resignation of seven ministers just at the moment of the opening of parliament. It is, in its nature an altogether unprecedented occurrence, but the causes are apparent. We are only now beginning to understand how great and irreparable was the loss sustained by the Liberal Conservative party in the death of Sir John Macdonald. When Sir John Abbott succeeded him it was a time of comparative political calm. The party was still strong in the flush of its recent victory at the polls and there were no grave questions of unusual delicacy and magnitude to be immediately grappled with. When he died they had Sir John Thompson to fill the gap, and the party, still strong and unthreatened, rejoiced again in a strong leader. He, too, died in the fulness of his fame, and perhaps fortunately for his place in history, before the troublesome questions which afterward beset his party had reached an acute stage.

When three great leaders had thus fallen in quick succession the memory of Sir John Macdonald's resourceful greatness was still fresh in the minds of all Canada. When Mr. Bowell was called to the helm of state it was natural that comparison should be made between him and the great Chief than rather than between Mr. Bowell and his more immediate predecessors. Had it been otherwise the premier of 1895 would not have suffered so much in the contrast. For neither Sir John Abbott nor Sir John Thompson were called upon to face the difficulties which Sir Mackenzie Bowell has had to meet. We refer to the acute stage of the Manitoba school question and the near approach of a general election. They had but to guide the ship of state through smooth waters. He was called to direct its course in a time of storm and danger.

It is no disparagement to Sir Mackenzie Bowell that he is not in many respects the equal of Sir John Macdonald. Admittedly Sir John had no equal in Canada, and for that reason the task of any one who succeeded him was doubly hard, and especially must this prove true in the troublesome times that have arisen. It was also natural that, finding the ship in troubled waters, many should have desired to see Sir Charles Tupper—Sir John Macdonald's principal lieutenant while he lived—placed in command. This could have been effected by methods less objectionable than those taken by the resigned ministers. Their attempted coup d'état was a blunder, however well intended, and might have wrecked a party less strong and cohesive than the Liberal Conservative party has proved itself to be. Its first effect was undoubtedly to give aid and comfort to the Liberal opposition, and it also rallied a sympathetic feeling for Sir Mackenzie in his own camp. The sudden desertion of seven ministers, to many minds savored of treachery, though it was mistakenly intended as a short cut to a desirable end. The breach is even now being healed, but it has needlessly weakened the party front in the face of the enemy on the very eve of battle.

Since our last issue Sir Mackenzie Bowell waited upon the Governor General for the purpose of tendering his resignation, but was desired by His Excellency to retain office and make an effort to fill up his cabinet. Parliament was adjourned till the 14th inst., to give him the better opportunity of success in this effort, but the difficulties were found to be very great. Many members were approached with a view to their entering the cabinet of Sir Mackenzie who did not find it convenient to accept. This was especially true of members from Ontario and New Brunswick. They sympathized with the premier in his efforts to carry out the governor's instructions, but on consulting their colleagues in the house found there would be a doubt as to being heartily supported. To be a cabinet minister without a following is an undesirable position, especially as it would involve the necessity of being

immediately re-elected by the people. The ministers who retired appear to have held a strong influence among the Conservative members of the house, which is quite natural considering their prominence in the party councils and their ability and activity in fighting the party battles in the past.

In parliament at Ottawa on Tuesday, Sir A. P. Caron in the Commons and Sir Mackenzie Bowell in the Senate announced that arrangements for reconstructing the cabinet were nearly completed and would be ready to-day (Wednesday). It is understood that Bowell remains premier, Sir Charles Tupper enters the Cabinet and Sir Hilbert Tupper retires. Foster, Montague and other ministers who resigned will resume former portfolios and the business of the session will be proceeded with. Sir Charles Tupper will sit in Commons probably for Ottawa.

ENGLAND AND GERMANY.

Most unexpectedly the hot-headed and reckless Kaiser of Germany has very nearly brought about a rupture of the friendly relations so long subsisting between Great Britain and the German Empire. This is the more remarkable from the fact that the royal households of the two great empires are closely related in blood, the emperor being a grandson of our beloved queen. In the complications arising out of the raid made by Dr. Jamieson into the Boer republic of South Africa, the Kaiser suddenly and unwarrantably intervened and aroused the anger of the British Government and nation. The result has been a sudden preparation for war on the part of the mother country such as proves conclusively the great gravity of the situation. It is only when the resources of diplomacy have been taxed to the uttermost that such measures are resorted to, and this has doubtless been true in the present case.

When the Boer republic, formerly a British possession, was conceded its independence some 18 years ago, Britain retained the right of regulating its intercourse with all foreign nations, and of controlling any extension of its boundaries. The Boers desire to terminate this arrangement, and appear to count on the aid of Germany to effect it. This Britain will resist with all the might of her empire, and can no doubt maintain her position by naval and military force against all comers. While it is hoped that peace may be preserved, Lord Salisbury will have the united support of British subjects everywhere around the world in not yielding an inch to the presumptuous intermeddling of the German emperor.

DEATH OF MR. WELDON, Q. C.

Mr. Charles W. Weldon, Q. C., a prominent lawyer and member of the Liberal party in this province, died at his home in St. John on Sunday last. The deceased gentleman was one of a number of able men whom Richibucto has contributed to the commercial metropolis of the province. He was a son of the late Hon. J. W. Weldon, Judge of the Supreme Court of this province, and previously speaker of the House of Assembly and one of the members representing Kent County in that body.

Mr. Weldon was born in Richibucto in 1830, graduated at Kings College, Windsor, and was called to the bar at an early age. He removed to St. John when still young in the law and rapidly attained a strong position in the profession, especially as a commercial lawyer. In his later years, when the bar had been depleted of some of its former leading lights by death or promotion, he came to be recognized head of the profession in the province.

Mr. Weldon was a strong opponent of the confederation of the provinces at its inception, and this fact no doubt operated as a bar to his official promotion in the earlier years of the union. When he became associated with the Liberal party it was perhaps more from the force of circumstances and from personal rather than political reasons, as the bent of his mind was strongly Conservative. He entered parliament in 1878 as the colleague of the late Hon. Isaac Burpee, and was re-elected in 1882 and 1887. His first defeat was sustained in 1891. Last spring he was again nominated with Mr. J. V. Ellis as one of the Liberal standard bearers for St. John.

At the time of his death Mr. Weldon was the senior vice-president for New Brunswick of the maritime Liberal Association. He was also the president of the St. George's Society of St. John, chairman of the board of school trustees, there, a warden of Trinity church and solicitor of many leading corporations including the C. P. Railway company, the Bank of Montreal and others. His death creates a void that will be very generally felt in political legal and business circles as well as in the citizenship of St. John where he had so long resided and filled many important trusts. Mrs. Weldon survives him and will have the sympathy of a wide circle of friends. They have no children. Mr. Weldon leaves a considerable private fortune. He had been in failing health for over a year past, but at the last end came unexpectedly soon, and it was, no doubt, a great shock to the community in which he was much respected.

K. D. C. Pills tone and regulate the liver.

It is said Mr. Geo. V. McInerney M. P., is to be appointed County Court Judge for Northumberland, Restigouche and Gloucester. The present Judge (Wilkinson) is to be superannuated, His Honor being in poor health. Dr. Quigley of St. John is also a candidate for the position.

In the event of Mr. McInerney's elevation to the bench an attempt will be made to induce Mr. John Jardine to offer for the Commons as the Liberal Conservative standard bearer. Should Mr. Jardine consent to run he would stand to win.

England and America are friends again. The Times rejoices over the request of the United States that Great Britain use her good offices in behalf of the Americans arrested in the Transvaal and the British reply thereto that High Commissioner Governor Robinson has been instructed to extend the same protection to John Hays Hammond and any other American citizen involved in charges of rebellion in the Transvaal that will be extended to British subjects under like circumstances.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

THE BAROMETER OF HEALTH IS THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Headache is not Brain Disease—Don't Make the Same Mistake as to Other Miseries—Use Dodd's Kidney Pills and Get Cured.

Nervous condition is the natural barometer of health.

If you want to know your exact standing in the scale, consult your nervous system.

If you lack pluck, courage, energy, there is something wrong. If you feel shaky you may be sure of it.

Nineteen times out of twenty faulty kidney work is at the bottom of every ailment.

The proof of this lies in the fact that Dodd's Kidney Pills—solely and purely as kidney medicine—cure in that proportion of cases.

Don't imagine that because your head aches that the trouble is where the pain is felt.

It is quite as easy to make the same mistake when your misery takes any other form.

It is safer to assume that your kidneys need help, and take Dodd's Kidney Pills, than to take the risk of any delay.

Delay may cost you a wearing sickness or it may cost you your life, while Dodd's Kidney Pills only cost 50 cents a box.

It matters not what ails you, you will forget the name of your trouble after you have been cured.

The best proof that you needed kidney treatment is that you have been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Steamer Ealing Disaster.

HALIFAX, Jan. 11.—Word was received here from Canso shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, stating one of the boats of the ill-fated steamer Ealing had just arrived there, and out of 18 who left the ship in it, only nine survived, the others having succumbed to the intense cold and were thrown overboard as soon as life had departed. Among those who perished was Captain Meek. It is stated that of those now alive a number will die, being all frozen; more or less. A second boat, with the chief officer, eight men and three engineers, is missing. The boat which reached Canso was in charge of Second Officer Thomas. The whole of the survivors seem able to remember upon what day the bodies were thrown overboard. They say the boats left the ship at 6 p. m., Monday, January 6th. They were driven 50 miles to sea. They first tried to make Green Island, but the sails were so frozen they would not work. The wind then changed, blew from the eastward and carried them into Canso. The second officer says they owe their lives to the splendid work of the sails and the excellent quality of the life boat. They had a dozen ships' biscuits and a barrel of water. The latter froze solid and had to be broken off and eaten. Their sufferings were fearful. Another boat with nine on board has not yet been heard from.


From Second Officer Thomas some particulars were gathered, although his sufferings are intense. The ship struck about 6 p. m. on Monday, a dense vapor hiding everything from view. They were unable to see the land or the lights, and were going at quarter speed. Half an hour afterward it was necessary to take to the boats, as the ship was settling fast and the sea very heavy. They were unable to get the starboard boats clear, as the ship had listed to starboard. The two port boats were cleared and the captain with the first engineer, second officer, boatswain and 14 others got in the larger boat, while the first officer, second and third engineers and three seamen took the smaller boat. The two boats hung by a line to the wreck, which settled toward daylight. The small boat disappeared and probably sank, and they were obliged to drift before the gale. Soon after daylight on Tuesday two of the firemen succumbed to the exposure. During Tuesday night Captain Meek and a fireman named Wilson died. Wednesday morning the first engineer died and later in the day three others expired. Thursday at noon, as they caught sight of land

the ninth of their crew and an apprentice named Gilroy died. These all were consigned to the sea as they died to keep the heavily iced boat from sinking and to make room for the living to work. Early last night the cold moderated and a breeze sprang up from the eastward. Pulling in their sail and broken oars, which had been used as a drag, they rigged the sail on two pieces of oars for jury masts and steered with another oar. At daylight they sighted a schooner about two miles to windward, but all efforts to attract her attention were futile, and they had no oars with which to row to her, so they kept steering before the increasing wind. They were without compass or food. A barrel of water placed in the boat when they left the ship, had frozen solid the first day, leaving only fragments of ice.

When land was sighted, soon after the boy Gilroy died, they hoped to bring him to land, but found the gale increasing, and with a prayer consigned him to his watery grave at the entrance of the harbor. It is scarcely possible that all can recover, so far gone are some of them.

PERFECT MANHOOD!

How attained—how preserved—Ordinary works on Physiology will not tell you: the doctors can't or won't; but all the same you wish to know. Your SEXUAL POWERS are the Key to Life and its reproduction. Our book lays bare the truth. Every man who would regain sexual vigor lost through folly, or develop members weak by nature or wasted by disease, should write for our sealed book, "Perfect Manhood." No charge. Address (in confidence),



ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

An interesting circumstance in connection with the construction of the great Siberian railway is brought under general notice by a writer in the Fortnightly Review. Quoting from an official Russian report, he says that the Russians have been struck by the fact "that the prosperity of Canada and its productive activity have grown and continue to grow, with a rapidity which appears to us (Russians) miraculous, and is unimitable just from the date of the completion of the Canadian Pacific railway from the Pacific to the Atlantic ocean." Continuing he says—"In 1889 they (the Russians) deputed two engineers to observe the Canadian line and its conditions and results. Attention in Russia was drawn to the fact that Canada, a country of 4,000,000 people, and, by its own resources, without any pecuniary help from outside, connected the two oceans by an iron road 4,500 versts (3,000 miles) long, over very difficult and expensive ground for building in the short time of four years that the energetic population of Canada, 3,600,000 in 1881, reached 5,000,000 a year or two after the first through train passed Winnipeg in 1886; that the quantity of grain carried in Canada had increased from 303,571 tons in 1886 to 500,000 tons in 1888; that in places without population there had arisen seven new towns, such as Vancouver, founded in 1886, and holding 9,000 inhabitants in 1891." Again quoting from the official report, he says that it was made known to Russia that "compared with those of the Canadian railway, the technical condition of the building of the Siberian railway were incomparably more favourable, and that the cost of the latter should not be even 62 per cent of the cost of the Canadian Pacific."

For nervous headache use K. D. C.

Four hundred horses have been killed during autumn and early winter on one ranch near Pyramid Lake, Nevada, and but \$2 was realized on each animal. The hide, mane and tail sold for that amount and the carcass was valueless. But even at this price it was cheaper to kill the animals than keep them.

ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN

PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures Diarrhoea, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, etc., etc.

Used Externally, It Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity—Solein Observer.

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—Osteo-pathic Dispensary.

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—Fremont Oregon.

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—Napalet News.

Beware of imitations. Buy only the genuine "PERRY DAVIS'" Sold everywhere; large bottles, 2c.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD Have it in the House

STRICTLY FOR FAMILY USE. It soothes every ache, every lameness, every pain, every soreness everywhere, whether internal or external, and in nine cases in ten speedily relieves and cures. Our good old JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT was originated away back in 1810 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, an old fashioned, noble hearted Family Physician, to cure all ailments that are the result of irritation and inflammation, such as colds, croup, coughs, catarrh, colic, cramps, chilblains.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

Its special province is the treatment of inflammation. Its electric energy everlastingly eradicates inflammation without irritation. It is important everyone should understand the nature and treatment of inflammation. Send us at once your name and address and we will send you free, our new illustrated book, "TREATMENT FOR DISEASES." This book is a very complete treatise in plain language, which every person should have for ready reference.

The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle. If you can't get it send to us. Price 25 cents; six \$1.00. Sold by Druggists, Pamphlet free. J. S. JOHNSON & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprietors.

OUR STORE WILL BE FOUND WELL STOCKED WITH THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

- DRY GOODS— A full line of Dress Goods in all the different shades, Cashmere and Merino, Flannels in union and all wool, Cotton Flannel, Planelette, Sacque Cloth, Worsted Cloth, Serges, Pricis, Shirtings, Sheetting Cotton, Hamburg and Lace Edging, Tailor's Trimmings, English and Canadian Tweeds, Homespun, Men's Ready-Made Clothing, Overcoats, Top Shirts, Shirts and Drawers.
- HEAD AND FOOT WEAR— Hats and Caps in variety of styles, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes, Moccasins, Men's Hand-Made Long Boots a Specialty.
- HARDWARE— Iron and Steel in all sizes, Chains, Shovels, Bolts, Screws, Iron and Steel Nails, Boat Nails, Shoe Nails, Files, Rasps, Rivets, Washers, Haywire, Axes, Springs, Axes, Carriage Furnishings, also a full stock of Ready-Mixed Paint, White Lead, Paint Oils, Glass and Putty.
- CROCKERYWARE— Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Crocks, Jugs, Milk Pans, and, in fact, almost everything in this line we keep in stock.
- CARPETS— Tapestry, All Wool and Unions, Hemp and Stair Carpets.
- FLOUR AND MEAL— A full line of Patent Medicines always on hand.
- GROCERIES— Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Coffee, Cheese, Biscuit, Spices, Rice, Beans, Pea, and a full supply of Canned Goods.
- FISH— Mackerel, Herring and Ling.

We cannot particularize nearly all the goods we sell; our customers may ask for any goods they may require, and the probability is we can supply them. Oats bought and sold.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON, KENT CO.

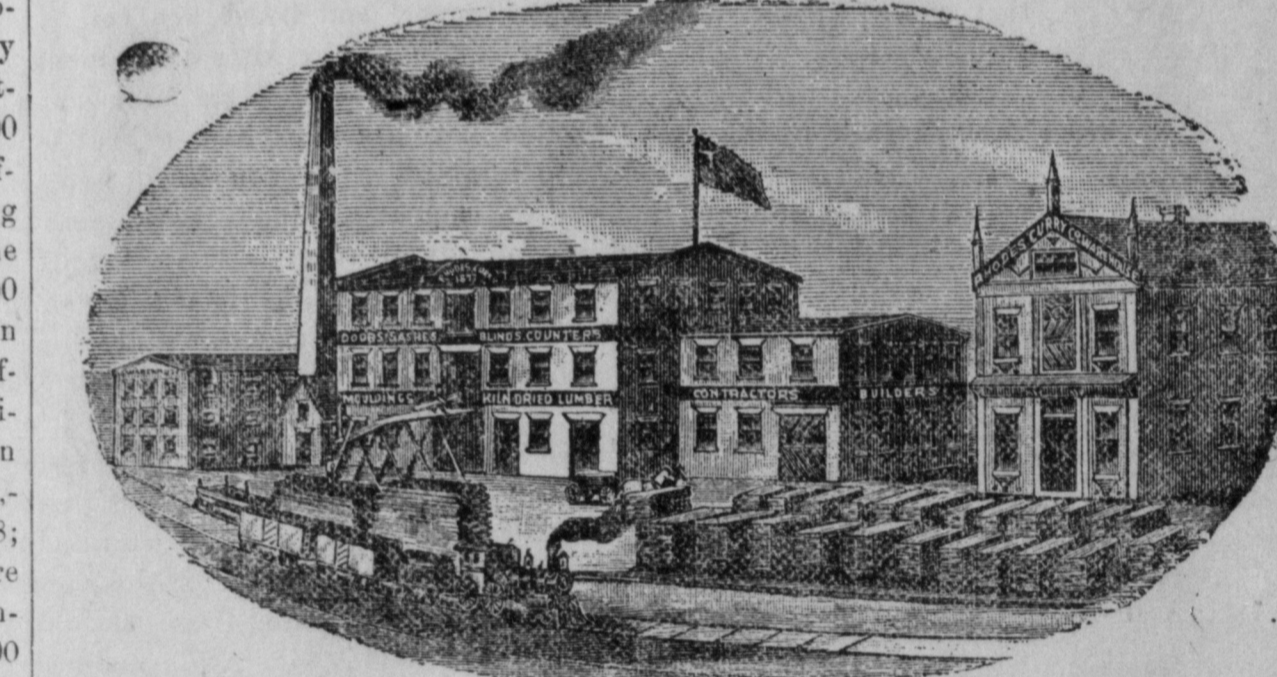
SEED OATS!

5000 Bush. Ontario White Seed Oats, 1000 Bush. J. E. I. Black Seed Oats, 500 Sugar Cured Hams, 200 Pails Pure Lard, 50 Tubs Butter, choice quality, 200 Bbls. Black Potatoes, 20 Bbls. Short Cut Roll Bacon.

TELEPHONE 260 A. LOWEST PRICES

A. C. SMITH & CO., CARLETON, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. PRODUCE BOUGHT FOR CASH, OR SOLD ON COMMISSION. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.



RHODES, CURRY & CO., Ltd., Amherst, N. S.

Manufacturers & Builders. 1,000,000 FEET OF LUMBER KEPT IN STOCK. Walnut, Cherry, Ash, Birch, Beech, Pine and Whitewood, House Finish, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Wood Mantels, Mouldings, &c. "CABINET TRIM FINISH" for Dwellings, Drug Stores, Offices, &c. SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH, and HOUSE FURNITURE, &c. Bricks, Lime, Cement, Calcimined Plaster, &c. Manufacturers of all kinds of Builders' Materials. Send for Estimates.

Simeon Jones BREWERS, St. John, N. B. Ale and Porter

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE MARITIME PROVINCES FOR

REINHARDT & CO'S

Salvador and Bavarian Lager.

Salvador in bottles is Especially Suited for Family Use.

HOLMAN & DUFFELL,

—IMPORTERS OF—

Fine Wall Papers, &c., Window Shades.

48 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.