

The Review.

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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his address or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the pay. 2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and collect the whole amount, whether it is taken from the office or not.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., APRIL 13, 1896

Last week the Transcript published the poem on Sillick's Dog by Mr. C. C. Carville, and states that it is recited in the public schools of Newfoundland. We congratulate our friend, C. C. C. on the success of his poem, which appeared in these columns about two years ago. Merit will always succeed.

Mr. Deane, a British Columbia newspaper man, who was in St. John last week, speaks very highly of the prospects for gold and silver mining in that province. He said that this year British Columbia would contribute ten million dollars worth of gold and silver to the world's supply. Gold and silver mining is yet in its infancy in British Columbia. Capital is needed to develop the great gold deposits of that province, and we would not be surprised if in the near future the output would come up to the almost fabulous figures of California and Colorado.

Great Britain has through the government of Cape Colony informed President Kruger of her intention to send reinforcements to British troops in Cape Colony and Natal. The President has been assured this action does not indicate any change in Great Britain's friendly policy towards the Transvaal and that the information was given him lest those wishing to prevent a lasting entente between the two countries should misrepresent Great Britain's motive in sending reinforcements to South Africa. Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of Cape Colony, does not fear Bulawayo has been captured by the Matabeles. Every precaution has been taken for the safety of the town. Reinforcements sent to Bulawayo will keep the road open for transportation of food supplies. Forts have been erected and occupied in Mangive Pass.

In the British Commons on Friday Mr. Chamberlain said the government has decided to immediately replace the troops going into the interior of South Africa by a battalion of infantry and a body of mounted men. The government, he said, has decided upon a permanent increase of the garrison at Cape Town. This step was urged by the military authorities, whose opinion was that the present garrison is inadequate to the defence of the dockyard and coaling stations.—J. S. McNeil, member for South Donegal, moved on the submission of the Irish estimates to reduce the amount of money granted for the expenses of the household of the viceroy of Ireland. Mr. McNeil characterized the viceroy's household as a gingerbread court. Michael Davitt declared the household was a hotbed of Hunkeys. Mr. Balfour intimated if the Irish members were unanimous on the point of reducing the grant he would seriously consider the question of the retention of the vicerealty. T. P. O'Connor, the well-known Irish Nationalist, declared there was no such unanimity. Mr. McNeil's motion was rejected.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says that the approaching coronation has caused a fresh outbreak of Nihilistic plots to assassinate the Czar. A plot to murder him at the great fair of Nijni Novgorod has been discovered. In consequence, the Czar has given up his plan of attending the fair. A general roundup of all political suspects has been ordered. Martial law has been declared in Moscow. Nearly 5,000 men and women have been so far arrested and will be kept in prison until after the coronation. Hundreds of students from the universities have been afforded the alternative of going home or going to prison for the same period. The Governors of all provinces are carrying out the Imperial command to the letter.

"Big words and fine clothes," said Uncle Eben, "is berry frequently alike in not kibberin' much dat re'ly 'mounts ter anything."—Washington Star.

PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

Ottawa, April 17.—Mr. Charlton's Armenian resolution was taken up early this afternoon in the house and passed without discussion. Sir Charles Tupper seconded it and expressed his hearty sympathy with it.

The resolution reads: "That this house expresses its deep sympathy with the sufferings of the Christian population in Asiatic Turkey, but trusts that further endeavors will be made to ameliorate their lot, and that for this purpose concurrent action by the Christian powers of the world, including the United States of America, be secured."

Mr. McCarthy was anxious that the government should allow consideration of his bill to amend the elections act in the matter of the issue of writs for by-elections. But Hon. Mr. Dickey was unable to accede to the proposition, in view of the nearness of prorogation and the controversial character of the bill.

The resolution of Hon. Mr. Wood respecting a rearrangement of the salaries in the customs department and increasing the salary of the commissioner to \$4,000 was dropped.

The house went into committee on the bill to provide for the non-revision of the lists of 1896, and for nearly two hours the prolific subject of the dominion franchise was discussed, the bill being reported just at six o'clock.

On Hon. Mr. Ives' motion the house considered a resolution declaring it expedient to provide that the governor in council may enter into a contract for a term not exceeding five years for the performance of a fortnightly steam-ship service between a port or ports in Canada and ports in France or Belgium for a subsidy not exceeding 50,000 per annum. Mr. Ives explained that a considerable trade having sprung up under the French treaty, and in view of the French surtax, the government proposed by this measure to obtain a fortnightly direct service between Canada and Antwerp, Boulogne and Havre. The vessels are to be of 2,400 tons and fitted with cold storage and passenger accommodation, with a speed of 10-12 knots. The Canadian terminal ports are to be in Montreal in summer and St. John and Halifax in winter.

In reply to Mr. Mills (Bothwell), Mr. Ives said the increase under the French treaty had been in the exportation of lumber and dried fish.

Mr. Laurier agreed that under proper conditions, and with a good class of steamship subsidized we might expect some tangible results of trade with France.

Our efforts so far had not been very fruitful, most probably the drawback having been the inferior class of steamships engaged in the trade. He said, however, that he could testify to the fact that there had been a large increase in our exports of lumber to France, possibly as a result of the French treaty.

Sir Charles Tupper—Hear, hear.

Mr. Laurier added that there was a prospect also of extending our trade in live cattle with France, which was an important point, considering that our cattle were scudged in England. France now imported yearly 174,638 head of live cattle from Italy and Algeria.

Sir Richard Cartwright enquired if it was still intended to stipulate that the proposed fast Atlantic service between Canada and England should make a terminal port in France also.

Hon. Mr. Ives replied that it was proposed to strike out from the specification for the fast line the clause requiring steamers to visit a French port. As the tenderers for the fast line would be freed from this condition the government hoped to obtain a proportionately better offer. Boulogne was proposed as the French terminal port of this line because the company controlling the railway terminating there had taken a great interest in the Canadian trade.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) observed that all the same this was adding about \$4,000,000 to the public debt, an observation which Sir Richard corrected by remarking that the net addition would be but one and a half millions.

Sir Charles Tupper said that the object of having a direct line to France was to escape the "surtax d'entrepot" which was imposed on all goods arriving by an intermediate port, and which seriously hampered trade.

Mr. Laurier pointed out that besides her imports of cattle France also imported from Italy 1,993,987 head of sheep last year. He therefore hoped the live cattle accommodation on the French-Canadian steamers would be ample.

The resolution then carried.

The Mayor of Vancouver has received a letter from Toronto written in the interests of the young women in eastern Canadian cities. The writer states that, according to statistics, there is a shortage in the female population in the West amounting to about 40,000 and there is in eastern Canada a corresponding overplus of unmarried women. It is proposed to transport young women of good health and moral character west to be distributed where the demand is greatest, and for this purpose it is sought to establish a home at Vancouver for the reception and distribution of the young women of Ontario and Quebec for British Columbia.

Rev. John S. Knight's Death.

The Rev. John S. Knight died shortly after midnight on Wednesday last. He was born in Tetagouche, near Bathurst, on the 15th September, 1864. His parents ultimately took up their residence in Chatham. Father Knight received his early education at St. Michael's College, giving every satisfaction to his teachers—the Christian Brothers. In November, 1883, he went to Rome, where he remained until 1889. He was ordained to the Priesthood on Holy Saturday, 20th April, 1889. In August of the same year he returned to Chatham. He was a pointed secretary to Bishop Rogers, whom he usually accompanied on his different Pastoral visits. Whilst on one of these journeys, soon after his appointment, he had an attack of influenza, which returned on subsequent occasions and thus weakened his constitution, which had never been robust. In February, 1894, he had an attack of hemorrhage from which he seemed to recover, but even then there were indications that he would ultimately succumb to the disease of which this is so often the forerunner. In July, 1895, he had another severe attack of hemorrhage, so severe indeed that it was deemed prudent to administer to him the last rites of the Church. From this time, although there was a partial recovery, his sickness has constantly gained upon him, until the end came, when he breathed forth his soul into the hands of the Divine Master. He had been most active in promoting the C. M. B. A., of which he was a member and Spiritual Director. His funeral took place on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. Pontifical High Mass was celebrated by his Lordship Bishop Rogers. The Chatham branch of the C. M. B. A. attended in a body. The St. Michael's R. C. T. A. Society band was also in attendance.—Liberal Herald.

W. K. Mollison, of Mollison Bros. St. John, Vic. in of Cold in the Head, Throat and Chest—Pillow Saturated with Blood from Excessive fits of a Hacking Cough, at once Relieved and then Completely Cured.

W. K. Mollison, of the well-known wholesale dry goods house of Mollison Bros. & Co., St. John, needs no introduction to the public.

What he says needs no embellishment. He tells of a remarkable cure and recommends a great remedy. Here are his words:—

"About the first of February (last month) I contracted a cold that settled in my head, throat and chest. It was accompanied by a severe, racking cough, so much so that one night I woke from a fitful sleep to find my pillow saturated with blood."

"Next day I got three bottles of Hawker's balsam of tolu and wild cherry. I began taking it and it gave me relief at once. After four days I found the cough had entirely disappeared. I continued taking the remedy and find I am perfectly cured of the cold."

"I have no hesitation in most highly recommending Hawker's balsam to any one suffering from cough or cold."

Thousands bear the like testimony. Hawker's balsam of tolu and wild cherry is sold by all druggists and dealers in 25 and 50c. bottles and is manufactured only by the Hawker Medicine Co., Ltd., St. John, N. B.

St. Nicholas River Gatherings.

Welcome Spring is near at hand. The snow is rapidly disappearing and the roads are almost impassable, being unfit for either sleigh or waggon. The river, too, is rapidly opening.

Mr. John Masterton has returned to Gorham, Maine, where he will remain until Fall. He then intends returning.

Mr. Alex. McNulty has also taken his departure, leaving many sorrowing hearts behind. But his absence will be like a "good advice," soon forgotten.

Two of our young ladies have secured positions in the sewing circle lately established in our midst; but as it is supposed to be of work of necessity, no inspection will be necessary.

Some talk of our cheese factory running this summer, as there has been a new committee appointed. Business may be run on a different scale and it may yet be a success.

Grant brothers are down at the Beaches on a shooting excursion. They will no doubt bring a large number of fowl home.

Our hustling egg merchant, Mr. David Lawson, has been around lately, and reports eggs scarce. You will have to use a switch on the hens, Davie.

A very valuable dog was recently shot in this vicinity, and as her death caused such sorrow, the following lines may be considered a memorial:—

Poor Fanny's gone as all must go! A fatal shot has laid her low; Ah! who could strike so cruel a blow To poor old Fan? No more she'll howl or bark at night; Nor revel in the moon's fair light; Nor cause the neighbor's dogs to fight For poor old Fan!

But she is gone and all is o'er, She met her death at Jimmy's shore; On earth we'll never see her more, Poor old Fan! Shaksper

La Grippe weakens digestion. use K. D. C.

Smith's Corner.

APRIL, 20, 1896.—The snow is fast disappearing, mud now being the cause of complaint.

Mrs. Cail has gone to Moncton, to spend a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. G. Lamkie.

Sarah J. Lawson has arrived home from Bass River.

James Cail has also returned from "up north" where he has been working the past year.

Miss Sadie Atkinson, of Mortimore, who has been spending a few days with friends in this vicinity, returned home on Saturday last.

The old-fashioned game of ball forms the out-door amusement at present.

There have been several parties of late and we believe there are more to follow. Boys when you see your best girl home knock gently at the door.

Mat hooking is the order of the day. APRIL SHOWERS.

Restigouche Notes.

The horse races of the county of Restigouche came off last week. A greater number of those interested in such sports assembled than on any former occasion. While the races were run the ice below Dalhousie presented a lively scene. All would have passed off quietly if the taverns had not been so well patronized. The staggering walk, the not very elegant language, the pugilistic demonstrations of many told too plainly that they were fervent devotees of Bacchus. It would be a blessing if the Scott Act were in force in this fair county, or prohibition the law of the Dominion. The temperance societies should waken up to their responsibility.

The heavy falls of snow which fell during winter in Restigouche and farther North, is rapidly melting with the balmy south wind which is prevailing. The rivers are rapidly rising. The river drivers are busy. Never before in the history of the county will such a number of logs come down the various streams as in this season. Besides the saw mills, there are about 100 shingle machines to be supplied with logs.

The shingle industry is one of the most important in the county, if not the most important. Like the smelt fishing, it has only sprung up within a few years to its present dimensions. The export is chiefly to the States. One factory exported upwards of 4,000,000 last year.

Do You get What You ask For?

MANY ARE DECEIVED WHEN BUYING DIAMOND DYES.

Many ladies are deceived when they go to purchase Diamond Dyes. They ask for the "Diamond," but many dealers, greedy for gain and extra profit, wrap up some worthless make of dye that proves ruinous to the materials that are to be dyed.

We strongly advise the ladies to beware of the merchants who are mean enough to substitute inferior goods. If your merchant sells only common and big profit dyes, send your order direct to us, and we will send the Diamond Dyes by mail to your address. The Diamond Dyes are only ten cents per package (same price as the worthless dyes) and are always warranted perfect. Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal.

A London despatch says that the movement to suppress the infamous night clubs infesting the Strand and Soho districts has been only partially successful. The law enables pseudo clubs to exist the same as the genuine and they become gambling dens, being thronged until morning. The local authorities have therefore applied to Sir Matthew White-Ridley, the Home Secretary, to introduce a bill in the House of Commons to provide for the registration of clubs and the placing of a certain class of them under police protection.

Placer Gold!

The above Drama will be presented in

Kingston Public Hall on Tuesday Ev'g, April 28, AND IN Richibucto Temperance Hall, Friday Ev'g, May 1st.

The company consists of fifteen characters and every effort will be made to give the public a grand evening's entertainment.

Special Scenery has been procured for the occasion.

Proceeds go toward New Hall. Admission 25c., Reserved seats, 35c., children, 15c.

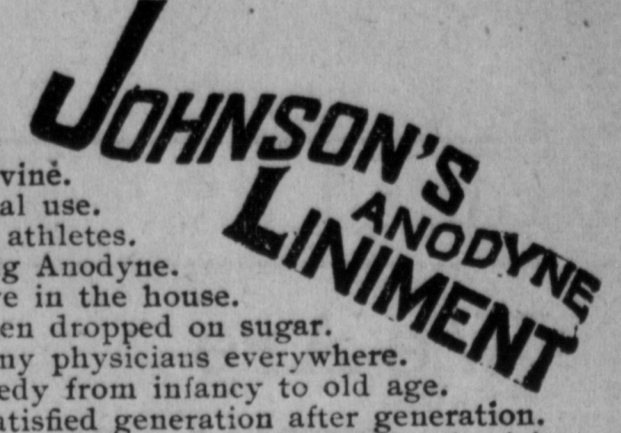
Tickets for sale at J. & W. Brait's, Kingston, and W. W. Short's, Richibucto.

HOTEL AMERICAN, MONCTON, N. B. CASSON & CHISHOLM, Proprietors. Cuisine Unexcelled.

Safe, Soothing, Satisfying

It positively cures croup, colds, coughs, colic, sore lungs, kidney troubles, lame back, chaps, chilblains, earache, headache, toothache, cuts, bites, burns, bruises, strains, sprains, stiff joints, sore muscles, stings, cramps and pains.

It is the best. It is the oldest. It is the original. It is unlike any other. It is superior to all others. It is the great vital and muscle nerve. It is for internal as much as external use. It is used and fully endorsed by all athletes. It is a soothing, healing, penetrating Anodyne. It is what every mother should have in the house. It is loved by suffering children when dropped on sugar. It is used and recommended by many physicians everywhere. It is the Universal Household Remedy from infancy to old age. It is safe to trust that which has satisfied generation after generation. It is made from the favorite prescription of a good old family physician. It is marvellous how many ailments it will quickly relieve, heal and cure.



The Doctor's Signature and directions are on every bottle. If you can't get it send to us. Price 35 cents; six \$2.00. Sold by Druggists. Pamphlet free. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass., Sole Proprietors.

OUR STORE WILL BE FOUND WELL STOCKED WITH THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

- DRY GOODS—A full line of Dress Goods in all the different shades, Cashmere and Merino, Flannels in union and all wool, Cotton Flannel, Flanellette, Sague Cloth, Worsted Cloth, Serges, Prints, Shirtings, Sheetting Cotton, Hamburg and Lace Edging, Tailor's Trimmings, English and Canadian Tweeds, Homespun, Men's Ready-Made Clothing, Overcoats, Top Shirts, Shirts and Drawers. HEAD AND FOOT WEAR—Hats and Caps in variety of styles, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes, Mocassins, Men's Hand-Made Long Boots a Specialty. HARDWARE—Iron and Steel in all sizes, Chains, Shovels, Bolts, Screws, Iron and Steel Nails, Boat Nails, Shoe Nails, Files, Rasps, Rivets, Washers, Haywire, Axes, Springs, Axles, Carriage Furnishings, also a full stock of Ready-Mixed Paint, White Lead, Paint Oils, Glass and Putty. CROCKERY WARE—Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Crocks, Jugs, Milk Pails, and, in fact, almost everything in this line we keep in stock. CARPETS—Tapestry, All Wool and Unions, Hemp and Stair Carpets. FLOUR AND MEAL—A full line of Patent Medicines always on hand. GROCERIES—Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Coffee, Cheese, Biscuit, Spices, Rice, Beans, Peas, and a full supply of Canned Goods. FISH—Mackerel, Herring and Ling. We cannot particularize nearly all the goods we sell; our customers may ask for any goods they may require, and the probability is we can supply them. Oats bought and sold.

J. & W. BRAIT, KINGSTON, KENT CO.

CLOTHING.

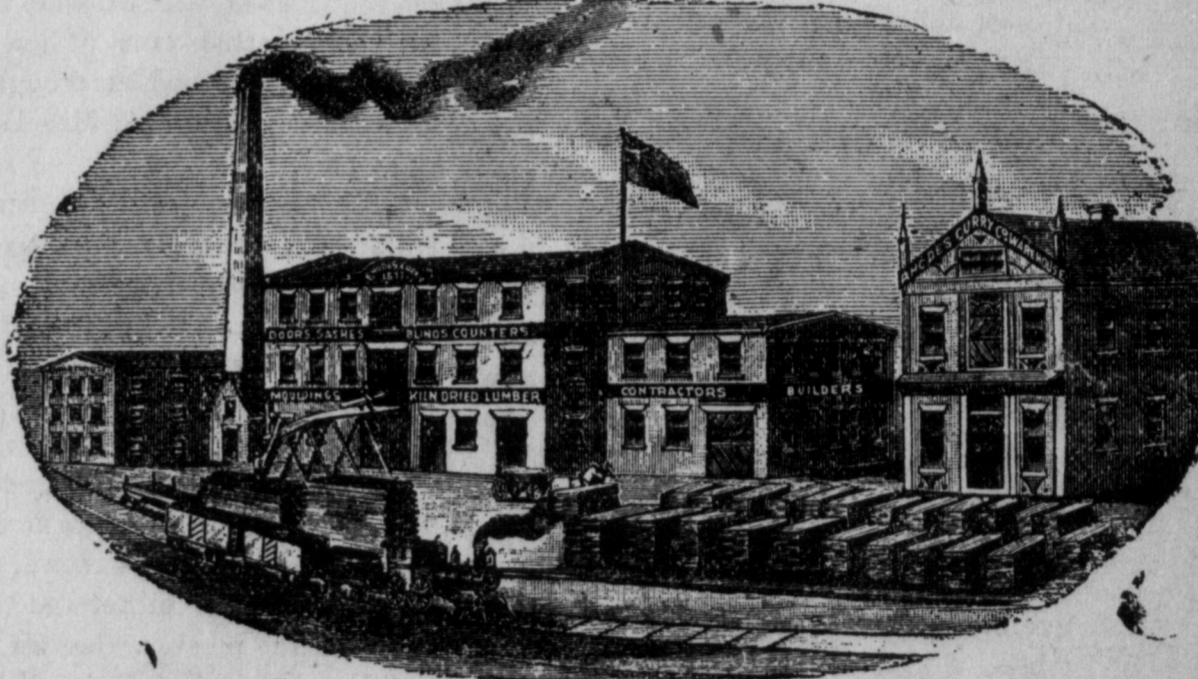
We are now receiving our Clothing for Spring and Summer wear. Men's Youth's and Boy's. See our Stock before purchasing. We have some specibl values in Men's Pants, 500 to select from.

E. C. COLE & CO. Clothiers, Hatters, and Furnishers, Palmer Block. MONCTON, N. B.

USE PELEE ISLAND WINES FOR DEBILITY NATURE'S TONIC.

E. G. SCOVIL, AGENT PELEE ISLAND GRAPE JUICE. MARCH 15th, 1896. DEAR SIR—My family have received great benefits from the use of the PELEE ISLAND GRAPE JUICE during the past four years. It is the best tonic and restorative for debility, nervousness and weak lung we have ever tried. It is much cheaper and pleasanter than medicines. I would not be without it in the house. Yours, JAMES H. DAY, Day's Landing, Kings Co.

E. G. SCOVIL, TEA and WINE MERCHANT, Wholesale. 62 Union Street, St. John, N. B.



RHODES, CURRY & CO., Ltd, Amherst, N. S. Manufacturers & Builders. 1,000,000 FEET OF LUMBER KEPT IN STOCK. Walnut, Cherry, Ash, Birch, Beech, Pine and Whitewood, House Finish, Doors, Sashes, Blinds, Wood Mantels, Mouldings, &c. "CABINET TRIM FINISH" for Dwellings, Drug Stores, Offices, &c. SCHOOL, OFFICE, CHURCH, and HOUSE FURNITURE, &c. Bricks, Lime, Cement, Calcinated Plaster, &c. Manufacturers of all kinds of Builders' Materials. Send for Estimates.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Having purchased the store lately occupied by Mr. T. F. Curran, I am prepared to do a general mercantile business and hope by strict attention to the wants of my customers to meet with a share of public patronage, and also, a continuance of the custom heretofore given to Mr. Curran. My stock consists of:

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY WARE and GLASSWARE. FLOUR & MEAL, BOOTS & SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING

ALL GOODS SOLD AT VERY LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH. PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. J. A. CAMERON, KINGSTON, KENT COUNTY, N. B.